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Farmer Seed & Nursery Co. FARIBAULT MINNESOTA
The Biggest Moneymakers for The American Farmer

Golden Jewel and Silver Jewel Corn

"Farmer Brand" Alfalfa

See pages 29-14-15 for descriptions
FOREWORD.

1917 marks the twenty-eighth year of our seed and nursery business. During this entire period, our firm has been under the same direction and management, and has attained an enviable reputation for high quality seeds and nursery stock, and for honest dealing. From the beginning we have always stood for quality. The fact that many of our customers have been buying their seeds of us for twenty-seven years is ample proof of their confidence in our seeds and our business methods. That is one of the secrets of our success.

We have given a practical experience in farming, seed growing and testing, and in propagating and raising nursery stock. We have always conducted our own seeds in conjunction with our business, thereby giving our patrons not only the purest and hardest seeds obtainable, but what is always available, the best and most favored varieties of the farmers. The religiously high varietal will prove most profitable for your particular purpose, and what to plant to get the biggest returns from your seed, for we have had to work it out for ourselves, on our own farms.

We are not always equipped for every single variety, but the greatest strengths and results of crop failures, in Potatoes and Wheat. For these reasons, you will find prices everywhere considerably higher now than a few years ago. Our prices are to your best advantage and are consistent with high quality. It is more important than ever before to order early, not that you may have your seed in plenty of time for planting, but that you may have it at all.

There is one point which we wish to make. It does not pay to buy infertile seeds, or trees, AT ANY PRICE. In the end, when you harvest your crops, the best seed stock is always the cheapest. Our seeds are not cheap, but they are, like everything else of high quality, costs money to produce. There may be other seeds just as good, but THERE ARE NONE BETTER.

Over 2500 progressive dealers all over the Northwest sell FARMER SEED & NURSERY CO.'s Northern Grown Seeds, In staple varieties. Ask your merchant for them, or order direct.

FARMER SEED & NURSERY CO. Wm. Kueker, President and Manager.

SUGGESTIONS TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN ORDERING.

ORDER EARLY—Thus enabling us to ship promptly from our stocks to a complete. During our peak season, such as March and April, delays are unavoidable, therefore place orders before our rush begins.

PLEASE USE ORDER SHEETS enclosed in this catalog. Orders for Nursery Stock should be on Order Sheet: the departments are separate, and the orders cannot be shipped together. More order sheets will be sent upon request.

SAFEBRIRY FULL ADDRESSES—Must be plainly written on each order sheet, in ink, if possible. We receive numerous orders, with reflections each year, which we cannot possibly fill because the name and address are not given. In these cases, the orders must be dropped and we shall ship on open account to our 150,000 customers all over the world.

How TO SEND MONEY—Money can be sent safely either by Post Office Order, Bank Draft, Express Draft, Express Order, or a in a Registered Letter. When the amount orders to less than $1.00, 1 or 2c stamps may be sent. Do not send Canadian or other Foreign Stamps, nor Money orders.

KEEP A COPY OF YOUR ORDER—Check goods received with this copy, then you will know whether you have received just what you ordered.

ERRORS—We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer, yet in the press of business errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the same by mail, as the orders will then be satisfactory. Please do not return goods until you hear from us.

ORDERS ARE FILLED PROMPTLY—Or in case of delay, customers will be notified and be given a choice of either sending their orders back or receiving their goods as they are received. In the rush of our busy season, when our stocks become low, delays are unavoidable.

SHIPPING OF SEEDS AND NURSERY STOCK—We guarantee safe delivery of all merchandise sent to any part of the U. S. in good condition. If shipments are delayed, notify us promptly, giving full name and address, duplicate of orders, and other information necessary to trace promptly. Such delays are frequently caused by lack of proper address on the order.

PREPAID RAILROAD STATIONS—Many of our farmer customers live at Prepaid Railroad Stations where there is no agent. In such a case, the bills of lading are not required. There is no extra charge. If this is not done, we will ship to nearest station that is a Prepaid Station. We are located on the C. M. & St. P.,—C. R. J. & P.,—and the C. W. W., 50 miles south of St. Paul, and besides these, we secure thru rates to nearly all points on the C. N. W.,—C. B. & Q., and their branches.

For small packages, weighing 4 ounces or less, a special rate of 1c. per ounce or fraction is provided covering all zones. A package weighing over 4 ounces and less than 16 ounces is charged at the "First Pound" rates. For parcels weighing 16 pounds and over, may be kept by prepaid post in the local, first and second zones. In the third to eighth zones, parcels are limited to 20 pounds, in weight.

ORDERS FOR NURSERY STOCK are filled in the order they are received, as soon as the weather is warm enough for shipping. Nursery Stock and Seeds cannot be shipped together.

WE CANNOT ACCEPT ORDERS FOR NURSERY STOCK UNTIL AUGUST 1ST. The highest price for a variety will be the lowest price for a variety. This does not apply to seed orders.

OUR GUARANTEE—All the seeds offered in this catalog have been carefully grown, selected, cleaned and repeatedly tested. Such seeds as we do not grow ourselves, on our seed farms, are grown for us under contract, under our personal supervision, by growers whose reputation we have verified by repeated tests and experience. We can therefore guarantee their high germination.

DISCLAIMER—Plants, bulbs, and shrubs are subject to climatic, soil, and other conditions over which we have no control after they are placed in the ground. The Farmer Seed & Nursery Co. give warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, or productivity, or any other matter of any seeds, plants, or bulbs, they may be sent, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. And every order for articles listed in this catalog will be executed under these conditions only. We cannot under any circumstances, assume responsibility for any monetary loss to our customers, on seeds, plants, or bulbs. If the purchaser does not accept goods on these terms they are to be returned at once.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY—Our catalog goes to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. We shall reach many who have never dealt with us before. To these we would say: You are perfectly safe when dealing with us, for we have been conducting our business in the Commercial Agency reports, or if you prefer, write enclosing stamps to the Citizens' National Bank, Security Bank. Chase State Bank, Wells-Fargo & Co., or the Farmer-Built Commercial Club, all of Faribault, Minnesota.

CORRESPONDENCE—We endeavor to give prompt attention to all letters of inquiry, etc. As a rule we ask that all questions be stated clearly and briefly, but not on order sheets.

MARKET GARDENERS and others who buy Vegetable Seeds in large quantities should ask for our Market Gardener's Wholesale Price List.

RATES FOR PARCEL POST SHIPMENTS.

Your postmaster will tell you the Parish Post zone in which your postoffice is located, measuring from Faribault.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. PARCEL POST RATES</th>
<th>Within the U.S. and Possessions</th>
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<tr>
<td>First Additional Pound or Fraction</td>
<td>First Additional Pound or Fraction</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Rate Faribault</td>
<td>5c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Zone within 50 miles of Faribault</td>
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NEW BUMPER CROP OATS.

Bumper Crop Oats is a new American variety of greatest merit, maturing about a week earlier than Swedish Select Oats. Early maturity of grain often means a saving of 25 to 40% of the crop, which is lost by blight, rust, extreme heat, or the severe storms usually prevalent throughout the Northwest during July and August.

Bumper Crop Oats has large crops on heavy soil, but stands up remarkably well on rich, well manured ground, because of its stiff straw, which seldom crinkles down under the heavy burden of the grain.

Bumper Crop Oats actually produces bumper crops of handsome heavy grain, (40 to 45 lbs.) to the bushel. The berry is so thick and mealy that it almost breaks open, and is covered by a very thin hull. It outyields all common varieties, Bonanza, Lincoln, Twentieth Century, Golden Fleece, etc. Mr. C. Dettman of Napoleon, Ohio, the introducer of Bumper Crop Oats, reported a crop of 75 bushels from an 8 acre held, or 9 bushels per acre. One small plot, for seed stock, produced 115 bushels per acre. Mr. Walker, one of our growers, harvested 44 bushels per acre, while under exactly the same conditions, a common variety produced only 54 bushels per acre. This extra yield of 30 to 40 bushels per acre, at 50c per bushel, means a clear gain of $10.00 to $20.00 per acre. At this rate, any modern farmer afford not to sow Bumper Crop Oats? Such yields as this have been repeated all over the country, under all sorts of conditions. Bumper Crop Oats is so hardy and vigorous that blight and rust do not seem to affect it at all.

Bumper Crop Oats was originated in Ohio, and thru years of careful breeding here, has become so thoroughly acclimated and hardy that it is now the leading oats for the Northwest.

PRICE OF BUMPER CROP OATS FOR 1917.

Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bus. $1.50, 5 bushels $8.50 10 bushels and more, at $1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

Postpaid, 3 pounds 06c.

SUDAN GRASS—Andropogon. The Agricultural Wonder.

Sudan Grass is the greatest forage plant ever introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and certainly has taken this country by storm. It is not only a grass for the South and for the arid and semi-arid regions of the West, but produces remarkable yields everywhere and will undoubtedly take the place of Millet very soon. It belongs to the Sorghum family, and is believed to be the wild original form of the cultivated Sorghum or Sugar Cane. It is a tall growing annual, growing from 6 to 10 feet in height when sown in drills and cultivated, but when sown broadcast it will grow 4 to 5 feet high and the stems are very much finer, about the thickness of a pencil. The seed resembles some Johnson Grass but is more plump. When the plants are scattered abundantly the stool produces as many as 15 to 35 stalks from a single root. The stems are very leafy, stiff, and erect, and have no tendency to lodge.

Sudan Grass is not particular about the soil but naturally does best on rich clay loam. On sandy and poor soil the yield is naturally not as large as on good ground. It has proven that it is of the greatest value to the central southern states, especially for parts of Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Colorado, which are deficient in rainfall. These dry sections have never seen satisfactory hay crop, and Sudan Grass will be of unquestionable value. In southern sections having the long growing seasons. Sudan Grass can be cut at least 3 times in one season with an average crop of 4 to 5 tons per acre of the most nourishing hay from each cutting.

It should however, not be overlooked that Sudan Grass is just as valuable for the North and for the Central Northwest, as for the more southern states, for, belonging to the Sorghum family and being considerably harder, it requires but a short growing season and is ready to cut for hay in about 70 to 75 days from the time of seeding, and matures in 100 days. This short growing season makes it most valuable as a catch crop for almost every state in the Union, and as stated above, it will in a very short time take the place of Millet not only as a catch crop but as a staple forage crop to be grown every year, for no other product grown on the farm should be more profitable than Sudan Grass.

Sudan Grass should not be planted until the soil has become warm in spring. It can be sown at any time in summer 70 to 75 days ahead of the frost. It is sown in rows of 18 to 24 inches apart; sown this way it takes from 4 to 5 pounds per acre on good soil where there is plenty of moisture it is also sown broadcast or drilled in, and then 15 to 20 pounds of seed are required per acre.

Sudan Grass is easy to cut with a mower and cares readily. When wanted for seed, it is harvested with an ordinary grain binder. Used for hay, it is cut just after fall bloom. After cutting, it resumes its growth promptly and in about 40 to 48 days another cutting is ready. In Texas it has been cut 4 times, but further north only 2 or 3 cuttings may be expected.

Sudan Grass makes a very nutritious and palatable hay which is greatly relished by cattle, horses and other farm stock. In feeding value the hay is second only to Alfalfa and far better than Millet, which is usually grown as a catch crop. Its yield is also much larger than those of the Foxtail Millets, and Sudan Grass will no doubt largely supersede them in course of time.

Price of Sudan Grass Seed: Pkg. 10c, lb. 55c, postpaid.—By freight or express, not prepaid, lb. 45c, 10 lbs. $4.25, 100 lbs. and over, 40c, per pound.

Sudan Grass has everything in the way of forage crop we have ever seen in this section backed clear cutting three tons and over of excellent hay to the acre from seed planted the first of June which had an all told. It is 6 feet high and is as fine hay as one could wish.

A. M. AUGUSTINE, Secy. Ill. State Horticultural Society,

Well bred seed grain always means more bushels per acre, a point that you cannot afford to overlook. It is results that count, so don't waste your time and energy raising a 40 bushel Oat crop where, by the use of carefully bred varieties that have been tried under all kinds of climatic and soil conditions, you can, at the same operating expense, raise a 100-bushel crop.
VEGETABLE SEED NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.

PEA—Extra Early Saxonia.

First early round seeded white pea with main crop productiveness and large sized pods. It is fully as early as First and Best, but much larger podded. It furnishes almost as big crops as the best main crop varieties and the quality is splendid, with a vigorous growth, attaining a height of 3 feet. The pods are 5 oz. to 4 inches long, or nearly twice as large as First and Best, they appear mostly in pairs and in great quantities. The crop is matured practically at one time, a valuable feature for the home gardener. The quality is first class in every respect. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 48c, prepaid. — Not prepaid, quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.75.

CHINESE or CELERY CABBAGE—Pe-Tsai.

This splendid vegetable is gaining in popularity and can now be found on many markets, and where known, the demand is larger than the supply. The full grown plant resembles a head of Ice Lettuce in appearance. Its flavor is excellent, very mild and it may be eaten raw as a salad, or cooked. Boiled, minced, and seasoned with butter, it is especially delicious. Pe-Tsai should be grown like a late cabbage, planting the seed in June or July, in drills 18 inches apart, and the seedlings thinned out two or three times. A delicious vegetable which should have a place in every garden. Packet 10c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

LETTUCE—All Seasons.

Large, handsome, solid heads, rather flat. The leaves are soft greyish green, broad and slightly wrinkled, while the inner ones are beautifully blanched, thick and of finest flavor. It may be planted for the first crop, and again in mid- and late summer, for successive crops. It is a sure header, slow to run to seed, and one of the very best both for the home table and for market. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

TOMATO—New Colossal.

An immense, very handsome variety, ripening medium early. This will undoubtedly sur- pass the popular Stone Tomato as the leading market variety. It is bright red, of truly mammoth size, often weighing two pounds and more, and round and smooth. The flesh is firm, solid, and of finest flavor, with very small core and flavor, making it one of the best for slicing. As it is almost free from acid, it is most desirable for canning. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, prepaid.

TOMATO—Faribault Dwarf Champion.

This is a splendid improved strain of the old Dwarf Champion, and is unequalled in delicious flavor. Because of its compact and upright growth, enabling close planting, the Dwarf Champion has become a favorite with private gardeners, but the fruit is small and of poor quality. However, our new Faribault Dwarf produces fruits of mammoth size, about like Ponderosa, which are deep purplish crimson, firm, of rich sweet flavor, very meaty, and almost seedless. The plants grow 3 feet tall, strong, erect and bushy, and bear very profusely. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, ¼ lb. $1.75, prepaid.

TOMATO—Golden Ponderosa.

A valuable novelty for the home garden. It is of the same size and shape as the well known Ponderosa, but beautiful golden yellow in color. This variety is especially at- tractive for salads and for slicing. grown for the red Ponderosa. The superior flavor and quality of the large fruited yellow varieties is bringing them into popular favor as table fruit. Our new Golden Ponderosa is without doubt the best of this class, and should have a trial in every garden. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, prepaid.

PEPPER—Pimiento or Perfection.

This is the mildest and sweetest pepper grown, and very prolific with very thick, mild flesh. It is a splendid keeper and shipper, and most desirable for salads, stuffing, pickling, canning whole, and for flavoring. It is of medium size, rather elongated, and tapering to a sharp point. When ripe, the peppers are brilliant scarlet and very attractive. Pimiento Pepper will be found especially fine for all culinary purposes because of its delightfully mild, sweet fresh flavor, thick, firm flesh, and handsome appearance. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 25c, oz. 40c, prepaid.

Extra Early Saxonia Pea.

RHUBARB—RED FLESHED DELICACY.

This is a handsome variety, with round, dark red leaf stems and bright crimson flesh. Stalks are very tender and delicate, and of best flavor and quality for making pies and sauces. Easily raised from seed. Packet 15c.

CABBAGE—EARLY COPENHAGEN MARKET.

A splendid new variety, especially popular with market gardeners. It is the finest large, round-headed early cabbage in cultivation. Its most desirable characteristic is that all heads mature at the same time, enabling the grower to harvest the entire crop at the first cutting. Heads average about ten pounds in weight, are very solid, with small core. The quality is especially fine and sweet. It matures as early as Wakefield, and yields more to the core, in weight. Copenhagen Market is short stemmed, the heads nearly resting on the ground. The leaves are light green, rather small, saucer-shaped, and very tightly folded. The plants may therefore be set closely in the field. With all these good points, earliness, good quality, uniform ripening, splendid appearance of its hard, compact heads,—Copenhagen Market is without question the best variety for the market gardener as well as for the home planter. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. $1.00, lb. $3.50, prepaid.

FOR PLANTS OF COPENHAGEN MARKET CABBAGE, SEE PAGE 74.
MUSK MELON.

NEW BUSH.

A remarkable variety in bush form, without vines or runners. Most desirable for the small gardener, where space for the vining sorts cannot be spared. Plants are of vigorous growth, 18 to 21 inches in height, and 3 or 4 plants in a hill will cover a space of 3 feet in diameter. Plant in hills 3 feet apart. The fruits are 5 to 6 inches in diameter, somewhat flat, with shallow ribs; dark green, densely netted. The flesh is light green, flushed with salmon towards the center, and is very thick, lusciously sweet and juicy, with a delightful aroma. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

MUSK MELON.

Rust Resisting Pollock.

This is the finest type of rust resisting and netted Rocky Ford Cantaloupe introduced as yet. Bears fruit until killed by frost. Especially to be recommended for sections having excessive rainfall, as it does not rot easily and is not subject to blight and rust. Melons are heavily netted, making them ideal for shipping, and very uniform in size. Without the bulky mesh netting to salmon around the small seed cavity. Meat is very thick and solid, fine grained without being stringy, and of exceptionally sweet flavor. Pollock’s strain represents the highest development of Rust Resisting Musk Melons, both as to quality and flavor, and rust resisting properties. The flavor is not excelled by that of any other sort, and there is no better shipper. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/2 lb. 65c, lb. $2.00.

NOTE:—One ounce Musk Melon seed will plant 50 hills, 2 to 3 lbs per acre.

WATERMELON—Delight.

A most unusual water melon of European origin. It is lusciously sweet and delicious, but diminutive in size. The ripe melons weigh about five pounds each, are nearly round in shape, with very dark green, tough rind. The rich carmine, crystalline flesh is always solid and of exceptionally sweet flavor, juicy, and refreshing. The seeds are grey, about the size of apple seeds, and the fruits contain but few seeds. The strong vines mature their fruit early and continue to bear throughout the season. May be served in halves, like musk melons. It is, very popular market variety. An early and heavy yielder, producing ten to twenty melons to the hill. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/2 lb. 65c, lb. $2.00.

CUCUMBER—Snow’s Famous Pickling.

This strain of pickling cucumbers is considered the same of perfection. The fruits are short and broad at the stem end, tapering slightly to the tip, very uniform in size, of rich deep green color. The flesh is crisp and tender. The vines are strong, remarkably blight resisting, and yield abundantly. A sure cropper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/2 lb. 40c, lb. $1.25, postpaid.

EARLY WHITE BOX RADISH.

The finest strain of round white radish. It grows rapidly, with short tops and tap roots. In shape it is slightly flattened, which allows it to be pulled when quite small. It is clear waxy white, and of excellent, crisp quality and flavor. One of the best for forcing and growing under glass. Because of its earliness, beautiful shape, and splendid quality and flavor, we consider Early White Box Radish superior to any other white forcing varieties. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, 1/2 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, postpaid.

SEE PAGE 128 FOR OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF CHOICE VEGETABLE SEEDS.
FLOWER SEED NOVELTIES.

NEW EARLY FLOWERING GIANT PANSY.
This wonderful new Giant Pansy produces its grand display of flowers about six weeks earlier than all known varieties. As a matter of fact the "World Record" Pansy stood in full bloom in the first days of March the past year, when all other varieties were still little more than dormant, as they had been during the winter months. Moreover, the flowers of the new pansy attained a size and perfection of form, and a brilliancy of coloring, and the plants were of such massive structure as we rarely meet with even in the foremost production of Giant Pansies of the day. The delicate pansy perfume is noticeable in a marked degree.

EARLY-FLOWERING GIANT PANSIES "WORLD RECORD".

GIANT WINTER-SUN—Splendid bright golden yellow with dark brown center. Flowers of elegant form, and very large.

GIANT ICE-KING—Beautiful silvery white with black-blue center.

GIANT CELESTIAL QUEEN—Lovely sky-blue with center-marking.

GIANT MARCH-BEAUTY—A deep velvety blue, extra large flowering.

Price: Any variety, per packet 20c; 3 for 50c; 1 packet of each for 60c.

PANSY—Giant Mastodon.
The new giant flowered American Pansy. Remarkably beautiful, rich colored blossoms of truly mammoth size are produced in wonderful profusion on long, stiff stems. The petals are slightly waved, and of good substance. In color the flowers are marvels of beauty, the richest self-colored as well as the daintiest shades in combinations, resembling the finest orchids, may be found in this class. Plants are extremely hardy and very free flowering. Everyone will be delighted with these new pansies, the seed of which we obtained direct from grower and introducer. Packet 20c, 1/2 oz. $1.25.

NEW PINK ENCHANTRESS ASTER.
This splendid Aster is considered one of the best introductions in years. The immense flowers are of soft delicate pink, and are borne on strong upright stems. The color is similar to that of the pink Enchantress Carnation, and does not fade. The flowers are always very double and full, the size of the largest of the Branching Asters. The petals are large and broad, those toward the center curving inward, while those on the outside recede from the center, forming beautiful large flowers. There is no other aster quite so lovely for cutting as the Pink Enchantress. Pkt. 15c, 2 for 25c.

NEW GIANT SNAPDRAGON.
The flowers of this splendid variety are more than twice the size of the common Snapdragon or Antirrhinum. The plants form large bushes and produce immense stalks of flowers all summer. They will grow in almost any kind of soil without care. A beautiful border and bedding plant, splendid for cut flowers. Of easiest culture.

ROSE QUEEN—Large flower spikes with blossoms of a glorious rose-pink, and a beautiful silky gloss. Packet 15c.

PURPLE KING—Immense flowers of a glowing deep rich purple color. Packet 15c, 2 for 25c.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER—Celosia Childsii.
Without doubt this new Celosia is the most magnificent garden annual yet introduced. Its ease of culture and long continued blooming season (July until frost) together with its massive bunches of wool-like flowers and glowing color combine to make it the most odd as well as the showiest novelty for the general flower garden. Plants grow about three feet high, the bloom starting early with a globular central head of immense size, while numerous branches are sent out, each bearing a ball of scarlet wool, each branch producing many lateral sprigs which also develop excellent heads of bloom that last until killed by frost, and expand with a deepening richness of color to a deep crimson scarlet. Seed may be sown in early October as drops of water on the sheet, sown in pots in cold frames, or by sowing directly in the garden or in pots, the latter being transplanted to the flowers when the ground is ready. Packet 15c, 2 for 25c.

GAZANIA—Everblooming Goldflower.
New and extremely free flowering, magnificent annual of easiest culture. The plant forms large, round bushes, about eight inches tall, well covered with long-stemmed flowers, 2½ inches in diameter. The color of the flower is a lovely golden yellow; at the base of the ray florets close to the yellow disc, there is a brown zone with silvery white spots which is surrounded by a blackish brown ring. Foliage is dark green above, and wooly white beneath. When planted in a sunny spot this plant will bloom the whole season. Transplants easily. Packet 10c.

Do not overlook our splendid Flower Show Collection of New Spencer Sweet Peas illustrated on back cover, and described on page 128.
NOVELTIES IN FLOWERS.

FOUR BEAUTIFUL GLADIOLI.

BLERIOT—One of the loveliest new varieties, deserving a place in every garden. The flowers are closely set on tall, strong stems, and are of a lovely apricot rose, with orange throat. A splendid cut flower.

CHANTELIER—A new striped Gladiolus of great merit. The flowers are soft creamy white, overlaid with stripes of rosy red.

GOLDEN WENT—A brilliant orange Gladiolus, with black spots on the lower petals.

WILLIAM COPLAND—A grand flower of great substance and beauty, in the highly prized blue shades. The flowers are immense, borne on tall stocky stems, and of an exquisite light blue.

Price of any of the above varieties, each 20c, 12 for $2.00. 1 of each for 75c, postpaid.

PRIMULINUS HYBRID GLADIOLI.

This beautiful race of Gladiolus was introduced from South Africa a few years ago. In form and habit they differ distinctly from the ordinary Gladiolus. The flower spikes and foliage are finer, very tall and graceful, the flowers are placed farther apart on the stem. In color they range from palest and golden yellow, to brilliant orange and salmon pink. On account of their slender and graceful habit, they are most artistic as cut flowers. Each 10c, dozen $1.00.

NEW DOUBLE COSMOS.

Double Crowned and Crested.

This is one of the best introductions in years, and comes from New Zealand. The plants are very large and vigorous, and they bloom about the same time as the Late Flowering Mammoth. In color, the blossoms are similar to those of the old type, white, and the various shades of pink and rose, but they are wonderfully beautiful and delicate. It is not claimed that all the blooms will be double, but those that are single show great improvement over the old sorts. Should be started indoors and transplanted in May.

NEW DOUBLE ROSE, large packet, each 25c.
NEW DOUBLE WHITE, large packet, each 25c.

Butterfly Runner.

A new variety of Scarlet Runner Beans, with pink and white blossoms, resembling Sweet Peas. A splendid annual vine for trellises, pergolas, porches, etc. Similar to the Scarlet Runner Bean in habit, growing just as rapidly, and blooming even more profusely. Pods are long and broad, and of excellent flavor. Packet 10c, oz. 20c.

PETUNIA INFLATA.

"TRAILING QUEEN"

A new free flowering Petunia of trailing habit. The plants are of rapid and strong growth, producing numerous branches. 3½ to 3 feet in length, thickly set with fragrant flowers, one inch across, of a lovely purple-carmine color with reddish violet throat. Because of its vigorous growth and its extraordinary abundance of bloom this new Petunia may especially be recommended for balconies, porch boxes, window boxes or hanging baskets. Packet 20c.

RED SUNFLOWER.

Some flowers are rich chestnut red, some are tipped with yellow shaded with red, and vary from a few inches to a foot in diameter, with two rows of curled petals. They grow 4 to 8 feet tall and usually come true. Packet 15c.

Golden West Gladiolus.

Cardinal Climber.

The most beautiful and most distinct annual climber ever introduced. The plant grows very rapidly, attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet. It branches freely and forms a dense shade. The foliage is deeply cut. From July until frost, it is literally covered with clusters of fiery scarlet flowers. Cardinal Climber should have good soil and plenty of sun, and succeeds well in the Northwest. It is the best annual vine for covering porches, trellises, arbors, fences, etc. Packet 15c.

Crego's Giant Comet Asters.

A new type of Asters, with flowers of enormous size and marvellous beauty, measuring up to 8 inches in diameter. The petals of these lovely Asters are nearly double the length of the older varieties, and are twisted and curled, giving them the appearance of Japanese Chrysanthemums. The plants grow about 4 feet tall, and are well branched. The flowers are borne on long stiff stems and are splendid for cutting. Rose pink, pure white, and mixed colors. Price each Packet 15c.
LAWN GRASS SEED

LAWN GRASS MIXTURES FOR ALL PURPOSES.

There is nothing that adds more to the appearance and attractiveness and also to the value of a home than a nice, well kept lawn, which can be easily established at a very small expense. A few suggestions in regard to lawn making may be appreciated by the amateur.

Lawn Grass Seed can be sown at any time, from early in the spring until fall as the seeds are very hardy, but the best time is early in the spring, on well prepared soil. If the ground intended for a lawn has to be graded, the best ground should be procured, and soil that contains obnoxious weeds should be avoided. It is poor policy to sow grass seed on ground that is as solid as a road, for the roots of the young grass cannot penetrate such soil. It should be spaded up first or it should be plowed and well pulverized by means of a harrow or rake. After it is well smoothed and levedown the seed can be sown. To obtain as even a stand as possible, we advocate sowing one-half of the seed one way and the other half the other way. By following this method, you will be sure that your grass seed won’t come up in shocks. It is well to select a quiet day for sowing seed as some of the lighter seeds would be carried off in case it should be windy. Two and one-third to three bushels of lawn grass seed is required per acre or one pound for every 300 square feet of ground. It is necessary to sow grass seed very thick so as to obtain a close stand. This will also prevent weeds from coming up. After sowing the seed it should be raked in or, if the area is large, it should be harrowed to cover the seed. To bring the seed into direct contact with the soil and to cause immediate sprouting, the ground should be firm down by rolling or planking. During a wet spell, however, this would not only be unnecessary but, on the contrary, might prove detrimental as it would pack the soil too much and form a crust through which the young sprouts could not penetrate.

Nothing is more important than a carefully selected lawn grass mixture, composed of fine leaved and deep rooted grasses, such as will start early in the spring and remain nice and green until late in the fall. Under favorable circumstances, the common grasses may answer the purpose but they will last for one or two seasons only for which reason it is always advisable to sow carefully selected lawn grass mixtures.

On account of making grass growing a specialty and handling such large quantities of fancy grasses, we are in a position to prepare the finest lawn grass mixtures which insure the best results. Write us for special mixtures intended for special purposes.

PARK LAWN GRASS MIXTURE—For lawns of greater dimensions we recommend this as our standard lawn grass mixture. This has been sold by us for years, and has always given the best satisfaction. It has been sown on almost every kind of soil and under most every condition, and we have no claim of the first unsatisfactory result yet from sowing our Park Lawn Grass mixture. The seed is free from weeds and of the best vitality. It will start at once before the weeds. It roots deeply, withstanding severe droughts without turning yellow or brown and will not grow in tufts or clumps. This mixture is unequalled for lawn, park, tennis and croquet grounds. Two and one-half bushels should be sown per acre. Qt. 35c, 4 qts. $1.25, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 35c, pk. (5 lbs.) $1.25, bu. (20 lbs.) $4.00, 5 bu. (100 lbs.) $16.50.

GARDEN CITY LAWN GRASS—Where a fine lawn around a private house is wanted, this Lawn Grass Mixture will be found best adapted. The grasses used in its combination will make a luxuriant growth in spring, summer and autumn, not being affected by drought very easily, and are always presenting the same green, velvety appearance. One quart will cover about 200 square feet. Qt. 40c, 4 qts. $1.50, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 35c, pk. (5 lbs.) $1.50, bu. (20 lbs.) $5.00.

SHADY NOOK MIXTURE—In many lawns where there are large shady trees there are shady places where ordinary mixtures thrive but poorly or die out altogether. For such spots we have a special mixture of grasses which will grow in the shade as well as in the sun. If you have shady, barren places in your lawn, try our Shady Nook Mixture. Qt. 45c, 4 qts. $1.75, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 45c, pk. (20 lbs.) $5.50.

SPECIAL GOLF LINK AND TENNIS COURT MIXTURE—Our special mixture for this purpose is composed of fine hardy Grasses of low and creeping habit that will form a firm and close sod in a very short time, which will withstand any amount of wear upon it without suffering. Nearly all of the selected Grasses being deeply rooted the golf and tennis grounds established can withstand drought and heat without suffering. Qt. 45c, 4 qts. $1.50, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 35c, pk. (5 lbs.) $1.50, bu. (20 lbs.) $5.00, 5 bu. $24.00.

TERRACE SOD MIXTURE—A special mixture of grasses for sowing on terraces and side hills, producing strong, spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing out. It will withstand drought and exposure and thrive on shallow soils and at the same time produce a rich green lawn throughout the season. Qt. 45c, 4 qts. $1.75, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 40c, pk. (20 lbs.) $5.00.
GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS.

Terms used for different grades of Seeds.

Clover and Grass Seeds of the highest quality obtainable have always been our most important specialty, and in filling orders we have taken the lead among seed dealers in this respect. Under the "FARMER BRAND" label, which is also our trade-mark, we now offer seeds of best vitality, free from all objectionable foul seeds.

"FARMER BRAND"—To protect our customers, as well as ourselves, we shall offer our "FARMER Brand" Seeds, the highest quality of seeds obtainable, in sealed sacks only, in quantities of 50 lbs. and up. Such broken quantities will be furnished, and we will guarantee any seed as genuine after our leaden seal has been broken. With "FARMER Brand" Seeds, sacks will be furnished free of charge.

The other terms and their meanings, used for the different grades or qualities of Clover, Timothy, and Grass, are as follows:

"FANCY"—Free from obnoxious foul seeds, and of high vitality, but not as good in color, nor as perfect as "FARMER Brand" Seed.

"CHOICE"—Healthy and fairly clean seed, of good vitality, but not as plump and perfect as our "Fancy" grade.

NOTICE—We are well equipped for cleaning and testing seeds. All seeds sent out by us are sold with the requirements of the MINNESOTA PURE SEED LAWS. You are fully protected when you buy your seeds from the Farmer Seed & Nursery Company.

Without grass, the earth would be a barren desert, but since it is covered with the growth of the most luxuriant grasses, it feeds live stock of all kinds, one of the biggest assets in agriculture. No matter how large our corn and wheat crops are, grasses and clovers still form the foundation for successful farming. The first herdsman, Adam, then Abraham, and Jacob with his twelve sons, depended on the vast rich meadows of their land, for their herds of cattle. In this great country, the unlimited rich prairies of the early settlers were the capital as cattlemen and ranchers. The big ranches of the West were not broken up until more modern methods for taking care of small grains had been originated. Our most up-to-date methods of farming would be rather incomplete without grass, and are in the opinion of a great deal of care all summer. Cattle, horses, hogs, etc., feed and roam on it all summer without other feed or looking after, while well established meadows of grasses or clover, or both, will fill the barns to overflowing. Good hay, in the right proportion of clover and grass, forms a fairly balanced ration for the stock. With only a little corn added, a suitable ration for dairy herds is obtained.

Many grasses and clovers are grown in our states, both for pastures and meadows, and the soil and climate are suited for hundreds of grasses and clovers to grow. The best are chosen for the purposes for which they are used.

The kinds of seeds commonly sown for establishing pastures and meadows, without regard to location and purpose, are Timothy, Clover, Blue Grass, and Red Top. Although these are all good varieties, and do well on soil to which they are naturally adapted, they are not suited for all locations, nor will all the grasses and clovers grown in them, be suited for all purposes for which they are used, consequently there is much disappointment. Considering that there is such large variety of the most valuable grasses for pastures and meadows, it is almost impossible that so little attention is given to such an important matter as pasturing. So, in order to produce the best results, results of soil and water conditions, other varieties than Timothy, Red Top, and Blue Grass are required for establishing well paying pastures and meadows. We have also put up Clover-Grape Mixtures for pastures and meadows, well considering the growth, maturity, and adaptability of the various grasses to the different kinds of soil, and for the various purposes, thus enabling our customers to make the right selection.

I. BROMUS INERMIS

Austrian Brome Grass.
Hungarian Brome Grass, Barless Brome Grass.

Of all grasses ever introduced, none have proven as valuable nor as important as Bromus Inermis. It has been introduced into the states of Minnesota, Colorado, North and South Dakota, and Manitoba, and the grass stations of the Agricultural Department at Washington, have conducted extensive experiments, and all speak of it in the highest terms.

Bromus Inermis is a vigorous, hardy perennial, with strong creeping root stocks, smooth, upright leafy stems, 1 to 4 feet high, and loose open panicles, or "seed heads," 4 to 8 inches long. It withstands extremes of temperature better than any of the other grasses, and in a few years forms a very tough sod, crowding out every other growth. Bromus Inermis will not only succeed under conditions fatal to Timothy, Clover, Orchard Grass and Alfalfa, but it will make astonishing yields.

All kinds of stock eat it with relish, and chemical analyses show that it is rich in the food ingredients necessary to the animal body. At this grass starts to grow very early in spring, before any of the grasses on the native prairies show any signs of life, and remains green and succulent far into November, it will supply the long felt want of early spring and late fall pastures. The yield of hay from Bromus Inermis is 3 to 5 cl/acre, according to climatic conditions, methods of seeding, and fertility of soil. The quality of the hay is excellent, being high in pelatability and nutritive qualities. In order to obtain the best hay, the grass should be cut at the time of first bloom. One difference between Bromus Inermis and other hay grasses is that it does not deteriorate rapidly after the flowering period, and even if cut when the seed are ripe, the hay loses little of its nutritive qualities, because after the seed bearing stems have grown up, a large number of leafy shoots spring up from the base.

Cultures—Fall plowed land is best adapted for spring sowing, as it holds moisture best. Like most hardy perennials, Bromus Inermis forms deep roots before it makes top growth, and is easily worked up for planting with a moldboard plow. A good method to sow Bromus Inermis with a drill (setting this go at the rate of 1 inch deep) so the seed is well covered. The experiment stations recommend 20 to 30 pounds of seed per acre. The land should be well prepared, for even a bed 4 inches deep will be too shallow for the seed to start quickly, and the young grasses will soon subdue the weeds which are apt to grow on any soil, no matter how good or clean it is. Bromus Inermis, on account of its extreme hardiness, can be sown almost any time, from the early spring to late fall, in almost any locality. Many people are under the impression that Bromus Inermis is the grass for only arid and sandy regions of the Northwest, but it is really one of the most profitable grasses for every section, especially where steep and barren side hills or ravines are to be covered with grass.

Price: "Farmer Brand" Grade, (free from Quack Grass) 3 lbs. 90c, postpaid. Not prepared, 3 lbs. 65c, bushel (100 lbs.) $2.00, 100 lbs. $12.50, bags included: $1.75, 100 lbs. $10.00, bags included.

Bromus Inermis.
2. TIMOTHY.—Phleum Pratense.

Timothy is so well known that it needs hardly any description, for there is scarcely another variety of our natural grasses that is so generally cultivated as this. It is best suited for moist, rich, sandy and loamy soils, where it grows to perfection, and yields large crops of hay. If cut in due season, which is at flowering time, it makes a very good and nutritious hay, which is greatly relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses. For pasture it cannot be so well recommended, as most farmers well know, for its growth is not thrifty enough, and close pasturing is very injurious to it. Like all grasses, it is better for either pasture or meadow if sown with other kinds, and only then will it bring the best returns. For this reason we have added it to most of our Clover-Grass Mixtures.

We wish to call the attention of our brother farmers to the difference between our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed and Timothy Seed handled by dealers and jobbers in the larger cities. While the latter oftentimes has been held for years for speculative purposes, regardless of vitality, and has been grown by every body and anybody, on neglected farms, mainly for the purpose of subduing all kinds of weed seeds, our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed which we offer, is always fresh and of the highest vitality, and has been grown right here in the most prosperous farming country of the United States, on good, rich bottom lands, free from all kinds of noxious weeds. Sow 10 to 12 pounds per acre.

Besides, we claim, and our customers have experienced it every year, that our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed possesses more vigor and vitality, and produces a much thriftier stand of grass, and larger crops and better quality hay than Timothy grown in a milder latitude. The large dairy and stock farmers in the Middle and Eastern States have recognized this long ago, and send us their orders as early as possible, very often in fall already, altho they may have had no failures.

PRICES:—Our quotations on Timothy and other seeds were the current prices December 15th—four weeks before this catalog was printed. As the market changed rapidly going either higher or lower, we refer to the blue figure price list for our present prices. If you should not order at once upon receipt of this catalog, then please write for our New Blue Figure Price List which we issue from time to time.

Prices on Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed of the three grades we offer are as follows:

Price: Fancy Grade, lb. 20c, bu. (11 lbs.) $1.60, 100 lbs. $9.75, not prepaid.
Price: Choice Grade, lb. 15c, bu. $1.25, 100 lbs. $8.50.

4. ITALIAN RYE GRASS.

Lolium italicum.

One of the grasses not so well known, but very valuable, and deserving more attention. It grows on almost any soil but thrives best on rich, moist land. On ground best adapted for it, and especially if irrigated, immense crops can be produced, as it can be cut 4 or 5 times, and yields as high as 7 or 8 tons of dry hay per acre. It is well adapted for pastures, on account of its early growth in spring and its quick and successive aftergrowth which closely cropped. For this reason we found it very valuable to sow as a catch-crop in clover fields where the clover had died or winter-killed. When mixed with Crimson Clover and sown on these unproductive spots in spring, a full crop can be counted on from these fields. It grows 2 to 4 feet high, with an abundance of foliage, and is much liked by cattle and stock generally. Sow about 20 pounds of seed per acre.

Price: Fancy Grade, lb. 20c, bu. (11 lbs.) $1.60, 100 lbs. $9.75, not prepaid.
Price: Choice Grade, lb. 15c, bu. $1.25, 100 lbs. $8.50.

5. ENGLISH RYE GRASS.

Perennial Rye Grass—Lolium Perenne.

This has become well known in this country, is largely sown, and has proven itself very valuable. It seems to be especially adapted for pastures, will endure close cropping, and is of strong and quick successive aftergrowth. English Rye Grass produces an abundance of foliage, which remains bright and green throughout the season, and for this reason is much used for Lawn Grass Mixtures. It is also well adapted for permanent meadows, and yields large quantities of very nutritious hay, which is well liked by all kinds of stock. This grass grows well on almost any soil, but prefers medium rich or moist land, such as will produce a good cropping of clover. It yields 4 to 5 tons of dry hay on such land. Sow 20 to 22 pounds of seed per acre.

Price: Fancy Grade, lb. 20c, bu. (11 lbs.) $1.45, 100 lbs. $9.25, not prepaid.
Price: Choice Grade, lb. 15c, bu. $1.15, 100 lbs. $8.00.

6. WESTERN RYE GRASS.

Agropyron Tenerum.

Also known as SLENDER WHEAT GRASS.

The famous bunch grass of Canada and is peculiarly well adapted to the prairie soils of our northwestern states. It affords excellent pasturage all summer, and yields quantities of hay, but is not as useful as it is relished better by stock. It thrives on all soils, but is particularly adapted to prairie soils. It gives good returns on land which is strongly impregnated with alkali and salt. Sow 15 to 20 pounds of seed per acre, and reap in the fall.

Price: Fancy Grade, lb. 20c, bu. (11 lbs.) $2.00, 100 lbs. $13.00, not prepaid.
Price: Choice Grade, lb. 15c, bu. $1.50, 100 lbs. $10.00.

The Timothy and Alsyke Clover Mixture bought you last year is now showing the best stand of any of our hay seedboard.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Duluth, Minn.
7. FANCY RED TOP.

Clear or Solid Seed.

This is the best grade of heavy hulled seed, thoroughly cleaned from chaff, and is known as Fancy Red Top. Naturally this seed is much higher in price than seed in the chaff or hull, but it really does not cost more in the end. A 5 to 6 pounds of seed are required to sow an acre.

(a) FANCY RED TOP, "Farmer Brand"—Best tested seed which is of the highest quality obtainable:
- 16 lbs. bu. $1.50, 100 lbs. $15.00, sacks included.
- 3 lbs. postpaid 75c.

(b) FANCY RED TOP, "Choice":
- 30 lbs. cu. $2.25, 100 lbs. $13.25, grain sacks 22c each extra. 3 lbs. postpaid 75c.

8. RED TOP AND TIMOTHY MIXTURE.

These are generally raised here together around sloughs and such low ground that is not subject to Copyright. One-third Red Top and two-thirds Timothy, which is about the right proportion to sow. These seeds are of the best quality, and as they cannot well be separated without much labor and at a very low price. About 8 to 10 lbs. of this should be sown per acre. This Red Top and Timothy Mixtures are well-received seeds.

Pound 15c., 10 lbs. $1.50, 25 lbs. $3.00, 100 lbs. $10.00. 3 lbs. postpaid 75c.

9. ORCHARD GRASS—Dactylis Glomerata.

A most valuable grass for pasture or meadow, while for permanent pastures it is especially adapted on account of its earliness and great outstanding qualities. It furnishes the first green bite in the spring and the last in the fall, and due to quick recovery after a frost. When grown for hay, more than one crop can be obtained in one season, and where but one crop is taken, the after-growth is very heavy, giving splendid and rich pasture until late in the fall, it will stand drought, keeping green and growing when other grasses are dried up, and be very hardy, is of special value for our Northern states, where it does not winter-kill. The name of this grass is to grow in tufts, and it is therefore not adapted for sowing alone, but if sown together with other grasses, or with our Clover-Grass Mixtures, a close and uniform stand can be obtained. It is well suited to shady places, such as orchards, and groves. Altogether it is adapted for a wide range of soil, and will grow on almost all land. It gives the best results on deep, rich, sandy loam or clay soils.

(a) "Farmer Brand" Orchard Grass:
- Lb. 25c., (1 lb.) $3.00, 100 lbs. $18.50.
- 3 lbs. postpaid 75c.

(b) "Fancy" Orchard Grass:
- Lb. 20c., (1 lb.) $2.65, 100 lbs. $17.00.

10. WOOD MEADOW GRASS—PoA nemoralis.

This grass is invaluable for wood pastures or shaded ground, and should be included in all mixtures for permanent pastures, especially in shady places. It grows on almost any soil, and spreading best on moist, shaded ground, and is remarkable for its excessive growth when crossed or interplanted. For lawns shaded by trees it is particularly valuable, producing a very thick growth and a nice, even sod which remains green a long time. It is a hardy perennial, 1 to 2 feet high, flowering in June. Superior Grade:
- Lb. 40c., (1 lb.) $5.00, 100 lbs. $30.00. Lb. postpaid 50c.

11. KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—PoA pratensis.

This is the most widely known of all the natural grasses, does well everywhere, and can be found in almost every part of our broad country. In areas with limestone soil, it does singularly well, especially in Kentucky, where it is the principal grass, for which reason it was undoubtedly named "Kentucky Blue Grass.

This grass is grown more for pasture than for hay. It is unusual early in the spring, providing good feed early in May and June in our states, averages, and produces a good growth until the ground freezes. This grass is hardy and is neither injured by the cold nor by dry weather, hot sun, the trampling of hoofs or close mowing. It is suited to any variety of soil, but succeeds best on moist, rich land containing some lime. It requires about 2 years to become well established, and for this reason should be used only where permanent pastures are wanted.

(a) KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS:
- Farm Stock: Lb. 20c., (1 lb.) $2.50, 100 lbs. $15.00. 3 lbs. 85c, postpaid.
- Fancy Brand: Lb. $2.00, 100 lbs. $15.00.

I have had the very best of success with your Grass and Clover seed, also with Corn and Potatoes. The Grass Mixture I raised in April and I have always made two cuttings. Your Golden Jewel Cultivars can't be beat.

E. SCHURECH, Boone Terre. Mo.

I received the Apple Trees and other things that I ordered from you will say that they were the best packed and the best stock I ever received from any company. Was very much pleased with them.

MRS. NETTIE OLSON, Manisto, Minn.

12. TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS—Avena liliata.

For either hay or permanent pasture a most handsome grass, which can be successfully grown in all parts of the country. It will not winter-kill, but will live and endure our severe Northern Minnesota winters, and can also be grown in parts of the country where it is sometimes very hot and dry. This variety is very early in spring, and is an especially valuable grass on this account. It is a solid sow by itself, but mostly with other varieties, as with our Clover-Grass Mixtures, where it gives the best results. Succeeds best in deep rich, sandy soils and even on clay and heavy dry soil, does not need a true perennial, growing 3 to 4 feet high, and flowering in May and June. It is a splendid grass for the Southern States. Lb. 25c., (1 lb.) $3.00, 100 lbs. $17.50.

Lb. postpaid 35c.

13. CREEPING BENT GRASS—Agrostis stolonifera.

This variety is a hardy perennial of dwarf growing habit, and being very deep rooted, has the most excessive growth when closely cropped, is especially valuable as a pasture grass. It starts early and holds out until late in the fall. It prefers deep, rich and moist soil but is one of the best grasses as it grows in almost any location and makes a fine lawn. Superior Grade:
- Lb. 45c., (1 lb.) $5.50, 100 lbs. $35.00. Lb. postpaid 55c.

Our Celebrated Clover-Grass Mixtures—See pages 13 to 15.
15. MEADOW FESCUE—Festuca Pratensis.

We regard this as one of the most valuable grasses for it adapts itself to different conditions of soil and climate, thriving luxuriantly in all parts of the United States and Canada. It produces a great amount of early and late feed of good quality and yields heavily, from 2 to 4 tons of hay per acre, which is of fine quality and very nutritious. As a pasture grass it is particularly valuable, for it is a most permanent grower, being one of the earliest in spring and latest in fall, and never freezes out or winter-kills. It grows well on wet or dry bottoms, hillsides and tops, gravelly and sandy lands and clays, and having many fibrous roots, grows down 2 to 4 inches, resists drought wonderfully, and grows about 2 feet high, stools out well, but never grows in tufts or branches. About 18 to 24 lbs. of seed should be sown per acre. Fancy Grade: Lb. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) $2.00, 100 lbs. $12.50.—Lb. postpaid 30c.

16. SHEEP’S FESCUE—Festuca Ovina.

This variety prefers to grow on light, sandy soil and dry uplands or hillsides. It is deep rooted, and not affected by extreme drought. Sheep’s Fescue is specially formed for, and in mixtures for permanent pastures on dry uplands, particularly if used for sheep grazing. It should be included, as it is highly relished by them, being one of the sweetest grasses and very nutritious. On account of its fine foliage and compact growth, it is very desirable for lawn purposes, making a splendid close turf. A hardy perennial. 1 to 2 feet high, flowering in June and July. Fancy Grade: Lb. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) $2.50, 100 lbs. $16.50.—Lb. postpaid 30c.

19. CRESTED DOGSTAIL—Cynosorus Cristatus.

For permanent pastures, especially on high land and hard dry soils and hills, this grass is very desirable. It grows in an abundance of foliage, is very hardy, and but little affected by extreme drought or cold weather. This variety is tender and very nutritious and relished by all kinds of stock. On account of its evergreen foliage, thick and close growing habit it is a hardy perennial. It is a hardy perennial. Lb. 15.6 feet high, flowering in June. Fancy Grade: Lb. 30c, bu. (14 lbs.) $4.00, 100 lbs. $26.00.—Lb. postpaid 40c.

20. BERMUDA GRASS—Cynodon Dactylen.

For the Southern States, particularly, this grass is best adapted, and of great value. It is the chief reliance there for pasture and hay, furnishing rich, green pastures during nine months of the year. On good land it will cut 5 to 6 tons of nice hay per acre. Thrives wherever corn or cotton can be grown. Much planted in the South as a lawn grass, and nothing will stand the sun better. 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.00, pd.

22. WILD RICE—Zizania Aquatica.

This is a tall, leafy perennial, 3 to 4 feet or more high, with smooth sheaths and narrow branching panicles 4 to 8 inches long. Red Canary Grass thrives on land too wet for barley, and does not succeed best on stiff, wet land, and on flooded fields, as well as on low marshy ground or sloughs, where it will furnish a large amount of hay. If sown on low lands, it will soon establish itself and drive out the wild or worthless varieties, furnishing heavy crops of splendid hay annually for many years. Ask for prices.

25. MEADOW SOFT GRASS—Holcus Lanatus.

This variety is also known as "Velvet Grass" and "Yorkshire Fog Grass." Altho most valuable under certain circumstances, this grass is but little known. It prefers a moist and loose soil, and on account of its deep root formation, it produces a very luxuriant growth even on heavy, poorly drained swamps where it is almost impossible to secure a catch with other grasses. Meadow Soft Grass should therefore be included in all grass mixtures for sloughs and marshes. In particular for peat bogs that are apt to dry out in summer or fall and produce no vegetation at all. This grass grows two to three feet high, matures early, flowering in June, and has a somewhat soft and tender foot:

Superior Grade:—Lb. 30c, bu. (14 lbs.) $4.00, 100 lbs. $25.00.—Lb. postpaid 40c.

26. TALL FESCUE GRASS—Festuca Elatior.

This grass is highly valued for permanent meadows. It is coarse and robust in habit. It makes a very good quality of hay which is very nutritious and is greedily eaten by all stock. Being also very productive, yielding larger quantities of hay than many other grasses, it should be included in all mixtures for permanent pastures on moist and strong soils. It is also a good pasture grass, and in Virginia it furnishes cattle good grazing in midwinter. It is one of the best grasses to sow in marshes or places which are often under water. It is perennial, growing from 3 to 5 feet high. Superior Grade:—Lb. 40c, bu. (14 lbs.) $5.50, 100 lbs. $35.00.—Lb. postpaid 55c.

27. WATER MEADOW GRASS—Poa Aquatica.

A variety which prefers low and wet soils, therefore of great value for land which is often overflowed or under water, where other grasses do not succeed, as they drown out. Altho it grows coarse and robust, the hay, which is produced in large quantities, is very nutritious and well liked by all kinds of stock. It is a perennial. four to five feet high. Superior Grade:—Lb. 45c, bushel (14 lbs.) $6.00, 100 lbs. $40.00.—Lb. postpaid, 55c.

For our Mixtures for Sloughs and Marshes See Pages 16 and 17.
RELIABLE MINNESOTA GROWN CLOVER SEED.

PRICES: Prices on Clover Seed are subject to the fluctuations of the market, and we therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed with this catalog. If you should not order immediately upon receipt of this catalog, please write for our latest BLUE Figure PRICE LIST quoting current prices, which will be sent you from time to time. On large quantities, we always please to quote special prices, with samples.

32. MINNESOTA GROWN MEDIUM RED OR JUNE CLOVER.

The Medium Red Clover may justly be styled "the corner stone of agriculture" in the Northwestern, the North Central and Eastern States. Either alone or in a mixture with other grasses for hay or pasture it generally constitutes from one-eighth to one-third of the total area of cultivated land on most successful farms throughout this area, and is an important crop factor. It is one of the most important factors in maintaining a permanent system of agriculture in the Old World. In this country for a century and a half it has assumed a more and more important role in conserving the natural resources of the soil, thereby tending to maintain the profitable yields of the staple agricultural products.

Red Clover is utilized both as a hay and as a pasture crop and often as a sowing crop. It is sometimes used as a green manure crop to be plowed under if the ground is poor in humus. Even where it is cut for hay and only the roots and stubble turned under it has a marked influence in keeping the soil in condition for cereal crops, and in the clover sections would correspond to one-half to two-thirds of the roughage rations of milk cows. Sheep and young stock of all kinds make excellent gains on either the pasture or the hay, and in addition to its usefulness as a food for animals it has a marked effect in increasing the supply of nitrogen in the soil. By means of the nitrogen-fixing organism on its roots the Red Clover plant is able to gather large quantities of nitrogen from the air and leave it in the soil in a form which can readily be utilized by growing crops. It is not improbable that the yield of a grain crop can be doubled by the growing and plowing under of a crop of Clover. In order to keep the farm up, Medium Red Clover should be sown with all spring grain at the rate of 6 to 7 pounds per acre, if for no other purpose than merely as a fertilizer and to keep the weeds down. It will surely prove of double benefits, for if pasturage is scarce the cattle can be turned onto it, and if not required for this purpose entirely our land requires fertilizers of some kind which barnyard manure alone cannot supply.

Our Minnesota Grown Clover Seed, which we have been supplying our customers in every section of the United States for years is well known for its hardiness, high yield, high growth and its wonderful productive quality. In purity and vitality it is unsurpassed, on which account it is always in great demand for export, for which purpose seeds of the highest quality can only be had.

All the different grades of our Minnesota grown Medium Red and Mammoth Clover are absolutely free from any trace of such weeds as do not live thru our cold northern winters here in Minnesota. You will find this mostly in all imported clover seed, as well as manure produced further south and also in clover seed from the Pacific Coast States.

PRICES ON MEDIUM RED CLOVER.

"FARMER BRAND," Unexcelled in purity, high vitality and nice dark color. This Farmer Brand quality, we guarantee to conform in every respect with the above description, and believe no new law has been enacted by the different states, and is therefore the most reliable seed offered by any seed house. Not pre-packed, 25c per bu., $6.50 per hundred. Bu. $12.15, 100 lbs. $20.00, grain sacks 28c extra.

-Lb. postpaid 35c.

Fancy, Peck $3.00, bu. $11.25, 100 lbs. $18.50. Grain sacks 28c extra.

Choice, Peck $2.75, bu. $10.00, 100 lbs. $16.50. Grain sacks 28c extra.

33. MAMMOTH CLOVER—Trifolium Pratense Perenne.

Also known as Pea Vine Clover or Cow Grass. This is well known for its enormous yields and for reclaiming exhausted land. It is extremely hardy and will flourish on the Common Red Clover. Where permanent hay pastures are wanted our Minnesota Grown Mammoth Clover will give the best results, because it is a hardy perennial and hardly ever freezes out. It is of account of being a permanent plant. It can be sown to good advantage in fall or early spring, and should always be included in Perennial Pasture Mixtures. It produces very large crops of hay, yielding from three to five tons per acre. The hay is of choice quality, and is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock. As a fertilizer to plow under green it has no equal, and for this purpose 6 to 8 pounds per acre should be sown with all spring grain. The Mammoth Clover Seed which we offer, has been grown here in this section and our customers can therefore depend on getting the true Mammoth Clover.

"FARMER BRAND," quality, unexcelled in purity and vitality, (33a) Fancy, Peck $3.25, bu. $11.85, 100 lbs. $19.50, grain sacks 28c extra. Not pre-packed, 25c, peck $3.45, 1/2 bu. $6.60, bu. $12.75, 100 lbs. $22.00, grain sacks 28c extra. Pound postpaid 30c.

34. CRIMSON CLOVER—Trifolium Incarnatum.

This is also called Giant Incarnate and German Mammoth Clover. Altho it is only an annual, it answers the same purpose as the Mammoth Clovers, and is considerably higher yielding. It has the nature of a winter grain, can, however, also be sown in spring as well as in fall. For northern sections spring sowing is preferable, while in the eastern states it is generally earlier marked for its rapid growth, and is the only clover that yields a full and heavy crop the first year. One of the most important features of its great value as a fertilizer. It should therefore be sown with all spring grain for the best results. The crimson clover, in fact, replaces the red clover as a sowing crop over the whole of the United States, and is often sown in the spring, on winter ground, no special preparation of the seed bed is necessary. The Crimson Clover has been used in the past that the seed has usually carried the soil sufficiently to render a natural covering a reasonable certainty. It will, however, not turn the winter grain and will prove beneficial for the clover if a light harrow, tilted backward, is run over the field to cover the seed.

PRICE: Prices on Clover Seed are subject to the fluctuations of the market, and we therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed with this catalog. If you should not order immediately upon receipt of this catalog, please write for our latest BLUE Figure PRICE LIST quoting current prices, which will be sent you from time to time. On large quantities, we always please to quote special prices, with samples.

NOTICE:—To increase the yield and improve the soil use STANDARD BACTERIA for inoculating your Clover, Alfalitas and other legumes. See page 15.

We have been using your Seed for the last ten years, have always had the best results and cannot make a garden without them.——M. MADISON, Everly, Iowa.

My order for red clover came in time to make my hay crops, and everything is growing marvelously well. I paid you $100, the same bill bought at an agent would have cost me $40. GEO. E. WRIGHT, Gilford, Maine.

Crimson Clover.
RELIEABLE MINNESOTA GROWN CLOVER SEED.

PRICES ON CLOVER SEED ARE SUBJECT TO THE FLUCTUATIONS OF THE MARKET.

35. WHITE CLOVER—Trifolium Repens.

This is of particular value in mixtures for permanent pastures and lawns, and will grow on almost any kind of soil, even on wet and moist ground, but not on such as are over-drained for any length of time. The seed is very fine, and sown by itself, about five pounds are sufficient per acre; it should, however, never be sown alone. White Clover is used mainly for sowing in mixtures with other grass seeds, especially with Blue Grass, to obtain permanent pastures.

37. ALSYKE OR SWEDISH CLOVER—Trifolium Hybridum.

The advantages which the Alsykeyer has over Red Clover and other varieties are its hardiness and true perennial character. It adapts itself to a great variety of soils, growing on the edge of a stream, in swamps or on low land and also flourishing on dry and stony, sand clay and upland soils, thus being capable of resisting the thinnest of droughts and wet alike. It is well liked by all stock, either green in the pasture or when cured for hay. Horses, cows and sheep prefer it to Red Clover, as it makes finer and better hay than this, the stalks not being so thick and woody. It is very sweet and fragrant and is well liked by bees. This clover grows to 30 inches high, the heads are round and flesh colored. It can be sown with Timothy to good advantage, as both mature at the same time, which is a very important feature for the production of hay. Wherever the Medium Red Clover fails for certain reasons, Alsye should be sown on account of its hardy nature; it is perennial and will not winter kill.

For our Alsye and Timothy Mixture, see page 9. This is a very low priced mixture, which should be sown where it is too wet for Medium Red Clover.

38. BOKHARA, SWEET OR BEE CLOVER—Melilotus Alba.

The True White Flowering Bokhara Clover. This clover is especially adapted to bee pastures, and wherever honey bees should not fail to put at least half an acre to an acre, for it is greatly relished by them, and the honey is as nice and clear as crystal. It grows on poor and sandy soil and also on land that is stony and rocky, its strong roots will penetrate any kind of soil. The value of the Bokhara Clover as a fertilizer was not known until recently several experiment stations published articles on it. Within the last few years the demand for this clover has been increasing tremendously. It is planted mainly for fertilizer, however in many sections it is being grown for fodder and the growers claim that in feeding value it is equal to Red Clover. It has been proven by many experiments, that Bokhara Clover will furnish the necessary nitrogen for the successful growing of Alfalfa. It is a great fertilizer and will in a short period make sand soil fertile. Some growers believe this Bokhara Clover, but the Bokhara Clover ranks the highest of leguminous crops. It has the ability of gathering nitrogen from the air and enriches the soil on the same principle as the Experiment Station at Garden City, Kansas, it withholds severe drought exceedingly well. Sown in July or August, like Crimson Clover, it will give a large yield early next spring or may be allowed under green. It is a great fertilizer and will in a short period make sand soils fertile. About 10 to 15 pounds of seed are required for one acre.

Price: Lb. 25c, peck $2.60, bu. $12.60, 100 lbs. $20.50, grain sacks 28c each extra.—Pound 35c, post paid.

38b. YELLOW SWEET CLOVER—Melilotus Officinalis.

It is very similar to the White Flowering sort and is in fact a hybrid, but blooms earlier. For inoculating the soil for alfalfa culture as well as for fertilizing purposes this Yellow Flowering variety is preferred by many. For bee pasture it is much used to supplement the White Flowering variety. It blooms about two weeks earlier than the season is prolonged. The plant is of dense growth and when once fairly started, will continue until winter.

Price: Lb. 25c, peck $2.60, bu. $12.75, 100 lbs. $18.00, not prepaid, bags 28c each extra.—Pound 35c, post paid.

39. KIDNEY VETCH CLOVER.

Anthrallis Vulneraria.

A deep-rooting, drought-resisting clover, suitable for sowing on light, sandy or limestone soils. The seed is a stout shape and size as Red Clover. This Clover is sold by the pound. The Seeds mixtures was started, it furnishes good pastureage as well as hay, and is not affected by severe drought or extreme cold. Several years will make good cuttings a season. It will grow in any kind of soil; it is very hardy, and is not affected by very cold winters. About 20 to 25 pounds of seed are required for one acre.

Price: Lb. 25c, peck $2.50, bu. $12.60, 100 lbs. $20.60, not prepaid, bags 28c each extra.—Pound 35c, post paid.

40. SAINFOIN OR ESPARCETTE CLOVER.

Onobrischis Sativa.

An excellent, but comparatively little known variety, of special value for growing on light, dry or poor ground, and can be sown either alone or with other grasses. It is the best Clover in the north west, and is very productive. It does not grow well in wet or clay soils. It is very deep-rooted, and therefore withstands drought. On account of its high feeding value, it is a very good clover plant. It is especially grown under the name of "Sand Clover"; will row on gravelly soil and in barren regions, deficient in rainfall. It makes excellent feed for cows, increasing the flow and quality of milk. It will make good cuttings a season. Esparrette is usually sown with oats or barley, at the rate of 25 to 40 pounds per acre.

Price: Lb. 25c, 25 lbs. ($0.50) $3.80, 100 lbs. $6.80, 100 lbs. $12.50, not prepaid.—Pound post paid 35c.

41. YELLOW TREFOIL—Medicago Lupulina.

This variety is valuable for a sheep pasture on very light, dry or poor ground, and can be sown either alone or with other grasses. It is a very hardy plant and is very productive. If sown in spring, it will furnish a full crop the same season. It thrives well on limestone soils where other clovers will not thrive. It is not very permanent. It is of considerable value for fertilizing purposes. It is a white clover and will make light, loose soils productive. Sow it 10 to 15 pounds per acre.

Price: Lb. 25c, peck $2.00, bu. ($0.60) $6.80, 100 lbs. $10.00, not prepaid.—Pound post paid 35c.

The Clover Seed purchased from you was of the finest quality and made an exceptionally good stand. Your Garden Seed gave also the best of satisfaction.

JOHN SWOBODA, New Prague, R. 4, Min.

To increase the yield and improve the soil use STANDARD BACTERIA for inoculating your Clover, Alfalfa and other legumes.

See page 15.
ALFALFA—Medicago Sativa.

Alfalfa is a crop which will never be overproduced. More than again as much Alfalfa hay would be used by dairy farmers and live stock breeders if they only had grown it. The trouble is that we are too slow and find the variety taking time to develop. We know it is a matter what good they are, tho it is well enough known that Alfalfa makes good almost everywhere. Many dairy farmers are shipping in carloads of Alfalfa hay to take the place of expensive bran, which at present costs $28.00 for 1000 lbs. which could have been saved, if good fields of Alfalfa had been established several years ago.

Chemical analysis proves that Alfalfa hay contains, ton for ton, just as much protein as bran, and a ton of Alfalfa can be bought for $25.00 or $30.00, the cost of a ton of bran. We are practically wasting $25.00 per ton on fodder.

When grown under suitable conditions, Alfalfa will produce three good crops of hay, here in the Northwest, yielding from one and one-half to two tons of hay per acre from each cutting. Any surplus can be planted to field beans, or sold as such, the color of the hay determining the price. The first season one of our neighbors was offered $18.00 per ton for 32 tons of Alfalfa hay, the purchaser to haul the hay himself, a distance of 16 miles.

Alfalfa is so valuable that little space need be given in extolling its virtues. Permanent and prosperous farming everywhere demands the growing of some legume and no other legume as valuable as alfalfa, because it is a hardy perennial living for years, and furnishes heavy returns of palatable forage extremely rich in protein, the most important element in feed, Alfalfa is the greatest forage plant in the world.

THE SOIL—Almost any kind of soil that produces corn, small grain, potatoes, or clover and timothy, is suitable for Alfalfa. The important feature is that the soil has free surface drainage. Alfalfa requires well drained land, and it is only to sow on land where standing water is present, even for a very short period only. It is also inadvisable to establish it upon land underlaid with permanent ground waters that are nearer than four feet from the surface.

THE SEED—Here in the Northwest, only the hardiest Alfalfa should be sown. Hardy Alfalfa means not only capable of enduring the extremes of cold and drought, but other severe conditions as well. Alfalfa very seldom winter-kills on account of extreme cold. Heaving of the soil, caused by alternate thawing and freezing, is usually an indication of poor soil. Plants with straight tap roots, such as are grown in the Southwest, cannot endure these conditions, as the single root is broken and the plant consequently dies.

Northern Grown Alfalfa, with multitudes of lateral roots, is not killed by heaving of the soil. Some of the roots may be killed, but some always survive. Conditions that have made Northern Grown Alfalfa so hardy, as concerns cold and drought, have thus developed a plant that endures soil heaving or other climate conditions that would destroy other plants. Grown Alfalfa as the hardiest for the extremes of our cold northern climates.

WHEN TO CUT ALFALFA—As soon as new shoots appear at the crowns. Don't pay any attention to blossoms. The crop will be ready to cut about once every 2 weeks during the growing season.

CURE—Quickly in cooks. When you cannot water from the hay it should be put into stack or barn at once.

INOUCULATION—The roots of thitary Alfalfa are inhabited by bacteria that form tubercles on the roots. Thru the agency of these bacteria, Alfalfa is able to gather nitrogen from the inessential supply in the atmosphere, by the aid of its development and stored in the soil. In some soil, these bacteria appear naturally when Alfalfa is sown, while in many other soils, they must be developed or supplied artificial inoculation. Alfalfa never does well if these bacteria are not present in the number.

It may be true that in many cases artificial inoculating is unnecessary, but it is equally true that it always more than pays its slight cost of inoculation. The larger, stronger growth that invariably follows inoculating is pretty much a certainty in all but the most unproductive lands, under the most unfavorable conditions, in successfully passing over the most critical life period the first year.

The simplest and least expensive method of inoculating is by using the ordinary inoculating stations. Our Standard Inoculating Bacteria free with our Standardized Seed, has been developed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture a number of years ago. To assist our patrons in getting the best results obtainable, we offer Standard Inoculating Bacteria free with our Standardized Seed. We also recommend the Inoculating stations, because of the fact that so many people fail to obtain a satisfactory stand of Alfalfa, invariably because of the lack of bacteria, we are convinced that Alfalfa with our Bacteria is the most perfect seed for inoculation.

PREPARATION OF THE SEED BED—First of all, Alfalfa requires a deep seed bed to develop its wonderful system of roots. Follows the balanced fertilizer used within a few inches with an almost impervious plow-soil, has been the cause of innumerable failures with Alfalfa. Deep plowing is essential to success, and should always be done to a depth of at least 18 inches. The land should be as free from weeds as possible; therefore it is best to precede Alfalfa with a cultivated crop. For best results, forage, humus-filled soil, or land well aerated with barnyard manure, should be used. There should be a sufficient supply of moisture maintained near the surface of the soil as possible. The seed bed should be well drained, by frequent plowing and harrowing, to keep the surface dry and not too loose soil filled with large air spaces, which keeps the young plants from establishing themselves.

The time of sowing is not especially important. If soil and moisture conditions are favorable and the plants have sufficient time to become well established before the close of the growing season, spring, early summer, and even mid-summer sowings have proved very satisfactory here in the Northwest. The important consideration in establishing a field of Alfalfa is in the previous preparation of the land. Clean farming land is very highly valued and in proper seed bed condition, are absolutely essential to success with Alfalfa.

Alfalfa may be sown either broadcast or in drills, but it must not be drilled in too deeply. It should be sown from a half inch to four inches to an inch or one and one-half inches in light sandy soil. About one inch is the depth proper on normal loam soil. The seed bed should be well firmed and moist before the surface, and the seeds should be sown in groups of three or possible in any soil. If Alfalfa is sown broadcast, light harrowing usually covers the seed sufficiently.

There is considerable difference of opinion in regard to the quantity of Alfalfa seed required. Experiment stations’ records vary very much, and some experiment stations recommend as much as 30 to 50 pounds per acre. Alltho Alfalfa seed may be of the finest quality, much of it will not germinate the first season, on account of hardy seed, a second sowing may be required."

Prices being regulated by supply and demand naturally fluctuate at times, and we therefore refer to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this Catalog for current prices of all crops and grasses. We advise large quantities of seed find it to their advantage to write for prices and samples.

For new grain sacks 28c each extra should be added.

42. DAKOTA GROWN ALFALFA.

This Seed is mostly from the Black Hills section where the most extensive growth of both, cold and gentle Alfalfa occurs, and registers over 100 degrees of heat in the summer and 40-50 below zero in winter, generally without any snow for protection. Alfalfa that grows under these severe conditions can be expected to have the inherent vigorous tendencies of the mother plants. Our seed is mostly from old fields that have been in Alfalfa the last fifteen to twenty years.

42 A. FANCY Dakota Grown Alfalfa is the same as the above but is not quite as fine in color and appearance.

Prices: Not prepaid, lb. 30c, including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, pk. $3.75, 1/2 lb. $7.25, bu. $14.00, 100 lbs. $23.00; Sacks extra 28c.

43. "FARMER BRAND" Montana Alfalfa.

Grown under very much the same conditions as the Dakota Alfalfa, this is classified with the hardest strains and is highly recommended by our Agricultural Department. Montana grown seed is usually in this price range.

Prices. Lb. postpaid 45c.—Not prepaid, including Standard Inoculating Bacteria. Lb. 35c, peck $3.50, 1/2 bu. $6.75, bu. $13.25, 100 lbs. $22.00. Sacks each 28c.
45. GRIMM ALFALFA.

This is considered by many the hardest of the Alfalfa family on account of its branching or lateral root system. It is the strain of the Medicago Sativa introduced by Mr. Wendelin Grimm of Carver County, Minnesota, over thirty years ago. As it has been grown here in the North-west for such a length of time, it has sufficiently proved its hardiness to withstand the extremes of our cold and rigorous climate. The U.S. Department of Agriculture has carried on extensive experiments with it in the Dakotas, Montana, Colorado, etc., and found that it withstands the extremes of heat and cold as well as drought beyond all expectations.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture describes the Grimm Alfalfa as follows in Bulletin No. 200. To the casual observer Grimm Alfalfa looks very much like all other Alfalfas, but on closer examination, it is found to be considerably more diverse than most kinds. It contains individuals of upright and demure growth next to one another and showing a greater diversity in flower color than prevails in common Alfalfa. All Alfalfa has a certain range of flower color, but the Grimm has more than most cultivated sorts. The origin of this diversity can probably be traced to crossing in Middle Europe between cultivated strains of true Alfalfa (Medicago Sativa) and neighboring wild plants of the yellow-flowered sickle clover (Medicago Vales-

Price of FARMER BRAND Grimm Alfalfa: Pound 75c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 65c.

47. LISCOMB STRAIN ALFALFA.

The Liscomb strain of Alfalfa was first sown by Mr. G. W. Liscomb in Eastern Montana about 35 years ago. It has never been surface irrigated and it has always been a heavy yielder in hay. The old field is still in existence and yielded a splendid crop of seed the past year.

Scientific study of the Liscomb Strain of Alfalfa has disclosed that it belongs to the group "Medicago." The Grimm, Hallic, and other extremely hardy Alfalfas are members of this class. They differ from ordinary Alfalfas in that, instead of a long tap root, the roots are very branching. The ordinary Alfalfa produces a broad crown which is close to the surface of the ground. The Liscomb strain has what is known as a rosette crown, the leaves growing from the crown under the ground. In a four year old plant, it will be three inches beneath the surface. The ordinary Alfalfa produces blue flowers, but the flowers of this species are varied and range from a greenish white or light blue to deep maroon. — The seed which we offer is best quality Montana grown, with a purity test of 99%. You cannot buy better seed at any price, anywhere.

Price of Liscomb Strain Montana Grown Alfalfa, FARMER BRAND quality: Pound 50c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, pound 40c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck $4.00, ½ bu. $7.75, bu. $15.00, 100 lbs. $25.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

44. Farmer Brand Dry Land Alfalfa.

This is a strain of the Medicago Sativa that has been grown mainly in the arid and semi-arid sections of Nebraska, Montana, North and South Dakota, and having been produced for years in regions with limited rainfall and without irrigation has been thoroughly naturalized and cultivated and is sure to produce the best results. Our Dry Land Alfalfa is especially adapted to the arid and semi-arid sections of the South West. Price, Pound 45c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 35c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck $3.75, ½ bu. $7.25, bu. $14.00, 100 lbs. $23.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

45. WESTERN ALFALFA.

We can supply high grade Western Grown Alfalfa Seed from the best and oldest Alfalfa sections of Nebraska and Kansas—sections where Alfalfa was successfully grown before Dakota and Montana farmers conceived the idea of growing Alfalfa. The Kansas-Brothers' Association have given Alfalfa from many different sections, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, a most careful trial, and their universal opinion is that the locality where the seed stock was grown makes no material difference in the ultimate results. Our seed of Western Grown Alfalfa is of the best quality obtainable, and to the best of our knowledge, that there is no danger of obtaining the dreaded Alfalfa dodder in Nebraska and Kansas seed. As Kansas and Nebraska seed is always more plentiful we can offer it at much lower prices.

PRICE OF WESTERN ALFALFA: Pound 40c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 30c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck $3.50, ½ bu. $8.75, bu. $16.00, 100 lbs. $30.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

FANCY WESTERN ALFALFA, without inoculating Bacteria. This is allowed on orders of quality. Price, not prepaid: Peck $2.45, ½ bu. $4.60, bu. $9.00, 100 lbs. $15.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

48. TURKESTAN ALFALFA.

This was introduced by our Agricultural Department. It was grown on the high table lands of Asia, and is especially adapted to the sudden changes of temperature there—intense heat at midday and very often frost at night, even in mid-summer. Its cultivation has been quite successful in the arid regions of the West.

PRICE OF TURKESTAN ALFALFA: Not prepaid, pound 30c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, round 30c, peck $4.00, bushel $14.75, 100 lbs. $24.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA—The Guaranteed Legume Inoculator.

INCREASES THE YIELD—ENRICHES THE SOIL. INOCULATION INSURES A PERFECT CATCH, A LARGER YIELD AND HIGHER FEEDING VALUE OF ALL LEGUMES. GROW CLOVER, ALFALFA, BEANS, PEAS, VETCH. INOCULATION INSURES SUCCESS.

INOCULATE ALFALFA. — No ordinary soil contains sufficient nitrogen to carry a field of Alfalfa year after year. Inoculated Alfalfa takes its nitrogen from the soil, whereas the inoculated one it often turns yellow and dies. Inoculation insures success.

INOCULATE SOY BEANS, PEAS, VETCH and increase the crop, adding to the soil, and the value of the product.

INOCULATE SWEET PEAS, GARREN PEAS, GARREN BEANS and secure larger vines, earlier maturity and longer bearing period.

PRICE OF STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA FOR ALFALFA AND ALL CLOVERS: For 15 lbs. seed, 1 acre size ... 50c.—For 30 lbs. seed, 2 acre size ... 95c.—For 60 lbs. seed, 4 acre size ... $1.40.—For 90 lbs. seed, 6 acre size ... $2.00.—For 120 lbs. seed, 8 acre size ... $2.40. 

EASY TO APPLY—NOTHING TO DO BUT TO MOISTEN THE SEED—CIRCULAR GIVING FULL DIRECTIONS FOR USING, AND DATE OF PREPARATION, ENCLOSED IN EVERY PACKAGE—BACTERIA SHOULD BE USED WITHIN SIX MONTHS FOR BEST RESULTS.
WHY OUR CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES ARE BEST ADAPTED FOR PERMANENT PASTURES AND MEADOWS AND HOW THESE CAN BE BEST OBTAINED.

It is a well established fact that a judiciously selected mixture of several varieties of Grass and Clover Seeds will produce a much larger yield—generally again as much—per acre than can be obtained with only one or two kinds sown alone. This has again been demonstrated in the past season, during severe droughts in many sections. In sowing a large variety you are not running the risk of not securing a stand at all, as you would by sowing only one or two kinds, for in a larger variety there must be at least several kinds of grasses adapted to your soil, while if you sow only one kind this may not be at all suitable and no results will be obtained. A pasture containing a variety of grasses and clover is again as productive and earlier than if but one kind of grass is used, and can also be pastured throughout the season, as most grasses used in our Clover-Grass Mixtures are deep rooted and extremely drought-resisting. Several varieties sown together for a meadow, or for hay, cover the ground very closely and a larger yield of hay of much better quality can always be obtained than by sowing only one or two kinds of grasses in said. We have failed above in regard to grasses being deep-rooted and drought-resisting, also applies to grasses we use in our special mixtures for permanent meadows. In a great many parts of the country only one or two kinds of grasses are known and mostly sown, and these are Timothy and Clover. While Timothy is a spinifex grass, and Clover the foundation of all successful farming, both are not permanent, and not well adapted for pasturing if sown alone, as they are easily affected by drought and frost, thereby making it necessary to sow every year or two, —a rather expensive method. In our carefully selected Clover-Grass Mixtures several varieties of natural grasses are sown together, and these will cover the ground very closely and make three spears of grass grow where formerly but one grew; besides, these Clover-Grass Mixtures will stand various climatic and soil conditions better, will last longer or be permanent, and will yield at least double the quantity of hay that is secured from ordinary fields sown to Timothy and Clover.

HOW TO SOW THE SEED.—For sowing our Clover-Grass Mixtures the ground should be well prepared, the same as for grain. Fall plowed land is always preferable, because this holds the moisture better than ground plowed in spring. After the ground has been well prepared the grass seeds are sown either by hand or with one of our little hand seeders. As grass seeds are very fine, it should not be covered too deep, one stroke with the harrow being sufficient to cover the seed. The ground should be firm enough by means of rolling or planking, to bring the seed in direct contact with the soil and to induce immediate sprouting. The surest and best way to obtain a stand is to sow the seed alone, but if preferred, grain can be used for nurse crop, which, however, should not be sown heavier than about one-half of the usual quantity per acre. If sown alone our Clover-Grass Mixtures produce a full crop of hay or a most luxuriant pasture the first year.

A.—CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT MEADOWS.

The question of what grasses to use in a meadow or hay mixture is, for all those who have had no experience with the different varieties of natural grasses, hard to answer. There are so many valuable grasses and so many different kinds of soil, that it is a difficult matter for a great many to make a proper selection for the purpose required.

For a meadow we combine those grasses and clovers which blossom and mature at about the same time. Grasses of a bunchy growing habit should be intermingled with those of a spreading nature, so as to fill the spaces and make a compact and even growth of herbage. We also use such kinds as will make a rapid growth after each cutting. As Clover sown together with Grass Seeds will increase not only the quantity but also the quality, of the hay, we have added Clover to all the Clover-Grass Mixtures intended for such soils that are adapted for growing Clover. All kinds of farm stock enjoy a varied ration, and the hay will be relished more and prove more nutritious and milk-producing when the meadow consists of several sorts instead of a single kind. All our grass mixtures are of the highest grade and quality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. No. 1.</th>
<th>For dry and high ground, light medium soils.</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red Fescue</td>
<td>25 lbs. $1.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created Dorgastil</td>
<td>50 lbs. $2.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard Fescue</td>
<td>100 lbs. $5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Fescue</td>
<td>20 lbs. $3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs. $7.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. No. 2.</th>
<th>For dry and high ground, heavy or strong soil.</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red Fescue</td>
<td>25 lbs. $1.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created Dorgastil</td>
<td>50 lbs. $2.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Fescue</td>
<td>100 lbs. $5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>20 lbs. $3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>50 lbs. $7.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. No. 3.</th>
<th>For moist ground and rich soils.</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fod Pea</td>
<td>20 lbs. $3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fod Pea</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. No. 5.</th>
<th>For top seeding on marshes and waterways occasionally overflowed. The following mixture is especially adapted:</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water Spear Grass</td>
<td>10 to 15 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>25 lbs. $5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>50 lbs. $10.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs. $20.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fod Pea</td>
<td>100 lbs. $20.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. No. 6.</th>
<th>For peaty and boggy swamps, which have small rule are so dry during the summer that no vegetation will grow in them.</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Soft Grass</td>
<td>20 lbs. $3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs. $8.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs. $15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Haying Scene on Farmer Seed & Nursery Company’s Farms.
B. — CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT PASTURES.

For a pasture mixture the chief requisite is that the grasses be early, medium and late, and do not mature all at the same time, so as to furnish continuous grazing throughout the entire season. Tufted grasses must be used only in small proportion for pastures and their places must be taken by the turf formers with their interlacing mats of underground runners.

H. No. 1.—For high and dry ground, light soils:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hard Fescue</td>
<td>25 lbs $4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Fescue</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Top Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromus Inermis</td>
<td>25 lbs $4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fescue</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crested Dogstail</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sow</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover, White Clover</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H. No. 2.—For high and dry ground, heavy or clay soils:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fescue</td>
<td>25 to 30 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchard Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italian Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Grass</td>
<td>25 lbs $4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Fescue</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ailsyke and Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $16.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H. No. 3.—For moist ground and rich soils:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Foxtail</td>
<td>25 lbs $4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powl Meadow</td>
<td>100 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fescue</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchard Grass</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English and Italian Rye Grass</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Top</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ailsyke and Red Clover</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover</td>
<td>150 lbs $25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H. No. 4.—Specially adapted for wood pastures; also adapted for orchards and shady places:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wood Meadow</td>
<td>15 lbs $2.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tall Meadow Oat</td>
<td>25 lbs $3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Foxtail</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White and Ailsyke Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H. No. 5.—For low bottom lands, sloughs or marshes; also for top-seeding to improve a pasture on low ground. During the summer and early in fall such ground is generally dry enough to allow working it with a team, when it should either be plowed or throry disked and then harrowed. After the grass mixture as described below is sown the ground should be harrowed again to cover the seed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Foxtail</td>
<td>15 to 20 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Spear Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floating Meadow</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Soft Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creeping Bent Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadew Fescue and Red Top</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ailsyke Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H. No. 6.—Specially selected for sheep pasture on light, sandy soils or dry uplands and hillsides:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sheep's Fescue</td>
<td>25 to 30 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crested Dogstail</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>50 lbs $9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. — CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSES.

C. No. 1.—We call this our Standard Clover-Grass Mixture. It can be sown anywhere on ground which will produce a crop of corn or small grain. It can be sown early and will produce a good, heavy crop of hay, and the quick and successive aftergrowth will furnish good pasture until late in the fall.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fescue</td>
<td>25 lbs $4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tall Meadow Oat</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creeping Bent</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Top and Blue Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ailsyke and Red Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. No. 2.—SPECIAL RENOVATING CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURE, or QUICK RETURN MIXTURE. We selected and made this up for rapid growth with a view to use for either alternate husbandry or as a catch crop. When sown in early spring, March or April, it will give a full crop of hay by July, and pasture for the rest of the year. If sown in spring on bare spots in fields where the clover or grass has been killed, or otherwise injured, it will be ready to cut with the other grass or clover, and a full crop from such fields can thereby be secured.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass</th>
<th>Sow per acre:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Orchard Grass</td>
<td>25 lbs $3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italian Rye Grass</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Rye Grass</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>50 lbs $8.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover</td>
<td>100 lbs $17.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. No. 3.—Special Alfalfa, or Lucerne Clover-Grass Mixture. Consists mainly of Alfalfa, Bromus Inermis, Orchard Grass, and such varieties of grasses that will not only stand drought, but will also flourish on poor soils and give large yields in the driest summers, after once being established. We sell large quantities of this special mixture to our customers in Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma where it has given the best of satisfaction. Sow 20 pounds per acre. 20 lbs $4.30, 50 lbs $8.75, 100 lbs $17.00.

SPECIAL CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR HOG PASTURES—SEE PAGE 18.
Special Clover-Grass Mixtures For Hog Pastures.

It is a well known fact that hogs can be raised more profitably on Grass and Clover than on corn only, because the former contains all the necessary bone-building elements in which corn is almost entirely lacking. Aside from this, corn alone is too condensed a feed for young pigs and generally interferes with their health. After hogs are well developed, they might be finished off on corn alone, but from a sanitary as well as from an economical standpoint this is not the best method. Any land which will grow a good crop of corn and small grain will naturally also produce a fine crop of Grass and Clover, and a good hog pasture can be provided with considerably less labor and expense than corn. If left to grow, however, the hogs will not only keep healthy and strong, but they will gain weight easily and quickly. Such a pasture will prove a profitable investment.

Being greatly interested in hog raising ourselves, we have always aimed to provide a good luxuriant as well as a durable pasture for them, so as to make this enterprise as profitable as possible. As we have all varieties of Grass and Clover Seeds at our disposal, we are enabled to establish Clover-Grass Mixtures that will not only provide abundant pasture for the hogs in about six weeks time from the date of sowing the seed, but will also produce permanent hog pastures, that will last for at least five or six years, if not closely cropped late in the fall.

Our Hog Pasture Mixtures are suited for all parts of the country.

We advise sowing our Hog Pasture Clover-Grass Mixtures, together with barley or rye, in the spring as soon as the ground is in good condition to be worked. Fall plowed land is always preferable, as this holds the moisture well and acts quickly. As soon as the barley is high enough, and the young Clover and Grasses have made well over the ground the hogs can be let into it. Barley is well liked by hogs and they will eat eagerly, thus giving the grasses a chance to develop. When the barley is pastured down there will be a good stand of grass and clover established, furnishing luxuriant pasture through the season.

ANNUAL HOG PASTURE MIXTURES.

Feeding hogs on corn and small grain only is rather expensive, and even at present high prices for pork, does not pay. The winter months are long enough for grain feeding, and the sooner a pasture is started, the more profitable for the farmer, and the better for the growth and health of the hogs. Most grasses and clovers start very slowly, and persist down to early spring, even the meanest of the pastures can mean much for the season.

We have always kept a large number of hogs, mostly registered Poland-Chinas, on our farms, and have the same food problems to contend with as other farmers. We have found the following the most satisfactory and profitable way to feed young pigs.

After weaning, the young pigs are usually fed on pig meal, in swill form, with middlings, to take the place of milk. As soon as possible, in the spring, they are turned on a green pasture, consisting of a mixture of quickly growing annuals in the right proportion, to furnish, as much as possible, a balanced rations of grain feed, which we call

OUR BALANCED RATION ANNUAL HOG PASTURE MIXTURE.

This consists of fast-growing annuals which throw out vigorous strong sprouts. Barley, Rye, Speltz, Vetches, Peas, Sugar Cane, Sudan Grass, Dwarf Essex Rape, Kafir Corn, and Crimson Clover. If the ground was plowed in fall, so much the better, for replowing in spring is unnecessary. After preparing the ground with a disc or cultivator, and harrowing it down, the seed is drilled in then to a depth of 1 1/2 inches. When this mixture is about 8 inches high, the hogs may be turned on it, and it is surprising to see them take hold. It contains the right elements to develop strong frames and healthy bodies, so they can be finished with very little corn or other grain. In this manner, the young hogs gain rapidly and will be at least a third heavier than purely corn fed hogs. The farmer's advantage lies in the saving in feed and labor, as the hogs take care of themselves most of the time.

In spite of the ravages of the hogs, the pasture continues to grow rapidly, but it is a good policy to divide the pasture in two parts by feeding, and change the hogs from one pasture to the other, every week or oftener. This gives the grass a chance to recuperate and grow more vigorously.

One acre of pasture is sufficient for 25 to 30 pigs, or for 15 to 20 older hogs. Sow at the rate of 50 to 75 pounds per acre. Prices of our Balanced Ration Annual Hog Pasture Mixtures: 100 lbs. $5.00, 200 lbs. $9.50, 300 lbs. $12.50. In less than 100 lbs., at $5.00 per lb.

REGISTERED POLAND CHINA SPRING PIGS.

We have always preferred the Poland-Chinas on our farms, because they have given us better results than other breeds. They are not only much harder against disease, but also quicker in developing and maturing. In six to seven months' time they can be brought up to a heavier weight at less expense than any other breed. Our Poland-Chinas are of the Big Type, Long Frame and Strong Bones, a body that will carry 600 to 1200 pounds of pork without getting weak-kneed or suffering. Our stocks are descendants of such famous Hard Horses as Black Big Born, Perfect Wonder, Miller's Chief Prize, Giant Leader, Wisconsin Giant, Monarch, etc.

We offer Spring Pigs of March and April farrowing when 8 to 10 weeks old. Can furnish both Sow and Boar Pigs from 3 or 4 distinct families not akin, and are therefore in a good position to furnish pairs, trios and larger bunches, with hogs not related. If interested, write us, and we shall send you printed circular, with list of litter, names of Sires and Dams, and prices.

Registered Poland-Chinas on one of our farms.
MILLET.

It estsown. This is one of the most important and most profitable variety of the Millet family. It always produces a good crop, even under adverse circumstances, as the past unfavorable season fully proved. Japanese Barnyard Millet produced a bumper crop everywhere, therefore the seed is more plentiful and lower in price than ever before, while the other varieties, Hungarian, German, and Siberian Millet were almost an entire crop failure. Japanese Barnyard Millet yields at least twice as much food and seed as the other kinds, and surpasses them all in feeding value. A good crop of hay and a crop of seed can be had at the same time, and the threshed hay or millet straw is greatly relished by all live stock. A stack of Japanese Millet straw to which the horses and cattle had access in one of our cattle yards, disappeared in less than three days, while oat straw, in the same yard, was not even touched. This Millet grows 4 to 6 feet high, according to the condition of the soil, and how thick it is sown. We sow Japanese Barnyard Millet at the rate of $5 to 20 pounds per acre for hay, while 20 pounds per acre is sufficient for producing seed. It produces a good crop of hay on the poorest kind of soil, and is wonderful for exterminating Quack Grass. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs. $1.35, 50 lbs. 2.50, 100 lbs. 4.50. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

GERMAN OR GOLDEN MILLET.

This is one of the best varieties for hay, because of its sweetness, palatability and milk producing qualities. It grows very rank and tall, and a fine crop of the most nourishing and milk producing hay. It is therefore the best catch crop, wherever other grain or corn, for any reason, fail to grow. In many localities, where early potatoes are grown for the market, Hungarian Millet is sown as soon as the potatoes are harvested; thus one piece of ground produces both a crop of potatoes and of hay the same year. It is a heavy fodder, altho it is not as coarse as most varieties of millet. For hay sow 3 pecks per acre. See Blue Figure Price List for our current prices.

COMMON MILLET.

No millet does better on dry and light soil than this; it grows 2 1/4 to 4 feet high, with a stalk of fine stalks and leaves, and is excellent for hay. Of this seed about 5 pecks should be sown per acre. See Blue Figure Price List.

HUNGARIAN MILLET.

In the Northwest, no millet is as well known nor as extensively grown as Hungarian Millet. It is of special value because it requires such a short season. It is a fine crop of the most nourishing and milk producing hay. For prices see Blue Figure Price List.

SIBERIAN MILLET.

An excellent variety, introduced from Russia, earlier than German and Hungarian Millet. It is extremely hardy and drought resisting, and yields remarkably well. The seed is of light orange color, and the seed heads are similar to those of German Millet. The plant stands heavily, 30 to 40 stalks growing from a seed, and the leaves are very tender, producing hay of very fine quality. It yields 50 to 70 bushels of seed per acre, and may be grown successfully where other varieties fail. For prices see Blue Figure Price List enclosed.

HOG MILLET.

Also known as Russian and Broom Corn Millet. The seed is of special value for feeding hogs, and is grown extensively in sections where corn cannot be raised. It also makes fine feed for poultry. Hog Millet makes fairly good hay, if cut very young. Sows readily, and is ready to harvest in 30 to 40 days from the time of sowing, ripening while the fodder is yet green. The seed heads are tall and branching, while the seed is glossy yellowish-white, and very large. For prices see Blue Figure Price List.

EARLY FORTUNE MILLET.

A new and remarkable variety, with many good points to recommend it. It is extremely early, forming seed heads in 35 to 40 days after sowing. The plant is not attacked by chinch bugs, and is claimed to be rust-proof. The seed is unusually handsome in appearance, two or three times the size of Hungarian Millet, and of beautiful mahogany red color. The seed heads are branching, and seed is smooth like Hog Millet. It yields heavily, both in seed and fodder. One advantage of Early Fortune Millet over other varieties is that the hay may be fed to horses and cattle without danger, even when cut after seed head have formed. For prices see Blue Figure Price List.

KURSK MILLET.

This, like so many of our hardiest and best varieties of grain, is an introduction from Russia. Extensive experiments conducted at the South Dakota Experiment Station have shown that it is of great value, especially for dry sections. It produces enormous crops of both hay and seed, and in dry seasons the quality is greatly superior to other varieties. While we advise planting Hungarian or German Millet on ordinary moist land, Kursk Millet should be planted in dry and arid sections, for it is always a sure cropper. For prices see Blue Figure Price List enclosed.

We offer all of the above varieties of Millet at 20 cents per pound, three pounds for 50 cents, prepaid by mail. For prices on larger quantities please see our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this catalog.
FORAGE AND FODDER PLANTS.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

This is, beyond all question, the most popular and profitable of all forage plants, giving satisfaction everywhere.

Dwarf Essex Rape can be grown to advantage on land which has already produced an early maturing crop, such as oats, rye, or winter wheat. Farmers in all sections of the country have learned the great value of rape as a pasture and fodder plant, especially in seasons of severe drought; and every one acquainted with its high forage value would not fail to recommend it another year.

Dwarf Essex Rape is a pasture plant for all kinds of live stock—sheep, cattle, and swine; and is most valuable for fattening sheep. To provide an early pasture for sheep and swine, it should be sown early in spring. As it grows very rapidly, the pasture will be ready in five weeks from the time of sowing. Unlike other forage plants, rape can be sown at any time during spring and summer, so a good pasture can be had whenever it is needed. Dwarf Essex Rape will prepare sheep and hogs for market better and in less time than any other forage plant. Spring plows can easily be brought up to 200 lbs. in weight when sixty days old, if fed on rape.

Late in fall, when most pastures are barren, Dwarf Essex Rape yields splendid feed, as it is not injured by frost at all; and is relished so much by all stock that as long as any is left of the plants, stock may be pastured on it. Rape can be sown with grain, using 3 pounds per acre, to provide pasture for sheep after harvest. It may also be sown in corn when this is the cultivated the last time. Good results are generally obtained for late fall pasture when Dwarf Essex Rape is sown after the spring grain has been harvested. When sown broadcast, 8 to 10 pounds of equalized fodder is worth 50 to 75c.; 25c. 3 lbs. 65c.; postpaid.—Not prepaid, 10 lbs. $1.25; 25 lbs. $2.25; 50 lbs. $4.00; 100 lbs. $7.75.

KENNEY’S EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE.

This is the only Sorghum or Sugar Cane for the Northwest, for producing rich delicious syrup, clear as crystal, and of the finest honey-like flavor. It is so rich, and so mellow, that it is preferred by all who have used it, to New Orleans molasses. Faribault, as well as Rice County, have gained considerable fame thru Kenney’s Sorghum Syrup, for it has produced the first premiums at various state fairs. There is nothing like a home product for your table, for you know that it is pure; besides, it cost you next to nothing, compared with the prices of syrups of doubtful quality put on the market.

Kenney’s Early Amber Cane is a strictly Minnesota product, thoroughly acclimated for our cold northwestern climate. The seed cannot be replaced with Kansas and Nebraska grown cane which seldom matures in our climate, and which would be a failure for producing syrup. Southern grown cane is valuable for feeding purposes, but not to the same extent as the early maturing Kenney’s Early Amber Cane.

CULTURE: Sow in rows or drills, 3 to 3 1/4 feet apart, using about 10 to 12 pounds of seed per acre, and three rows or drills, to a foot; this brings the largest returns on rich, well manured soil, 15 to 20 tons of green forage, or 150 to 300 gallons of the finest quality syrup have been produced from an acre. When the seed heads, which are rather dark in color, are nearly matured, the cane is ready for the syrup factory. The seeds are then picked from the cane, cooked in water with a little lime, are then squeezed, and the syrup made.

SUGAR CANE OR SORGHUM FOR FODDER.

Notwithstanding its great adaptability as feed for live stock, the real value of sorghum or sugar cane is only beginning to be appreciated, and the demand is increasing ten-fold each year. It is profitably grown everywhere from Manitoba to Mexico, on any good corn ground, and does not seem to suffer at all from drought. It does well on clay, loam, and sandy, light soils, and has the advantage of being an excellent forage plant, and of being, besides, a first class, nutritious, and of highest feeding value. It is greedily eaten by horses, cattle and hogs. Dairymen find that their cows give more and richer milk when fed on sugar cane, than on any other feed. Sugar cane can be sown in the same field more than once a season, if not allowed to grow too high, and makes good hay.

Dwarf Essex Rape is not advisable to sow the seed broadcast, as it cannot be cultivated. It should be sown in drills or rows. The rows drill may be used, instead of drills, so the rows come 24 to 25 inches apart, just far enough to run a one-horse cultivator between them. When 5 to 10 acres, or more are planted, it pays to procure a four-row Sugar Beet-Cultivator, as it will pay to cultivate if it is properly done. The cane may be cut with a cane harvester, and should be cut the same as other cane. Cane does not keep well stacked, unless it is thoroly dry, and may as well be fed right from the field as needed.

Sugar cane is valuable also for ensilage, and for this purpose may be drilled in together with ensilage corn. It will add greatly to the milk producing qualities of the silage. 25 lbs. $1.50; 50 lbs. $2.50; 100 lbs. $4.25, not prepaid.

KAFFIR CORN.

This new grain and fodder plant belongs to the class of non-starchine Sorghums and is similar to Kaffir Corn. It has the advantage over Kaffir Corn and all other plants of that class in its extreme carliness and great drought resisting qualities. Feterita is from to 30 days earlier than Kaffir Corn, makes excellent fodder and produces a large crop; in some instances it made an abundant yield of grain in irrigated regions without having received any rain from the time it was planted until it was harvested. Plant in rows, like Kaffir Corn, using 6 to 10 lbs. of seed per acre. 3 lbs. 60c., postpaid.—10 lbs. 85c., 25 lbs. $1.85, 50 lbs. $3.40, 100 lbs. $6.80, not prepaid.

YELLOW LUPINS.

Best Fodder Plant for poor soils. One of the best plants known for reclaiming poor soil, particularly sandy and old, worn-out land, by growing under a crop of Lupins such land can be made very valuable. It is so highly valued in Germany that it is called the "Gold of the Desert," or "Desert Reclaimer." When dried for fodder it is very good for sheep. Sow in spring. 75 lbs. per acre. 3 lbs. 65c., postpaid.—Not prepaid, 10 lbs. $1.25, 100 lbs. $16.00.
CANADA FIELD PEAS, Yellow.

These are very valuable for fattening stock, but they are of the greatest value for fodder, either when the matured peas are fed as ground feed or when the vines are cored for hay. Fed in either way they are of the greatest nutritional value, and no stock or dairy farmer should be without them. They can be sown alone or with oats; if sown alone it takes about 2 bushels per acre, and if sown with oats 1 bushel of peas and ½ bushels of oats are required. This latter method is the most profitable, as a double crop can be secured at the same time. Threshed together they can be easily separated, but make the best and most nutritious food if ground together for fattening stock. Price: Quart $0.85, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck $1.20. See Blue Figure Price List For Larger Quantities.

COW PEAS, Michigan Favorite.

The earliest of the Cow Peas, and therefore the best for the northern states. Cow Peas are considered one of the most profitable crops, as they yield immensely and are largely used as green summer fodder, and also for planting in corn to be plowed under as a fertilizer. Particularly recommended for planting after grain harvest for plowing under in fall, to get it in finest shape for the next crop. Some sow in orchards and either use for feed or soilings. Every farmer can use them profitably as the "Favorite" mature in 60 days and have done well as far north as Minnesota. Sow broadcast, or in drills 5 to 10 inches apart using 60 to 90 pounds to the acre. Quart $0.85, postpaid. —Not prepaid, peck $1.20. See Blue Figure Price List For Larger Quantities.

WHIP-POOR-WILL COW PEA—Matures 10 to 14 days later than the above and is used for the same purpose. Quart $.85, postpaid. —Not prepaid, peck $1.15. bushel $4.00.

FIELD BEANS.

IMPROVED NAVY or BOSTON PEA BEAN—This is the small white bean that is so extensively grown in the northwest. We offer strictly first-class, hand-picked seed. Qt. $0.85, postpaid. —Quart $.85., ½ pk. $1.20, peck $2.25, not prepaid. See Blue Figure Price List.

SNOWFLAKE BEAN—Similar in size to above variety. It is claimed this is the finest bean for baking. Quart $.85, postpaid. —Qt. $.85, ½ pk. $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid. See our Blue Figure Price List for larger quantities.

CALIFORNIA TREE BEAN—This is the heaviest-yielding Bean known and accounts for the great demand for this bean. It commands the highest price of all the Markets. Quart $.85, postpaid. —Quart $.85, ½ pk. $1.20, peck $2.25, not prepaid. See Blue Figure Price List.

JERUSALEM CORN.

Claimed by many to be better than Kaffir Corn, as it is a better crop in unfavorable seasons. It produces a large corn crop very evenly; the vines are robust; and a good grain corn at the same time; seed white and nearly flat. Five to six pounds will plant an acre in drills, 40 to 50 lbs. broadcast. 3 lbs. 60c. postpaid. —Not prepaid: 10 lbs. 90c, bushel (50 lbs.) $3.75, 100 lbs. $7.00.

TEOSINTE.

A forage plant that originated in Egypt, and which for a number of years already has been grown successfully in the Southern States. Reminisces corn somewhat in appearance, but the leaves are longer and broader and corn is produced. The yield is so abundant that one plant is considered sufficient to feed a pair of cattle for 21 hours. It is extremely hardy, and can be cut when 2 to 3 feet high and used for fodder, after which it will rapidly grow up and be cut 2 to 5 times in one season. The amount of forage to be had in this way is immense; some estimate it at 300 tons per acre. It can be cut with a reaper and fed in the green state, or it can be dried and makes a magnificent fodder for cattle during the winter months. Excellent hay seed may be obtained. It has been reported as far south as Iowa and northern Minnesota. Some very heavy crops have been made in the United States. It is very drought-resistant and can be used as a good stock for hay, which has a fine feed for cattle and horses; they like it better than clover hay. Teosinte will out-yield feed corn anywhere on the farm. Every farmer should plant Teosinte.

Edward C. Rucks, South Haven, Minn.

SAND VETCH.

WINTER VETCH or HAIRY VETCH.

Among the various leguminous plants introduced during recent years with such manifest advantage to farmers there is not one of greater value than the Hairy Vetch. As a soil reclaimer and forage crop it has no equal, and it is only to be regretted that this Vetch is not more universally sown. It is an annual plant, similar in growth to the very slender and struggling pea vines, the vines often reaching 10 to 12 feet in length, and covering the ground with a dense mat of forage 2 feet in depth. Stock of all kinds eat it greedily, both in pasture and when cut for hay. When once this growth starts, it continues through wet and drought, and the quantity of forage made is wonderful. It has much more than 45,000 pounds of green feed to the acre, and this feed is of the most nutritious character. It is much richer in protein (the nutrient and vitamin-producing element) than Red Clover, or any Cow Pea, with a low producing nature it is nearly the equal of those plants. As a soil improver it is richer in nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash than any of the Clovers or the Cow Pea. If intended for forage or hay, it should be sown at the rate of 40 pounds to the acre, with a light seeding of winter oats, wheat or rye. This will hold up the vines, and make it easier to cut and harvest the crop. If intended for pastures or a soil improver, sow alone at the rate of 50 to 60 pounds to the acre. Sow early in spring or in August or September, on well prepared land. Sand Vetch is very hardy. 3 lbs. 85c. postpaid.—Not prepaid, 25 lbs. $5.00, 100 lbs. $16.00.

SPRING VETCHES or TARES. (Vicia Sativa.)

A very productive and highly nutritious fodder plant; is grown very extensively in England, also in Canada. It is either cut green for soiling or made into hay; is well liked and greatly prized by all stock raisers, and is so broadcast in spring at the rate of one bushel per acre. Spring Vetches are generally known as the "May" Vetch, as it is sown broadcast in spring at the rate of one bushel per acre. They are now used for the same purpose as the Sand Vetch (same rate), and will not thrive on poor soil or withstand extremes of weather so successfully. Sow with oats, using a bushel of each per acre. Price: 3 lbs. 60c. postpaid. —Not prepaid, 25 lbs. $5.25; bu. (50 lbs.) $15.00.

SERADELLA or CULTIVATED BIRDSFOOT.

For light, poor or sandy soils Seradella is one of the best fodder plants. We know its great value and have urged our brother farmers for several years to give this valuable forage plant more attention. It is sown at the rate of 12 to 15 lbs. per acre, and can be sown either by itself, or in Winter Wheat or Rye in early spring, growing rapidly after the grains has been cut. It is very remarkable for its drought-resisting qualities and its close and thick growth, covering the ground completely and making a rich green mold. It is very valuable as a pasture crop. It is not a perennial, but can be cut twice and give good pasture in one year. 3 lbs. 75c. postpaid. —Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (for one acre), $2.25, 50 lbs. $1.00, 100 lbs. $13.50.
**PUMPKINS.**

We list these among our field seeds as they are excellent for feeding stock, and should be grown in every corn field. Hundreds of loads of pumpkins can be grown without extra expense or care, as they need no more attention than is required for the corn.

**CONNECTICUT FIELD** — This is widely known as the Yankee Cow Pumpkin, and there is no variety that will do as well among the corn. Plant them on your richest land, you will be amply repaid. Lb. 40c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. $1.15, 10 lbs. $2.00.

**KENTUCKY FIELD** or Sweet Pumpkins — This is the thick meatied sweet kind that is used for pies. They are extra good for stock also. A patch of them should be planted by themselves, and they will prove the most profitable crop. Lb. 40c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. $1.15, 10 lbs. $2.00.

**MIXED PUMPKIN SEED** — We offer a mixture of pumpkin seed, consisting of a great many varieties — large mammoth pumpkins, the various field sorts, also the choicest pie pumpkins. Lb. 40c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. $1.15, 10 lbs. $2.00.

**BROOM CORN.**

Broom Corn is one of the best paking crops and is adapted to any soil that will grow corn. It will make a crop with very little rain. One acre will yield 1 to 1/2 tons of cured brush and up to 40 bushels of seed, which is nearly equal to oats in feeding value. Plant in drills 36 inches apart, and in rows about 3 inches apart, and cultivate the same as corn. About 5 to 8 pounds of seed will sow an acre. If planted the first of June, the crop will be ready to cut September 15th.

**STANDARD EVERGREEN** — The best variety for general cultivation on account of color and quality of brush, which is of good length and always grean when ripe, never getting red, and has no center stalk. It is valuable to broom corn raisers and manufacturers. 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, 25 lbs. $2.00, 50 lbs. $3.50, not prepaid.

**NEW JAPANESE BROOM CORN** — maturing in about 75 days, and can therefore

**Mammoth Russian SUNFLOWER.**

A more profitable and important crop can hardly be raised, especially by horticultural farmers, and valued by farmers and poultry breeders, who have tried it. The hens will fatten on it and lay more eggs than on any other food. Single head size measures from 12 to 22 inches in diameter and contain a lot of seed, which can be raised much cheaper than corn. The stalks make good firewood. Four pounds will plant one acre. Lb. 25c, 3 lbs. 65c. postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 15c, 10 lbs. $1.00, 25 lbs. $2.25.

Have had the best of success with seeds I received from you last year, they arrived in good condition and yielded abundantly. MRS. DORA ADAMS, Cecilia, Md.

**BUCKWHEAT.**

**NEW SILVER HULL BUCKWHEAT** — This is a very thin-shelled buckwheat of silvery gray color; the kernels are of medium size and very sound. It is a prolific grower and the heaviest yielder yet introduced, and will make first-class buckwheat flour. As it remains in bloom longer than common buckwheat, this variety is most excellent for bees. 3 lbs. 50c. prepaid. — Not prepaid, peck 60c, bushel $2.10, 2 bushels or more at $2.00 per bushel, sacks included.

**JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT** — A brown or dark variety, which is about a week earlier than the Silver Hull, and yields quite heavily. Peck 60c, bu. $2.10, 2 bus. or more at $2.00 per bu., not prepaid. Sacks included.

**FLAX.**

Prices of Flax Seed subject to the market. Write us for definite prices on larger quantities.

**PRIMOST OR MINNESOTA NO. 25 FLAX** — Our Minnesota Experiment Station deserves credit for producing this healthy and vigorous growing strain which yields at least one-third more per acre than common flax. Many of our patrons write us that the "Primost" produced 22 to 25 lbs. per acre, while common flax yielded only 14 to 16 lbs. —1 along side the same field. Write for prices.

**RUSSIAN FLAX** — In the long growth of flax seed only healthy and perfectly clean seed should be bought, as this is such an important item. Our seed is of first class quality, clean, healthy and of high vitality. Write for prices.

**WILT-RESISTANT FLAX** — A new variety recently developed at the North Dakota Experiment Station. It is wilt and rust-resistant. It has successfully escaped most unfavorable seasons in North Dakota. It is a very fine producer. This wilt-resistant flax is capable of growing a normal crop of flax on old wilt-sick land. They will remain long cropped to flax. Such seed will keep this resistance signat well just as long as the seed is properly handled. Write for prices.

**THOUSAND HEADED KALE.**

This will yield a much heavier crop than Dwarf Essex Rape and is now considered superior to Rape in some respects. It grows to a height of 3 to 4 feet, and is so covered with small whitish leaves that the name of Thousand Headed Kale was given to it. Hogs and sheep eat it greedily. It grows well and produces heavily on most any land and the plant is quite hardy. The seed can be sown early in April or any time during April until midsummer. Saw广播 3 to 6 pounds per acre, or drills, using one pound per acre. Drilling is preferable for, if drilled in rows 30 to 40 inches apart, the Kale can be cultivated, thus producing a much quicker growth. Lb. 60c, postpaid. — Not prepaid, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. $1.75, 10 lbs. $3.25.
A Field of Marquis Wheat.

People nowadays look at farming more from a business standpoint than in former years, when most everything was done in a haphazard manner. Care and good judgment are now exercised, not only in the selection of live stock for breeding purposes, but also in procuring the proper kinds of seed grain. We'll breed and hardy seed grain that can be depended upon, is certainly of the greatest importance to every farmer, for "as ye sow, so shall ye also reap." If, on the other hand, common mixed and run out seed grain is used continuously, the result will be a constant decrease both in quantity and quality. This is natural, for grain that is weak and run out in quality has no resistance against rust, blight, smut, and other unfavorable conditions and circumstances.

Some agriculturists are under the impression that only one strictly hardy variety of spring wheat should be sown in the Northwest. This opinion is based on the experience of farmers in the winter wheat growing sections of Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and the main wheat sections of the Northwest, where Turkish Red Winter Wheat was introduced with greatest success, so it is now the standard winter wheat for that particular section. However, the climatic and soil conditions of the spring wheat growing sections are so varied that it is impossible to confine ourselves to any one particular variety. Farmers often find it profitable to sow two kinds of wheat or oats on the same farm, on account of the difference in soil, location, or purpose. For instance: Fife Spring Wheat and the earlier maturing oats do considerably better on ground that is naturally warm and quick acting, than Blue Stem Wheat and late maturing oats. The latter thrive best on black rich muck land containing considerable acid. Many farmers know from experience that certain kinds of grain do much better on corn land, and on rich, well-manured soil, than other sorts, and arrange their crops accordingly. Some grains have a tendency to produce a big crop of straw, on rich soil, invariably lodging and producing only a small grain crop. On the other hand, some varieties bring the largest returns in grain under the same conditions.

Having had 27 years of actual farming ourselves, in connection with our extensive seed business, and having experimented with all the new varieties and latest introductions from seed breeders and Experiment Stations, we in order and offer only such kinds as have actually proved their merits under various conditions of soil and climate. Of the numerous varieties of seed grain known and grown in various sections of the Northwest, there are very few that have actually made good, as will be noticed in the following pages. We are listing the best of all these, and it should be an easy matter for our patrons to make the proper selection of the particular varieties they need from this catalog.

**PRICES:** Although prices are quoted on all Seed Grains, kindly refer to our Blue Figure Price List, for current prices. On account of unfavorable circumstances and conditions, prices on all Seed Grains are subject to change without notice.

**MARQUIS WHEAT.**

The New, Hardy Canadian Wheat of Wonderful Productiveness.

The Marquis Wheat is the best variety of hard Spring Wheat ever introduced. It was originated by the late Dr. Saunders, at the Dominion Experimental Farms, Ottawa, Ontario, by breeding together Red Fife and a very early Indian Wheat, the Red Calcutta; after very careful selection for a number of years to fix the type. It was sent to the various Canadian Experimental Farms, where its reputation was quickly established because of its extreme earliness and its enormous yields. It is about ten days earlier than our Fife varieties, and produces from ten to fifteen bushels more per acre than Red Fife. Both Red Fife and Marquis Wheat are hard, except for a few short awns at the top of the head. Marquis Wheat does not grow quite as tall, a great advantage if the wheat is sown on rich ground where most wheat is inclined to grow too tall, and lodge. In the threshed wheat, there is considerable difference, Marquis being larger, shorter and bunter, wider and deeper in crease, and of a deeper amber color.

Marquis Wheat gained fame last season, when it was the only wheat, of all the various Fife and Blue Stem varieties, to produce a good crop grading No. 1 and No. 2. Most other varieties did not grade even No. 3. Its great advantage of maturing so extremely early, before blight, heat, and rust have much effect on it, is now fully recognized. We do not hesitate to recommend Marquis Wheat above all other varieties, for general planting, for it can certainly be relied upon as a good yielder, or even under the most adverse and unfavorable conditions.

Marquis Wheat won the $100,000 prize at the Land Show two years ago, against the whole world, and last fall again was awarded the world's championship at the Dry Farming Congress held at Lethville.

We urge ordering early, as our stock of true seed of this famous wheat is limited.

**PRICE:** 3 lbs. 90c. postpaid. — Not prepaid, peck 90c. bushel $2.90, 2½ bushels $7.00, 5 bushels and more, $2.65 per bu., sacks included.

The Marquis Wheat did very fine which we received from you last spring. Your garden seeds can not be beat. They germinate so strong. Enclosed my order for 1916.

E. C. EVANS, Oronoko, Mont.

**MINNESOTA 169 BLUE STEM WHEAT.**

This wheat was originated by Prof. Hays, of the Minnesota Experiment Station, and like the Minnesota 161 Fife Wheat, it has been a great credit to him. This wheat is not only a pure and true Blue Stem variety, but also one of the heaviest yielding ever offered. Because it develops such strong, vigorous growing plants, the chaff enclosing the grain is much thicker and firmer than on most other wheat, and it is therefore less easily affected by rust and blight than common kinds. Minnesota 169 Blue Stem Wheat stands at the head of all Blue Stem varieties, not only in yield, but also in quality. The grain is always nice and plump, flinty, and almost transparent. Unlike the common varieties, it is generally free from smut.

**PRICE:** Peck 85c, bushel $2.75, 5 bushels and more, at $2.60 per bushel, sacks included.

**VELVET CHAFF SPRING WHEAT.**

This is an extremely hardy, bearded variety of wonderful productiveness, generally yielding at least 10 bu. more per acre than other kinds of Spring Wheat, with the exception of the Minnesota Wheat. Its long beards or spikelets as well as its heavy chaff protect it from fungus diseases, such as blight, rust, and smut. It is as hard and flinty as the best Fife Wheat, and no matter how unfavorable circumstances are, the Velvet Chaff always produces a good yield. On account of its great hardiness and productiveness no grain farmer should fail to sow at least a third or half of his area intended for Wheat to the Velvet Chaff. 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. — Not prepaid, peck 90c. bushel $2.90, 2½ bushels $7.00, 5 bus. and more, at $2.65 per bu. sacks included.

Your seeds have given excellent satisfaction. Your Marquis Wheat yielded 32 bushels per acre this year, best yield in this part of the state. As common wheat yielded from 10 to 20 bu. per acre this year. Your Great White Danish Oats yielded at 75 bushels per acre—20 to 30 bushels more than common oats.

LEO, F. GLATZEL, Carev County, Minn.
MINNESOTA No. 163 Fife Spring Wheat.

A variety of hard Fife Wheat originated by our Minnesota Experiment Station. Careful selection, crossing, and thorough preparation of the seed bed have been the main factors in its improvement. In comparison with old standard varieties of wheat the Minn. No. 163 Fife is far superior in every respect. In yield as well as in quality, the berry being larger and containing a much higher percentage of gluten. It is a wheat with greater vigor and vitality than the older sorts, and therefore has more resistance against rust, smut and blight. It grows a stiffer straw and stands up well, and no end of diseases. Thus careful growing and proper selection of our seed stock, we have kept up the Minn. No. 163 Fife in its original purity vigor and productiveness. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

MACARONI WHEAT, Aronauta.

On account of its extreme hardiness and great productiveness this variety should be sown more extensively in every section of the Northwest. Since it always yields more per acre than any other spring wheat, we advise every farmer to sow of it each year, for most old varieties are more or less subject to rust, blight and smut, by which Macaroni Wheat is not affected at all. The grains are rather large, very hard and glossy, often transverse, yellowish-white, occasionally inclining to a reddish color. It grows rather tall, with broad, smooth leaves of a peculiar whitish color. The heads are compact and are bearded. In our northern and northwestern states Macaroni Wheat should be sown in the spring. The grain being very large and not stinging very heavily, 1½ to 2 bushels of seed are re-quired per acre. We offer the best strain, "Aronauta" which possesses not only the best milling quality, but is also the heaviest yielder. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

SPELTZ OR EMMER.

A valuable grain, closely related to wheat; the kernels, however, are tightly enclosed in the hulks or husk, and these adhere to the grain when it is threshed. Speltz is believed to have been cultivated every year, as it produces good crops even under adverse circumstances where other grain fails. It withstands more dry weather than any other grain, with the exception of Macaroni Wheat, and produces more food value per acre than any other cereal, while it is also valuable as feed for all kinds of stock. It can be grown in the same as oats, with the hulks on. Speltz can be grown on most any kind of soil, rich or poor, wet or dry, as it will not lodged like other grain, but because of the stiff and strong straw, and its habit of bringing the best return. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. For prices see our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

SPRING RYE.

This is a splendid spring grain and should be more generally sown. Spring Rye can be successfully grown on land too poor for wheat, and does equally well on soils. It may be sown on sandy and light soils where other grains do not succeed. Spring Rye does not remove as much plant food from the soil as small grain, and may therefore be grown on the same ground as small grain, and may therefore be grown on the same ground as wheat and other crops. It is well adapted to the grazing of hogs. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

WINTER GRAIN.

It may seem out of season to mention Winter Wheat and Winter Rye at this time, but plans for fall sowing and planting should be made early. Winter Wheat and Winter Rye are always most profitable. Last season, this was more noticeable than ever, for they escaped the unfavorable weather which ruined Spring Wheat. Blight and rust reduced most Spring Wheat to seedings. From our years of farming experience, we know that Winter Wheat is more reliable, even in Minnesota, than spring grain. Winter Wheat should be sown reasonably early,—from August 30th to September 30th on soil with free surface drainage, to avoid danger of winter-killing. Winter Rye may be sown several weeks later, when it is considerably harder than Winter Wheat.

BEARDED FIFE WINTER WHEAT.

This variety of Winter Wheat, like many of our hardest small grains, was originated in Russia. About 30 years ago, we introduced it as Reliable Minnesota Winter Wheat, and later changed the name to Bearded Fife Winter Wheat. According to our own tests, and those from various experiment stations in the Northwest, made under all conditions imaginable, this is the hardest most productive Winter Wheat ever grown in the Northwest. In Indiana, Bearded Fife has yielded as high as 63 bushels per acre. Here in Minnesota, the crops average from 35 to 45 bushels per acre. Many kinds of Winter Wheat freeze out and winter kill, but Bearded Fife always comes thru the winter without injury, producing wonderful crops year after year, and this in spite of our extremely severe winters, with the thermometer at 40 to 50 degrees below zero, and often very little snow.

In quality of grain, Bearded Fife Winter Wheat equals or surpasses Hard Winter Red Spring Wheat. The kernels are red, covered with a very thin husk, and are hard and firm. It is still strawed and matures early. It always commands several cents per bushel above the market price of common soft wheat. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

MINNESOTA TURKISH RED WINTER WHEATS.

Also known in Iowa as Defiance Turkish Red Winter Wheat. To a great many this is a well known variety, and in hardiness, as well as in productiveness, it is second only to our Bearded Fife Winter Wheat. Like this it is also a bearded variety. It is extremely hardy, strong and vigorous, and produces good crops year after year, with a record of over 50 bushels per acre in Iowa. Farmers should take care that the seed they plant is Minnesota grown, because if the seed is procured from a milder climate than Minnesota, it is very apt to winter-kill in the Northwest, but our Minnesota grown seed will do well in almost any state in the Union, and yield bigger crops than can be raised from home grown stock. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

MINNESOTA No. 2 WINTER RYE.

For most sections, Winter Rye is one of the most important crops. As it is never injured by the Russian Fly and because of its extreme hardiness, and freedom from blight and rust, good paying crops can always be depended upon. Rye can be grown on a greater variety of soils and in every part of the country, and is properly formed without manuring. For dairy farmers, Rye furnishes a splendid crop of green fodder early in spring, affording good pastures long before cows can be turned on grass or regular pasture, thus increasing the flow of milk and improving quality of milk and butter. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

NEW ROSEN WINTER RYE.

This rye was originated by the Michigan Experiment Station, and produces considerably larger grain than the other varieties. The kernels are very plump and heavy, bright yellowish blue in color. This variety is a heavy yielding, plump berried rye. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.
SEED OATS. Improved Heavy Yielding Varieties.

Prices—Alto we are quoting prices on the different varieties of Seed Oats described on this and the following pages, we refer to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed with this Catalog for definite prices. Customers not ordering immediately upon receipt of this catalog should write for our latest Blue Figure Price List, as prices may have changed.

F. S. & N. CO.'S, NEW ROOSEVELT OATS.

No other variety of Oats deserves more attention than the New Roosevelt Oats, introduced by us a number of years ago. Even plain one who has grown it more than pleased with it, for it has all the requirements of a good, hardy, dependable oat in the highest degree. Other so-called new kinds, introduced from year to year, come and go, but the New Roosevelt Oats keeps up its original vigor and productiveness. It holds the highest honors of the entire Oats family, having yielded 180 bus, and 27 pounds, from a single bushel of seed. Mr. John T. Wood, of Victor, Montana, won the first prize, of $200.00 on this yield, in Roosevelt Oats contest. Seven contestants, all winning prizes, reported an average yield of 79 bus, and 29 lbs. for each bushel of Roosevelt Oats sown.

The wonderful success achieved with our New Roosevelt Oats has opened the eyes of hundreds of our farmer friends, and the demand for this oats has doubled each season. There is no need of being satisfied with a scrawny, average crop. You are farming for profit, and ought to make your soil pay the best possible dividends. This can be accomplished only by sowing the best seed obtainable.

These are the points you must consider in our Roosevelt Oats, which outclasses any known Oats in hardiness, resistance, and general excellence. It has been carefully bred from one of the hardiest and most productive American grown oats, crossed with a foreign variety, and has, on account of its long straw and resistance against lodging. As a result of this combination, we have produced an oat of the most wonderful productiveness, with straw strong and stiff enough to hold up its heavy load of grain in spite of unfavorable circumstances. It has required years to bring this oat up to its present state of perfection. Because of its strong root development, it produces healthy, vigorous, and stiff strawed plants of medium height, with an abundance of broad leaves and large, well-branched heads. With its powerful root system, it is not partial to soil or climate, and develops the hardiest and most vigorous growth, so it withstands heat and drought, cold and wet, poor soil and neglected cultivation, better than any other variety of oats. The heavy berries are covered in tough, firm chaff, so that rust and blight, which so often play havoc with the oat crop, do not seem to affect it at all. The large, handsome, soft-hulled white grain is the heaviest and most tender ever produced by any oats, weighing from 42 to 50 pounds per measured bushel. Roosevelt Oats is famous for producing the largest yields of any oats in cultivation. Unlike most other, oats grown by us number of years ago, the Roosevelt Oats matures medium early.

We offer Roosevelt Oats at the following prices: 3 lbs. 60c., postpaid.—Not postpaid: Bu. $1.40; ½ bu. $3.25. 10 bu. and more, at $1.25 per bu., sacks included.

NEW WHITE DANISH OATS.

A splendid all-around variety, originated by the Danish government and recommended as one of the best and heaviest yielding oats. We imported our original seed stock direct from Denmark, six years ago, can safely say that, on an average, it will outyield any other variety, and stand up well and stand up well. On our seed farms, here at Faribault, White Danish Oats yielded an average crop of 75 bushels per acre, for six years in succession.

The grain is very large, pure white, and heavy. The straw is medium strong, stiff, and long, with a wide, broad-shouldered head. The stalk is medium strong, and well-branched. The seed is large, white, and heavy, loaded with large heavy kernels, which have a thin hull. The plant is of strong vigorous growth, with broad, extended root system, remarkable for its great stockling capacity.

Price: 3 lbs. 60c., prepaed.—Not prepaid: Peck 50c. Bu. $1.40; ½ bu. $3.25. 10 bu. and more, at $1.25 per bu., sacks included.

VICTORY OATS. (Segerhafre).

Ten years ago, we imported the original stock of these seeds oats directly from the Swedish Breeding Association of Svalof, Sweden who certainly deserve credit for originating so many excellent new varieties of grain, especially oats. We have neglected our stock of these four or five years ago, procuring a still better bred up strain than the original.

The Victory Oats is a cluster oats, with somewhat short but rather dense branching heads. The spikes are small and short, generally containing two kernels each. The stalks are short, thick and heavy with very few beards or awns. The grain is white, sometimes running to a slightly pinkish shade. It is a rather stiff strawed oats of medium height, maturing medium early with such varieties as Silver Mine and American Banner. The Victory or Seger Oats has always done extremely well and is classed with the best breeders.

Price: not prepaid.—Bushel $1.20, ½ bu. for $2.85.—10 bushels and more, at $1.00 per bu., sacks included.

SILVER MINE OATS.

This is a very hardy and prolific variety with long but stiff straw and grain of the clearest white color. It will grow and thrive under the most unfavorable conditions of soil and climate, and is always a sure cropper. The heads are very large and long, and are borne low down on the stalk, which prevents lodging. The grain is long, plump and heavy, and very meaty. Silver Mine Oats has always been one of our heaviest yielders, and is unusually exempt from diseases, such as rust and blight.

Price: 3 lbs. 50c., postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. $1.20, ½ bu. $2.85. 10 bu. and more at $1.00 per bushel, sacks included.
EARLY CHAMPION OATS.

Early Champion Oats produced the largest yield per acre in a test at the Iowa Agricultural College, and is highly recommended. It has comparatively short straw, matures a week to ten days earlier than other varieties, thus largely escaping the liability to rust. Its greatest value lies in its special adaptability as a nurse crop to sow with grass seed, as it does not stand as freely as some other sorts. With it will not hoar, even on the richest kind of land, but always stands up like a bush. Henry Wallace, of Wallace's Farm, says, "I would rather risk sowing grass seed with Early Champion Oats than with any other variety I know of'.

The grain is always nice and white, very thin hulled, seldom discoloring, while the berry is small but meaty, usually weighing 25 pounds per measured bushel. Even in those seasons when most oats is a crop failure, the Early Champion always holds its own, both in yield and in quality, very seldom producing less than 50 bushels per acre.

In normal seasons, its average yield is 80 to 90 bushels per acre. Early Champion Oats is offered by many dealers and seedsmen as White Kherson Oats. Prices: Not prepaid bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.85, 10 bus. and more at $1.00 per bu., sacks included.

EARLY KHERSON OR SIXTY DAY OATS.

One of the earliest oats in cultivation. It was introduced by the Experiment Station of Nebraska, and has proved a success in that state, being naturally adapted to sections that are subject to drought. It is a vigorous but short-stemmed, slender than other varieties, with branching heads and very broad leaves. The berries are light yellow in color, small, but numerous, and have a very thin hull. This oats usually weighs well per bushel, and in this respect, as well as in productiveness, it is one of the best of the early varieties. Peck 40c, bu. $1.25, 2½ bu. $2.85, 5 bu. and more at $1.00 per bu., sacks included.

IMPROVED AMERICAN BANNER OATS.

This favorite northern variety ripens early, maturing a week earlier than the Swedish Oats. The straw is stiff, of good length, and the grain white and large, with thin hulls. It stands perfectly, throwing up a large number of stems, and can therefore be sown thinner than other large kernelled oats. It is as nearly rust-proof as any oats can be. Everyone who raises oats should try this variety. American Banner Oats will yield 65 to 75 bushels of oats per acre. It is an excellent Russian Green Oat. Its yield is so extens-ively of general cultivation. Although it is an old standard variety, its yield of 105 bushels per acre, in 1898, proves that its old time energy and vigor has by no means weakened. Price: 3pts. No. 2, prepaid. Not prepaid bushel $1.00, 2½ bushels $3.00, 10 busheis and more, at $1.10 per bushel, sacks included.

IMPROVED WHITE RUSSIAN SIDE OATS.

This is an old standard variety, very much neglected or forgotten in many grain producing sections. As its name indicates, the grain grows in long before, instead of in round and branching heads, like all the varieties described in these pages. For this reason, the White Russian Oats is distinct from all other kinds. It produces long stiff straw and heavy grain. The kernels are unusually long and heavy, maturing at the same time as Blue Stem Wheat. It is sown extensively with this, for succotash. It matures a week later than Russian Green Oats. It has been proved that, during seasons of extreme heat and blight, such as we had in 1916, the wheat yield can be doubled, by sowing the proper kind of oats with it. White Russian Oats is always a very heavy yielder. Price: Bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.85, 10 bushels and more, at $1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

RUSSIAN GREEN OATS.

Although also also a Russian variety, it is of different character and type from the above. It is a branching, round-headed oats maturing very early, about the same time as Early Champion. The grain is small, bushels to the acre under average conditions. It is grown extensively in Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, and in this state. Farmers realize that it will not go to pieces, like the heavy and plump Swedish varieties, because of heat and blight. The straw is rather stiff and of medium height. The grain is white, usually tinted a greenish yellow, hence its name. It is always an advantage to sow at least one quarter to one third of the oats acreage to an early maturing oats, in order to extend the time of harvesting, also because of the uncertainty of late sorts, as these are the ones that usually get hit by blight and rust. Price: Bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.85, 10 bushels and more, at $1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

WHITE SHONEN OATS.

This is by far the handsomest White Oats introduced. The kernels are always pure white, somewhat long and still heavy. In the past few years this has come to the front as a big yielder. Prof. W. A. Henry, of the Wisconsin Experiment Station, says of it in Bulletin 18. For productiveness, stiffness of straw and thickness of hull, the White Shonen Oats is at the head of the list. We have raised this spiritie oats here in Minnesota for a great many years, and have never seen it yield less than at least 80 bushels per acre, although we have had more drought, so that other oats did not yield more than half a crop, but White Shonen never failed. It surely pays to discard old, run-out and mixed oats and get an oat with new Vigor and productiveness. We pay the greatest attention to our Seed Oats, and know what we offer is pure and genuine White Shonen. Peck 40c, bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.85, 10 busheis and more, at $1.00 per bushel. The season was not very good for oats, and the very best farmers in this secti-on did not average more than 50 bushels per acre. I had seeded 12 acres with very White Shonen Oats, which yielded 684 bushels, or an average of 73 1/4 bushels per acre. May you long sell your A No. 1 Seeds.

W. B. KLEIN, Saxenmetz, Pa.

The seed I bought from you last spring was first rate. The Clover and Timothy came up fine. From 4 bushels of the New Danish Oats 1 threshed 84 sacks of grain which weighed from 100 to 125 pounds to the sack.

JOHN STOGBAER, Brimson, Wis.
KIRSCHES ORIGINAL—THE GREAT GERMAN OATS.

The stiffest in straw, and the most productive of all American and European varieties.

We obtained the seed stock of this splendid new variety directly from the originator, Mr. A. Kirsche, the German Oats specialist, several years ago. We have harvested a number of excellent crops from it, and from our own experience with it, we find that it ranks with the very best, American and European varieties, and that it is one of the most profitable varieties in cultivation.

According to official statistics of the different grain breeders’ associations, Kirsche’s Original Oats ranks the highest of all the different varieties of German, Swedish, and English Oats tested, in every respect.

Its important features are:

1. Vigorous and quick growth during the first stages of development.—It is shorter in straw than most heavy yielding varieties. —Stiffness of straw and great resistance against lodging, on rich and well manured soil, and under unfavorable circumstances.—Strong and healthy development of straw and of its well branched heads.

2. The strong and vigorous root system enables it to withstand drought as well as extreme moisture without much suffering.—It can always be depended upon to produce the largest crops. The grain is plump and heavy, seldom weighing less than 40 pounds to the measured bushel.

In breeding this oats, it was the originator’s aim to produce a short and stout straw, variety yielding as much grain as possible. This has actually been accomplished, for Kirsche’s Original Oats is at least 4 to 6 inches shorter in straw than all other large berried, extremely heavy varieties, and it ripens from 3 to 5 days earlier than any of these.

In our experience, no sign of rust, smut, or blight were noticeable on the straw. The large plump grain is yellowish white in color, thin hulled, and very meaty.

PRICE: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Net prepaid: Peck 45c, bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.25, 10 bushels and more, $1.25 per bu.

The Italian Eye Grass I ordered last spring seems to do good out here. It comes out in the spring. Lots of farmers say they will sow some of it. The 1 bushel of Spelta yielded 52 bushels, and the Dansk White Oats, 1 peck yielded 17 bushels, and it weighs 42 pounds to the bushel.

CHARLIE A. NELSON. Rhome, N. Dak.

WISCONSIN NO. 4 OR SWEDISH SELECT OATS.

A splendid variety which was introduced into this country by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The Wisconsin Experiment Station secured these oats from Washington, together with several other varieties, for trial. They were grown on the university plots for years, and during all that time, they were carefully tested and compared. Prof. Moore said of Swedish Select Oats:

"We have found it the most satisfactory of all varieties tested. On the experimental plots, the oats yielded exceptionally well, having a stiff straw, light head, and weighing 30 to 40 pounds per measured bushel. This variety seems especially adapted to high, well-drained land, and the best results are secured from clay-loam soils. The great root development is one of the characteristics of the Swedish Oats, which enables the plant to resist drought better than any other sort tested.

We have grown Swedish Select Oats ever since it was originated and although we have had some very unfavorable years for the production of oats, we can say that this variety has always yielded from 16 to 20 bushels more than the older and more common sorts, such as Lincoln, Bonanza, Big Four, etc. Its heads are large and branching, and are loaded with handsome big plump, and thin hulled grain. Prices: 3 pounds 30c, postpaid.—Net prepaid, bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.25, 10 bushels and more, $1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

REGENERATED SWEDISH SELECT OATS.

This is a cross breed of the old type Swedish Select Oats, and was first exhibited at the Minnesota, Iowa, and Illinois State Fairs, and at the National Corn Show a few years ago. The introducers claim that it will yield 35% more than its parent, the Swedish Select or Wisconsin No. 4. It possesses all the good qualities of this variety in a still higher degree, standing heavier, growing more vigorously, and yielding one-fourth more. The grain is short and plump, and very heavy.

The Regenerated Swedish Select Oats which we offer was raised from seed stock procured of the originators. Our seed is very choice, bright, clean, healthy and heavy, weighing 40 to 45 pounds to the measured bushel; it yielded 80 bushels per acre.

Price: 3 lbs. 30c, postpaid.—Net prepaid, bushel $1.25, 2½ bushels $2.25, 10 bushels and more, $1.15 per bushel, sacks included.

PRICES: Alltho prices are quoted on all Seed Grains, kindly refer to the enclosed BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST for latest prices. On account of the unusual circumstances and conditions, prices on all Seed Grains and Seed Potatoes are subject to change without notice.
BARLEY.

Barley is a very profitable crop to grow in our northwestern states. Considering the high prices farmers received for the crop past few years, barley yields a bigger net profit to the grower than wheat or oats. Our Minnesota grown Seed Barley will give highly satisfactory results. We have a splendid stock to offer this year. Sow about 2 bushels per acre, using a grain drill. Barley makes an excellent crop to follow corn that has been grown on clover sod.

University No. 105.

For several years the Minnesota Experiment Station has been breeding and testing many varieties of barley with the object in view of producing an improved sort that would lead all other kinds in productivity. The new six-rowed variety offered under the name of University No. 105. In comparative tests, covering a period of several years and made side by side with the best known and most popular varieties, it has proven to be the best yielding, producing on the average 50 bushels per acre during the past three years. It supersedes the Mandscheuri Barley not only in productivity, but also in quality, retaining its nice bright color even better than the latter. This barley is easy, uniform in maturing and produces long ears, well filled with heavy, plump grain. As a malting barley it is simply unexcelled. Price: 3 lbs. 60c postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bushel $1.75, 2¹/₂ bu. $4.00, 10 bu. and more at $1.60 per bu., sacks included.

Oderbrucker or Wisconsin No. 55.

This great barley originated in Germany and was introduced by the Wisconsin Experiment Station, and in that state is considered the best and largest yielding variety. Oderbrucker is a six-rowed variety, maturing in 80 to 90 days from time of sowing, and is adapted to all kinds of soil and climate. It is very strawy-strawed, stout well, and bears large well-filled heads of plump grain, which possesses malting qualities of the highest order. Another important feature is its nice and bright color, which will not turn dull and yellow when exposed to rainy weather, as most of the other varieties do, and on this account it will always be in good demand. The undercrowing has been crowned with success in the new and improved variety. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. $1.75, 2¹/₂ bu. $4.00, 10 bu. and more at $1.60 per bu., sacks included.

Mandscheuri.

A well known variety, which is, beyond doubt, one of the most valuable barleys ever introduced into this country, greatly out-yielding the once justly renowned Munsley Barley. It is an early six-rowed variety, maturing in 80 to 90 days from time of sowing, and is adapted to all kinds of soil and climate. It is very strawy-strawed, stout and bears large well-filled heads of plump grain, which possesses malting qualities of the highest order. Another important feature is its nice and bright color, which will not turn dull and yellow when exposed to rainy weather, as most of the other varieties do, and on this account it will always be in good demand. The undercrowing has been crowned with success in the new and improved variety. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. $1.75, 2¹/₂ bu. $4.00, 10 bu. and more at $1.60 per bu., sacks included.

Success Beardless.

This is a new six-rowed barley, and as the name indicates, is almost entirely without beards, which is the most valuable improvement ever made on barley. It is a vigorous grower, producing strong, short straw and heavy, well-filled heads. Its earliness is one of its most important features, as it can be cut and put out of the way before the wheat and oat crop is harvested. On good land it has produced 50 to 60 bushels per acre in favorable seasons. In regard to soil, it is not particular, as a good crop of Beardless barley can be raised on land too poor to produce a crop of wheat or oats. It is a first-class malting barley and equally good for feeding stock, therefore always bringing the highest market price. Beardless barley should not be confused for the Holless barley, which is described below and which is grown for feeding purposes only. Ever since this great new barley was introduced, there has been such a demand for it that we have always short in supplying our trade, and we anticipate another great rush for it this year. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bu. $2.10, 2¹/₂ bu. $5.00, sacks included. Write for prices on larger quantities.

White Hulless.

Also known as "Idea" and "Giant White Hulless," it grows very large, has heavy, well filled heads without beards and in the field resembles the "Beardless Barley" described above. The kernels, however, shell out without the hull, like wheat, and are the prettiest, plump and oval-shaped white grains in cultivation. It is not a malting barley, but can be used for feeding only, having no equal as a fattening feed for hogs, and making better meat and nicer lard than corn. It is a vigorous grower, and can be sown after all other grain is sown, and will then mature before wheat or oats. It can also be grown for hay, and if sown early enough can be cut twice, making two good crops of hay in one year. Price: 3 lbs. 60c. postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bu. $2.00 Write for prices on larger quantities.

Black Hulless.

How to produce the largest amount of grain, best adapted for feeding milch cows and for fattening stock, is the most important question with every farmer and dairyman. The Black Hulless is best adapted for this purpose, for it is an extra heavy yielder, producing from 70 to 80 bushels to the acre, and is of the greatest feeding value at the same time. No other grain fed as ground feed is so nourishing, and the ground and milk-producing as Black Barley, and for fattening hogs it is also invaluable. It should be grown on ordinary ground, but will also make large crops on sandy and gravelly soils. Give the new grain fall entirely. It is not affected by prolonged droughts, and is therefore the kernel of choice for drought-susceptible sections. The grain is hulless, very plump and heavy. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bu. $2.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

THE FARMER'S READY REFERENCE BOOK.—FREE.

You cannot afford to be without the Farmer's Ready Reference Book. Contains 102 pages and every page of vital interest to the Farmer Gardener, Ranchman, Dairyman, etc. Chapters on all departments of farm life, and each chapter written by an expert in his particular line. Government and state experts wrote this book. This book is easily won to any one and it will save you many dollars in the course of a season.

Send us your order for $5.00 worth of Seeds and a copy of this book will be sent you free of charge. All other Premiums Excluded. The supply is limited. Only one to a customer. Order to-day.

Plant "Bumper Crop" Oats For Biggest Yield—See Page 2.
MINNESOTA GROWN SEED CORN.

In order to raise a profitable crop of Corn it is necessary to plant the proper kind of seed. We do not mean by this, however, that we recommend any particular kind or variety, but corn that has been carefully bred up to a fixed type and standard, so that it has character, and the power of reproducing itself, for it is the inherent quality, produced by years of scientific breeding, that places real value in Seed Corn. Up to date live stock breeders will fully realize this, for the principles of improving and breeding up are the same with live stock as with corn. It is easy select a few prize ear from most any field for the fairs and corn shows, but this does not indicate that such corn will reproduce itself or that it will produce ears of corn of the same type, for being cross-bred with all kinds of types in the same field, it will naturally produce the greatest conglomeration of types and forms—rough ears, of smooth and flinty type, with shallow kernels, twelve to twenty rows, red and white cobs, etc. Such corn will also have at least 5 to 10% of barren stalks that produce no ears, while barrenness is entirely eliminated from well bred up corn. There is certainly no object in procuring Seed Corn of such character, even if you can buy it at market price. In an off year, such as we had in 1915, there was an excuse for it as only a small amount of bred up corn was available. In justice to himself and figuring from a business standpoint, every farmer should plant well bred up Seed Corn only, for yields can be doubled by planting pedigreed Seed Corn which so many corn tests have fully proven.

Scientific breeding of seed corn requires years of the most exact and painstaking work to accomplish results, and on this point we have spared neither time nor money. We are the largest growers of Seed Corn in the Northwest; send your orders direct to us—to headquarters, and you can depend upon receiving strictly Northern Grown Corn of highest purity and germination. Our twenty-eight years' experience as corn growers and seedsmen enables us to know definitely what our farmers in the Northwest need and want in seed corn. We are in excellent position to supply strictly Minnesota grown seed corn, well selected and graded, and of good strong germination. We do not offer such seed corn in competition with corn cured simply for good vitality, for it requires more than high germination to make good seed corn.

For any changes in prices on all varieties of Dent, Flint, and Fodder Corn, we refer you to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this catalog.

Farmer Seed & Nursery Co's
Golden Jewel Corn.

(Reg. U. S. Patent Office)

GOLDEN JEWEL is our own origin, and has now had ten years of most careful breeding. It was produced by crossing Murdock Golden Dent with Early Mastodon, two varieties very similar in handsome form and type, the Mastodon being a deeper type, however, and later in maturing than Murdock. The combination of these two distinguished and similar types produced GOLDEN JEWEL, a handsome, compact, and well shelled corn, wall round, Number Thirteen and ripens with Wisconsin Number Seven. It is not a new and untried variety as it has now been successfully grown for ten years. During this time, it has carried off most of the prizes at the corn shows and fairs, including the Minnesota State Fair.

Selected Ear Corn in one bushel crates: bushel $5.75, 5 bushels and more at $5.50 per bushel. Sample Ears, each 30c, postpaid.

Price: Peck $1.25, bushel $4.50, 5 bushels and more at $4.25 per bushel. Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

AVERAGE YIELDS OF GOLDEN JEWEL CORN AS GIVEN UNDER OATH.

| W. F. WOOD, Grant County, Wis. | Average Per Acre 124 bu. | J. B. McCOYTH, Goodhue County, Minn. | Average Per Acre 93 bu. | J. SORGATZ, Le Sueur County, Minn. | Average Per Acre 90 bu. | J. B. WHITE, Chisholm County, la. | Average Per Acre 86 bu. | FRANK UHLMANN, McLeod County, Minn. | Average Per Acre 86 bu. | OTTO URBAN, Olmstead County, Minn. | Average Per Acre 84 bu. | D. O. THOMPSON, Carver County, Minn. | Average Per Acre 82 bu. | L. EBERLEIN, Brooks County, S.D. | Average Per Acre 80 bu. |

Farmer Seed & Nursery Co's
Silver Jewel Corn.

(Reg. U. S. Patent Office)

THE BEST WHITE DENT CORN FOR THE NORTHWEST.

Our Silver Jewel Corn is the largest eared, deep kernelled, early, pure white dent corn offered, maturing in 90 to 98 days. It might be called the white sister of our Golden Jewel, as it possesses the same perfection of type and the same characteristics as this one. One of the best qualities of this corn is its vigor and resistance against cold ground and moisture from the dew. It is planted until it has matured a good sound ear. For this reason it is well adapted for land that is naturally cold and not well suited for corn otherwise. The ears are large, of handsome, uniform shape, tapering to a point at once, and are closely filled with deep, white, well formed kernels, seldom leaving the tip exposed. The ears average about 10 inches in length and are 16 rowed, while the stalks are thick and short, growing about 7 to 8 feet in height. It is a very productive variety and the best white corn for the Northwest. It has to be grown to be appreciated. We furnish the very best type of high germinating seed corn of this splendid variety. Send your order direct to us, and you can rely upon receiving the genuine F. S. & N Co's Silver Jewel Corn; our registered trademark protects you.

Selected Ear Corn in one bushel crates: bushel $5.75, 5 bushels and more at $5.50 per bushel. Sample Ears, each 30c, postpaid.

Price: Peck $1.25, bushel $4.50, 5 bushels and more at $4.25 per bushel. Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.
MINNESOTA NUMBER THIRTEEN.

This is a good all-around variety of Yellow Dent corn, maturing in 85 to 86 days and is favorably known throughout our Northern states and provinces for its good field and silo qualities, and for its yielding and silo characteristics. It is therefore being grown in large quantities and is doing very well.

MINNESOTA IDEAL.

This is a variety having some very good features that many others do not possess, such as a strong and vigorous root system and stalks that grow thick and heavy close to the ground, so that it will stand up well in spite of wind and storms, which is of very great importance when it comes to corn handling and storage. It is also a very leafy, producing at least one-third more fodder than most other kinds. The smooth lips of the Minnesota No. 13, as presented by the Minnesota Agronomy Institute, and J. Hill, was of this variety and measured fourteen inches in length. It is very large in size, and it matures as early as the Minnesota No. 13 and on account of its vigorous growth and ability to produce a heavy stand of ears even under unfavorable conditions, it is a very good variety to be used for northern states. The ears are very hard to the touch and are of a very distinct and handsome type. The Minnesota No. 13 is excellent for silage and is recommended by many of the leading silo experts.

Price: SELECTED EAR CORN, bushel $4.75, 5 bu. and more at $4.60 per bu.

SHELLED and GRADED, peck $1.00, bushel $3.50, 5 bu. and more at $3.35 per bushel, not prepaid. Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.—Sample Ear, 30c. postpaid.

EARLY MURDOCK GOLDEN DENT.

Also called Golden Glow or Wisconsin No. 12.

The Murdock Golden Dent Corn has been awarded Sweepstakes prizes twice for the Northern area, comprising the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin, North and South Dakota, and Michigan, at the National Corn Expositions. It is a heavy yielding golden dent corn, out-yielding most other sorts, having produced over 100 bushels an acre. It is a tall variety, growing with a very good stand of ears, and is very hardy. It is a very good variety for general planting, yielding 70 to 80 bushels per acre. It produces good average crops even under unfavorable circumstances. The stalks grow 8 to 9 feet high, and are very leafy, producing great quantities of fodder. The ears are eight to ten inches long, which is longer than the Minnesota No. 13. It ripens in 90 to 95 days, and is one of the best all around kinds, always producing good results, a splendid corn for silo purposes.

Price: Peck $1.00, bushel $3.50, 5 bu. and more at $3.35 per bushel, not prepaid.

MINNESOTA YELLOW DENT.

While we do not claim a definite type for the Minnesota Yellow Dent Corn, it is a good yellow variety for general planting, yielding 65 to 75 bushels per acre. It produces good average crops even under unfavorable circumstances. The stalks grow 8 to 9 feet high, and are very leafy, producing great quantities of fodder. The ears are eight to ten inches long, which is longer than the Minnesota No. 13. It ripens in 90 to 95 days, and is one of the best all around kinds, always producing good results. A splendid corn for silo purposes. This corn has been grown for at least 10 to 12 years in the southern half of Minnesota.

Price: Peck $2.50, bushel $4.50, 5 bu. and more at $4.25 per bushel, not prepaid.

Showing Method of Drying Ear Corn in our Corn Drying Rooms.

Early Murdock Golden Dent.
SILVER KING OR WISCONSIN NO. 7.

One of the best varieties of white dent corn for the southern part of Minnesota, southern Wisconsin, Michigan and South Dakota, also for Iowa and Illinois. Prof. H. A. Moore, agriculturalist of the Wisconsin College of Agriculture, estimates that one-fifth of all the corn grown in Wisconsin last year was of the Silver King variety. This kind yielded on the Wisconsin Experiment Farm an average of 90 bushels per acre on a field of 22 acres. As its name indicates it is a pure white dent corn, producing large and solid cobs which are from 16 to 20 rows, well formed and completely filled out, clear to the tips, with kernels of good length. It is a strong grower and resists cold weather to a remarkable degree. Many stalks produce two good ears, which accounts for its large yield records. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck $1.00, bushel $3.75, 5 bushels and more at $3.60 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 80c.

SELECTED EAR CORN, bu. $4.75, 5 bus. and more at $4.60. Sample Ear, 30c, postpaid.

MINNESOTA WHITE DENT.

An extra early white dent corn, maturing with the Pride of the North, but yielding almost as much as this on the open prairie and on poor and thin soils. It produces very good sized ears, with fairly deep kernels growing very compactly around the cob. This is the best pure white dent corn adapted for a northern climate, like that of Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas. We have grown it here in Minnesota now for many years, and has always produced sure and good crops, yielding considerably more and being earlier than most so-called 90 day varieties. It is a vigorous grower, and the stalks average about 7 to 8 feet in height. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck 90c, bu. $1.35, 5 bus. or more at $3.00 per bu., not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 30c.

RUSTLER WHITE DENT.

This early white dent corn originated in Dakota and is well acclimated to the Northwest. For early ripening, great yield and compact growth, of ears it is one of the best; admirably adapted to a northern climate. Average height of stalk, 8 feet; average distance base of ears from ground, 4 feet 6 inches. The ears are large, closely filled with large, deep kernels. Those wishing a first-class white dent corn will find in the Rustler a corn that is hard to beat. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck $1.00, bushel $3.50, 5 bushels and more at $3.35 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 30c.

NORTHWESTERN DENT.

Northwestern Dent Corn is in a class by itself, both as to appearance, and earliness. It is a cross between a red flint corn and yellow dent corn, and has red kernels with yellowish and white essential color. To some, this red color is objectionable, but its extreme earliness and productivity more than offset this. In 1915, the most unfavorable corn growing year we have ever experienced, Northwestern Dent yielded almost a full crop. No other variety is as extensively grown in North Dakota, and in the northern sections of Minnesota and Wisconsin, as Northwestern Dent. It is the only variety which may be depended upon to ripen in Canada. Under ordinary conditions, Northwestern Dent will mature in 85 or 90 days, and under more favorable weather conditions, as in Minnesota, it may mature in 75 days. It yields from 60 to 80 bushels per acre. The ears are of good size, 7 to 10 inches long, bearing 10 to 14 rows of corn. The stalks average 7 to 8 feet in height, bearing the ears about 36 inches from the ground, admitting the use of a corn harvester. As a single corn this Northwestern Dent Corn is almost unsurpassed, for it is very leafy and produces the largest amount of good fodder. We filled 38 1/2 bushels with six acres of drill corn this fall. We strongly recommend Northwestern Dent Corn for early planting, and for late planting, where an extremely early, heavy yielding corn is desired. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck 90c, bushel $3.00, 5 bushels and more at $2.85 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 80c.

WISCONSIN NO. 8 YELLO W DENT.

This is an improved strain of the Minnesota No. 8, which you will find described on another page. This No. 8 has always been renowned for earliness and productiveness, but not so much for perfection of type. The latter has now been more permanently established by Prof. Moore of the Wisconsin Station. By scientific breeding, the kernels of this corn have been materially lengthened and the ears considerably enlarged without sacrificing earliness. The ears average from 7 to 8 inches in length, with good sized kernels; are very uniform in type and color, with well filled tips. It grows a medium sized stalk with a good leaf development. It is a splendid corn for the Northwest. Price: SHELLED and Graded, peck $1.00, bushel $3.50, 5 bushels and more at $3.35 per bushel, not prepaid.

What Our Patrons Say About Our Seed Corn.

THESE TESTIMONIALS ARE UNSOLICITED.

Enclosed find $12.00 for 2 1/2 bushels White Dent Corn. Have bought 41 bushels of this corn from you this season and found it of good germination test and excellent quality.

JAMES MATSON, State Bank of Svea, Svea, Minn.

Received Seed Corn I ordered and find it to be everything you claim. It will not be the fault of the seed corn if a good crop is not grown.

H. O. HAROLDSON, Glanville Minn.

Please find enclosed an order for 10 bushels of barley, University No. 105. This variety of which I ordered from you two years ago yielded 96 bushels to the acre.

JOS. LOEW, Maple Plaue, Minn.

I have raised 70 bushels corn per acre from your seed in 1914. Please send me samples of corn you have now in stock. People here are buying from firms they know nothing about. The corn may grow, but--will it mature! I know it to be a fact that your seed corn matures here.

H. A. BROWN, Northwood, Iowa.
FLINT CORN VARIETIES.

Considering the fact that Dent Corn may at times prove somewhat uncertain, as was fully proven last year, every farmer and dairymaen should plant at least a small acreage to Flint Corn. We know that a small field of it will always be appreciated. Flint Corn is fully matured when the heavier yielding Dent varieties are not even dent. and will then be of greatest feeding value. When fed early, its objectionable quality of being hard and flinty will not be noticed at all. Some varieties of flint corn yield just as much and even more than the extremely early Dent varieties. By the first of August when the old corn crop is generally pretty well fed up, a field of flint corn will be of greatest value, for finishing off hogs. It is not even necessary to husk it for hogs, but let them do it themselves. The hogging off method has been found practical; whoever has tried it would certainly not get along without it anymore.

For northern sections, and for localities with short seasons, Flint corn is the earliest corn, and will be found more profitable than small grain. As a silage corn, it certainly has no equal.

IMPROVED KING PHILIP.

Extra Early Red Flint Corn. This is a very early eight-rowed flint corn, and is one of the most reliable and productive varieties for the Northwest. The ears grow very long, and are large, of good color, and are of the very finest quality for feeding. The stalk grows about seven feet in height, and is very leafy, therefore very valuable for fodder than any Dent corn. This variety matures in 80 to 85 days. Very hardy and one of the best and most reliable early variety. Price: 3 lbs. $0.50, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

EARLY MERCER.

Extra Early Yellow Flint Corn. This corn is very prolific, and is claimed to have yielded over 100 bushels per acre. The average ten in an, length are twelve to fourteen rows, well filled out to the tips, and are of a rich dark yellow color. Many stalks produce two and sometimes three good ears. The stalks average six feet in height and produce very few suckers. Matures in 80 to 85 days. Price: 3 lbs. $0.50, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

SANDFORD'S WHITE FLINT.

The handsomest flint corn and especially recommended for Minnesota and South Dakota. The great feature of this variety is the large ear and small cob it produces. If an ear be broken, you wonder that it is possible for so small a cob to hold and nourish so much grain. The ears are 12 to 15 inches long, smooth and symmetrical. Sandford's White Flint makes a very sturdy and vigorous growth with a great abundance of broad succulent leaves, and is of great value for fodder and silage as well as grain. Matures in 85 to 90 days. Price same as for Early Mercer.

COMPTON'S EARLY.

One of the best varieties for northern latitudes. Ears measure 12 to 16 inches in length, with 8 broad rows of kernels, making a most attractive appearance. The stalks grow to medium size, and many of them bear two to three ears. It is very leafy and a valuable variety for ensilage. Price: 3 lbs. $0.50, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

MINNESOTA WHITE FLINT.

Very early strain of white flint, producing good sized ears and maturing readily in 80 days. Makes a quick, vigorous growth, producing an abundance of large succulent leaves. One of the best varieties for fodder and silo purposes, as well as for the grain crop. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

NORTH DAKOTA WHITE FLINT.

A pure bready white flint corn, the result of many years' careful selection from the original Squaw corn. This corn stands more hardship, such as cold, frost, heat and poor cultivation, than any other variety. It grows about 5 feet high, and the ears are usually two feet from the ground. Matures in 75 to 80 days. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

LONGFELLOW.

This is a yellow variety of flint corn of very handsome rich and glossy appearance. The ears are 12 to 16 inches long and are filled with large, broad kernels. It is not at unusual to find three full sized ears growing on one stalk. It is well known as a heavy producer of fodder as well as of ears. The average height of the stalk is 7 ½ feet, while the ears are set about 3 feet from the ground. Matures in 80 to 85 days. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck $0.50, bushel $2.50.

CANADA SMUT NOSE.

Altho this corn matures in 80 days it is certainly the most profitable flint variety, for it generally averages about 75 bushels per acre. The stalks, which average 5 feet in height, often bear two to three ears. Plant 18 inches long, very compact, and rich golden yellow, banded with red towards the tip end. The ears set about three feet from the ground. As the Smut Nose is not as hard and flinty as most flint varieties, it is planted in many sections of Minnesota and Wisconsin in preference to dent corn. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel $2.50.

I bought some of your SILVER JEWEL Corn a year ago and it gave me a very fine crop of corn I received first write on it here in Iowa.

R. J. NELSON, KERKHOFEN, MINN.
FODDER OR ENSILAGE CORN.

NORTHERN GROWN EARLY FODDER CORN VARIETIES.

A great many dairy farmers and stockmen nowadays plant an early Fodder corn which they can let mature, if they prefer same to be fed as handle corn during fall and winter. By doing so they handle considerably less bulk, such as course stalks and a large amount of moisture, and provide a very nourishing and milk-producing feed in a more condensed form. That it is an advantage to plant earlier maturing varieties of fodder corn is now generally acknowledged. Prices quoted are f. o. b. Faribault.

F. S. & N. CO’S IDEAL SILO CORN.

The best fodder corn for the northern states. For feeding green, for silo purposes and also for curing in shocks, to be handled up for feeding in the field, it is unexcelled. It is a great yielder of fodder and also matures large sized ears in 90 to 95 days, ripening at the same time as the well known Minnesota No. 15 Field corn. The stalks do not grow as thick and coarse as the southern varieties of fodder corn, and can easily be harvested with the corn binder. The stalks are strong and stiff, withstanding the wind well, they grow about 8 to 9 feet high, with an abundance of leaves for fodder. The root system is deep into the soil, withstanding drought well. The Ideal Silo Corn is especially well adapted to poorer soils, on which most other varieties would make but a small crop. You can depend on the Ideal Silo Corn to bring big returns on such soils. It will also grow well on cold low ground. It is of quick growth and will mature perfectly in this latitude. For this section and Iowa, as well as for northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas, no better corn for fodder purposes can be found. The Experimental Stations now advise our farmers of the Northwest to plant early maturing varieties of fodder corn. Every dairy farmer should plant more fodder corn because it produces more tons of splendid feed per acre than any other grain or forage plant. Pk. 50c; bu. $1.50; 2 1/2 bu. for $3.00, 10 bu. and more at $1.00 per bu.

EARLY MINNESOTA YELLOW DENT FODDER CORN.

A standard early variety that has given our customers very good satisfaction for many years. It is a heavy yilder of fodder and may be used for feeding green from the field, as well as for silo filling and for curing in shocks, to be fed later. In the bundle. Will mature perfectly in this latitude and also north of here. The stalks grow about 8½ feet high and are very leafy, the ears are of good size and will mature in about 90 days. Price: Pk. 50c; bu. $1.00; 2 1/2 bu. for $2.50; 10 bu. and more at $1.00 per bu., not prepaid.

YELLOW JUMBO FODDER CORN.

One of the best varieties of medium early Fodder Corn for the silo as well as for feeding green. It is wonderfully productive, without growing over-large or like some of the Southern varieties of Fodder Corn, and also grows and matures fair-sized ears even in the growing of a single stalk. The average height of this corn is 8 feet, but the stalks do not grow thick and coarse, and can be harvested quite easily with the corn binder. Pk. 50c; bu. $1.50; 2 1/2 bu. for $3.75; 10 bu. and more at $1.00 per bu., not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE DENT FODDER CORN.

Though not absolutely typical as a field corn, this is a good commercial grade of dent corn maturing perfectly as far north as the center of this state. We recommend this variety in particular for cold and moist soil. It produces a heavy yield of excellent fodder and adapts itself more readily to different soils and conditions than most other corn. Price: Pk. 50c; bu. $1.00; 2 1/2 bu. for $5.00, 10 bu. and more at $1.75 per bu., not prepaid.

Tall Growing Southern Dent Corn.

RED COB FODDER OR ENSILAGE CORN.

A well known variety of Fodder Corn good either to feed green right from the field, to put up for the silo or to cure and stack away. It is a pure white corn, cropping as high as 63 tons of fodder per acre, which is sweet, tender and juicy, and furnishes quantities of nourishment. The stalks have short joints, therefore producing an abundance of leaves, and grow to a good height. This Fodder Corn is adapted to every section of the country although it will not ripen in our Northern States. Price: Pk. 50c; bu. $1.50; 5 bu. and more at $1.35 per bu., not prepaid.

GIANT FODDER CORN.

This grown very tall and leafy, and yields an immense quantity of fodder of excellent quality. Other varieties of Fodder Corn have been tried out in the Dakotas but none that are as large but the great productivity of the Giant Fodder Corn arises from the closeness of the joints, and as leaves are thrown out at every joint, the result is an increased yield of fodder over every other variety. Price: Pk. 50c; bu. $1.75, 5 bu. and more at $1.70 per bu., not prepaid.

Sweet Fodder Corn

EVERGREEN — We consider this one of the most valuable fodder plants in existence, and every stock farmer should devote some land to it. The stalks are sweet, juicy, rich, tender and very nutritious. The leaves, which are very numerous, are large, broad, succulent and greatly relished by all kinds of stock, being far superior in every respect to all other kinds of corn. On spring soil it will grow 9 to 10 feet high and produce an almost incredible amount of fodder, which, when well cured, is equal to the best hay. Sweet Fodder Corn is excellent for mixing with hay, milk and cream wonderfully. For prices see our blue figure list.
MINNESOTA GROWN SEED POTATOES.

The past season Potatoes suffered worse than ever before in the history of agriculture, so we now face almost a potato famine. Apparently it will not be so much a matter of prices as of being able to get seed potatoes at all.

During the latter part of the season, it was exceptionally wet and extremely hot, so that neither potato bugs nor blight could be checked by spraying, as the solutions were washed off by rains as quickly as they were applied. Later on, during the summer, extreme heat still continuing and the blowing blight keeping down all new growth, gave so many potatoes their death bane. Some of the late maturing kinds recuperated and turned out fairly good yields, especially in the western section of this state. Early potatoes had a much better chance, and produced the largest crops. They are therefore easier to obtain than late varieties.

The old standby, Early Ohio, did remarkably well under the circumstances, also the Early Sunrise, Six Weeks, and Irish Cobblers. Potatoes of the Early Rose type were an entire crop failure, for which reason we are not in position to offer any of them.

Altho our stock of seed potatoes is not quite as good as in former years, we consider ourselves fortunate in being able to supply seed potatoes that will prove satisfactory in every respect, especially in the earlier kinds. Of these we have good pure varieties of our own growing, as free from potato scab as can be found this year. We are not in position to offer as many late varieties as usual, as poor results were obtained in a great many instances.

PRICES:—As parts of this catalog were plated in October and November, it was impossible to determine definite future prices on Seed Potatoes at that time, especially under such abnormal conditions. Therefore, we refer you to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog. We can supply only those potatoes offered in this list, and prices quoted are subject to the constant market changes. Customers who do not order immediately upon receipt of this catalog should write for our latest BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

We ship our potatoes in the spring, as soon as danger of freezing is over, so they will arrive in due time for planting. All orders for potatoes are acknowledged when received and are forwarded as soon as possible. Our customers may select a barrel of any three different varieties at the barrel price of each variety, and we will pack them separately in one barrel.

Our barrels are full three bushel size, which fact please bear in mind when comparing prices. It is advisable to ship bushel lots of potatoes in baskets to insure safe arrival, so the potatoes will not become bruised or skinned. We will ship in baskets, at 15 cents extra per bushel.

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EXTRA EARLY OHIO.

The Early Ohio is the best all-around potato everywhere. Altho it matures extremely early, it will keep as well and as long as most of the late varieties. Many people are under the impression that the Early Ohio is only for early eating, but it will remain firm and sound until June if properly stored. Early Ohio is of a nice oval form, very smooth, with eyes flush with the surface. The color varies a great deal, depending on the conditions of the soil, and ranges from light flesh color to a deep shade of red. The tubers are of medium to large size, very firm, with fine grained white meat. Early Ohio is an old standard potato, producing from 150 to 200 bushels per acre. It is very seldom affected by blight.

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WHITE EARLY OHIO.

Very similar in form and type to the Extra Early Ohio described above, but the skin is pure white, excepting the eyes, which are pink or red. The White Ohio is a good yielder and a strong and healthy grower. As an early market potato it is of the greatest value, for it is one of the very best extra early varieties. This potato should be washed off before using, or eyes applied. Later on, during the summer, extreme heat still continuing and the blowing blight keeping down all new growth, gave so many potatoes their death bane. Some of the late maturing kinds recuperated and turned out fairly good yields, especially in the western section of this state. Early potatoes had a much better chance, and produced the largest crops. They are therefore easier to obtain than late varieties.

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EARLY IRISH COBBLER.

In shape the Cobbler is round, with oval cross-section. Skin is white, well netted. Flesh pure pearly white. Eyes are very few and shallow. Its cooking qualities and flavor are first class. Tubers are of good size, no small ones, and very smooth and free from scab. The Irish Cobbler is one of the most reliable of the first early sorts and an unusually heavy yielder for an early potato, excelling many of the late main crop varieties in this respect. It ripens very evenly, every hill seeming to ripen at one time. Its strong growth, earliness, productiveness, fine eating quality, and handsome appearance will always cause a good demand for the Irish Cobbler.

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Am well pleased with your goods. On the Extra Early Ohio Potatoes raised from stock received from you I won first prize at the Washita County Fair; first prize at the Cobgas Fair; first prize at the Mecnee County Fair; I won a good many prices on Vegetables raised from your seed. Enclosed new order for seeds.

H. A. SARENPA. Howard Lake, Minn.

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Early Irish Cobbler.
EXTRA EARLY BLISS TRIUMPH.

On account of its extreme earliness, this is a standard market variety in all the Southern States. It is at least a week or ten days earlier than the Early Rose and the Early Ohio. The tubers are of very handsome appearance, being almost round and most uniform in shape and size, with slightly depressed eyes, which are mostly on the seed end. The skin is of a pretty, light red color, while the flesh is of the purest white, both raw and when cooled. Its beautiful appearance, wonderful productiveness and superior table qualities make this potato a favorite for the early market wherever introduced. It produces at least from 12 to 15 tubers per hill, all of marketable size. It is the standard first early potato in the South for shipping to northern markets early, and can be shipped before it is fully ripe as the skin shows bruises very little.

EARLY SUNRISE.

It is claimed that this is the earliest potato ever introduced and that the tubers are well matured in 6 weeks from the time of planting. They are about the same shape as the Bliss Triumph, nearly globular in form, and running more uniform in size, color and quality than any other early potato. The eyes are shallow, with a punkish cast around them, while the smooth yellowish skin is also flushed with rosy crimson, giving these potatoes a very striking appearance. They are quickly and easily pared, with little waste. The vines grow stiffly erect and are closely set with thick deep green foliage, which is broad and flatly spread. It is very hardy against blight, rot or any other disease and a heavy yielder. The Early Sunrise certainly stood the test of the past unfavorable season for potatoes remarkably well, yielding just as heavy as the old standard variety, the Early Ohio, both producing full yields. Altho an early kind, it is also a splendid keeper, ranking with the Irish Cobblor in this respect.

FOR PRICES ON SEED POTATOES, SEE OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

CARMAN NO. 1.

The tubers grow very large, and will produce small ones only under unfavorable circumstances. The Carman is medium late and an enormous producer of handsome and well-shaped tubers which possess the best table qualities. Skin is of a yellowish white color; flesh is white and fine grained; cooks dry and mealy and very even through. One of the best main crop potatoes.

PEARL OF CANNON VALLEY.

We have received so many letters of approval from our customers on account of the superior quality of this great potato, that we see our trouble and expense, always connected with originating new varieties, well rewarded. The tubers grow large, run very uniform in size as well as in shape, and are of an attractive oval form, with smooth, somewhat noded skin on the seed end; eyes are few and shallow and the skin is of a creamy white color. The type of this potato expresses the choicest table quality, the flesh is white, both raw and when cooked, fine grained and of excellent flavor. It is not only remarkable on account of its superior quality, but it is unsurpassed in great productiveness. Yields of 200 to 400 bushels per acre are not unusual. The Pearl of Cannon Valley is a medium late variety, maturing about a week earlier than Carman No. 1. A splendid market potato of finest quality, which always sells well.

EARLY SIX WEEKS.

Considered the best seedling of our grand Early Ohio, which is also the parent of several other early varieties. The Early Six Weeks excels the Early Ohio, not only in extreme earliness as its own variety, but in productiveness of tubers, which are more abundant and larger, and are more free from blemishes or blemishes. The Early Six Weeks is said to have been found in the Pennsylvania hills, and is on exhibition in the Argus of April 21. It is a splendid variety, with excellent table qualities, and has been very largely noticed in vegetable circles, both here and abroad. The tubers grow large, run very uniform in size as well as in shape, and are of an attractive oval form, with smooth, somewhat noded skin on the seed end; eyes are few and shallow and the skin is of a creamy white color. The type of this potato expresses the choicest table quality, the flesh is white, both raw and when cooked, fine grained and of excellent flavor. It is not only remarkable on account of its superior quality, but it is unsurpassed in great productiveness. Yields of 200 to 400 bushels per acre are not unusual. The Pearl of Cannon Valley is a medium late variety, maturing about a week earlier than Carman No. 1. A splendid market potato of finest quality, which always sells well.

HYBRIDIZED POTATO SEED.

Growing new sorts from the seed-ball seed is a very interesting employment for old and young. There is the widest range of difference in color, shape and general characteristics between the different seedlings; every one is more or less unlike all the others. It is from this seed that new varieties are originated. The results are often extremely profitable. Directions for planting, cultivating, etc., on each packet. Price: Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

A word to you about your great Faribault Mammoth Fried Potatoes, of which I bought a peck from you this spring. I raised 6 full bushels of fine large potatoes from this one peck. I can recommend them to anybody. Will send you another order soon.

R. A. BRUMMOND, Buffalo Lake, Minn.

The three bushels of Faribault Mammoth Fried Potatoes I bought of you last May, brought me 120 bushels, the best yield I ever had on potatoes. I am very much pleased with them.

A. W. CARPENTER, Chamberlain, S. D.
**SIR WALTER RALEIGH.**

One of Mr. Carman's latest and best introductions—a seedling of the Rural New Yorker No. 2. It must be acknowledged that Mr. Carman has originated some of the most popular varieties of potatoes now grown, notably the Rural New Yorker No. 3, and the Carman. Mr. Walter Raleigh resembles the Rural in shape, but is a little more buff in color; the flesh is also whiter. It is from four to six days earlier than the Rural, and the tubers are more uniform with practically no small ones, every one being of marketable size. This variety is the whitest fleshed and finest grained Potato, excelling even the Snow Flake. At the originator's trial grounds it proved to be the best and heaviest cropper of 49 varieties. It is unquestionably the best of its type, being not only the finest eating potato, but also the heaviest yielder.

**BURBANK’S SEEDLING.**

As its name indicates, this variety was originated by Luther Burbank, the famous plant breeder, who certainly deserves due credit for originating so many splendid varieties of vegetables. The Burbank potato, allho introduced so many years ago is still a great favorite with all first-class hotels, restaurants, dining cars, and wherever a first-class potato is appreciated. On account of its long smooth and handsome form the Burbank is one of the best potatoes for boiling, as it bakes thru more thoroughly and in considerably less time than other varieties. Furthermore, being large, long and very smooth, with eyes flushin; with the surface it peels easily and with least waste. A feature that certainly should be considered. On account of such valuable qualities it is one of the best sellers on the market. This potato has but very few and shallow eyes—while the skin is of a transparent yellowish white color, never getting rough or scabby. In maturing the Burbank is medium late, two weeks earlier than Carman. We offer an improved and bred-up strain of the Burbank, which should not be compared with the long and spindly, run-out kind generally offered.

**BURBANK SEEDLING.**

Faribault Mammoth Prize.

**FARIBAULT**

**MAMMOTH PRIZE.**

We consider this new Potato the most valuable of all our introductions, for it excels in great productiveness and in choice table quality. It has distinguished itself as a perfect disease-resistant variety, never getting scabby, and on account of being of such a strong and vigorous growth, it is but little affected by the ravages of potato bugs.

The Mammoth Prize is, beyond doubt, the largest choice eating potato in cultivation. It is of an oval, almost oval form, as shown in the illustration, and is of a yellowish-white color; perfectly white fleshed and a grand cooker, retaining its flouy whiteness even when cold. The potato is late in maturing and ripens with the Carman. Growers for the market will not find another variety that is as productive and as profitable to grow as the Faribault Mammoth Prize.

**RURAL NEW YORKER No. 2.**

Is a large, white-skinned variety, oval in form, and rather flat; flesh is white and close-grained, solid and of the very best quality; cooks dry and floury; eyes are few and shallow. The tubers are large and the smoothest and cleanest of all Potatoes grown. Even though it is a large yielder, it grows but few and small vines. It is very hardy and will stand the heaviest mowing without getting rough or scabby.

King Potato.

**SECOND SIZED SEED POTATOES.**

As we had a large demand for second sized seed potatoes last fall, our stock of these in most varieties is almost exhausted. We have a limited quantity of them in the Faribault Mammoth Prize and Early Ohio, and shall be pleased to quote prices upon application.

**FOR PRICES ON SEED POTATOES, SEE OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.**
"STANDARD" GARDEN TOOLS.

These splendid tools have gained wide popularity within a very few years on account of their sterling worth and moderate price at which they illustrated catalog free on request.

"STANDARD" No. 9 Double and Single Wheel Hill and Drill Seeder, Cultivator, Hoe, Plow and Hake.

A splendid tool with all latest improvements. Is easily changed from a double to a single wheel cultivator, and with the hill and drill seeder attachments combines three practical tools in one. The tool will not only deliver seed in drills, but by shifting one part only, will drop in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart. Seeder is driven with steel chain. Equipment includes four shovels, one pair hoes, one pair diamond blades, 1 pair leaf guards and 1 leaf guards.

Price: Complete $12.50.

"STANDARD" No. 11 Hill and Drill Seeder.

This tool No. 9 set up as a hill and drill seeder only, no other attachments. Seed planted with "Standard" seeders is in perfect condition to cultivate to the best advantage after the plants are up. Price: $9.50.

"STANDARD" No. 20 Single Wheel Cultivator.

With this tool you can get your money's worth in a few hours work, whether you have 5 acres, one acre or a garden only 25 feet square. Has a strong steel wheel 24 in. in diameter, making it work easily and carrying the tools in perfect balance. The handles are quickly adjusted to suit the height of the operator or to regulate the depth desired to run attachments. The equipment includes double end shovel, mold board with landside, combined sweep and rake (practically 3 tools).

Price: Complete $3.50.

BARKER WEEDER, MULCHER AND CULTIVATOR. Three Tools in One.

Makes Gardening Easy and Insures Best Yields.

The one implement every gardener should have, whether raising produce as a business or for the table.

The Barker Weeder, Mulcher and Cultivator is the only garden tool which will form a complete, porous and level soil mulch for conserving the moisture and holding it at the root of the growing plant where it assists in forming the nutrient solution, from which plants draw their nourishment. This soil mulch is also of such an even granulation that it readily permits permeation of the air, allowing the numerous gases to escape. No other garden implement will do the work accomplished by the "Barker"—do it so thoroughly and with so little labor.

The reel blades, working in combination with the knife passing under the surface, do the work. "Best weed killer ever used." Easy to operate, no delicate parts to get out of order. Enables you to safely get close to the plants and to do scientific, intensive cultivation—makes gardening easy.

No. 6D—Cultivates strip 6 inches wide. Price $5.00.


No. 10D—Cultivates strip 10 in. wide. Price $7.50.

No. 11D—Cultivates strip 11 in. wide. Price $7.66.

No. 66D—Cultivates 6 inch strip on each side of row. Price $10.00.

All parts and workmanship guaranteed for five years.

Illustrated, descriptive catalog of Barker Weeders free upon request.

"STANDARD" No. 4 Single and Double Wheel Cultivator.

This tool is light weight yet strong enough to last a life time; can be easily moved from a double wheel, for cultivating around the rows, to a single wheel, to cultivate between rows. With wheels 16 inches high and attachments the proper shape, a child can run the tool.


"STANDARD" No. 2 Spring Beam Cultivator.

This spring beam, double wheel tool is a great favorite with all who use it, owing to the fact that the attachments when in use are entirely under operator's control. The handles being bolted to the spring beams allow them to be moved to and from each other very easily. In cultivating plants in hills the attachments can be worked in and out between the plants, doing the closest work possible to be done with a single wheel, with a wheel hoe. Arch clears the ground 18 inches and is adjustable in width from 7 1/2 inches. Wheels are 16 in. high with 12 inch tires. With attachments as follows: 4 shovels, 1 pair hoes, 1 pair diamond blades, 2 rake, 2 leaf guards and 1 wrench.

Price: Complete $6.50.

"STANDARD" MIDGET SEEDER.

A NEW SEEDER FOR SMALL GARDENS.—Will drill out clean a 8 cent package of seed just as well as a larger quantity. Will attach to any "Standard" single wheel cultivator or to almost any make of single wheel cultivator having 3 1/2 inches or more space between the shank and wheel. It attaches with one bolt in the same place and same manner as the cultivating tools. For use in close quarters, in beds, or against a fence, or where it is not convenient to use the seeder attached to a cultivator frame, a short wood handle can be fitted to the seeder and used in this manner. Will drill almost any kind of garden seed from the smallest up to peas and beans. While the hopper holds one pint, it will handle and drill out clean a 5c package of seed just as well as a larger amount. An index naming several different varieties of seed is in plain view on top and no trouble to adjust. The shoe is adjustable for any depth desired and the coverer swings so that small seeds or a little trash does not interfere with its work.

This seeder is suitable for the man with a small home garden and has as useful and efficient as a garden plow. It is entirely set up and ready for use when it leaves the factory and the only thing necessary is to bolt it to the plow frame. It has but few parts and the necessary adjustments are easily made. If you have used for a garden plow you have use for this seeder attachment.

The Standard No. 20 cultivator with the Midget Seeder makes an ideal tool for the home gardener.

Weight when packed 8 pounds. Price only $2.80.
**"PLANET JR." FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS.**

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "PLANET JR." Tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalog free for the asking to any who desire it, and we can supply promptly anything ordered. "PLANET JR." goods are well known machines, the best on the market. In sending your order to us, you can rely on getting bottom prices.

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**No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and DrillSeeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.**

This admirable tool combines in a single implement a capital hill dropping seeder, a perfect drill seeder, a single wheel hoe, a cultivator and a plow. It holds two quarts, and as a seeder it sow in continuous rows, or drops in hills at five different distances. The drill is detached and the tool frame substituted by removing but one bolt. It is useful almost every day during the season, at every stage of garden work.

Price: Complete $12.75.-

No. 4D, as a drill only, $10.00.

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**No. 60 Planet Jr. Double Wheel Onion Hoe.**

Price: $4.75.

This new tool is a departure from all previous wheel hoes. It is adjustable for the complete culture of onions, or general hoeing. The new all-steel hoe is a decided improvement over the older models.

We offer a special Onion Harvester for this tool. Price: $1.50.

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**No. 33 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe.**

Price: $3.50.

(The No. 31 without seeder.)

This combination will delight the suburbanite, the growing boy, woman, younger or older, who will find it a light running wheel hoe that will save them hard work and help much to supply the table with fine vegetables. This hoe is constantly useful from spring to fall.

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**No. 31 Planet Jr. Combined Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe.**

Price: Complete $8.00.

This new tool is of great value to gardeners who have never felt able to own either a seed drill or a wheel hoe. It will sow even in a small package of garden seed with great precision, quickly changed to a splendid wheel hoe. A special machine for the garden. It is thoroughly well made and offered at a price that makes it pay the smallest gardener.

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**No. 27 Planet Jr. 7-Tooth Plain Cultivator.**

Price: $7.75.

This new light seven-tooth cultivator does fine work with the old style five-tooth, and deeper work than the 12-tooth. The lever, instead of standing perpendicular, stands between the handles, so that it acts as a location and danger of getting out of order.

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**No. 103 Planet Jr. Horse Hoe.**

With Plain Wheel, $7.75.

No. 1030 Horse Hoe, Less Wheel, $6.75.

A new light, but very strong horse hoe that will appeal to farmers and gardeners. The expander lever, instead of standing perpendicular, slants backward between the handles, so that it cannot get bent or broken.

Similar to the above, but has 5 cultivator teeth, and one pair 6-inch Turning Shovels and one 7-inch Shovel extra.

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**No. 25 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, and Double Wheel Hoe.**

Price: $13.50.

This new combined machine is intended for a class of gardeners who have a large enough acreage in crops for a double wheel hoe to be of good advantage, and yet prefer not to buy a separate wheel hoe. As a drill it is almost identical with No. 4, and as a hoe it is the same as No. 12. The change from drill to wheel hoe is made in a moment, and the entire combination is one we can recommend. Will sow in drills any thickness or drop in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 14 inches apart. It is very accurate in planting all kinds of seeds.

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**No. 3 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder.**

Price: $12.00.

This seeder is the latest and most perfect development of the hand seed drill. They sow evenly in drills and also drops in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 14 inches apart. No time is lost; no seed is wasted. It is quickly set to sow different kinds of seeds in the thickness desired. The accurate drooping drill, which gives a regular spread of plants with the least seed, saves its cost over and over in seed alone. It is fitted with 16-inch steel driving wheels and the special holds feed. This tool works equally well whether sowing with only one ounce or full hopper. We guarantee this drill to be more accurate than any other made and to give entire satisfaction.

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**No. 12 Planet Jr. Double Wheel Hoe.**

Price: $8.00. — With rake $7.50.

This tool is the No. 12 with the six-inch hoes only, these being the tools that are most generally used. Any or all of the other tools may be added at any time.

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**No. 14 Planet Jr. Double and Single Wheel Disc Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.**

Price: $5.50.

This new tool will give excellent satisfaction. There are three discs on each side, which may be all used at once, or one or two on a side, as preferred. With the leaf lifter the work can be done without danger of injuring the plants. Discs are adjustable for depth and to be raised or lowered from the row. The set of prong cultivator teeth will be found invaluable for general cultivation. The plows are used for furrowing and for covering, for plowing away and plowing back. A splendid tool. The frame is all steel. Two acres a day can easily be worked with this implement.

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**No. 90 Planet Jr. 12-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer.**

Price: $11.00.

An invaluable tool in the market garden, truck and strawberry patches. Has new steel wheel which prevents clogging. Its 12 chisel-shaped teeth cut out all weeds, roots and mellow the soil and leave the ground in the finest condition.

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**No. 90B, Without Pulver $9.00.**

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**No. 90D, Without Plow, or Wheel $7.25**

An invaluable tool in the market garden, truck and strawberry patches. Has new steel wheel which prevents clogging. Its 12 chisel-shaped teeth cut out all weeds, roots and mellow the soil and leave the ground in the finest condition.
UNIVERSAL COMpressed AIR SPRAYER.

Our Style 22 Universal Sprayer is positively the only compressed air sprayer manufactured that is guaranteed to operate at a pressure of sixty (60) pounds per sq. in. One charge of air is sufficient to generate enough pressure to discharge the entire contents of any tank without continuous pumping. This is a feature which is not only a time saver, but does away with a great deal of labor, inasmuch as the operator is thru with work, as far as pumping is concerned, after the first charge of air is made. The machine is equipped with an all brass pump and the latest improvements found on any compressed air sprayer. The tank is substantially riveted at intervals of every 3/4 inch throughout the entire side. It is guaranteed to spray all solutions, including insecticides, disinfectants, etc., and can be used to excellent advantage, where required, when pressure is to be applied in tanks of entire contents, spray- ing continuously at high pressure. Net weight, 9 pounds. Gross weight, 10 pounds.

PRICE: 

UNIVERSAL COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER, WITH GALVANIZED TANK, PRICE $6.50. 
UNIVERSAL COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER, WITH ALL BRASS TANK, PRICE $9.00. 
EXTRA SPRAY NOZZLE No. 319 ___________ PRICE 85c.

THE MYSTIC SPRAYER.

Just the thing for the garden and house plants. These sprayers work to perfection and are sure to give satisfaction. Made entirely of brass and will not rust. They will be found wonderful for applying liquids and insecticides to poultry houses and live stock. Shipping weight 2 lbs. Price: Brass Sprayer, 85c. — Same sprayer made of tin, 60c, not prepaid.

THE CYCLONE HAND SEEDER.

A machine which should be on every farm, as it is a great labor saver. It is simple, light but strong, and with ordinary care will last a life time. It will sow Timothy, Clover, Millet and Grass Seeds of all kinds, as well as Flax, Wheat, Ryegrass, Oats, Buckwheat, Turnips, and other seeds and fertilizers perfectly even. Any desired quantity, from one quart to three bushels, can be sown per acre by following the directions on every machine. This seeder will pay for itself in the saving of seed and labor in one-half hour’s use. Shipping weight 4 lbs. Price: 40c prepaid. — We offer the seeder as a premium with $2.00 worth of Clover-Gram Mixtures ordered from pages 17, 18 and 19, at catalog prices.

THE MICHIGAN WHEELBARROW SEEDER.

This seeder has all the good qualities that any other seeder has—yes, it has many superior ones also. The wind may blow while you sow, because the seed is carried so that the wind has no chance to bother it. Also the ground be wet, dry or rough, the gait of the man operating the machine will not affect the seed, because the hill is driven by an impetus from which there is no guessing as to whether the ground has been covered, because every spot of ground the seeder passed over is evenly sprinkled, as the seed has to fall but a short distance.

There are no small attachments in the machine to give out; it is built honestly and will last a generation if given the proper care. The wheel is 30 inches in diameter and the tire is 1/4 inches wide. The Michigan Seeder and hand spade will sow Timothy, Clover, Timothy and other grass seeds. It is an easy matter to sow 25 to 40 acres per day with it. Price: 14 foot machine $7.25. — 16 foot machine $8.25. Weight of seeder 40 lbs.

THE ACME POWDER GUN.

Consists of a tight valuable bellows equipped with a distributing tube or nozzle, a funnel, a spreader for diffusing the spray, and an elbow for placing the spray on the under side of the leaves, or the flowers at the required length. The bellows of fine rusted leather, bellows sides brass, painted vermilion. Directions on each gun. The only practical, efficient method of applying insecticides and fungicides. The principles of spraying by hand methods at a reasonable price. Shipping weight 8 lbs. Price 85c, not prepaid.

THE “RAPID” PLANT SETTER.

The only hand mechanical plant setter on the market. Is built on scientific principles throughout. Its conical jaws are made of heavy sheet steel and the main casting and handle of heavy brass casting. The water valve is of brass with rubber packing. The machine is well put together and will last for years. No stooping when using it, therefore no back labor. All kinds of plants such as Celery, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Strawberries, Sweet Potatoes, Sugar Beets, etc., are set in water and covered at one operation. The plant runners are driven down to the proper depth below the surface. If the air is cool and damp, you never have to wait for a shower, plants may be safely set when large enough, regardless of the weather—no matter how dry and hot the ground may be. Every farmer and truck grower should have one. Any man with very little practice can easily set out 7,000 to 10,000 plants each day. Our planter maintains a record of over 500 plants to grow from each 1,000 set. Shipping weight 7 lbs. Price: $3.75, not prepaid.

NORCROSS CULTIVATOR HOES.

The most useful of all garden tools. “Norcross” Cultivator Hoes and Weeder’s are like a human hand, the fingers of which work carefully around the delicate roots of the tenderest crops, and remove weeds and trash without injuring them, stripping the soil to any depth and leaving it level and loose without a footprint upon it. The middle undivided walks of Norcross are small. The hoe, whether used in the garden or row of strawberries, embraces so many features. The prongs are made of best spring steel, and are not detachable. The "Norcross" is the only Cultivator-Hoe having a detachable handle, which handle with socket may be exchanged at will. The Cultivator-Hoe used as a wheel hoe attachment. This tool will be greatly appreciated by every farmer and owner of a garden. Price: 5 prong tool 75c, 6 prong tool 85c, short handle, 25c each.

KILL - EM - QUICK — DEATH TO THE GOPHER.

It Kills Gophers. It’s the only way—you can’t trap or shoot enough to make any impression on the increase. But Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison will clean them out in a day. It acts on them. The sweet taste suits them. The tiniest particle eaten kills instantly. Its the one absolutely sure way to destroy gophers. The “Rapid” Plant Setter

Kill-Em-Quick is the most economical to use. It’s the safest. There’s no danger in preparing—simply soak the grain over night, drain in the morning, pour into the pot or box of Kill-Em-Quick Powder in and stir thoroly. Then drop a few kernels of grain into their holes. Next day every gopher in your field will be dead. Or, if you want to collect a bounty drop the grain 4 or 5 feet from the holes. No gopher will ever travel 4 feet after eating Kill-Em-Quick.

We unreasorably guarantee that Mitchellson’s Kill-Em-Quick is not only the cheapest gopher poison you or any other man can use, but the most effective you can use at any price. Kill-Em-Quick comes in the delicate of dry seeds enough for 10 acres and 20 gophers; enough to kill 1,000 and 5,000 gophers. Backed by a cash guarantee. Full satisfaction or money back. Price: Two sizes, 60c and 75c prepaid.

“Rapid” Plant Setter
INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES.

The man who sprays his fruit trees, small fruit plants and potatoes intelligently is the one who will have the bumper yield to send to the market. The large increase in the number of insects and the various kinds of fungus attacking fruit trees and plants, as well as potatoes, through the country, makes it absolutely necessary for the farmer to be able to protect his crops by the proper use of insecticides.

Prices quoted on this page are not prepaid. We can send items quoted by the pound by parcel post if postage is sent according to the zone system. Be sure to allow extra postage for weight of packing.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE.

This is the greatest remedy against potato blight which so often destroys our potato crops. The first sign of blight is when the leaves start to turn yellow. These leaves will dry up and fall off until the whole plant is dead. If you spray Bordeaux Mixture before the potato leaves turn yellow, the disease will be prevented. Bordeaux Mixture can be applied to the soil or sprayed on the foliage. Be sure to spread the leaves evenly and thoroughly. It is an excellent plant food and will prevent blight and other diseases of the plant. Price of Bordeaux Mixture is $4.50.

ARSENEATE OF LEAD.

This is a general insecticide and fertilizer for all leaf and fruit insects and is superior to other poisonous because it contains the arsenic in exactly the right proportion and the proper chemical combination, thus insuring a material that will not score or injure the foliage more than is necessary. It is extremely durable and will remain harmless in water and will combine readily with Lime Sulphur and Bordeaux Mixture. Very effective on account of its adsorbent properties. On small shrubs and trees, use 2 to 3 pounds to every 50 gallons of water. Price: One pound jar 25c, 5 lb. jar $1.00, 10 lb. bag $1.75, not prepaid.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION.

This is a universal fungicide and insecticide for destroying San Jose Scale, borer, apple scale, leaf spot, cancer worm, bulb louse and mildew. Spraying should be done according to the nature of the pest before the buds open, when in full bloom, after the fruit has set, and after the leaves have dropped. Use from 1 to 1 1/2 gallons of our Lime Sulphur Solution to 50 gallons of water. Price: 1 gallon $1.00, 5 gal. can $4.00, not prepaid. Postpaid.

FISH OIL SOAP—(Commonly called Whale Oil Soap.) Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants where insects and eggs affect the bark. Also smeared on trees to prevent worms crawling up. Price: 1 lb. carton 25c, 5 lbs. bulk $1.00, not prepaid.

SLUG SHOT, HAMMOND'S—A combination of the most potent insecticides and soluble plant foods. It destroys all insects injurious to house and garden plants, shrubs, trees, vines, potatoes and other vegetables as well as small fruit plants; poisonous to insects, does not injure the foliage in the least. It is an excellent plant food and will combine readily with Lime Sulphur and Bordeaux Mixture. Price: 1 lb. 25c, 5 lb. 1.00, 10 lb. 1.75, not prepaid. Postpaid.

SULPHU TOBACCO SOAP—A cheap, effective and harmless insecticide, quickly exterminating all insect life on plants and flowers, in and out of doors and acts as a valuable fertilizer, reviving plant life. Kills the house of cockroaches, ants, termites, fire ants andaperent on ants. It is effective as a spray and will also be effective if used as a powder or dust. Price: 1 gallon $1.25, 5 gal. can $6.00, not prepaid. Postpaid.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR—For the destruction of bugs, worms, caterpillars, etc. Less poisonous than Paris Green. A 25c jar will control the most severe infestation of crawling insects. Price: 1 lb. carton 25c, 5 lbs. 1.00, 10 lbs. 1.75, not prepaid.

KEROSINE EMULSION—A safe and sure remedy for all Lace and Flies that infest plants and trees. It will destroy the Red Oyster Shell Bugs and all insects that are troublesome to fruits and vegetables. Pears, apples, peaches, etc. Price: 1 qt. 60c, one gallon $1.00, not prepaid.

LIVE STOCK TONIC—This preparation consists entirely of matter such as medicinal herbs and roots in powder form, compounded in the right proportion to aid digestion (which is the first basis of health in all living things). The body is a healthy condition of the body is a healthy condition. It not only creates a good appetite but also helps to build bone and muscle, and increases the weight of live stock wonderfully. With the aid of this digestion compound, run-down stock, such as cows, horses and cattle can be built up and are fit to be entered at the Fairs and Live Stock Shows. Ration for Horses, Cows and Steers 1/2 pound, mixed with other feed once a day. For young animals about one half of this quantity. For young pigs, as soon as weaned, one tablespoonful mixed in the feed or swill. For larger pigs feed according to size, two tablespoonfuls to 5 pounds per day. To stimulate the egg production of poultry add 1/4 pound to every 4 quarts of mash. Price: 5 pounds $1.00, 10 pounds $2.00, 50 pounds $4.00, not prepaid.

"HUMANE" DEHORNING PENCIL—To dehorn calves makes them more gentle, they can be fed in a much smaller space, and it don't take half the room to house them in the winter; they will sell for $3.00 more per head if dehorned. Sawing horns off of cattle is barbarous, and it should be dehorned when young. Price: Per pencil 60c, 3 for $1.50, postpaid.

GARDEN TROWEL—An indispensable tool for every gardener. Very durable and flower garden. The "Never- break" trowel is extra heavy, strong and durable and will last a lifetime. Price: 10c, postpaid.

BLATCHFORD'S COW MEAL.

Raise your calves on Blatchford's Cow Meal and sell the high priced milk. 100 pounds of Cow Meal makes 100 pounds of rich milk substitute. Blatchford's Cow Meal prevents boring, insures early maturity, costs only one earth as much as new milk, and raises the finest calves. It is made from loose bean meal, pure flax seed ground, ground peas and beans, occurring flour, fennegreek, dried milk, and salt. A trial will convince you of its merit. It will put the finest finishing touch on your calves. Price: Per 50 lb. bag $2.25, 100 lb. bag $4.50.

BLATCHFORD'S PIG MEAL.

The milk equal weaning food for little pigs. Start them on Pig Meal when they are three weeks old and see them develop early and rapidly into big boned, husky puppies. There won't be any runts. One pound of Blatchford's Pig Meal equal is feeding value to a gallon of high priced whole fresh dairy milk and costs only a fraction as much. You will be able to feed your pigs these perfect feed for the development of your pigs. Price: Per 50 lb. bag $2.25, 100 lb. bag $4.50.
INCUBATORS AND BROODERS.

The Faribault "Double Wall" Incubator.

Our Faribault Incubators are built of first class clear Redwood, well seasoned, and perfectly dried lumber throughout. They are double walled with a half inch dead-air space between. The outer walls are one inch thick. On the inner side of each is placed a heavy layer of 3 ply rosin-sealed felt. This brings the thermal thickness to two inches; the dead air acting as an insulator, assists in retaining a uniform temperature in the embryo, and the walls and bottoms are constructed with double laminations and a heavy layer of asbestos additional. Redwood or other odorless wood, only is used in the inner case construction. The outer case is made of clear selected California Redwood which is filled and re-heated, leaving same in a most attractive natural wood finish, resembling the finest Rosewood. There are no knotty or otherwise defective woods used in making our incubators. The door is fitted with double glass (air space between) through which the incubator can easily be read.

SYSTEM OF HEATING—We furnish combination hot-water and hot-air heaters with our incubators. These have been proven most economical in the consumption of fuel, in heating the shell and maintaining a uniform temperature. A large copper hot-water tank is used and the surplus heat is utilized by a coil of pipe circling around the top of the machine.

TEMPERATURE IN THE EGG CHAMBER—In no other incubator can the temperature be maintained so uniformly as in the "Faribault". The combination heating system is the only practical one, as it eliminates overheated centers and cold corners. The hot-water and tanks are constructed of heavy cold rolled copper, and will stand 30 years service or more.

OUR SAFETY LAMP—The burner is of heavy brass, provided with ventilating tubes extending from oil-cabinet to top ofwick, and carrying off all gases. The oil fount is of heavy galvanized iron, is extra large, and fitted with a galvanized chimney containing a mixing wall. There is absolutely no danger of explosion or catching fire with our safety lamp. The flame is always in sight without removing lamp or chimney.

THE NURSERY—A nursery for the newly hatched chickens is fitted under the egg trays of our "Faribault" incubators. Here the chicks can be housed, warm and comfortable for 30 hours previous to introduction to the brooder.

REGULATION OF TEMPERATURE—We use the compound Hydro-Wafer Regulator on our "Faribault" incubators. Thru years of experience, we have found this to be the most reliable regulation of temperature. It is easily adjusted and positively regulates the temperature to within a fraction of a degree throughout the entire period of incubation.

CAPACITY—We make two sizes, with 120 and 200 respectively, egg capacity. The most practical size to buy is the 200 egg machine, even though you want to hatch but 50 or 100 eggs, it has been proven that the large machines give the better satisfaction, especially in regard to regulating and ventilating. However, both machines are built alike and have the same improvements.

PRICES—You can't buy a better incubated chicken, but you can pay a better price for a poorer incubator.

No. 1—Capacity 125 eggs, weight crated 100 pounds. $13.00.
No. 2—Capacity 250 eggs, weight crated 140 pounds. $15.50.

NOTICE—We furnish with each "Faribault" incubator the following parts:
One high grade tested thermometer.
One gas starter.
One chimney.
One safety lamp, with heavy brass burner.
Egg trays.
Chimney and Swing Lamp bracket.
Double wall automatic regulator and complete directions.

FARIBAULT JUNIOR INCUBATOR.

For those who want a lower priced incubator, we have constructed our "Faribault Junior." This is in every way a practical machine, and for the price we ask you cannot duplicate it anywhere. It has been proven that the smaller machine is fitted with a double glass door. The outer wall is of first class dressed lumber, lined with a heavy layer of insulating felt; the inner wall is of a special composition board. The "Faribault Junior" is a hot water machine, otherwise its system and fixtures are the same used as in our "Faribault" machine. You run no risk with this incubator, we guarantee it to give satisfaction if instructions are followed, or return your money thirty days after making your first hatch.

PRICES—No. 11, capacity 245 eggs, weight crated 100 pounds. $12.00.
No. 12, capacity 125 eggs, weight crated 75 pounds. $10.25.

HOT WATER INDOOR BROODER.

This brooder is made very much like the hot air indoor style with the exception that it is fitted with a hot water tank and boiler made of heavy cold rolled copper similar to the tank we use in our incubators. The boiler and lamp are on the outside, therefore no smoke or foul air has access to the chamber. This brooder has two apartments, one is the oven, the other the exercising room. There is at all times a circulation of the hot water in the boiler and tank; the cooler water goes back into the boiler to be re-heated and then passes thru the machine again. This can be regulated at any time by turning the valve.

PRICES OF "FARIBAULT" HOT WATER INDOOR BROODERS.
No. 7—Capacity 120 chicks, copper tank, weight crated 60 pounds. $6.50.
No. 8—Capacity 200 chicks, copper tank, weight crated 110 pounds. $8.00.
All extras, such as safety lamp, burner, thermometer, instructions, are included.

HOT AIR INDOOR BROODER.

This brooder is made of heavy grade lumber, with a double glass window. The brooding chamber is separated by a curtain, into two apartments, one is from 10 to 15 degrees warmer than the other, thus, it is too warm for the chicks under the oven, they come out into the feeding apartment. The heating pipes are over head and are connected to hot water tank, and therefore, are in direct contact with the top down which is the natural and only sensible way, the same as the hen applies the heat. We use the new "W" shaped cone radiator over the lamp chimney, so that the heat from the lamp strikes the under surface of this, which radiates it into the heating pipes. This positively eliminates any chance of trouble by the lamp blowing out or exploding, as there is no draft which might get into the pipe, blow down the chimney instead of into it. This makes the "Faribault" the most perfect brooder for outdoor use. These are large glass windows in the feeding apartment, which let in plenty of light and sunshine so much desired.

PRICES OF HOT AIR INDOOR BROODERS:
No. 5—Capacity up to 240 chicks, weight crated 75 lbs. $5.00.
No. 6—Capacity up to 240 chicks, weight crated 75 lbs. $6.25.

THE FARIBAULT OUTDOOR BROODER.

This brooder has three apartments, one for the lamp; no fumes or smoke from the lamp can enter the brood chambers. The brooding chamber is separated by a curtain, into two apartments, one is from 10 to 15 degrees warmer than the other, thus, it is too warm for the chicks under the oven, they come out into the feeding apartment. The heating pipes are over head and are connected to hot water tank, and therefore, are in direct contact with the top down which is the natural and only sensible way, the same as the hen applies the heat. We use the new "W" shaped cone radiator over the lamp chimney, so that the heat from the lamp strikes the under surface of this, which radiates it into the heating pipes. This positively eliminates any chance of trouble by the lamp blowing out or exploding, as there is no draft which might get into the pipe, blow down the chimney instead of into it. This makes the "Faribault" the most perfect brooder for outdoor use.

All our brooders are shipped complete, with all fixtures, including heater, safety lamp, thermometer, curtain, full directions, etc.

ALL REPAIRS FOR ABOVE MACHINES AT LOW PRICES.

The setting of Rhode Island Red eggs arrived in fine condition same time eggs. I now have eleven fine chicks, just four weeks old today. Am well pleased with the little flock. Thanks for your trouble and kindness.

MRS. J. MYERS
Edgerton, Minn.

Am well pleased with the Brooder received from you, obtained the best results with the machine.

FRED L. FINCH
Dell Rapids, S. D.

Shipment of eggs arrived here in best condition, also the oyster shells. Thanks for promptness.

C. G. HACKBARTH
Afton, Neb.
No man can have a real farm without chickens and no progressive farmer can afford to have but pure-bred stock. The foundation strains of all our flocks is what we consider the best to be had in the whole country; we have not spared expense and some of our breeding pens have cost as well upwards of a hundred dollars. While we have not been able to make winners in the show room, and have succeeded as our birds demonstrate, we have not lost sight of the fact that the mission of the chicken is first to lay eggs, and the breeding of layers is our first aim. We have succeeded in that too and the weather is never too cold for our hens to furnish the table with fine large eggs.

All orders for stock or eggs must be accompanied by cash. We do not ship eggs before March 15th, as satisfactory fertility from any flock is questionable before that time. Every care is used in collecting and packing eggs for hatching against chilling or breaking, and we deliver orders in time to express company, the customer to pay charges. In matter of fertility, we will replace all orders at one-half where there are five or more clear eggs in a setting (15 eggs) on the 10th day of incubation.

CRYSTAL WHITE ORPINGTON.

This fine large fowl is in great demand at the present time and is considered to be one of the very best and most extensively bred. They have single comb, flesh colored legs and skin. The Orpingtons are an excellent general fowl. They are next to the non-laying varieties for layers and are afterwards bred up to their present rich coloring. A lover of poultry can find more pleasure and profit in breeding this variety than any we know of. Our Reds we procured from the finest prize-winning strain obtainable and they are "Reds that are red". They are great layers, very handsome, easy to raise and to take care of. Eggs from Utility pen, $2.50 for 15, $6.25 for 50.

BUFF ORPINGTON.

These fowls are similar to the White Orpingtons, but are buff through and breed true to color. They are excellent layers. Price same as White Orpington.

SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED.

A beautiful American breed which has in a comparatively short time become one of the most popular. They are of good size and are excellent nesters — in fact were originated for laying purposes only, and afterwards bred up to their present rich coloring. A lover of poultry can find more pleasure and profit in breeding this variety than any we know of. Our Reds we procured from the finest prize-winning strain obtainable and they are "Reds that are red". They are great layers, very handsome, easy to raise and to take care of. Eggs from Utility pen, $2.00 for 15, $5.00 for 50. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, $3.00 per setting of 15.

ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED.

Very similar to the Single Comb breed, but comb are low down and double. They are splendid setters, good, kind, quiet mothers and excellent layers when on range. Price same as Single Comb Rhode Island Red.

WHITE WYANDOTTE.

This recognized dual-purpose fowl is one of our best layers and is raised more for broilers and roasters than any other, as they grow fast and are attractive on the market. The Wyandottes have fine feathers and persist in laying during the cold weather as well as in the moult. They are gentle and close in hand and are therefore fine for the small run or city lot. Altogether there are none better for the farm. The fowls mature early and produce the eggs. Eggs from Utility pen, $1.75 for 15. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, $2.00 for 15.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK.

This old stand-by breed hardly needs a description, except to state that there is a vast difference between the so-called Plymouth Rocks too often seen, and a thoroughbred with its true blue, even bars and perfect shape—the result of years of careful breeding. Their large size and steady egg production have made them the standard general purpose fowl. Eggs from Utility pen, $1.75 for 15, $4.50 for 50.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK.

They are a strong rival of the Barred Plymouth Rocks. In the combination of profitable table birds and egg producers they are highly commended, easily restricted and quiet, their pure white plumage and yellow comb make them very attractive. Eggs from Utility pen, $2.00 for 15. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, $3.25 for 15.

SINGLE COMB LEGHORNS—WHITE—BUFF—BROWN AND BLACK.

The active, commonly built Leuhorns hold the title of "Egg Machine" everywhere, and rightly so, for being non-setters, they waste no time, but lay continuously the year around from the time the pullets are four months old. They grow rapidly and require minimum feed and care. They are very hardy, mature early, and make the best broilers in the shortest time of any breed. The four different breeds of Leghorns we are offering resemble each other closely in type and build, but there is the difference in their size, coloring and fascinating colors. Whether white, black, buff or brown, one bird is as pretty as the other. Males and females are always topped off with perfectly formed rosy-red combs.

WHITE LEGHORN—Eggs from Utility pen, $1.50 per 15. $4.00 per 50. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, $2.50 per 15, $4.25 per 50.

BLACK LEGHORN—Eggs from Select breeding pen, $2.50 per 15, $4.25 per 50.

BUFF LEGHORN—Eggs from Utility pen, $1.75 per 15. — From Select breeding pen, $2.50 for 15, $4.25 for 30.

BROWN LEGHORN—Eggs from Utility pen, $1.50 per 15, $4.00 per 50. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, $2.25 per 15, $6.00 per 50.

COCKERELS, White and Brown Leghorn, $1.75 each. — Black and Buff Leghorn, $2.25 each. — Ancona $2.25 each. — Barred and White Plymouth Rock, $2.25 each.

ANCONAS—Mediterranean.

This is the only breed of chickens that ever succeeded in laying more eggs per hen than some of the Leghorn varieties. We have an authentic record of one flock which averaged 200 eggs per hen in 1 year. The Ancona has a black body with every other feather tipped red, red comb and wattles with white ear lobes; erect in carriage splendid "ruler" for food but does well in confinement. Eggs from Utility pen, $2.25 for 15, 30 for $4.25.
OUR BALANCED-RATION POULTRY FOOD—These prepared poultry foods contain only those sweet, sound grains, which will be eaten up clean and with a relish by all poultry, mixed with the right proportion of charcoal, ground bone, shell, etc., to balance the food in order to yield a good rate of gain. Each pound contains 36% protein, 

1. We have carefully analyzed every ingredient, and are very satisfied with the results. 
2. We have paid all the attention to the quality of the food which it deserves, and have given no thought to the cost of the materials. 
3. We have always endeavored to give our customers the best possible food, and have never been content with anything less. 

PULTRY SUPPLIES AND REMEDIES.

BLENDED RATION POULTRY FOOD—Our new blended ration poultry food is designed to meet the needs of all poultry keepers. It is a balanced ration that is easy to digest and contains all essential vitamins and minerals. It is ideal for hens, ducks, and turkeys.

SANITARY TWO PIECE DEHYDRATOR—Furnishes a constant supply of fresh water which chickens cannot over-turn nor get into. Fount is well made of 2-gauge black galvanized steel, is galvanized inside, and outside, is easily cleaned. No parts to get out of order. 2 qt. capacity each. 90c, 4 quarts each 50c, not prepaid.

SANITARY DROP BOTTOM FOUNTAIN—Made of 2-gauge galvanized steel. Easiest to open and clean. You simply hold the fountain with one hand, release the spring with the other hand, and the bottom swings open. Free from rust. This hinged rod. The most sanitary fountain on the market. One gallon size. Each 65c, not prepaid.

SANITARY DRY FOOD HOPPER—Furnishes dry mash or feed scraps easily within the reach of fowls. It has a lid, so that it can be closed during the day. The cover is generally covered by the poultrymen, and is so shaped that the food cannot escape. These pans will last several years. Each 25c, not prepaid. Pans, besides being more sanitary. Prices. No. 5, 8 inch pan, each 15c, No. 6, 6 inch pan, each 15c. 11 by mail, add 3c each for postage.

CONKEY’S REMEDIES.

CONKEY’S ROUGH FEATHERS REMEDY—For hens that are not eating properly. Price 50c prepaid.

CONKEY’S BLACKHEAD REMEDY—Use daily in water. It is a wonderful remedy for all cases of blackhead. Price 25c and 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY’S CHOLERA REMEDY—For all cases of cholera. Price 50c prepaid.

CONKEY’S DIARRHEA REMEDY—For diarrhea. Price 50c prepaid.

CONKEY’S POULTRY TONIC—For all cases of weakness. Price 25c and 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY’S EGG REMEDY—For eggs that are not setting. Price 25c and 50c, postpaid.

 fencing for chickens, etc. When you figure it down, it is a very economical product.

CRUSHED OYSTER SHELL—The great bone producer and natural grit. The best as a shell for egg production and general purposes. 100 lbs. $1.80, 100 lbs. $1.50, 100 lbs. $1.25.

CRUSHED CHARCOAL—Keeps fowls in healthy condition, purifies the blood and aids digestion. Two sizes, coarse and fine. 25 lbs. 75c, 50 lbs. $1.35, 100 lbs. $2.50.

SANITARY ROUND BOTTOM GRIT AND SHELL BOX—Fits the four sizes of shell boxes with square bottoms, while this grit and shell box has a round bottom, which prevents the flow of grit and shell gristling the corners. Can be set on floor or hung on wall. A winner for 60 cents. Capacity 3 quarts. Each 60c, not prepaid.

SANITARY CHICK FEED TROUGH—The only round-bottom trough made. No trouble to keep them clean. The grate slides on and off easily—a feature not found in other troughs. Price 35c, not prepaid. Size 12 inches 35c, not prepaid. Size 20 inches. capacity 4 quarts. Each 50c, not prepaid.

PHILADELPHIA POULTRY MARKER—Well made, with steel spring and cutter, nickel plated. 25c, each postpaid.

N. W. FOUNTAIN AND FEEDER—Feeds water. grain, grit, etc. automatically. Has 16 parts, as all parts are cut. Price 25c, not prepaid. Each 35c, not prepaid. Pans are constructed of heavy iron with a double lead coating. Will not rust. Pans will last several years. Each 25c, not prepaid. Pans, besides being more sanitary. Prices. No. 5, 8 inch pan, each 15c, No. 6, 6 inch pan, each 15c. 11 by mail, add 3c each for postage.

PRICES: ON ALL POULTRY FOODS ARE SUBJECT FLUCTUATIONS OF THE MARKET. See Our Blue Figure Price List For Current Prices.
EXTRA PREMIUMS TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WHY WE GIVE PREMIUMS—If you have never dealt with the Farmer Seed & Nursery Co., and one of your neighbors came to you and said: "I just received my order of Seed, and for this big Faribault Seed House and Vegetable Garden. All you have to do is go to the bank, get your full money's worth, and then some". How would this strike you? Wouldn't you feel inclined to do likewise?

Nearly all reliable firms aim to give you full money's worth but it's the "then some" that counts. It's making advertisers out of your customers—that's what we want you to do. Boost and advertise "Farmer Brand" Seeds among your friends and neighbors. In appreciation, we gladly give you extra value in the form of useful premiums. Get your friends to join you in an order and secure a good premium for your trouble.

HOW TO CLASSIFY YOUR ORDER.

CLASS 1—Consists of Vegetable or Flower seeds in dozens, half-pints and quarter-pounds. All collections are excluded.

CLASS 2—Means an order for our Clover-Grass Mixtures as listed on pages 15, 17 and 18.

CLASS 3—Will include Seed Grains, Seed Corn, Seed Potatoes, and bulk Garden or Flower Seeds not classified above.

NOTE:—Alfalfa, Timothy and Clovers are not included in the above classes and no premiums can be allowed on these seeds. Nor can we allow premiums on special offers or quotations, orders of any class.

Supertone Hornless Phonograph

AND ONE-HALF DOZEN RECORDS.

Here's a premium really worth striving for. A strictly high grade Talking Machine equal to any $25.00 retail machine on the market. Mechanism perfect and finished in mahogany. Will play two 10-inch records without re-winding; plays Victor, Columbia, or Little Wonder Records. Size 12 x 12 x 5 1/2. There is bushels of fun in this machine for young and old. See how easily you can get this machine together with one-half dozen selected Little Wonder records and a package of needles—really a $20.00 value. Our price $9.00.

AS A PREMIUM—With a $10.00 order of Class 1 and $5.50 cash; with a $25.00 order of Class 2 and $4.50 cash; or with a $50.00 order of Class 3 and $4.00 cash.

Solid Brass Fern Dish

AND EVER-LASTING FERN.

A very ornamental article for the home. This Fern Dish is heavily lacquered to prevent tarnish: has removable copper lining, claw feet, and measures 5 5/8 inches inside diameter. The brass is polished and hammered effect. It contains a 1/4 inch Everlasting Fern and stands on an AS A PREMIUM—With a $5.00 order of Class 1; a $12.00 order of Class 2; a $20.00 order of Class 3.

Combination Bill Fold and Card Case.

Made of genuine leather, inside fitted at one end with gusset pocket for coin money, and card holder, the other end with identification card and card holder, the center has a large size calender, and Patent stamp, holder, also case for cards: outside space for bills, which is secured by inside flap; fancy creased edges. Price 40c.

FREE with a $2.50 order of Class 1; a $5.00 order of Class 2; a $7.00 order of Class 3.

Ladies' Gunmetal Wrist Watch.

A beauty that will delight every young lady who becomes its proud possessor. We have made the price so low that you can secure one of these watches very easily; has a leather strap. Is finished in gunmetal and fitted with a good movement. Pixel line size. Price $2.25.

U.S. Family Scales.

Through we have listed this article for several years, it seems we dare not omit it because the housewives simply demand it. Every home kitchen should have one—it comes handy in a dozen ways. Has a white enamel dial and is finished in black enamel. Is provided with a special parcel post dial and weighs 15 lbs. Each ounce—warranted correct. Weight, boxed, 5 lbs. Price $1.15, not prepaid.

FREE with a $10.00 order of Class 1; a $15.00 order of Class 2; a $20.00 order of Class 3, at regular prices.

Crocodile Wrench.

The handiest tool for the farm—six tools in one—nothing to lose, order and get out the crocodile wrench and forge steel and fully guaranteed. Price 60c prepaid.

FREE with a $5.00 order of Class 1; a $5.50 order of Class 2; or an $8.00 order of Class 3.

NOTE:—In most instances the above premium may be packed with your order and delivered without extra charge. The following articles, if ordered under Class A, where prepaid prices are quoted, will be shipped at your expense:—Phonograph, Fern Dish, Lightning Mixer, Family Scales, and Rocker. If yours is a prepaid station, make allowance for transportation.

Mission Oak Rocker.

Novelty Leather Fob.

We want all the boys and men to wear this practical Fob with coin. Gold or Silver Liberty head, finished in oxidized gold. Fine black calf finished leather. See how easily you may have one. FREE with a $2.00 order of Class 1; with a $5.00 order of Class 2; with a $7.00 order of Class 3, at regular prices.

Mission Oak Rocker.

Leather Fob.

U.S. Family Scale.

Keyless Wonder Padlock.

No keys to carry, lose or worry about, works like a safe, safe as a safe, can be worked in the dark, with fingers. Whole lock containing over 100 parts, no keys required, absolutely dependable. Cannot be picked. Price 85c.

FREE with a $5.00 order of Class 1; a $5.00 order of Class 2; or a $10.00 order of Class 3 at regular prices.

Robert's Lightning Mixer.

Here is one of the best premiums we have ever offered. It was provided by complete necessity which displaces all similar inventions. Beats the wite of an egg in 60 seconds. Will whip cream in from 1 to 64 minutes or churn butter in 2 to 10 minutes. Indispensable for floats, charlotte russe, egg nogs, etc. Nickel plated cover; 1 quart size grade. Price 75c.

FREE with a $5.00 order of Class 1; a $7.00 order of Class 2; or a $10.00 order of Class 3.
HARDY NORTHERN GROWN VEGETABLE SEEDS

THE following list embraces the best standard varieties and such new ones which after careful tests in our trial grounds, we can recommend to possess special merit and meet with the approval of our customers.

We grow large quantities of Vegetable Seeds here on our farms, and are in fact the LARGEST GROWERS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS IN MINNESOTA. This is one of the most fertile sections of our state, where a great variety of vegetables are grown to perfection, and the seeds produced here excel all others by their vigor and vitality, their hardiness, earliness and productiveness. We make a specialty of raising ONION SEED and our seed can be depended upon to mature good large bulbs during the shortest season. The greatest attention is paid to these varieties which are GROWN FOR THE MARKET in the Northwest, and our strains will be found to be of the finest quality. Our seeds have been the standard strain for the Northwest and other sections for the past twenty-five years.

Our shipping facilities are better than ever; we can take care of your order promptly and furnish you seeds that will give the best of satisfaction in every particular. We supply best quality only and our prices are very moderate. Owing to the unfavorable growing season the past year there are decided shortages in crops, and therefore prices rule somewhat higher. We advise our customers to order early, as some items will not be procurable at any price later in the season.

MARKET GARDENERS' trade is especially invited; we can please you and all we ask is to give us a trial. Special Wholesale Price List for Market Gardeners is sent free to all who buy bulk seeds in large quantities.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS.
On all orders for seeds in packets and ounces amounting to $1.00 we allow 25 cents worth of seeds extra, and if the order amounts to 50 cents we allow 10 cents worth of seeds extra. These extra seeds given as a premium can be selected only in packets and ounces. Seeds put up in quarter pounds, half pints and larger quantities are excluded from this offer, also our Vegetable and Flower Seed Collection.

With every order of $2.00 worth of Vegetable Seeds at catalog prices we give free one year's subscription to the monthly "VEGETABLE GROWER", the leading gardener's paper for the Northwest, of interest to all who grow vegetables. This excludes the above discount.

NOTICE:—For the convenience of our customers we quote the prepaid prices on smaller quantities of Vegetable Seeds. When larger lots are wanted by parcels-postprepaid, you can figure postage according to zone-rates, but be sure to allow extra for the weight of packing. —C. O. D. shipments add unnecessary expense; if wanted shipped by that method, please enclose ¼ of the amount in remittance with order.

ARTICHOKE.

Seeds may be sown indoors and plants set out in May, or can be sown outside, and thinned out to one plant in a hill. The plants thrive best in deep, rich soil. Plants are set in rows three feet apart and two feet in the row.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE—The well known French vegetable. The undeveloped flower heads when properly prepared make a most delicious dish. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. $1.00, prepaid.

ASPARAGUS.

In early spring sow the seed, after soaking it 24 hours in warm water, in drills one foot apart, and one inch deep. During the summer keep the soil mellow and free from weeds, thinning the plants to 4 inches apart. The following spring transplant them into permanent beds that have been deeply dug and highly manured. One ounce of seed to 50 feet drill; five pounds to the acre.

BONVALET'S GIANT—Especially recommended for home and market gardens. A strong and rapid grower, most rust proof. Furnishes large size shoots for a longer period than any other kind. Flavor unexcelled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. $1.40, prepaid.

EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL—Earliest large green sort, of superb flavor. Used extensively by gardeners. Pkt. 8c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—A mammoth green sort of the best quality. Packet ½c, ounce 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

PALMETTO—An early, light green sort, prolific and very desirable. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE—This variety is in great demand because it furnishes white shoots. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

FOR ASPARAGUS ROOTS SEE PAGE 107.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

This is one of the best vegetables for winter use, producing an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbages; of excellent mild flavor. By sowing in April and planting out in July, it may be had in fine condition until Dec. and in the South from Nov. to March. Pkt. 8c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.
BUSH BEANS. Green Podded Sorts.

**CULTURE**—Plant in drills ½ inches deep and drop the beans 3 inches apart; the rows should be 2 to 3 feet apart. For succession plant every 2 weeks until middle of July. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill. The pods are round. Beans are one of our specialties, we grow a large acreage and supply only best stock while our prices are extremely moderate. Crop Very Short—Order Early.

**NOTE**—To increase the yield of the "Maftod Nitro Germ", see page 8.

**BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD**—This bean is unequaled for the home garden as well as for market. It has a combination of features that makes it the best for this purpose, being early, prolific and absolutely stringless. The pods are round, a deep green color, straight and round, with thick, meaty flesh. For succession plantings can be made at intervals of 2 weeks as late as August. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 65c, postpaid. —Quart 50c, ½ peck $1.75, peck $3.25, not prepaid.

**GIANT GREEN POD**—Extra early, producing large, handsome pods, some of which measure fully six inches in length. The plants are very productive, bearing pods which are perfectly round, very bushy, extremely early and prolific. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 65c, prepaid. —Quart 50c, ½ peck $1.75, peck $3.25, not prepaid.

**Bountiful Stringless**—A bountiful yielder, extra early, with large, flat, tender pods which are absolutely stringless. An improved Long Yellow Six Weeks, being earlier, harder and larger than the old variety. Absolutely stringless. Valuable for the market and home garden. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, postpaid. —Quart 40c, ½ peck $1.35, peck $2.50, not prepaid.

**BLACK VALENTINE**—A great improvement over the popular standard sort. Early Red Valentine is the first to mature of this variety, produces a rich, round, prolific crop, perfect in form and extremely early. The most desirable sort for the market gardener. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, postpaid. —Quart 40c, ½ peck $1.35, peck $2.50, not prepaid.

**STRINGLESS REFUGEE**—This strain possesses all the good qualities of popular old Refugees, with its bad feature, its stringiness eliminated. The plants are enormous yielders. The pods are of a handsome appearance, nearly round, from 5 to 6 inches long and of light green color. Refugia beans are largely used for canning and pickling. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 60c, postpaid. —Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.50, peck $2.75, not prepaid.

**FULL MEASURE**—This new main crop, green podded bean is of excellent quality, entirely stringless and exceedingly prolific. The plants are practically blight free. The pods are round, 3 inches long, firm but tender, and remain fit for use many days after maturition. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.75, peck $2.85, not prepaid.

**IMPROVED RED VALENTINE**—This is the old well known sort, which is still largely planted in many localities and is a general favorite. Packet 5c, ½ pint 10c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

**EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE**—Very early, hardy and productive pods round and straight. A fine all-around bean and largely planted everywhere. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.20, peck $2.15, not prepaid.

**LATE REFUGEE**—Very late and can therefore be sown early; they mature quickly, often being ready to pick in 45 days after sowing. Pods are round, long, fleshy, rich green in color and when gathered young are practically stringless. It is extensively grown by gardeners. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 60c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.75, peck $2.35, not prepaid.

**EARLY YELLOW SIX WEEKS**—Another standard and well known variety. Very early, a good yielder, excellent snap bean and good market sort, of vigorous upright growth, bearing in great profusion slightly curved pods 4½ to 5½ inches in length. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.35, not prepaid.

**WHITE TEPAH—**The Desert Bean. This is the best bean for dry sections. It is a shell bean much more prolific than the navy bean, maturing quickly, sixty-five days from sowing to picking, making it valuable as a catch crop. Not subject to diseases. The beans are of clear white color, they cook well and are of delicious flavor. For the dry sections of South and North Dakota, Montana, Colorado, etc., the White Teapa is a sure money making crop. The pods are round, 3½ inches long, firm but tender, and remain fit for use many days after maturition. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

**BOSTON PEA BEAN**—An improvement over the old Navy Bean. A very prolific field bean, and largely grown in all sections where field beans are excellently. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, postpaid. —Quart 25c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.50, bu. $2.85, not prepaid.

**LARGE WHITE MARROW**—Excellent as a shelled bean for home use and market, the best cooking bean of all. The beans are very white and twice as large as the Navy. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, postpaid. —Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.25, bu. $2.25, not prepaid.

**BUSH LIMA BEANS.**

These Bush Lima Beans cannot be recommended too highly; no home garden should be without them.

**FLOODHORSE BUSH LIMA**—This new dwarf form of the Potato Lima is a great improvement, as it grows softly erect, bearing the pods well above the ground. The Podded Lima makes early and prolific. The pods measure 4 to 5 inches and contain 4 to 5 large beans. The beans are tender, juicy and sweet in flavor when cooked. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.15, pk. $2.00, not p'p'd.

**HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA**—A perfect bush, about six inches high, maturing very early, three and one-half inches in diameter and developing a heavy and prolific crop. The pods are large and well filled with luscious beans of large size. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.15, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

**HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA**—A perfect bush, about six inches high, maturing very early, three and one-half inches in diameter and developing a heavy and prolific crop. The pods are large and well filled with luscious beans of large size. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.15, peck $2.00, not prepaid.
BUSH BEANS. Wax or Yellow Podded Varieties.

NOTICE:—Crop is the shortest ever harvested.—ORDER EARLY.

F. S. & N. C.'S FARIBAULT KIDNEY WAX—Strong, robust plants. Immense pods. Absolutely stringless. Enormous yielder. We consider this bean of greater value to the market gardener than any other wax bean known today.

The strong plants are of erect bush habit, reach the height of 18 to 20 inches and are immune from bean bugs, such as blight and rust. The flabby pods are flattened in form, from 6 to 7 inches in length, ½ inch broad and of lemon yellow color; they are remarkable for their neatness, brittleness, absolute freedom from string or tough fibre, and fine table quality. The season of bearing is thus lengthened as of Wardwell's Kidney Wax, but this new variety produces nearly twice the number of pods, and pods of much larger size and more handsome in appearance, while it also is greatly superior in quality, which the sampling of the pool will quickly demonstrate. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. C.'S STRINGLESS WHITE Wax—Hardy white seeded wax beans of the finest quality. The bushy are of sturdy, upright growth and highly laden with large handsome pods, which are straight, of a bright yellow color, brittle, meaty and entirely stringless at all stages of growth. The seed is large, pure white and most desirable as shell beans both for summer and winter use. Crop failed.

PROLIFIC GERMAN BLACK Wax or BUTTER BEAN—This is no doubt the earliest and one of the most productive of all beans, and is rust proof. Vines medium sized, very vigorous and productive. Pods of medium length, borne well up from the ground, cylindrical, fleshy; of a clear, creamy white color and remain a long time in condition for use as a snap bean. Splendid bean for early and late plantings. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck $1.80, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

BLACK PENCIL POD Wax—The best quality round pod early wax bean. Of bushy growth and extremely productive. Pods are straight, round, 6 to 7 inches long; thick, absolutely stringless, of fine flavor color medium yellow. The seed is black. There are several varieties of black wax of which the following are well known: Wardell's Black Wax, Wardell's Improved Black Wax, Wardell's Improved Pencil Pod Black Wax. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck $1.80, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

IMPROVED GOLDEN Wax—A well known standard variety and largely planted everywhere. Medium early, of vigorous, bushy growth, rust proof. A reliable hardy cropper, whether sown in spring, summer or early fall. Pods long, flat, thick and solid. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck $1.80, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

DAVIS KIDNEY Wax—The most hardy wax-podded bean in cultivation. The vine is rustless, very vigorous and productive and bears its pods near the center in clusters. The pods are very long, flat, waxy-white, straight and handsome, and when young are brittle, crisp and tender. Seeds clear white, excellent for baking and for cooking purposes. One of the best for shipping as snap beans and of the greatest value as a market variety. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck $2.00, peck $5.00, not prepaid.

SURE CROP STRINGLESS Wax—A very fine new Wax Podded Bush Bean that proved to be the surest cropper out of some twenty-five varieties of wax beans we had on our trial grounds. The plant is of remarkable vigor and productiveness, free from blight and rust, and seems to be much more hardy than any other bean. The pods are of a rich golden yellow color, and they are perfectly stringless at all stages of development, are exceedingly brittle, crisp and tender, and of exceptionally fine flavor. One of the best for baking and cooking purposes. One of the best for the home garden. Sure Crop Stringless Wax is the bean "par excellence" for dry sections. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck $2.00, peck $5.75, not prepaid.

NEW DELICIOUS Wax—The earliest wax bean in cultivation, coming into edible condition in advance of any other wax pod variety. The quality is well described by its name, it is simply "delicious" from first to last. The

Faribault Kidney Wax.

It is an exceedingly heavy bearer. 100 pods having been counted on a single bush, is fully as early in maturing the pods as the Wardwell's Kidney Wax, and is of excellent quality. We consider it very desirable especially for the home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 30c, prepaid.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY Wax—This variety, maturing a little later than the Golden Wax, yields a large crop of heavy, flat, nearly straight, broad, creamy white, handsome pods, which are of good quality and command a ready sale, making this variety one of the best for market gardeners. A well known, largely planted wax bean. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck $2.00, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

NEW ROYAL Wax—The plant is vigorous and large, with round runners, spreading with large leaves. The pods are about 5 inches long, round, of a waxy yellow color; very brittle, entirely stringless, without fibre and unsurpassed in quality. Very early in season, ripening with the German Black Wax Bean. Resists drought well. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck $2.00, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

WEBBER BUTTER Wax—A new variety which is grown extensively by the market gardeners around Chicago and in that market always secures top price. The vine is strong, bearing the heavy pods well up. The pods are of rich bright yellow color, very fleshy, tender and stringless. Early and very prolific. Does well in all sections, and is very resistant to unfavorable weather conditions. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck $2.00, peck $3.50, not prepaid.

BUSH BEANS. Dwarf Lima. Cont'd

These Bush Lima Beans cannot be recommended too highly; no home garden should be without them.

GIANT BUSH LIMA—The best Bush Lima in existence. It is fully 8 to 10 days earlier than any other large Lima, either bush or pole, and is a most prolific variety. The plants are of vigorous and prolific growth, 20 to 30 inches in height, and bear the pods well up above the ground. The pods which are produced in large clusters of from 3 to 8, measure from 5 to 6 inches in length and contain 3 to 6 beans of large size, and of the most luscious flavor. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 85c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck $1.40, peck $6.50, not prepaid.

For other varieties of Bush Lima Beans see preceding page.
POLE OR RUNNER BEANS.

The beans should be planted the middle of May if the season is suitable. Set poles 4 feet apart each way, and 4 to 6 beans, about one inch deep around each pole. Thin out to 3 plants to a pole, if soil is rich; pinch off the ends of plants when they over-run the tops of the poles, to effect more perfect growth below. They succeed best in sandy loam. The plants will plant about 100 hills.

BURGERS'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD. (White Seeded Kentucky Wonder)—The best Green Pod Pole Bean for the Northwest. The vines are not very long and can be grown on bush instead of on a pole. The pods are long in clusters and average 4 to 8 inches in length, are uniformly straight, and of dark green color. They are absolutely stringless, very meaty, tender and sweet in flavor. The dry beans are small and white, being good for baking after the pods have become too ripe. Equally desirable for the market and for the home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX—A strong, vigorous grower, requiring a pole 6 to 8 feet high. It bears its bright golden-yellow pods in clusters of 3 to 6 in the greatest abundance from July until cut down by the frost. The pods are 4 to 6 inches long, very broad, quite thick and fleshy, entirely stringless and of the very best quality. Seed is large, of white color. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

WHITE CHEESEBACK—Very early and a heavy yielder. Pods medium long, silver-green and of the best quality in stages being very fleshy and tender. Seed pure white and excellent shell for winter use. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.30, not prepaid.

FARMER POINT (EARLY)—Pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.30, not prepaid.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX—A strong, vigorous grower, requiring a pole 6 to 8 feet high. It bears its bright golden-yellow pods in clusters of 3 to 6 in the greatest abundance from July until cut down by the frost. The pods are 4 to 6 inches long, very broad, quite thick and fleshy, entirely stringless and of the very best quality. Seed is large, of white color. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

HORTICULTURAL OF SPECKLED CRANBERRY—An old favorite. Exceedingly productive; vines large and bushy. Heirs are large and of fine quality. Packet 6c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.30, not prepaid.

OLD HOMESTEAD OR KENTUCKY WONDER—The pods are 7 to 9 inches long, very fleshy, stringless when young and of the finest quality. Ripens very early. Pkt. 8c, ½ pt. 1sc, qt. 45c, prep'd.—Qt. 30c, ½ pk. $1.00, pk. $1.85, not prepaid.

LAZY WIFE—Pods are thick, and above all entirely stringless. They are exceedingly rich, buttery and fine flavored when cooked. One of the best Pole Beans for snaps; the dry beans are excellent for winter use. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

SCARLET RUNNER—Popular for both ornamental and culinary purposes. The flowers which are born profusely in large sprays, are of brilliant scarlet color; they are followed by large ornamental pods of beans which are of very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

YARD LONG—A great curiosity and with a bean of excellent quality. Pods usually 18 to 34 inches long but frequently 30 inches and sometimes 36 inches in length. An excellent table vegetable, pods being tender and of a rich asparagus flavor. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c.

POLE LIMA BEANS.

NEW CARPINHERA—This is considered the most perfect Pole Lima Bean. The plants have a good bushy habit, a sure indication of the finest quality. Pods are very long, fleshy and productive. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.15, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY JERSEY—A well known variety. Early, productive and of fine quality. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.75, bushel $6.50, not prepaid.

KING OF THE GARDEN—Pods are very fleshy and productive. Pods very long, filled with large white beans of the finest quality. On account of its large pods it is a favorite with market gardeners. A late variety bearing a long time. Pkt. 5c, ½ pt. 1sc, qt. 45c, prepaid.—Qt. 35c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. $1.75, bushel $6.50, not prepaid.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

This is one of the best vegetables for winter use, producing an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbage, of excellent quality. Packets are sold by the dozens and a wide variety of kinds unless otherwise stated. Each variety is described individually.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS assistants. These are sold by the dozens and a wide variety of kinds unless otherwise stated. Each variety is described individually.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS assistants. These are sold by the dozens and a wide variety of kinds unless otherwise stated. Each variety is described individually.
BEETS.

The soil for beets should be of lighter and well-enriched. Sow in drills of 2 or 3 in., apart, and the plants may be thinned to 2 in. or 2½ in. apart. Their roots can be worked off 6 in. or 7 in. and the growth carried on as late as the middle of July; when the plants are large enough to stand the wind, 6 in. or 7 in. apart in rows, to 8 ft. of drill 8 in. to the acre in drills.

**DETROIT DARK RED**—Long experience has shown this variety to be one of the best deep red turnip beets, not only for market gardens, but also for home use. It is also by far the best for canning, making a strikingly handsome product, much superior to that obtained from most other varieties. Its early maturity, and the splendid shape and color of the root make it popular everywhere. On account of its small, upright growing tops the rows may be close together. Leaf stumps and stems are dark red, black green, round or oval and very smooth; color of skin dark blood red; flesh deep vermilion red, zoned with a darker shade, very crisp; tender; and sweet, and remaining so for a long time. The stock which we offer of this variety will produce a crop uniform in shape, color, and quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN**—This variety is sown more than any other where an extra early beet is wanted for forcing in frames, as well as for winter sowing outside. It becomes fit for use sooner than any other kind. The roots are of very even shape; the flesh is bright red with zones of a darker shade, fine quality, sweet and tender. A standard market gardener's variety; it is also excellent for forcing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, lb. 45c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**F. S. & N. CO'S FIREBALL**—A splendid new variety of great merit being suited for forcing under glass and for open ground culture. It is perfectly globe-shaped and very early. The leaf stalks and single, tiny tap-roots are very small, making it valuable for both early and late sowing in frames. The skin is smooth, the tap-root and one side of the root is as early as the ground can in color. For the home garden this beet will be found very desirable. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, lb. 50c, lb. $0.75, prepaid.

**CRIMSON GLOBE**—The root is proposed to the grower as a showy, perfect globe-shape, and has a remarkably smooth surface, and a very small tap root. Flesh is fine grained, sweet, and tender in all stages of growth; both skin and flesh are deep rich red. The leaves are small, very dark green, and borne on slender, upright growing stems. The fine shape and color of the roots, their tenderness, fine flavor and early maturity render them peculiar with all who plant them. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, lb. 50c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**BASIL MAN'S EXTRA EARLY BLOOD TURNIP**—Roots are of medium size, bright red with lighter zones, good quality, small top. A good beet for market and home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.
MANGEL-WURZEL.
For Stock Feeding.

The value of Mangel-Wurzels for stock feeding can not
be overestimated. No one who keeps horses, sheep or
cattle should be without this root for fall and win-
ter feeding, as the results from their use are wonderful,
being clearly shown in the improved health and con-
dition of the animals, the increase of milk from the
cows and the great saving in hay.

Mangles are a super crop than any other root;
you can be raised at a very telling cost, and yield
immense crops per acre. Our trade in Mangels and
Sugar-Beets for feeding is one of the largest in the
country and is increasing enormously every year,
owing to the fact that our stocks are of the highest quality obtainable and our prices
always very reasonable. Five to six pounds of
seed are required per acre.

MINNESOTA GOLDEN TANKARD—The Golden Tankard is considered one of the
best mangels grown, and our selected strain is
unsurpassed in yielding and feeding qualities. This
flish is firm, solid and of a rich golden yel-
low color. The roots have small necks, are of
cylindrical form and grow thick and even in
shape; they are easily lifted and are excellent
keepers. With no specially selected ground and
good average cultivation the yield will be from
40—50 tons per acre while with extra cultivation
it will yield 60—70 tons per acre.

IMPROVED GIANT RED ECKENDORF—This is the most
popular variety of Mangels in Germany, being planted
there more than any other kind, but it has also given the
best results in this country wherever planted. The roots are smooth, of cylindrical shape, and weigh
from 15 to 25 pounds apiece. The flesh is firm, solid, of white color and highly nutritious value. The
Eckendorf Mangels are phenomenal yielders and are easily harvested, the root growing to the largest part
above the ground. A splendid long keeper.

GIAN L Sludstrup—Sludstrup is considered the best and heaviest yielders of all Mangels, and
holds the world’s record for dry matter content. This Mangel has been awarded a first-class certificate sev-
ler times by the Danish Government, where mangels are as important as corn is
here. Sludstrup is a long, reddish-yellow, ovoid root, growing more than half above the ground. Easily harvest-
ed, and by actual test far excels any other variety. In both the weight
and feeding value of yield. Our seed is from the best Danish growers.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN GIANT—Very large, oval-shaped roots, growing over one-half out of the ground and having white flesh which
is sweet and tender, and never becomes woody. An enormous yielder; the
roots are easily harvested and keep well.

SUGAR BEETS—For Sugar Making.

KLEIN WANZLEBEN—Probably more widely grown than any other, and undoubtedly the
best sort for general cultivation. It produces from 14 to 18 tons per acre, and contains from 15 to 18% of
sugar. The root grows below the surface.

VILMORIN’S IMPROVED—Altho not quite as large as the Klein Wanzleben, it contains
fully as large a percentage of sugar. The root grows below the surface.

Price of Sugar Beets as quoted above.

SUGAR BEETS—For Stock Feeding.

SUPERIOR TO MANGELS.

GIANT HALF SUGAR MANGEL—A strain of beets, which, while giving as large a yield
and being as easily grown and harvested as a crop of mangels, supplies a food which is much sweeter
and consequently of very much higher nutritive value. The roots grow partly out of the ground and
are therefore easily harvested, they are very large, firm, smooth, clean and of oval shape.
The color of the skin is light bronze green above and white below the ground; the flesh is
white, crisp, sweet and excellently in feeding quality. It is more nutritious than sugar beets and
preferred to them by all stock. OZ. 5c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.—Lb. 40c, 10 lbs. $3.50,
100 lbs. $22.00, not prepaid.

ROYAL GIANT or HALF SUGAR ROSE—A beet of highest nutritive value for
feeding. Somewhat egg shaped; on account of growing half out of the ground, it is very
easily harvested. Quite similar to Giant Half Sugar except in color of skin which is bright
rose above the ground, white below. OZ. 5c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.—Lb. 40c, 10 lbs.$3.50, 25 lbs. $7.50, not prepaid.

I raised your Giant Red Eckendorf Mangels last year and some of them weighed 26 pounds each. They
were all very fine and none hollow. I am well satisfied with your seeds.
HENRY HOFFMAN, Kalispell, Mont.

All the seeds purchased from you in the past season have given the best satisfaction. Mangels weighed 20
pounds a root and over. Onions over 1 pound each. Your Vegetable Seeds are the best.
FRED KUHNKE, Garden, N. Dak.
CABBAGE. Early Varieties.

CULTURE—Seed of the early varieties should be sown % of an inch deep in a greenhouse, hot-bed, or in boxes in the house, about six weeks before the plants are needed for planting out. As soon as the soil can be worked in the spring the plants should be removed to the open field and set in rows two feet apart each way. Late Cabbage: May be sown in rows one foot apart or broadcast in the garden, about the middle of May, and the plants set in the field the latter part of June.

NOTICE—Use "Slug Shot" to kill cabbage worms.

MINNESOTA'S EARLIEST—The earliest heading Cabbage in cultivation, producing pointed, hard heads of good size, fully a week ahead of the Jersey Wakefield. The ideal short season cabbage, of greatest value in northern localities and exposed situations. Pkt. $0.60.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—The best first early, oblong sort. The heads are conical, very hard and solid and of excellent quality. Most gardeners depend upon it for the bulk of their extra early crop, and its hardness to resist cold and other unfavorable conditions insures the greatest likelihood of satisfactory results. Selected seed. Pkt. $0.60.

LARGE WASHINGTON or CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD—A strain of which the plant is larger and a little later than Early Jersey Wakefield. Exceedingly hardy, and on account of its earliness and size of head it is deservedly a very popular sort with market gardeners and shippers to follow Jersey Wakefield. Pkt. $0.25.

SECOND EARLY or SUMMER SORTS.

F. S. & N. Co's. VOLGA or EARLY STONEHEAD—One of the very earliest, large flat head varieties, especially recommended for Fall, Winter and Spring market. Planted as late as the first week in July, it will mature a grand crop of cabbage, with large heads, often measuring a foot in diameter and weighing from 15 to 20 pounds. They are extremely hard in the head, small in size, with very few outer leaves. The quality is very fine, both for cooking and kraut. On account of its compactness, plants can be set together very close. Heads do not crack as much as other sorts, and keep first class till late in Spring. Pkt. $0.20.

F. S. & N. Co's. ALL HEAD or OLYMPUS—If a gardener were to plant but one kind of cabbage, he could get none that would answer all purposes as well as the All-Head Early. It is the earliest of the large flat-headed cabbages, at least a week in advance of one-third larger than Henderson's Early Summer. The deep, flat heads are remarkably uniform in shape, size and color, with finer ribs than other flat kinds; they are very tender and the quality is excellent. It is highly recommended for growing in spring and early summer, and is also very fine for winter use. This is the Earl of Olompan, one of the most profitable cabbages to grow, as on account of its compact habit of growth, a close planting can be made. It is a grand variety for the home garden and one of the very best grown for market. Pkt. $0.20.

HENDERSON'S SELECTION—It is a week later than Early Summer, but double its size, and remarkably uniform in size and shape. The quality is very good, and should be included in every order. Pkt. $0.25.

EARLY DURFLE FLAT DUTCH—An excellent second early variety, producing fine, large heads. Highly valued both for its fine quality and ability to resist heat. Head very solid, broad, round, flattened on top, tender and finely grained. Pkt. $0.25.

F. S. & N. Co's. ALL SEASONS—Heads are very large, round, often nearly spherical, but usually somewhat flattened; they are very solid and of the best quality, keeping well as the winter sorts. The plants are very vigorous and are sure to head. Remarkable for its ability to stand the hot sun and dry weather. Our trials have shown that heads which were fit for forcing in July were still salable Sep., 19th, the only change being increased size and density. One of the very best sorts for general cultivation. Pkt. $0.25.

EARLY SHINER—The popular flat-head variety for early market. Heads are of good size, very solid, compact, of excellent quality, sweet and tender, and of very fine appearance. Pkt. $0.25.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—See Novelties.

All-Head or Surprise.
CABBAGE, LATE OR AUTUMN AND WINTER Sorts.

For CABBAGE PLANTS see Page 74.

DANISH BALLHEAD, THE TRUE HOLLANDER or AMAGER— Tall Stem. Selected Stock, Danish Grown. The most remarkable cabbage yet produced and a great favorite with all who have grown it. The heads, which are round, very solid and compact, are of medium size, averaging about 4 lbs. in weight; in color they are entirely distinct, being a fine white; they never burst, and keep better than any other sort, being as solid and perfect when taken up in the spring as when put away in the fall. This cabbage is of fine texture, crisp, tender and sweet in flavor. It grows excellently on almost all soils and under most conditions, withstanding cold, dry and hot weather, and never rotting from the effects of wet seasons. It is without question the most popular winter cabbage and is grown most extensively in the cabbage growing sections of the Northwest. Our seed is grown in Denmark by the best grower and is unsurpassed. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $1.75c, lb. $2.25.

DANISH BALLHEAD or HOLLANDER—American Grown Seed. Some of our customers have not been grown seed of this excellent cabbage, therefore we offer best stock of Long Island grown seed. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $1.60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. Co.'S SELECTED PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH—A very fine strain of Late Flat Dutch which we have recommended as a sure heading variety, producing very large, solid heads, weighing 20 to 30 pounds each, of dark green color and excellent flavor; it is a good keeper. We have taken great care in the selecting of heads for seed and our strain is very pure. Our Selected Premium Late Dutch is one of the best fall shipping cabbages, and unsurpassed for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $1.60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

STONEMASON DRUMHEAD—By many gardeners this is considered one of the most reliable varieties for fall and winter use. The plants are of medium size with only a very moderate number of leaves. Stem medium length, heads of good size, round and slightly flattened, very solid, crisp, tender, and entirely free from the strong flavor found in many late sorts. It is one of the few cabbages that is certain to please both the amateur and the market gardener. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $1.60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. Co.'S SUREHEAD—A good main crop variety. Always sure to make fine heads even in most unfavorable seasons. The heads are remarkably uniform, very hard, firm and fine in texture, and weigh from 10 to 15 pounds each. A general favorite with gardeners, and on account of its drought resisting quality it can be recommended especially for the western states. A good shipper and keeps splendidly. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $1.60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

LATE BRUNSWICK—A very fine main crop variety and grand long keeper. Hea...
RED CABBAGE.

F. S. & N. CO’S DANISH STONEHEAD—This new red cabbage is considered one of the best red cabbages ever known. The plants are strong and compact in growth, producing dark red, round, solid heads of large size, equally as hard and handsome in appearance as our famous Danish Ballhead. The red color extends to the center of each head, making it a valuable sort for the market, exhibiting a bright red color. Packet 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. $1.00, ½ lb. $3.75, prepaid.

ERUFUTI EXTRA—This is the earliest of all red cabbages. The heads are not very large but of excellent quality, very hard and keep well; the color is blood-red. The best variety for pickling. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

BLACK DIAMOND OR NIGGERHEAD—A grand, second early variety, with large, firm heads, having thick and small leaf-ribbs and a black-red color. There are but few outer leaves, permitting close planting. Packet 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. $1.00, lb. $5.75, prepaid.

MAHOMEE RED HOCK—The largest of the red cabbages and a sure head; the heads are round, very solid, weighing 10 to 12 pounds, and are of an attractive dark red color. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

SAVOY CABBAGE.

The Savoy Cabbage are superior in flavor to the smooth-leaved sorts.

F. S. & N. CO’S EARLIEST OF ALL SAVOY—Forms medium sized, very solid, heads of conical shape, with blunt equal value to the market gardener and private garden. Packet 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. $1.00, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF ULTH SAVOY—One of the earliest and sweetest of the Savoys. The heads are round and solid, with small, thick, fleshy leaves of fine, deep green color and excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY—The best of the large, late Savoy sorts, either for home use or for the market. The plants are very vigorous growers and sure headers; the heads are compact and showy, with finely fringed or crimped leaves of the finest flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

For Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants see page 74.

This is my sixth annual order to the Farmer Seed & Nursery Co. Your Danish Ballhead Cabbage is unsurpassed. Heads put in cellar last Fall are as solid and nice since date (Feb. 12th) as when we put them away.

CAULIFLOWER.

Sow the seed in a hot-bed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough, transplant 3 inches apart in boxes and set to plant out. If hardened off they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, 2½ feet apart each way. Keep well hooded, watering freely in dry weather, and especially when they begin to head. The late varieties mature in autumn, and are sow and managed similar to winter cabbage. Any soil that will grow cabbage will grow cauliflower, but rich, moist soil is preferred.

NOTICE—To kill worms and bugs on Cauliflower plants use "Slug Shot", see page 42.

F. S. & N. CO’S SELECTED EXTRA EARLY SNOWBALL—The most popular and earliest variety. Our seed is raised by expert growers in Denmark, the best Cauliflower growing country in the world. Under the climate of this country it is adapted for raising this vegetable, and our growers select for seed only the very earliest, largest and finest, fully developed heads. We can therefore offer our stock as first class in every respect not surpassed by any other stock of Cauliflower on the market, all shade green, true colored, producing a few days later than the Snowball, and larger and earlier in the open ground. Under favorable conditions every plant will form a large, solid, solid head, measuring from 8 to 10 inches across, with a very close snow white curd of extra fine quality. The plants are compact, with a few narrow, upright leaves and can be set closely together. We supply the most critical trade. Packet 15c, ¼ oz. 75c, ½ oz. $1.25, oz. $2.00, ¼ lb. $7.50, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO’S DANISH PERFECTION—A new early variety of the Dwarf Eurfurt type. While of course as early as Snowball, the heads are better protected by leaves and are very firm, solid and heavy, snow white and with no protruding leaves. The extra protection to the head does away with the necessity of packing the heads in a large extent. Comes very true to type and is evenness in maturing makes it possible to take care of the crop at one cutting. This variety produces the most solid, white and best heads of cauliflower we have ever seen grown. Practically every plant produces a good head. Packet 15c, ¼ oz. 75c, ½ oz. $1.25, oz. $2.25, ¼ lb. $7.28, prepaid.

EARLY SNOWBALL—A splendid type of the Snowball and is very popular in the East. Our seed will give best satisfaction. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 50c, ½ oz. 85c, oz. $1.60, ¼ oz. $5.00.

EXTRA EARLY PARIS—Very popular early sort, forming medium sized, compact heads of excellent quality and flavor. The heads are large, stalk short. For the home garden a very satisfactory variety. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 25c, oz. 50c, lb. $1.50.

LARGE LATE ALGERS—This is one of the best late varieties. It is largely grown for fall use, never falling to produce large, fine heads. Very popular with market gardeners and canners. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 45c, ½ oz. 75c, ¼ lb. $2.25, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF EURT—One of the best varieties of Cauliflower that can be had at any price, and growers will find this a very superior variety. It is a good variety for fall use, growing more slowly than the other varieties and is therefore especially adapted for growing in dry localities, where it will produce good sized heads under unfavorable conditions, other kind is grown fals. We recommend this variety as one of the very best for the home garden as well as for the market gardener for growing in the open ground. Packet 15c, ¼ oz. 60c, ½ oz. $1.00, oz. $1.75, ¼ lb. $6.00, prepaid.

DRIEST WEATHER OR DANISH GIANT—The plants have large foliage and form firm and snow-white heads, which are much larger and heavier than those of the Snowball and of equal fine quality, but a week later. The Dry-Weather or Danish Giant Eurfurt is a constituent of the Snowball and has the same qualities, but a week later. We recommend this variety as one of the very best for the home garden as well as for the market gardener for growing in the open ground. Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 75c, ½ oz. $1.25, oz. $2.00, ¼ lb. $7.50, prepaid.

AUTUMN GIANT—A distinct and valuable late variety with long stems and dark green leaves. The heads are very extremely white, firm and compact and well protected by foliage, remain a long time fit for use. Plants should be started and transplanted early. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 55c, ¼ lb. $1.00, prepaid.
CARROTS, TABLE VARIETIES.

The Carrot is one of the most nutritious and healthful roots, and should be more generally used for the table as well as for stock feeding purposes. Will grow in any soil; sandy deep loam is best. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, covering about 1/2 inch, and the plants should be thinned. For two, three, or even four inches, for the roots should be 18 to 24 inches, or the rows may be made wide enough apart, say 1 1/2 to 2 feet, to allow cultivation by horse power. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drills, three to four pounds required per acre.

F. S. & N. C.'S SUPERIOR MARKET—An elegant bunching carrot, resembles Danvers Half Long, but is of much finer texture; flesh deep orange nearly to the center, leaving hardly any core; very sweet and tender, never becoming stringy or woody. The finest carrot for the market or table use. It is very uniform in size and always yields well. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 85c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

DANVERS HALF LONG—This is considered the best variety for general crop, and is a first class carrot for any kind of soil. Roots are of rich, dark orange color, grow to a good size, tapering uniformly to a blunt point, and are smooth and handsome. They are easily harvested and a good keeper. This carrot is excellent for table use, and owing to its production of a large quantity of leaves, it is largely grown for feeding purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

LONG NANTES—It is of good shape and size. The leaves are large and of the best quality; they are produced in a very uniform manner, and the roots are almost cylindrical in form; they are easily harvested and a good keeper. This kind is excellent for table use, and is largely grown for feeding purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

EARLIEST FRENCH FORCING—The earliest small round variety, very much used for first early forcing. Color reddish orange; it is used nicely; largely used for market as well as for the kitchen garden. Quality the best. Packet 5c, ounce 15c, 1/4 pound 40c, pound $1.35, prepaid.

GUERANDE or OXHEART—Tops small for the size of the roots, which are comparatively short but often reach a diameter of five inches, terminating abruptly in a small tap-root. Flesh bright orange, fine grained and sweet. This variety is especially desirable for soil so hard and stiff that longer rooted sorts would not thrive in it. When young the roots are excellent for table use; when grown to large size they are equally good for feeding stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

CHANTENAY—An early main crop carrot for the pantry as well as the garden. A first class table variety; stump rooted, and about 5 to 6 inches long and broad-shouldered. The flesh is of a beautiful, rich orange color and of the finest quality; is medium early with small tops. Undoubtedly one of the best in quality for the market and private garden, while its great productiveness makes it a most desir- able field sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

EARLY SCARLET HORN—(Stump Rooted). Popular for forcing and early garden use. Roots are of medium size; flesh deep orange, fine grained; of agreeable sweet flavor; small top. Fine for bunching for the market. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 10c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

LONG RED ALTRINGHAM—A well known standard sort. Roots are smooth, fine grained, of large size, beautiful all red color and of superior quality. The yield is very large, especially on light deep soil. Excellent carrot for table use as well as for stock feed and should be grown more extensively. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—(Pointed Rooted). The standard late variety; very handsomely and uniformly in shape; deep orange color; good flavor; yields very heavily. Requires a deep soil; plants should stand 8 inches apart in 12 inch drills for roots to attain full size. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

BEST CARROTS FOR STOCK USE.

The value of the Carrot as a food for stock is not appreciated in this country as it should be. They make a wholesome addition to the winter feed for stock and are very valuable when fed to dairy cows, producing an increased flow of rich milk and imparting a beautiful golden-yellow color to the butter. They should be fed regularly to horses, particularly to cattle in winter and spring, and condition powders will not be needed, and distemper and similar diseases will not be known. We urge a more general use of carrots among our customers for feeding stock, knowing their value and believing their better value will be appreciated when better known.

VICTORIA—The largest and unquestionably the heaviest cropping yellow carrot in cultivation. The roots are remarkably fine, very symmetrical and of excellent quality, possessing high flavor and keeping splendidly. It is especially adapted for rich land, altho a heavy cropper on all soils. It is easily harvested, as the roots grow largely above the ground. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid. Lb. 65c, 8 lbs. $3.00, not prepaid.

MASTODON—This will give the greatest yield per acre of any carrot grown. The roots are short, and very heavy at the shoulder, consequently easily harvested. The flesh is very easily crumbled, solid and very sweet in flavor. A yield of 15 to 20 tons and more per acre is very frequently obtained. They do not easily break in pulling for storing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid. Lb. 65c, 8 lbs. $3.00, not prepaid.

LONG WHITE BELGIAN—A variety with long, slender roots, about one third of which grows above the surface of the ground, making it easy to pull. It is very productive, highly nutritious and a good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid. Lb. 65c, 8 lbs. $2.35, not prep'd.

LARGE YIELDING BELGIAN—This sort is very heavy cropping. The White Belgian, except in color. Its strong point is its keeping quality, making it of special value for late feeding. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid. Lb. 65c, 8 lbs. $2.35, not prepaid.

RED ST. VALERY or INTERMEDIATE—A large and handsome carrot with very straight roots, broad at the top and 10 to 12 inches long. Yields very heavy crops in rich light soil. Sells for stock and good for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid. Lb. 65c, 8 lbs. $2.50, not prepaid.

MUSHROOMS.

DIRECT PURE CULTURE SPAWN—The process by which this spawn is made not only insures mushrooms true to type with extraordinary regularity and uniformity but this spawn, which springs from the spawn culture, will give wonderful results. The spawn consists of the same hardy, vigorousmycelium. It is always the same. This spawn comes in two sizes; the 1/4 pounds; a brick will spawn a bed of 10 square feet. Mushrooms of the finest quality can be grown with ease almost the year round. A shed, cellar, or cave may be utilized to advantage for this purpose. We recommend our Direct Pure Culture Spawn for the market gardener and private planter. Pamphlet on mushroom culture free with every order. Brick 40c, prepaid. — 5 bricks $1.50, 10 bricks $2.50, not prepaid.

SUPERIOR MARKET.

Your Seeds were all good and the packets so well filled I could not use all.

ANNA ROFFLER,
New Rockford, N. Dak.

Victoria.
CELEY.

One ounce of seed will make about 2500 plants. The seed should be started in shallow boxes or hot-bed. Sow thinly and cover lightly, keep well watered and transplant when 2 inches high, in rows 8 feet apart and 6 inches apart in the row. For home use celery is often grown in double rows, 10 inches apart, without trenching, and banked for winter storage, just where it grows, without lifting.

F. S. & N. C.'S GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—This is the best celery for early use, in fact the only variety now grown extensively for all markets as an early celery. The plants are of a yellowish green color, but when maturing, the inner stems and leaves turn a beautiful golden yellow, which adds much to their attractiveness. It is self-blanching to a remarkable degree, altho heads are generally used to hasten the blanching. The handsome color, crispness, tenderness, freedom from stringiness and the fine nutty flavor of this variety make it only necessary to be tried in order to establish it as the standard of excellence as an early celery. We handle this variety only the originator's seed, grown in France, which is the most extensively grown and is grown in the best in the market; having a larger trade on this celery, we are able to buy at the lowest prices and can therefore sell at reasonable prices. We guarantee, however, our stock of celery to be fully equal to the best high-priced seed of other seedsmen and to give good results.

Price: Packet 15c, 1/4 lb. 60c, oz. $1.00, 1/4 lb. $3.00, lb. $13.00, prepaid.

AMERICAN GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—Owing to the very short crop of the best French grown seed, we offer American-grown seed of this leading variety. This seed was grown from best selected French stock seed and is the finest obtainable in this country. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, 1/4 lb. $1.20, lb. $4.00, prepaid.

GIANT PASCAL—We recommend it as an essential variety for fall and early winter use. It blanches to a beautiful yellowish white color, is very solid and crisp and is the best variety for the smaller garden. The self-blanching nature of this variety is evident from the time the plant is 2 inches high. The upper portion is nearly round, but broader and flattening toward the base, blanching very quickly with little banding up. An admirable keeper. One of the best kinds for the market gardener. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

CELERIAC.

TURNIP ROOTED CELERY—This popular vegetable is worthy of more extensive cultivation. The roots, which are used in salads or boiled like parsnips or turnips, have a celery flavor that is particularly pleasant to those who like celery. The roots keep well all winter.

LARGE ERFURT—Roots large, smooth, turnip-shaped and of excellent flavor.

APPLE SHAPED—Roots large, round and smooth. Of very fine flavor and a splendid keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

LEEK.

A species of onion, highly esteemed for flavoring soups, being of more delicate flavor than the onion. Sow the seed and care for the young plants as for onions, but give them more room for full development. When cultivating, draw the earth to the plants so that they may be well blanched by the time they are fit for use. One ounce of seed for 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre.

GIANT EXHIBITION—On account of its large size and attractive appearance, this variety is ideal for growing to show at exhibitions and market. Produces its extra large, thick shoots very quickly. In quality it is better than any other variety, the white stems being of mild flavor. A profitable sort for the market gardener and exhibition: for the kitchen garden. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 75c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

LONDON FLAG—This is the variety generally cultivated in this country. It is hardy and of good quality.

LARGE MUSSELBURG—Plants of enormous size, with large and broad leaves of mild and pleasant flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

OKRA OR GUMBO.

The young seed pods of this plant are used for the well known and delicious "Gumbo" soups. Easy to grow. Plant in spring as soon as danger of frost is past. Cultivate the same as corn.

WHITE VELVET—Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

NEW ORLEANS—Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

SWISS CHARD. "Lucullus".

Also called "Cut and Come Again" Spinach. This vegetable gives maximum returns in little care and space. It yields a constant crop from July to winter. If you are a limited space, must have a place. The leaves are used for greens the same as spinach or beet tops; they are equal in quality and color to be prepared than spinach, and are far superior to beets. Can be used all summer when spinach is not available. Later the leaves grow very large, with broad, flat, pure white stems, and mid-ribbs, which may be cooked like asparagus. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

DO NOT OVERLOOK OUR 1918 "SURE CROP" VEGETABLE SEED COLLECTION on third cover page.
SWEET CORN.

A rich, warm soil is the best, but excellent sweet corn can be raised on any good, ordinary soil if it is deeply and thoroughly worked before planting. Plant in hills, 3 to 5 feet apart each way or row in rows 3½ feet apart, placing seeds about 8 inches apart in the rows. First planting may be done as soon as danger from frost is past; for succession plant every 2 weeks until July. Give frequent and thorough shallow fertilization until the tassels appear. One quart will plant about 200 hills, one-third bushel per acre.

Unfavorable weather conditions play havoc with sweet corn. The early varieties suffer from extreme heat and drought. As they ripen prematurely, producing small shrunken ears. The later sorts were badly checked by the hot dry weather in ripening out, and never recovered. All Sweet Corn therefore fell short in yield. On account of so many poor ears and nubbins, many fields of our growers were not even considered worthNothing. As only a small portion of Sweet Corn had been shelled when the catalog was printed, exact yields could not be quoted. We therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog, for prices on large quantities.

The legal weight in Minnesota for all varieties of Sweet Corn is 48 pounds per bushel. Our prices are based on this weight; some states specify only 45 lbs. per bushel.

Extra Early Varieties.

IMPROVED PEEP O' DAY—The earliest true sweet corn. The best extra early variety for the Northwest. This variety is very dwarf, from 3½ to 4 feet high; each stalk produces from 3 to 5 ears, mostly 10-rowed, and about 5 inches long. The kernels are smaller than those of the Cory and are deliciously sweet; of great value to the market gardener. The stalks of Peep O' Day being small, it should be planted close together; about 8 to 10 inches apart in rows, with the rows just far enough apart to admit cultivation. Our seed is grown on our own farms here. 2 packets 5c, 10c pint 15c, quart $1.25, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S GOLDEN BANTAM—The finest Sweet Corn in cultivation, in every respect. The most popular variety, both for the home garden and for the market. Golden Bantam is extremely early and very hardy, permitting early planting. The stalks grow about 4 feet high, bearing 2 to 3 ears, 5 to 7 inches long, which are completely filled with 8 rows of very long golden yellow kernels, which without exception the sweetest, richest, and most tender of all sweet corn and remains in fine table condition a long time. Because of its extreme hardiness and ability to withstand unfavorable weather, it is the best sort for the Northwest. 2 packets 5c, 10c peck 25c, quart $1.00, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S WHITE MEXICAN—A white variety which has all the good qualities of sweetness and flavor of the old dark type. It is one of the earliest to mature, furnishing edible ears from 4 to 6 days ahead of Cory. The ears, in size and shape, are like those of the Black Mexican. For the home garden as well as for market it is one of the best. Packet 5c, 10c peck 15c, quart 25c, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

FIRST OF ALL—Well known early variety with medium sized ears, which are 8 to 10 rowed. Kernels are broad, white and very sweet. It is a splendid first early sort for the market as well as for the home garden, especially suited for our northern states. Packet 5c, 10c peck 15c, quart 25c, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $3.00, prepaid.

Early Varieties.

F. S. & N. CO'S MAMMOTH WHITE CORY—The largest and best early variety for use before those of any other large sorts. The ears are 12-rowed, very symmetrical and handsome, weighing 1½ to 2½ lbs. and a little larger than the base. The kernels are large, broad, very white and of remarkably good quality. The size and beauty of this variety make it a ready sale, even when the market is over-stocked. The best variety for the northern garden, and now extensively grown for early corn by nurserymen in this state. Packet 5c, 10c peck 15c, quart 25c, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

EARLY WHITE COR CORY—Well known old variety. The stalks are usually 4½ feet high and bear for even 3 ears, which are shrowed, with large, somewhat coarse, but very sweet and tender grain. Packet 5c, 10c peck 15c, quart 20c, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

EARLY MINNESOTA—This old and deservedly popular variety is one of the best early sorts for the market and private garden. The stalks grow about 5 feet high, bearing one or two ears, which are long and 8-rowed. Kernels very broad, sweet and tender, not shrinking much in drying. Our stock will be found uniform and of the best quality. Packet 5c, 10c peck 15c, quart 20c, prepaid. 20 packets 5c, 10c peck $1.00, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

SWEET CORN.—Medium Early Varieties. Continued.

PRICES: WE REFER TO OUR BLUE FLUGAR PRICE LIST ENCLOSED IN THIS CATALOG, WHICH IS GENERAL AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE. PLEASE SEE OUR CATALOG ON PREVIOUS PAGE.

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT—A variety of great merit. The ears are large, measuring 8 to 9 inches long, with 10 or more rows of plump white kernels of most deliciously sweet and sugary flavor. Very early for northern districts. Packets of 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.75, not prepaid.

GOLDEN CREAM—The new early Yellow Country Gentleman. The kernels are long and pointed, the cob is very slender, and the ear about as long as Golden Bantam. The flavor is remarkable, in fact, very much the same as Golden Bantam. The habit of growth is rather dwarf and the stalks bear 2 to 4 ears. The color of the kernels, an intense yellow, is rich cream, having a light golden yellow. The quality is extra fine and the flavor delicious. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.20, peck $2.25, not prepaid.

BLACK MEXICAN—This corn, when in condition for the table, cooks remarkably white, but the ripe grain is black or bluish black. It is unsurpassed in tenderness and fine quality. For family use we consider it the most desirable early sort. Stalks about 6 feet high. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.75, not prepaid.

HICKOX IMPROVED—A very prolific corn, every stalk ordinarily producing 2 large, fully developed ears. The grain is very white, large, handsome, tender and sweet. This is one of the best varieties for canners' use; their season will be lengthened by planting the Hickox at the same time as Stowell's. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, not prepaid.

Late Varieties.

F. S. & N. CO'S WHITE EVERGREEN—Bred from one pure white-grained ear, discovered in the Stowell's Evergreen, it has been bred into a beautiful, white, large-cored Evergreen variety. It has slimmer and shorter stalks, broader and more vigorous, deep green foliage, and is earlier by several days in producing corn suitable for the table, than the Stowell's. Grains are pure white, very sugary and are tightly set from butt to tip. The ears remain long in edible condition, the quality of true Evergreens. Desirable for the home gardener, the canner. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

NEW EARLY EVERGREEN—In this variety we have all the good qualities of that old standard, Stowell's Evergreen, with quite an important point in addition, namely that of earliness. It is about ten days earlier, with fully as large an ear, and also equal to it in every other respect. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Recognized everywhere as the standard variety for market and home use. Remains longer in the green state than most other sorts. Very large ears with deep and remarkably sweet grains. Our stock is of the best quality, grown from selected ears. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—One of the sweetest and most delicious of all sweet corn. It is extremely productive, the stalks averaging three ears, sometimes having as many as five. The small, irregular kernels are very deep and pure white in color. Ears average nine inches in length. It is a late main crop sweet corn, which should have a place in every home garden as well as in the market gardener's field. Our seed stock is especially fine. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.60, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

MAMMOTH SUGAR—The largest late variety, having ears of mammoth size, with 14 to 18 rows. Quality excellent and not exceeded by other kinds. It is a week later than Stowell's Evergreen. The stalks are very large. Pkt. 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck $1.40, not prepaid.

POP CORN.

Pop Corn is a very profitable crop, yields well even in unfavorable seasons, and will always find a good market. May be planted quite late in season, which is another advantage. Plant at the rate of 1½ quarts per acre in drills three feet apart, dropping the seed ½ feet apart in the rows. Or plant in hills, using 3 to 5 quarts of seed per acre.

WHITE RICE—The leading market sort and largely planted everywhere. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Lb. 20c, 5 lbs. 75c, 10 lbs. $1.00, 25 lbs. $2.00, not prepaid.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN—The exceeding tenderness when popped, together with the delicious and delicate taste, make this variety one of the best. Is preferred by many to the white seeded kinds. Write for prices.

NEW JAPANESE RICE—The Quality Pop Corn. Most tender and of delicious flavor when popped, without any hard particles, melts in your mouth. Try it once, you will not be without it again. The ears are short and thick, with deep kernels. Write for prices.

Country Gentleman.

The following varieties, when planted at the same time, will produce a continuous supply of sweet corn of finest quality, from early summer until frost:

GOLDEN BANTAM—The earliest and finest all-round variety. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 55c, prepaid.

MAMMOTH WHITE CORY—Second early.

EARLY MINNESOTA—Medium late.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Late.

We make the following special prices for the collection:

1 packet each of above 4 varieties, 20c, prepaid.
1 packet each of above 4 varieties, $1.80, not prepaid.
1 pint each of above 4 varieties, $1.15.
1 pint each of above 4 varieties, $5.10.
1 pint each of above 4 varieties, $1.50.

Stowell's Evergreen.
CUCUMBERS.

Plant the seed three-fourths of an inch deep in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, according to the variety, allowing 16 seeds to the hill. As soon as the plants commence to run, remove all but 3 or 4 of the most promising ones in each hill. Cultivate frequently as long as the vines will permit. One ounce of seed will fill 50 hills, 2 to 3 pounds per acre. Use "Sling Shot" to kill cucumber bugs and worms, see page 42.

F. S. & N. C. O.'S EARLIEST PICKLING—This variety we believe to be the earliest and best strain of all pickling cucumbers. A strain of vigorous growth and harder than other varieties, therefore permitting early planting. The fruits are of medium size, slim in shape, of superior quality. More prolific than any other cucumber we have ever tried. For the gardener our Earliest Pickling will prove a money maker. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

EARLY FRAME or EARLY SHORT GREEN—Desirable for pickles of medium size, and of fine quality when sliced for the table. A little later than the Earliest Cluster; keeps green for a long time. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, p'd.

CHICAGO or WESTFIELD PICKLING—Fruits of medium length, somewhat thicker than the Boston and deep green in color, with large, prominent spines; extremely prolific. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 90c, prepaid.

WHITE SPINE VARIETIES.

EARLIEST OF ALL—This is the earliest type of White Spine grown. The fruits are small but of fine quality and attractive dark green color, changing to white when ripe. This variety is much used by picklers for pickling in bottles; the cucumbers being straight, blunt ended, short and firm, make very handsome pickles; highly esteemed by picklers. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. C. O.'S NORTHEASTERN BEAUTY—An early, most shapely and productive strain of the Improved White Spine, of a rich green color throughout its entire length and very straight and symmetrical. We have improved the old variety by careful selection of the finest specimens for seed stock, and recommend this variety to the private gardener as well as those who grow for profit. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. $1.35, prepaid.

CUMBERLAND PICKLE—The fruits grow to 10 inches in length, are of light green color and are thickly covered with small spines; they are very attractive and of fine quality. Excellent for both pickling and slicing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE SPINE—The leading sort grown by Southern truckers to ship to Northern markets; used more than any other kind for forcing under glass, and one of the best sorts for table use, a good market gardener sort and very popular in the Southwest to ship north. Quite hardy, producing fair crops, even under such unfavorable conditions as cause other sorts to fail. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, prepaid.

IMPROVED EXTRA EARLY ARINGTON WHITE SPINE—The handsomest and most productive variety of the White Spine sorts. Without exception the most profitable cucumber for market gardeners, and equally desirable as a family garden sort. Only a few days later than the Extra Early White Spine, but the fruits are longer, more slender and of finer shape. The cucumbers are very straight, symmetrical and of deep green color through their entire length, never turning yellow. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

GIANT PERA—A most prolific late variety of very large size, measuring from 18 to 20 inches long. Fine for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. $1.80, prepaid.

GERKIN or BURR—For pickling only; the very small fruits are roundish long, about 2 inches, very prickly when green. Must be used for pickling when young. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, prepaid.

JAPANESE CLIMBING—This sort grows quickly, climbing poles or trellises, thus taking up very little room in the garden. The fruits are of good size and fine flavor, adapted especially for salting and salads. Done best in dry, warm summers. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

LEMON CUCUMBER—The fruits are nearly round, with yellow and green markings and smooth skin. The flesh is crisp, with a sweet flavor surpassing that of all cucumbers. For pickling they can be used either green or ripe. Can also be used for Mangoes like melons. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 35c, prepaid.

SERPENT or SNAKE—A great curiosity; the cucumbers grow several feet in length and are usually much twisted. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

WHITE WONDER—The fruits of this new variety are very large, smooth, of even size and beautiful, clear snow-white color, wax-like in appearance. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, prepaid.
CHICORY.

LARGE ROOTED—Much used in Europe as a substitute for
coffee. In the fall the roots should be taken up and dried, and when
required for use, should be roasted and ground like coffee. In spring the
leaves make a good salad, and are used extensively for this purpose.
Pkt. Sc, oz. 15c, $1 lb. 50c, prepaid.

CHIVES.

An onion-like plant, which by
some is highly esteemed for use as
a salad, and the green stems afford
a very pleasant onion flavor for
soups. The plant also makes an ex-
cellent ornamental garden bed ed-
ing, which may frequently be cut,
any growth of leaves appearing
soon after each cutting. The seed
may be sown in rows in the garden
or in boxes and transplanted. Af-
after 2 or 3 years the plants may be
taken up, divided and reset. Pack-
et 10c, $1 oz. 35c, prepaid.

ENDIVE.

WHITE CURLED—A very beauti-
ful sort of which the leaves are very light
colored, even the outer ones being nearly
white. They are very crisp and tender.
Pkt. Sc, oz. 15c, $1 lb. 40c, lb. $1.35, prepaid.

MOSS CURLED—One of the best
autumn or spring salads. Plants
form large, dense clusters of finely divid-
ed, green leaves, which, when properly
blanched, are exceedingly crisp and tender.
Pkt. Sc, oz. 15c, $1 lb. 35c, lb. $1.20, prepaid.

BATAVIAN—Large heads of broad,
thick leaves, which can be blanched as sal-
ad or used for cooked greens. A very fine
variety. Packet Sc, oz. 15c, $1 lb. 35c,
$1.20, prepaid.

GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY.

See page 73.

GROUND CHERRY.

See Strawberry Tomatoes. Page 73.

KOHLRABI.

Sow the seed early in spring, in rows 18 inches
apart. Thin out to 8 to 10 inches.

EARLIEST EARLY DELICATESSE—The earliest and finest sort for market and the
private garden. Flesh is white, of excellent flavor, very tender and juicy. Leaves are short, permitt-
ing close planting. Best for forcing. Packet 10c,
$1 oz. 25c, $1 lb. 25c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA—Very hand-
some, white fruit. Excellent both for forcing and
open ground. Flesh white and very tender, leaves
short. Pkt. Sc, oz. 20c, $1 lb. 60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

EARLY PURPLE—Very similar to the
broccoli, except in color, which is a bright purple. A
desirable variety. Packet Sc, oz. 20c, $1 lb. 60c,
$2.00, prepaid.

EGG PLANT.

NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PUR-
PLE SPINELESS—The plants are large, vigorous,
spreading, and the fruits are dark purple, oval,
of good quality. Very few fruits of this variety are
produced by a plant. Our stock has been obtained by
years of most careful selection and we have today the
finest strain of all Mammoth Purple Egg Plants, the
fruit growing to an immense size, being very early
and entirely spineless. Packet Sc, oz. 30c, $1 lb.$1.00, lb. $3.50, prepaid.

EARLY LONG PURPLE—A very early vari-
cy with long fruits of dark purple color and fine
quality. Especially recommended for the North.
Pkt. Sc, oz. 25c, $1 lb. 85c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

BLACK BEAUTY—Desirable for the north-
erly states. Earlier than New York Spineless. The
fruits are broad, thick, of most attractive form and
finest flavor. Their rich, lustrous, purple black col-
our is very uniform. Packet Sc, oz. 30c, $1 lb. 1.00, lb.
$3.50, prepaid.

NEW HUEBUSH or TREE—An excellent
tall growing variety, bearing its large fruits well
above the ground, thus escaping liability to rot. The
fruit is very solid and of best quality. The plant re-
sists drought and heat weather to a remarkable de-
gree. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $1 lb. 1.25, prepaid.
LETTUCE.

Lettuce seed should be sown very early in the spring and at intervals of 15 days for a succession; sow the seed in shallow drills—being careful to firm the soil well over the seed and thin to 4 inches apart in row. One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of rows, 4 to 5 lbs. per acre.

CURLED OR LOOSE LEAVED.

GRAND RAPIDS—The best and most profitable sort for forcing. Almost exclusively grown by market gardeners. A splendid shipper, not apt to rot. The plant is upright and forms a loose head or a cluster of light green leaves. One of the very best leaf lettuces for the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON—One of the best and most largely planted bunching varieties; excellent for forcing as well as for growing outdoors. Distinctly a market gardener’s sort, but also very satisfactory for home use, as it is very reliable and easily grown; it succeeds during summer when more delicate sorts are failures. A good shipper, remaining a long time in condition for use. Leaves broad, crumpled and blistered and of light green color and fine quality, sweet and tender. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 80c, prepaid.

SIMPSON’S EARLY CURLD. (Seed white)—Early, erect growing. Leaves broad, often frilled and blistered and formed into a loose head; light green in color; sweet, tender and flavorful. May be sown thickly and cut when plants are very young. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

DENVER MARKET—An early variety of loose headed type, either for forcing or open ground. Forms good sized heads of light green color. Leaves are handsome, marked and blistered, similar to a Savoy cabbage. Very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

PRIZEHEAD—An excellent home variety and popular for forcing. The heads are medium large, leaves broad and smooth, of a peculiar grayish green color. Quality excellent, sweet and tender, crisp in flavor, crisp and tender. A leading summer lettuce. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 25c lb. 75c, prepaid.

PENN. HILL. Black Seed—Also called Salamander, All Heart and Market Gardener’s Private Stock. One of the best head lettuces; succeeds everywhere and at all seasons. It is a sure header, and an excellent shipper. We cannot recommend it for both private and market gardener’s use. The plants are medium size, with broad leaves of light green color, blistered and crumpled, the quality is excellent, delicate, sweet and buttery in flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

GIANT ICEBERG—An extremely hard heading, large variety. Leaves have small indents and are of a yellowish green color. Good for home and market. The quality is very fine. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

HANSON—The standard summer cabbage-heading variety for either the home or market gardener. Very reliable and a sure header. Not suited for growing indoors. A very large, late variety, forming a very hard head of light green color, and of the best quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, p’d.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER—Especially recommended to the private gardener; very hardy, succeeds well everywhere, but not suited for indoor culture. A large, late variety, having a firm, well blanched heart, with outer leaves of rich, glossy green color, spotted with brown, the most buttery flavored variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, p’d.

WONDERFUL or NEW YORK—A large late variety of very good quality, fine flavor, sweet and crisp and of dull green color; a good shipper. A favorite variety with market gardeners near New York; one of the best for the private garden, until for forcing. Excellent for midsummer, withstands heat remarkably well and is slow to run to seed. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

BIG BOSTON—A very popular sort with market gardeners all over the country, succeeds well in late fall, but also a good summer lettuce and fine for forcing. Hardy, reliable, a sure header, and a splendid shipper. The plants form large compact heads, leaves of light dull green color with light brown border. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

COS LETTUCE. White Self Folding—Of a distinct upright habit, The heads grow to a large size and are self-closing. Is considered by many to be the highest quality of all lettuces. Very crisp and sweet. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

MIXED VARIETIES LETTUCE—Fine for the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c prepaid.

I cannot help but praise your Vegetable Seed. Will give you a few accounts—Some heads of Cabbage, All-Head or Surprise, weighed 19 pounds; Late Flat Dutch, 20 pounds; Some Calabasera Early Snowball, 15 lb 4 pounds. I raised 191 bunches of Eckerdol Rampion Wurtzel on 45 square rods; some weighed 11 lb 2 pounds, others 14 lb 6 bunches Top White Toute Ginsburg on 149 square rods; they average about 6 pounds each.

GEO. H. BUSHMAN. Abbotsford, Wis.
**MUSK MELON.**

Earliest varieties ready in 80 to 100 days from sowing. General crop requires 115 to 140 days. Melons thrive best in a light, rich soil. Plant when the ground has become warm and dry, and danger of frost is past. In hills 6 feet apart each way, in well enriched soil, 12 to 15 seeds in a hill. After all danger of the bugs is over thin out to 3 plants per hill. One ounce will plant about 60 hills, three pounds per acre. Use "Slug Shot" to kill melon bugs and worms; see page 45.

**Green Flesheed Sorts.**

**NEW BUSH—See Novelties.**

**MINNESOTA MELTING SUGAR** —The sweetest, richest flavored of all green-fleshed musk melons. Fruits are of just the right size for market, oval in form, distinctly ribbed and heavily netted. The flesh is very firm, of attractive green color, and exceptionally sweet, sugary and tender. With a richly flavored and extremely juicy, perfectly free from stringiness. The melons are all of uniform size, and everyone is of the same high quality. Vines are prolific, healthy qualities, making a bountiful crop quite early in season. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

**EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK—This is a selection of the popular Hackensack, ripening fully 10 days earlier. The melons are of good size, heavy, ribbed and netted, and have thick, light green flesh of fine flavor; they are very early, hardy and prolific and one of the best varieties to grow for the market. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. 95c, 5 lbs. $4.00, prepaid.

**IMPROVED LARGE GREEN NUTMEG—Large, round, heavy, firm, and perfectly sweet. The melons are of large size, heavy, ribbed and netted, and have thick, light green flesh of fine flavor. The melons are perfect in form, and are quite early in season. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

**EXTRA EARLY CITRON OR EARLY NUTMEG—A small round melon, valuable on account of its extreme earliness and great productive- ness. The skin is green, becoming yellowish at maturity. The flesh is light green, sweet and of good quality. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, 5 lbs. $4.50, prepaid.

**ROBINSON'S DELICIOUS ROCKYFORD—See Novelties.**

**Salmon Flesheed Sorts.**

**NEW FORDHOOK—**This melon is a cross between Emerald Gem and the Old Prize Jenny Lind. The vine is a strong, vigorous grower, branching freely and frequently setting five to nine melons close together. The fruits grow very large and rated in size and appearance, slightly flattened at both ends and are roughly netted. The flesh is very thick, color an attractive deep orange and of delicious flavor. Remarkably early and a good shipper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.25, prepaid.

**F. S. & N. CO.'S NETTED OSAGE—**This new melon is a great improvement of the old popular Osage, as it is a few days earlier and of much finer appearance, the rind being of dark green color and covered with thick gray netting. With this new feature the Netted Osage combines all the good qualities of the old sort and is fully equal to it in size, luscious flavor and shipping qualities. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

**OSAGE—**Fruits large, oval, with dark green skin, slightly ribbed and moderately netted; flesh is deep salmon colored, very thick and of the finest quality. One of the best melons for the home garden and also for the market; a good keeper and shipper. More extensively grown by market gardeners in the North West than any other variety. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, 5 lbs. $4.50, prepaid.

**F. S. & N. CO.'S YELLOW HEADED JAPAN—**This variety is a splendid show melon, and for the private garden no better melon can be found. The flesh is thick, salmon colored, melting and of a rich, sweet, delicious flavor. Fruits are of large size, nearly round, slightly ribbed and covered with patches of netting; skin yellowish-white when ripe. A heavy yielder, quite early. Grown extensively for the market. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.25.

**HOODOO—**Considered one of the finest orange-colored musk melons for shipping. The size is just right (about the same as Rocky Ford). The rind is of deep orange color and extremely thick, there being only a small seed cavity. The netting is ideal, heavy and close; the melon is solid and heavy. Wonderfully prolific and produces very fine quality melons quite early. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**BURRELLS' GEM—**A new melon of the Rocky Ford type, with orange yellow meat of delicious flavor; a fine keeper and good shipper. It will be one of the finest melons grown. Size same as the full-sized Rocky Ford melons (6 lb. to 8 lb. weighing about 3/4 lb. each); shape elongated; meat very thick, fine grained and spiccy. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, 5 lbs. $4.50, prepaid.

**EMERALD GEM—**Fruits medium size, globular, but somewhat flattened at the ends, perfectly smooth and ribbed. Skin dark green while fruit is young, becoming tinged with yellow as it matures; flesh deep salmon-yellow, thick, ripening close to the rind, and exceedingly high flavored. A splendid variety which has but few equals for the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.15, prepaid.

**SHUYMAY'S GIANT—**Largest of all musk melons. Flesh is rich, melting and sugary. A splendid large melon to grow for exhibition purposes and home use. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

**STRAWBERRY—**A melon with the delicious flavor of the strawberry. Its smooth, deep flesh is salmon red. The skin is green, turning yellowish when ripe. The fruits are of desirable size, weighing 6 to 8 pounds. Fine for the home garden. Packet 10c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 75c, prepaid.

**WINTER KING—**A long keeping variety. See Novelties.
WATER MELONS.

The soil for water melons should be light, rich and sandy. When there is no more danger of frost, drop 8 to 10 seeds in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, covering about ¾ inch deep. As soon as the plants commence to run, thin out to 3 best plants in a hill and cultivate until the vines cover the whole ground. If slow to fruit, pinch off the ends of the growing shoots. One ounce of seed for 30 hills; 4 to 6 pounds per acre. Use "Slug Shot" to kill melon bugs and worms, see page 42.

Prices except where noted: Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 60c, prepaid. 5 lbs. and over at 45c per pound, not prepaid.

DELIGHT—See Novelties.

COLE'S EXTRA EARLY—The earliest watermelon grown and a most desirable sort for the Northwest, ripening delicious melons where none could be grown before, but is also of great value for the Middle and Southern States, as it matures its fruits weeks ahead of other sorts. Fruits are oblong shaped and of dark green color, striped with lighter shades. The rind is thin and brittle, on which account the melons are not good for shipping, but they are one of the finest varieties for the family garden. The beautiful red flesh is of delicate texture, crisp, lusciously sweet and refreshing; there is little or no seed cavity and very few seeds. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

HARRIS' EARLIEST—A splendid, large, extra early melon of exceptionally fine quality. The fruits are slightly oval, irregularly mottled dark and light green, and weigh from 25 to 40 pounds. The flesh is bright red, tender and sweet. A good shipper and one of the best for planting in the Northwest. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

EARLY FORDHOOK—An extra early melon, nearly round in form and averaging 25 pounds. It ripens in 90 days in the best soils and is quite tough, making it valuable a variety for shipping; seeds are white.

EXTRA EARLY RUSSIAN—We obtained the stock seed of this variety from a customer of ours living near a Russian colony in South Dakota, where these melons are highly esteemed and bring top prices in the local markets. The melons are of medium size, oblong; skin dark green, mottled yellow. Flesh is red, very free from fibre and deliciously sweet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

TOM WATSON—This splendid melon has become immensely popular. Typical fruits of this variety reach a size of 31 inches in length, by 12 inches in diameter. The rind is dark mottled green, thin, but tough enough to endure shipping to very distant markets. Of the long shaped melons it is the best shipper. The flesh is deep red and comes very close, about ¾ of an inch, to the rind. The exquisite deliciousness of flavor possessed by the fine quality flesh of this melon places it in the very front rank of melon excellence. For the home or market garden, or for shipping, it is a money maker for the growers. Our strain of this is not surpassed in the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, 5 lbs. $3.75, prepaid.

ALABAMA SWEET—Alabamas Sweet is a dark green melon with light seeds. It is of good size, very attractive in appearance and most delicious in flavor, making it first-class for shipping purposes. Very popular in Texas and other Southern states where it is grown extensively for shipping.

HALBERT HONEY—The melons are blunt both at stem and blossom end. They average 18 to 20 inches in length; 6 to 8 inches in diameter. Color of rind is clear, glossy deep green. The flesh is a beautiful crimson, extending to within less than half an inch from the rind. It is essentially the melon for the home garden and for local markets. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

DIXIE—A popular market sort. Vigorous, large growing and hardy, ripening its fruits earlier than most large sorts; fruit medium size to large, about one-third longer than thick. Color of skin dark green, striped with a lighter shade; rind thin but tough; flesh bright scarlet. Ripens closely to the rind, of the best quality. Ice Cream or Peerless—One of the best early sorts for private gardens and for market gardeners who deliver direct to consumers. Vine moderately vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit medium sized, oval, bright green and finely valued or mottled; rind thin; flesh bright scarlet, solid, crisp, tender and sweet.

FLORIDA FAVORITE—A beautiful, large melon of oblong shape with dark green skin, striped with lighter shades. It has a bright crimson flesh, which is crisp and deliciously sweet. A good shipper and a big cropper. KOLD'S QUEEN—Vines remarkably vigorous and healthy. Fruit of the largest size, round or slightly oval, marked with irregular stripes of dark and light green. Rind exceedingly hard and firm. Making it a good sort for shipping. Flesh bright red, solid, a little coarse, but sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 80c, 5 lbs. $2.25, prepaid.

CUBAN QUEEN—A favorite melon for home and market. Exterior beautifully striped and mottled. Rind thin but firm; Flesh bright red, solid, sweet and juicy. One of the best keepers, off at the worst of season, and a first rate shipper. Specimens of this splendid variety weighing 100 pounds have been grown. It is planted extensively for market purposes.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—A large, oblong melon, 20 in. in length, by 10 to 12 inches in diameter, with dark green rind which is only about ¾ inch in thickness. The scarlet flesh is sweet and surpasty and is of such texture that it leaves no strings of pulp whatever in eating. This variety is better for home use than for shipping, and we believe it is the best table melon. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 5 lbs. $3.50, prepaid.

MCIVER'S WONDERFUL SUGAR—This widely famous melon is of Northern origin. It is of medium size, with striped or variegated exterior. The beautiful, red flesh is of perfect quality as to texture and sweetness. It is well adapted for nearby markets, but is rather delicate for long shipments. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 5 lbs. $3.50, prepaid.

SWEETHEART—Our strain is a notably sweet hearted kind for home and market use, and will hold its own in the watermelon patch for many years to come. Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early; fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green; rind thin but firm; flesh bright red, firm and solid, but very tender, melting and sweet. Excellent for shipping and home use.

CITRON: GREEN SEEDED—A round, handsome fruit of small size, used for preserving only. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid. Price same as Green Seeded.

RED SEEDED—Same as preceding kind, except seed is red. Price same as Green Seeded.
A FIELD OF FARIBAULT RED GLOBE ONIONS IN FULL BLOOM AT THE F.S. & N. CO'S FARM, FARIBAULT, MINN.

CHOICE AND RELIABLE FARIBAULT-GROWN ONION SEED.

We guarantee our Seeds to grow and produce satisfactory results if soil and season are favorable. The most essential item in growing onions for the market is good seed—seed that will come up, and seed that will produce the variety you want—cheap seed is very poor economy. One ounce of seed is required for 100 feet of drill, four to five pounds per acre.

We are the largest growers of Onion Seed in the state of Minnesota and our seed is now used by most market gardeners in the Northwest. Our stock is purer, and produces much larger and better keeping bulbs than any other strain. By many years of most careful selection of bulbs for seed growing we have established strains which are of perfect type and are the highest grade of onions obtainable up to date.

FARIBAULT RED GLOBE WETHERSFIELD—Earlier and more productive than the Southport Red Globe. The onion seed we offer under this name is a special strain of Red Globe which we have produced by years of careful breeding. The perfect globe type is thoroughly established in this variety, and the onions grown from this pedigreed stock are always of the most uniform shape.

This variety differs from other kinds of Red Globe onions not only in purity of stock and perfection of type, but also in earliness, productiveness, beauty of color and great keeping qualities. The bulbs are of dark red color, grow to a larger size than the Southport variety and are of a most attractive appearance. We sell annually very large quantities of our Red Globe Wethersfield onion seed to growers in this state where mostly red onions are grown for shipping, and our strain is preferred by all. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.—5 lbs. $10.50, 10 lbs. $20.50, not prepaid.

LARGE RED GLOBE—The best strain of Red Globe, western grown seed. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. $1.85, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.50, 10 lbs. $16.50, not prepaid.

MINNESOTA YELLOW GLOBE—The most beautiful yellow onion of fine globe shape, golden yellow color, large size, mild flavor, a heavy cropper, an excellent keeper and good shipper. Our strain will be found a good deal earlier than the old Southport variety. The best yellow variety to grow for the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. $1.85, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.50, 10 lbs. $16.50, not prepaid.

MINN. WHITE GLOBE—The handsomest onion grown; it sells at a higher price than all other sorts. Perfectly globe-shaped; thin, delicate skin of snow-white color. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor; a tremendous cropper and good keeper. To get fine white onions, greater care should be exercised in harvesting and curing the crop. Pull as soon as onions are ripe enough to harvest and dry in an airy and shady place. Our strain is the earliest of all White Globe offered. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 75c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.—5 pounds $13.50, 10 pounds $26.50, not prepaid.

Minnesota Yellow Globe.
Faribault Red Globe Wethersfield.
Minnesota White Globe.

The 3 Best Globe Onions.

The 3 splendid Globe Onions that we illustrate on this page, we have, by years of untiring efforts in selection, brought to the highest possible standard of perfection. They are the most productive, the earliest, hardest, and best keeping onions in existence. We offer:

1 pkt. of each, 15c prep’d.
1 oz. “ 15c.
1 lb. “ $1.65.
ONIONS. Continued.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD—The Wethersfield Onion is the most largely grown red variety, and is a heavy yielder and good keeper. The stock we offer is our own growing, and we know there is no better strain raised anywhere as far as purity, beautiful form and color are concerned, and in earliness. The onion is large, is also somewhat flattened, very similar to that variety. The onion is of a rich, deep red color, mild flavor, fine grained, solid and heavy, and keeps well. It is hardy and reliable and well adapted for the early market. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.—$5 lbs. $4.50, not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY RED—This is one of the standard American onions, adjudged itself to a great extent. The bulbs are more or less flattened even in cold, dry rocky ground where other sorts fail. It matures earlier than the Red Wethersfield and in rich soils grows almost as large. It is also somewhat flattened, very similar to that variety. The onion is of a rich, deep red color, mild flavor, fine grained, solid and heavy, and keeps well. Onions of this variety are very desirable. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.00, not prepaid.

BROWN GLOBE—This new variety is one of the best market sorts in existence. It is extremely early, forms good, large bulbs and keeps in good condition longer than any other onion. The color of the skin is a deep rich seal brown; the flesh is white, brittle and of a mild flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN—Extra early, a sure cropper and a long keeper. Medium sized, hard, solid bulbs of round form and a reddish-brown color, maturing about 4 weeks earlier than the Wethersfield; do not produce scallions and are excellent keepers. Packet 5c, ounce 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY DANVERS—A very hardy variety, well adapted to all soils. Its color is a deep rich seal brown; the flesh is white, brittle and of a mild flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. $12.00, not prepaid.

FLAT YELLOW DANVERS—A fine early and productive variety of medium size; skin is copper-yellow, flesh cream-white, comparatively mild and well flavored. Packet 5c oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.30, prepaid.—5 lbs. $5.50, 10 lbs. $10.00, not prepaid.

YELLOW DUTCH OR STRASBURG—One of the oldest sorts. Of flat form; flesh white, fine grained, mild and well flavored. It is one of the best to grow for sets and a splendid keeper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.00, not prepaid.

Your Onion Seed is the best. I am over 80 years of age and have sold and larger and better keeping onions than I have from seed last year.

A. C. MORR, Northwood, Iowa.

Large Red Wethersfield.

F. S. & G. CO'S PRIZE-TAKER—The largest onion grown from all sorts seed. This has become a great favorite on account of its large size and great solidity. It has proven to be an excellent keeper, and is of the finest flavor. It is handsome and very uniform in shape, nearly a perfect globe, with thin skin of a clear bright straw color. Neck is very small, and the onions always given down hard and present the handsomest possible appearance in the market. The flesh is pure white and fine grained, mild and delicate in flavor. They grow to immense size, measuring from 12 to 16 inches in circumference. Specimen bulbs have been raised weighing over 6 lbs. each. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.35, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.50, not prepaid.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS—A very popular onion. Our stock is very fine and will produce bulbs about 21/2 inches in diameter, almost round in shape, with brownish-yellow skin, and white flesh which is crisp and mild in flavor. Like all other Minnesota grown strains of onion seed our Yellow Globe Danvers will be found to be earlier and to produce larger and better keeping onions than seed grown elsewhere. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. $8.00, 10 lbs. $16.50, not prepaid.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING—A most strikingly attractive onion. The bulbs are flattened but thin and the average diameter is from 3 to 31/2 inches; each. The onions are of a beautiful silvery-white color, and of a particularly mild and pleasant flavor, so sweet and tender that they can be eaten raw like an apple. These qualities make them the best extension at fairs, and for the home table. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY BARLETTA—The best variety for small pickles. It is the earliest ripening onion in the market. This kind does not form a bulb, but it is one of the best for "green onions". The plants are perennial and will remain in the ground for years. A money maker for the market gardener. Packet 5c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 80c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE WELSH—For green onions. This kind does not form a bulb, but it is one of the best for "green onions". The plants are perennial and will remain in the ground for years. A money maker for the market gardener. Packet 5c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 80c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

Send me some more of your Faribault Red Globe Onion seed as per enclosed order. I want some for my other variety. Raised some from your seed this year, got the finest bunch of onions ever laid your eyes on. P. F. Deamons, Moorehead, Minn.
ONION SETS.

Onion sets are planted for onions for early spring use. A quart or two is sufficient for the family. Onion bulbs can be produced from the Bottom Onion Sets much earlier than from seed, which allows the planter the early high market prices and permits the sowing of another crop on the land the same year. For green or bunch onions the onion sets produce a crop in half the time it takes to raise these from seed.

YELLOW MULLIQUORS OR SHALLOTS—We prefer these to any other onions on account of their earliness. The latter part of June they are fully ripe, and can be harvested. They are always productive, early and growing from one small bulb set out. Pint 20c, quart 30c, prepaid—1/2 peck 50c, peck 90c, bushel $3.25, not prepaid.

WHITE MULTIPIERS—Color pure silver white, very productive, frequently producing as many as 5 lbs. in a single cluster from one small bulb planted. The onions are very mild and of excellent quality and size for bunching green, and can be used also for pickling. Very early and keep a long time. Pint 25c, quart 40c, prepaid—1/2 peck 75c, peck 1.25, bushel $4.50, not prepaid.

PARSNIP.

Parssnips are highly appreciated for the table, and they are also of great value for stock feeding. Sow as early in the spring as the weather will permit, in drills 18 inches apart 1/2 inch deep. In a rich, deep soil; thin out 3 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Parssnips are improved by remaining exposed to frost.

F. S. & N. CO.'S SUGARLOAF—The roots are of large size, very uniform in shape and of superior flavor, excelling in richness and palatability all other sorts. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 85c prepaid.

LONG SMOOTH OR HOLLOW CROWN—A great cropper; tender, sugary and considered the best for general cultivation. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 50c prepaid.

GUERNSEY—The roots do not grow as long as those of the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c prepaid.

PARSLEY.

One ounce to 150 feet drill. Soak the seed a few hours in lukewarm water and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart. Thin out to 4 inches. A few seeds sown in onion rows use no space. To preserve in winter transplant to a light cellar or glass frames. Used extensively for garnishing and seasoning.

IMPROVED LONG THICK RED—A great improvement of the ordinary Large Red Cayenne. Being of about the same length, but much thicker, having two to three times as much meat and averaging about one inch in diameter at the stem end. Exceedingly prolific, very hot and sharp. Largely grown for the market in Minnesota. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. $2.35, prepaid.

HULL NOSE or IMPROVED LARGE BELL—The sweet, scarlet fruits are three inches in length and two inches in diameter, with thick mild flesh; of excellent quality for use in salads and pickles. A most popular and desirable sort; one of the best to grow for the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

LONG RED CAYENNE—Twisted and pointed pods about 4 inches long. Of bright red color; strong and pungent. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

SCHELLE'S QUALITY—The Quality and Quantity combine. Heavy yields of large, beautiful scarlet fruits, about 3 inches long and 3/4 inches across. Very mild. Packet 10c, oz. 40c, 1/4 lb. $1.50, prepaid.

NEAPOLITAN—Especially valuable for our northern markets. Very prolific. Fruit of large size, with very thick, exceedingly smooth and mild. Bright red when ripe. Similar to Bull Nose, but two weeks earlier. Packet 10c, 1/2 oz. 20c, oz. 45c, 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. $2.35, prepaid.

SWEET MOUNTAIN OR SPANISH MAMMOTH—The fruit does not ripen until very late. It is very long; often 6 inches or more in length, by three in diameter; of a rich red color. Flesh very thick, sweet and mild flavored. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

GIANT CRIMSON—The largest maturing of the very large sweet peppers. The peppers are heavier on an average than any other kind, as the flesh is unusually thick. Color deep crimson when matured, flavor very mild. Packet 10c, oz. 35c, 1/4 lb. $1.00, prepaid.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN QUEEN—The fruit's average larger than Ruby King. 8 to 10 inches long. Bright, waxy golden yellow, and of mild flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 80c, prepaid.

FOR PEPPER PLANTS SEE PAGE 74.
NORTHERN GROWN HARDY SEED PEAS

OUR NORTHERN GROWN, HARDY, VIGOROUS SEED PEAS WILL ALWAYS GIVE THE BEST RESULTS.

Peas mature earlier in a light, rich soil; for the general crop a moderately heavy soil is best. Commence sowing the early varieties as soon as the ground can be worked, continue for a succession every two weeks until June. It is a good plan to sow the early, second early and late varieties at the same time for succession. One quart for 100 feet of drill, 1½ to 2½ bushels per acre.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

NEW SAXONIA—The earliest large podded pea. See Novelties.

PEDIGREE FIRST AND BEST—Height 2 to 2½ feet. This is the standard Extra Early Pea. It grows very vigorously, is very productive and ripens extremely early. Pods are medium sized, and well filled with peas of good size and fair quality. Pkt. $0.50, quart 15c, quart 40c, prepaid. —Quart 25c, ½ pt. 90c, pk. $1.65, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.

LIGHTNING—Height 2 feet. A pedigree strain of First and Best for the earliest pea grown; it will produce peas fit for the table in 46 days. This strain has been produced by careful work of many years in selecting and reselecting seed stock, and evolves all others in earliness, size of pods, uniformity of ripening and vigor of growth. Packet 10c, ½ pt. 20c, qt. 45c, prepaid. —Qt. 30c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. $1.65, not prepaid.

ALASKA or EARLIEST OF ALL—Height 2½ feet. An extra early blue pea; vines are very scout, and loaded with large, dark green pods, well filled with smooth, blue peas, which are very sweet. Our stock is grown from carefully selected seed. A valuable variety for the market gardener, and largely grown by canners. Pkt. 10c, ½ pt. 20c, quart 45c, prepaid. —Quart 25c, ½ pk. 70c, pk. $1.30, bu. $5.00, not prepaid.

ALASKA, KEEN'S PUR—Height 2½ feet. This pedigree strain, which has been developed by a Pennsylvania firm, is now one of the earliest varieties. It becomes productive very early. This strain has been produced by careful work of many years in selecting and reselecting seed stock, and evolves all others in earliness, size of pods, uniformity of ripening and vigor of growth. Packet 10c, ½ pt. 20c, quart 45c, prepaid. —Quart 30c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.60, not prepaid.

AMERICA or LARGE ALASKA—Height 2½ feet. A splendid early sort, resembling the Alaska in manner of growth, but differing from that variety in the much larger size of its pods, and in the time of ripening, which is a week later: owing to the great productiveness, the America is now largely planted by market gardeners. Pkt. 15c, ½ pt. 25c, quart 45c, prepaid. —Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $1.60, not prepaid.

EARLY TOM THUMB—Height 1½ feet. Well known dwarf pea, which is in great demand for the small home garden. Very hardy and prolific. Packet 8c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid. —Quart 35c, ½ peck 1.00, peck $2.00, not prepaid.

As there is quite a shortage in Garden Peas, owing to bad weather conditions, prices will be quite advanced. We therefore give in our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog for our latest prices on all varieties described on this and the following pages. This Blue Figure Price List will be issued from time to time.

F. S. & N. CO'S SUCCESSION COLLECTION OF PEAS.

To comply with the wishes of many of our customers, we offer herewith collections of peas for the home garden, consisting of successively maturing varieties which will furnish a continuous supply of delicious peas for the table throughout the summer.

THREE EXCELLENT TALL VARIETIES.

Thomas Laxton, early. 1 pkt of each variety for 15c, prepaid.
Telegraph, medium. 1 pkt of each variety for 15c, prepaid.
Champion of England, late. 1 pkt of each variety for 15c, prepaid.

THREE EXCELLENT DWARF VARIETIES.

Sutton's Excelsior, early. 1 pkt of each variety for 20c, prepaid.
Advancer, medium. 1 pkt of each variety for 25c, prepaid.
Dwarf Telegraph, late. 1 pkt of each variety for 20c, prepaid.
PEAS. Continued.  

Dwarf Extra Early Wrinkled Varieties.  

GIANT LAXTONIAN—The New Dwarf Gradus Pea. Height about 16 inches. This is the largest podded early dwarf pea in existence, requiring no supports. Pods are as large as Telephone, well filled, and produced with the best flavor. It is a true Marrowfat Pea, having the richness and unsurpassed quality of the best late Marrowfat varieties. The vines are vigorous, productive, and hardy, even in dry years. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid. Qt. 35c, ½ pk. $1.40, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.-Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid. Qt. 35c, ½ pk. $1.40, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S LITTLE MARVEL—Height 15 inches. The vines grow very even and uniform, and produce good size pods very abundantly, frequently, in pairs. Pods are very well filled with delicious, deep green peas and the crop is ready for use as soon as American Wonder and are more productive for market on account of the very best. Of dwarf, robust habit and bearing in abundance good sized, well filled pods. In great demand for the home garden. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $2.50, bushel $6.80, not prepaid.

AMERICAN WONDER—Height 12 to 15 inches. An old variety, well known and highly prized for its value as an upstanding variety of the very best. Of dwarf, robust habit and bearing in abundance good sized, well filled pods. In great demand for the home garden. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $2.50, bushel $6.80, not prepaid.

PREMIUM GEM—Improved Little Gem. Height 15 to 18 inches. A trifle later than American Wonder; it is however a better yielder. Pods are 2½ to 3 inches long and are well filled with a fine quality of pea. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $2.50, bushel $6.80, not prepaid.

SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR—Height 18 inches. This pea is regarded by many growers as the best extra early, dwarf, wrinkled variety produced so far. Vines of vigorous growth; pods are large and broad, of light green color; the quality is unsurpassed. Very hardy, therefore permitting early planting. The pods mature only a few days later than Nott's Excelsior. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.85, bushel $7.00, not prepaid.

Second Early And Main Crop.

POTLATCH or BIG DINNER—This splendid variety ripens as early as Premium Gem, but the pods are much larger, usually borne in pairs and in greatest profusion. Strong, vigorous vines of even growth, 18 to 20 inches in height, with luxuriant dark foliage, bearing pods 3½ to 4 inches in length, broad and pointed at the ends. No variety grown produces more pods, and no pods could possibly shell out better. Every gardener will find "Potlatch" to be a profitable crop. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.35, peck $2.50, bushel $6.80, not prepaid.

LAXTONIAN.

DWARF CHAMPION or JUNO—Height about 2 feet. A very popular main crop sort for the market, as well as for the home garden. The vines are hardy and unusually productive. The pods are fully 4 inches long, broad, handsome and very well filled with large peas which are tender and unsurpassed in quality. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $1.60, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S EVERBEARING—Height 2½ feet. Vine stout, bearing an abundance of broad pods. If these are picked as they mature, and the season and soil are favorable, the plant will throw out new branches, bearing pods which will mature in succession, thus prolonging the season. The peas are very large, tender and of superior flavor. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $1.60, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.

IMPROVED STRATAGEM—A very fine Main Crop Dwarf Pea. Height about 2½ feet. By many considered the highest quality of all peas. Very ripe, robust, with large foliage. Requires no support. The pods are long, dark green in color and packed with immense pods of delicious sweetness. Fine for market and home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid. Qt. 35c, ½ pk. $1.15, pk. $2.00, bu. $7.00, not prepaid.

HORSEFORD'S MARKET GARDEN—Height 2½ feet. A very fine, second early, green, wrinkled variety, good not only for family gardens but also for canners and especially for market gardeners' purposes. A most prolific bearer. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 85c, peck $1.50, bushel $5.50, not prepaid.

Edible Podded Sugar Peas.

MOERHEIM'S GIANT SUGAR—A new variety from Europe and the largest podded and finest flavored of all sugar peas. The pods are long and very broad. An extremely heavy yielder. In quality it is unequalled. Vines grow about 5 feet high, are hardy and vigorous. Prices same as Tall Melting Sugar.

TALL MELTING SUGAR—Well known as the best podded variety of all sugar peas. The pods are long and very broad. An extremely heavy yielder. In quality it is unequalled. Vines grow about 5 feet high, are hardy and vigorous. Prices same as Tall Melting Sugar.

MAMMOTH PODDED SUGAR—A late sugar podded pea. Vine 4 to 5 feet. Quality the best of all peas. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, thick and fluffy. Cooked like string beans, they are a delightful dish. Immunely hardy, productive. Prices same as preceding.

DWARF SUGAR—Early and productive. Pods are broad, flat and crooked and are cooked when young the same as string beans; they are very sweet, tender and delicious. Packet 5 cents, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck $1.60, bu. $6.00, not prepaid.

FIELD PEAS.  CANADA YELLOW—The dry peas are of good size and excellent for cooking. Succeeds well most anywhere and is very prolific. ½ pint 10c, quart 35c, prepaid. Qt. 20c, ½ peck 65c, not prepaid. For prices on larger quantities see Farm Seed Department.
PEAS. Continued.

Tall Varieties For Main Crop.

PRINCE EDWARD OR PRODIGIOUS—One of the finest main crop varieties in existence. The vine is of strong growth, bronzing habit and hardy constitution, very prolific, producing big pods which are full of large peas right up to the end. Color dark green, and flavor unsurpassed, very rich and sweet. The pods are produced in great profusion, mostly in pairs. Every gardener will be delighted with this new sort. Height 4½ to 5 feet. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, not prepaid.

QUITE CONTENT—Pods longer and larger than those of any other pea in cultivation. No pea of modern times has attracted so much attention as Quite Content; it is the finest exhibition pea ever seen and has won more prizes than any other variety. Height 6 to 7 feet. This grand new pea bears pods measuring from 6 to 7 inches in length and containing 10 to 12 large, wrinkled peas which are of the finest table quality. Quite Content is a late variety and has dark green foliage; the pods, also dark green, hang mostly in pairs, and are borne in great profusion. It is a pea with which everybody—the grower on account of its great productiveness and high market value, the consumer on account of its delicious table qualities—should be "Quite Content." Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck $1.35, peck $2.50, not prepaid.

COLOSSUS—A splendid new sweet, wrinkled, mammoth pea of the large podded Telephone type, but the pods are larger and the peas sweeter. The plants are of healthy, vigorous growth, the vines containing a height of 6 feet, and pods are of rich dark green color. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $5.25, not prepaid.

ALDERMAN—(Also called Improved Telephone and Admiral Dewey.) Height 4 to 5 feet. The vines are remarkably healthy and vigorous, producing an abundance of pods of immense size, quite often measuring six inches in length, which are well filled with sweet and tender peas of the largest size. The tender, juicy, sticky pods, vines and pods are of a rich dark green color. As a heavy cropper it bests all late varieties. Extensively grown by market gardeners. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $5.25, not prepaid.

BOSTON ENGLISH—Height 5 feet. An improved strain of Carter's Telephone, with light colored leaves and pods like the old variety. The vines are covered with fine large pods, measuring 4 inches in length by ¾ inch in width, and containing from 7 to 8 large peas of the finest quality. We recommend this variety especially to our market gardener customers as the finest stock of Telephone peas. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $5.25, not prepaid.

CARTER'S TELEPHONE—Height 4 feet. On account of its beautiful large pods and high quality, one of the leading peas with market gardeners. Vines are vigorous and produce an abundance of very large pods, filled with immense peas, which are tender, sweet and of excellent flavor. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $5.25, not prepaid.

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND—Height 5 feet. Alto this is one of the oldest of the tall growing late varieties. It is universally admitted to be one of the finest and best flavored varieties. The vigorous vines produce large pods of juicy peas in the greatest abundance. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $7.00, not prepaid.

WHITE MARROROFAT—Height 3½ feet. A very heavy yielding late variety. Pods large and well filled. Vines hardy, vigorous and robust. The dry peas are of large size and excellent for cooking. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck $1.25, peck $2.50, bushel $5.25, not prepaid.

Sugar Marrowfat—Height 3½ feet. Much better than the old White Marrowfat. Pods larger, well filled with large peas. Almost the true marrow flavor, very sweet and tender. A very fine sort for the home garden. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck $1.00, peck $1.65, bushel $6.00, not prepaid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GARDEN LEMON.

Fruit is of same shape but somewhat smaller than Vine Peach, which it resembles in growth, but has thinner flesh, and is decidedly more acid, thus dispensing with the sliced lemons which are so important in putting up the Vine Peach. Directions for cooking with each packet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 45c, prepaid.

PEANUTS.

Peanuts may be grown successfully as far north as central Minnesota and South Dakota. Plant in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, placing the nuts about six inches apart in the rows. Let the children grow them, it will afford them lots of pleasure.

EARLY SPANISH—The earliest variety, excellent quality. Pods medium size. Best for the North. LARGE VIRGINIA—The heaviest yielder, but a little later maturing than Early Spanish. Price for both varieties: Large packet 10c, lb. 40c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 30c, 5 lbs. $1.00.

TOBACCO.

LARGE HAVANA—Very early, yields well and is of fine quality. Packet 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, prepaid.

WHITE BURLEY—A greatly improved type, has very large leaves. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. $1.00, prepaid.

Quite Content.
RADISHES.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, $8 to $20, per acre. For first crop sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks through the season, for succession. A warm, sandy loam, made rich and light by strong manure is the best. Sow in drills 10 to 12 in. apart. The winter varieties should be sown in July and August.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—A round red, turnip-shaped radish, with a small top and of very quick growth. A very early variety, deserving general cultivation on account of its rich color and crisp, tender flesh. Pkt 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP—A most popular and attractive variety, a great favorite in many large markets. The radish is a bright scarlet, with white tip, and of a beautiful shape; flesh white, crisp and finely flavored. Our strain is the finest in the market, and always produces radishes of fine scarlet color with a distinct white tip. Pkt 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIEST ERFURT—The earliest variety, of excellent quality. The roots are small, nearly round, of bright scarlet color, with very small tops; the flesh is white, crisp and tender. Fine for outdoor growing and one of the best varieties for forcing, being fit for the table in 10 to 30 days. A very handsome variety. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE TURNIP—An early pure white radish. White generally used for early outdoor planting, its small top makes it suitable for forcing, a crisp, semi-transparent, crisp and tender. Pkt 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

IMPROVED EARLY SCARLET GLOBE—The leading variety of radishes with market gardeners; equally as good for forcing in green houses and hot-beds for open garden culture. Almost exclusively grown by market gardeners near the Twin Cities. A very handsome radish of rich, bright scarlet color and oval shape, with very small tops; the flesh is delightfully crisp, juicy and tender. An extra early variety, fit to be pulled in about three weeks. Our strain was selected with the greatest care as to size, shape, color and earliness, was grown from transplanted roots and is fully equal, if not superior, to any other stock of this variety. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 80c, prepaid.

ROSY GEM or SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP FORCING—A very beautiful variety of deep scarlet color, with a large white tip: earlier than the Scarlet Turnip White Tip; a very popular market sort for forcing as well as outdoor planting. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 80c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE MAY—A beautiful olive-shaped radish, of clear white color. It is one of the very earliest varieties, ready for the table in about 20 days from sowing. The flesh is white, crisp, tender and of delicious flavor. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—A quick growing, medium sized radish, oblong in shape, color a beautiful scarlet, except near the tip where it is pure white. A splendid variety on account of its excellent quality and attractive color. Pkt 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY SCARLET, OLIVE SHAPED—Root olive shaped, skin scarlet; flesh white, tender and crisp. Early, and best adapted for general crop, but may also be used for forcing. Pkt 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S CRIMSON GIANT—This radish differs from all other forcing varieties hitherto in cultivation inasmuch as its roots attain more than double the size without getting pithy or hollow. It is very early; not whitening its size. Color crimson, flesh pure white and of the best quality. Fine for outdoor and forcing. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

CRIMSON GIANT—One sowing will produce a variety of delicious radishes of fine quality, remaining in edible condition a long time. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S ALL SEASONS—May be sown from spring to August and used all season, summer and winter. Round, deep scarlet, excellent quality, always crisp and tender. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 90c, prepaid.

MIXED RADISHES—One sowing will produce a variety of delicious radishes the entire season. Our mixture contains early, summer and winter varieties. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

Early White May.
RADISHES. Continued.

F. S. & N. Co's TICICLE—The finest white radish. Planted in the spring the radishes are ready for use in 20 to 25 days; their long, slender form and pure, paper-white skin make them most attractive. The flesh remains crisp and tender until the radish attains a large size. It is excellently adapted for forcing purposes, as well as for successive sowing in the open ground. Pkt. 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

EARLY LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP—The long, slender radish handsomely colored roots are most attractive in appearance, crisp, brittle and of the choicest quality. They attain a length of 5 to 6 inches. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

CINCINNATI MARKET or GLASS RADISH—Very similar to Early Long Scarlet, Short Top, but deeper red in color and remains a little longer in condition for use. Profitable market sort; very crisp and fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

F. S. & N. Co's CHARTIER—The radishes are in good condition for the table very early and remain hard and crisp until they reach a diameter of about 1 1/2 inches. The roots are long, cylindrical, gradually tapering to a point, are scarlet rose in color, shading into white at the tip. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 65c.

LONG WHITE VIENNA or LADY FINGER—A well known white radish, weighing 1/4 pounds. Keeps well and is a good market sort. Excellent for summer planting. Price same as Chartier.

WHITE STRASBURG—Larger in size and thicker than White Vienna. Keeps well and is a good market sort. Excellent for summer planting. Price same as Chartier.

WINTER RADISHES.

Sow the seed the latter part of June, up to August 1st. Culture same as for other radishes.

CALIFORNIA WHITE MAMMOTH—Long white, of large size. A good keeper; flesh tender and crisp. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

CHINESE WHITE or CELESTIAL—The largest winter radish. Flesh is crisp and very mild. Grown extensively everywhere. Price the same as California White.

ALL SEASONS or ROUND SCARLET CHINA—A large, round radish for summer and winter use. Excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 90c, prepaid.

WHITE MUNICH—A fine german radish of good size and fine quality, mild and crisp. Of quick growth. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

ROSE CHINA—Of medium size, largest at the bottom, tapering abruptly to a small top; color deep rose. Flesh is white, firm, crisp and pungent. Fine keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c.

LONG BLACK SPANISH—Keeps longest of all winter radishes. Skin black; flesh white, crisp, quite pungent. Price same as Rose China.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—Similar to Long Black, except in shape. Matured a little earlier. Price same as Rose China.

PUMPKIN.

Pumpkins are frequently planted in connection with a crop of corn, or as a second crop after early peas, etc. Plant in drills 8 to 12 feet apart. One ounce of seed for 25 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre. If planted with corn, 15c, per acre. F. S. & N. Co's SUGAR PIE—This is the small, sweet pumpkin that has made the New England States famous for their pumpkin pies, "like grandmother used to make". It is a very fine grained, most deliciously sweet flavored pumpkin, and also a splendid keeper all through the winter. The fruits average about 10 inches in diameter, are of a round, flattened shape, deep orange yellow color, and are very attractive. Very prolific, succeeding splendidly in any location. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

GOLDEN OBLONG—A very productive variety; fruits 15 to 20 inches in length and 8 to 10 inches in diameter. The flesh is golden yellow and of very rich, fine quality, excellent for pies. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

JAPANESE PIE—Skin deep green with dark stripes; seeds are marked with curious indentations resembling the characters of the Chinese alphabet. Of medium size, early, very fine quality; good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

QUAKER PIE—Oval in shape, and of a creamy white color inside and out; the flesh is fine grained and rich flavored, and makes superior pies. It is an excellent keeper. Early and very productive. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO—Medium sized, pear shaped, slightly ribbed, creamy white flesh. Very rich. See Novelties. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

RHUBARB OR PIEPLANT.

Succeeds best in deep, rich soil. Sow in spring in drills, cover one inch. Thin plants to six inches apart. Transplant in autumn or spring to permanent beds.

RED FLESHED DELICACY—Dark red leaf-ends, 2 pounds will plant an acre. See Novelties.

LINNUS—A very early variety, fine quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.00.

GIANT VICTORIA—Larger than the above, a good seller in all markets; of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. $1.50, prepaid.

FOR RHUBARD ROOTS SEE PAGE 103.
SPINACH.

Succeeds best on rich, well-drained soil. Sow early in spring one inch deep, in rows 12 to 15 inches apart. For succession sow every two weeks until June. For early spring sow in August and cover over winter. One ounce of seed for 100 foot row; 12 to 18 pounds per acre, or 30 pounds broadcast.

F. S. & N. Co.'s GIANT FILLBASKET—A fine new variety introduced from Germany. The plants form large bushes with dark, glossy green leaves, every thing in texture. A quick grower, furnishing enormous quantities of tender leaves of finest flavor when cooked. Suitable for early and late plantings. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. 85c. prepaid. $5 lbs. $3.50, not prepaid.

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY LEAVED—The earliest variety and one of the best to plant in Autumn for early spring use. Plants of upright growth, with medium sized, dark green, pointed leaves which are crumpled or blistered like those of savoy cabbage. Used extensively by market gardeners. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/2 lb. 30c, lb. 85c prepaid. $5 lbs. $3.50, not prepaid.

VICTORIA—The foliage is heavy, the broad, dark green leaves being of the true savoy appearance, and of the finest quality, but the feature that makes it of special use for market and family gardens is that it is still in prime condition from 2 to 3 weeks after all other varieties have run to seed. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. 85c prepaid. $5 lbs. $3.50, not prepaid.

NEW ZEALAND. (Everlasting Spinach)—This sort is grown to supply the place of the ordinary spinach during the hottest months of the year, or in dry, arid localities, where the ordinary spinach does badly. Plant is very large, with thick, fleshy leaves of very fine flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c prepaid.

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER.

One of the best winter vegetables, with the flavor of oysters. It may be cooked in a variety of ways, like asparagus, peas, etc. Salsify should be sown in drills, in light rich soil, very early. The roots are perfectly hardy and remain in the ground all winter, but should be dug early in spring, as they deteriorate rapidly after being in storage. For winter use, they may be stored in a cool cellar. The varieties are divided into two classes: the weedy varieties, which do not produce fine white, excellent for table use. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 75c prepaid.

SQUASH.

Plant seed in extra fertile soil in the spring when danger of frost is past. The vining varieties should be planted in hills 8 or 10 feet apart each way, and the bush varieties from 4 to 5 feet. Place 10 lbs. in a hill, with 100 feet in a row. When plants are well started thin out. One ounce of seed for 25 hills. For running varieties 3/4 to 1 lb. per acre; bush varieties require 6 lbs. of seed per acre.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

GIANT YELLOW SUMMER CROOKNECK—This strain is equally as early as the common small-fruited varieties, and the squashes grow to a much larger size, measuring from 18 inches to 2 feet in length. A great favorite with market gardeners. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c prepaid.

EARLY WHITE HUSH SCALLOPED—The plants are of true bush growth, producing fruits early in the summer, which are clear, waxy white, excellent for table use. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 75c prepaid.

YELLOW HUSH SCALLOPED—Similar to the White Bush, but of deep orange color. Flesh pale yellow. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 75c prepaid.

WINTER VARIETIES.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD—The ideal winter squash for the home or the market. This strain of the well known Hubbard was produced by careful selection of large, dark green, very warked specimen of the old variety. This plant is strong, robust growth. Its flowers are large, handsomely shaped with dark green, heavily warked skin and flesh of bright orange-yellow color, fine grained, dry, and of sweet, rich flavor. Our seed is Minnesota grown and will produce fine and of better keeping qualities than seed grown in any other state. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.10 prepaid.

HUBBARD—The original Hubbard is similar to the above, but smoother and does not run quite so large. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. $1.09 prepaid.

GOLDEN HUBBARD—This is a true Hubbard squash, except in color, which is orange-red. The fruits are uniformly in size, weighing from 6 to 8 pounds, and in shape are like the Hubbard. Altho in condition for use much earlier, they are wonderfully long keepers. The squash is deep orange and uniformly so to the shell, cooks very dry, is fine grained and flavorful. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

F. S. & N. Co.'s DELICIOUS—This squash is particularly excellent in quality and is now considered by many even better than the Hubbard. It is a very early winter variety of medium size, but very thin; flesh thick, fine-grained and bright yellow in color. Even when immature this squash is in condition for use and is of very fine flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

MAIMOTH WHALE—This is the "Jumbo" of the squash family and creates great attention wherever grown or placed on exhibition. It is an extra large-fruited sort, frequently attaining more than 100 pounds in weight. The skin is of a dark olive-green, with stripes of a lighter tint. Flesh firm and solid, beautiful orange-yellow and of excellent quality. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. $1.25 prepaid.

F. S. & N. Co.'s DELICIOUS—This squash is particularly excellent in quality and is now considered by many even better than the Hubbard. It is a very early winter variety of medium size, but very thin; flesh thick, fine-grained and bright yellow in color. Even when immature this squash is in condition for use and is of very fine flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. $1.00 prepaid.

The seeds ordered from you were excellent, especially the Hubbard Squash and Red Featherhead Onion.

FRED W. RUNCK, Springfield, Minn.
Tomatoes succeed best in well-manured, light sandy soil. For early plants sow seed in boxes or hotbeds in March. When the plants are about three inches high, transplant to four inches apart each way. Set out of doors as soon as danger of frosts is over. Transplant carefully, four feet apart each way, and cultivate well as long as vines will permit. To obtain early fruits pinch off the ends of the side branches when the first fruit is set. Our seed stock is of the very best selection. One ounce of seed for 5000 plants.

**FAIRBALT DWARF CHAMPION**—A Dwarf Champion with fruits twice the size of the old variety, and of delicious flavor unequalled in any other kind. The best of all True Tomatoes. See Novelties.

**SCARLET EXTRA EARLY JUNE**—Our Extra Early June is earlier than any other sort without exception, ripening a week earlier than the Earliana. It is exceedingly productive and perfectly smooth throughout the season. The fruits are of large size for an early sort of a deep glossy scarlet color; its flavor is all that can be desired, very meaty, with fewer seeds than any other variety. The table quality is surpassed only by the large late beetroot sorts. The fruit ripens uniformly all over, the stem end coloring perfectly. For the market gardener as well as for the home garden this tomato can be highly recommended. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ½ lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIANA**—Next to our Extra Early June this is the earliest smooth, bright red tomato of good size. The plants are compact in growth with short, close-jointed branches, setting fruits very freely. The tomatoes are quite uniform in size and smooth, regular form, averaging 3 inches in diameter, and from 2 to 3 ounces in weight; they are flaky, solid, and excellent for shipping purposes. Our strain is very fine.

Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**EARLIANA, LADYBONE'S STRAIN**—A very fine strain of the Earliana, which is enjoying great popularity in the East. It is said to be earlier and more productive, with fruits of great uniformity and smoothness. Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ½ lb. $1.00, prepaid.

**ACHIEVE**—A splendid early purple fruit. Vine hardy and productive. Fruit in clusters of four to six; round, smooth, and of good size; flesh solid and of excellent flavor. Color reddish-purple. Ripens early. There is no better variety for market gardeners who want an early purple fruited sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

**EARLY MINNESOTA**—Considered of great value here in the Northwest. It is the earliest tomato producing good marketable fruits. The fruits are of medium size, bright red in color and the flesh very well covered with an outer skin of a deep purple color. Very productive, large, and heavy, setting fruits very well in the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL**—The largest, smoothest and finest flavored second-early scarlet tomato in cultivation. The plants are of compact growth with dark green leaves and fairly loaded with fruit throughout the entire season. The large, handsome, bright scarlet fruits are very solid and deep thru, being almost round, and ripen right up to the stem and core and have comparatively few seeds. The flesh is firm and solid and sweet; skin thin, but strong, making it a good shipper. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**JUNE PINK**—The earliest large pink tomato. Grown very largely as an extra early sort for markets like St. Paul and Minneapolis; where pink sorts are preferred. Very similar to the Earliana, differing only in color. The fruit is of medium size, uniform, smooth, and attractively shaped, without cracks or any green core; will average 3 to 4 inches in diameter, and 2 to 3½ inches in depth. Excellent for jams and preserves, and is very productive as a table and garden fruit. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**BEAUTY**—The standard large fruited, medium early, pink variety. A hardy, strong, productive grower, producing large, always smooth fruits of perfect shape, even, thick, solid, firm, and of excellent flavor, both for table and market use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 65c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**NEW COLOSSAL**—The largest tomato in cultivation. See Novelties.

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Earliana.

DWARF CHAMPION OR EX- TRA EARLY JUNE—They grow in young, compact, habit. It can be planted quite closely. Wonderfully productive; the dark reddish-purple fruits are of medium size, very solid and firm. The vines are very strong and still, so that the plants need almost no support. Very desirable for the home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

**NEW GLOBE**—A new and very attractive, large, purple fruited variety of excellent quality. Fruits are of beautiful globe shape, very smooth, of delicate, mild flavor, and ripen earlier than most main crop sorts: nice for slicing. A splendid cropper and an excellent keeper; fine for growing in greenhouses. This tomato is as near as an ideal home-garden sort as can be found. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 70c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

**IMPROVED TROPHY**—Very fine late, bright scarlet tomato. One of the best; fruit large, smooth, firm, very desirable flavor. Well known and largely planted. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 60c, lb. $2.00.

**F. S. & N. CO'S STONE**—More largely grown than any other variety. Very popular with gardeners and market gardeners over the country; we recommend this variety to all who want a large, smooth, late variety for the main crop. Fruits are of bright scarlet color, very large, round, slightly flattened and very smooth; they ripen evenly to the stem; the flesh is firm, solid, with very small core. A heavy yielder. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 85c, lb. $1.75, prepaid.

**MATCHLESS**—This is a very large fruited and long keeping bright red tomato. The fruit is remarkably solid, very meaty, free from core, and is produced in quantities of strong, vigorous vines. A very desirable variety for main crop, unsurpassed for market or table use. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

**FAVORITE**—A standard early variety. Fruits are large, smooth, bright red. Fine quality, a good yielder and excellent shipper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 90c, lb. $1.75.

**JOHN BAER** TOMATO—A splendid early tomato of recent introduction, producing beautiful, large, bright red, solid tomatoes early in the season. John Baer produces excellent, solid shelling tomatoes which ripen early right up to the stem and is an enormous cropper, and when dried ripe will not shrivel. The color is a glossy bright red, and it has a mild, deliciously sweet flavor. Almost seedless, a marvelous stem setter, often having ten fruits in first cluster. It is solid and meaty and has just enough foliage. Will stand plenty of manuring without going to vine. Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ½ lb. $1.25.

**PARAGON**—Well known mid-season variety with large fruits of glossy, deep-red color. Flesh solid, well colored and flavored. An immense cropper, will hold its size better in season than any other sort. Many gardeners, canners and canna maker use Paragon exclusively. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.
family the entire season, and every owner of a garden should not fail to grow this wonderful tomato. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, 3/4 lb. 75c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

**Giant Ponderosa**—The largest fruited tomato. A splendid variety for home use: quite free from acid, and very fine for slicing. It begins to ripen its fruit early and continues to bear until very late; fruit fairly smooth with very solid flesh; of sweet flavor, almost seedless, and of immense size, frequently weighing over 2 pounds; color deep purple. Virus vigorous and very productive. Is by many considered to be the finest fruited tomato in existence. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 3/4 lb. 85c, lb. $3.00, prepaid.

**Golden Queen**—Best large yellow variety. The superior flavor of the large yellow varieties is bringing them into favor as a table fruit. Ripes very evenly; fruit is smooth, of good quality, and firm flavor. Fine for the home garden and a good yeilder. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/2 lb. 60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

**Peach**—The fruit is of uniform size, resembling a peach in shape, size and color. It is a productive bearer until killed by frost and has an agreeable mild flavor. It is desirable for eating from the hand, as well as for canning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 3/4 lb. 85c, prepaid.

**Small-Fruited Tomatoes.**

The fruits of these are largely used for making fancy pickles, preserves, etc.

- Cherry red. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c.
- Pear red. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 80c.
- Plum red. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c.

**New Everbearing**—Enormously productive; beginning to bear in June and the plants continually produce fruits until cut down by frost. Fruits are produced in immense clusters of fifty or more; are plum-shaped, bright scarlet, solid and of finest flavor. Excellent for preserving. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, 3/4 lb. 60c, lb. $2.50, prepaid.

**Strawberry or Husk Tomato**—Plants of low-sprouting growth and immensely productive. The small yellow fruits are each enclosed in a husk. Of very sweet flavor, highly esteemed for eating, preserving, or making pies. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 3/4 lb. 85c, prepaid.

**Garden Huckleberry.**

This wonderful berry fruit belongs to the tomato family and produces berries about as large as an average sized gooseberry; they are of jet black color, and when cooked are as palatable as the real huckleberry. The berries do not taste well raw but they make better pies, jelly and sauce than the wild huckleberry. For winter use take the vines just before frost and store them away. Cultivate same as tomatoes. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, prepaid.

**Sweet, Pot and Medicinal Herbs.**

- Anise—Seeds have an agreeable aromatic odor and taste. Used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.
- Balsam—Leaves are used for making a pleasant beverage and for tea. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.
- Basil—Leaves used for flavoring soups or stews, and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.
- Borage—Leaves used for flavoring; flowers furnish bee pasture. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c.
- Chamomile—The dried flowers are much used for tea, and other medicinal purposes. Pkt. 5c. 
- Caraway—Grown for the seeds, which are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, 1/2 lb. 60c.
- Horseradish—Leaves are used in the manufacture of cough remedy, also for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c.
- Hyssop—The tops and flowers are used for tea in asthma and chronic catarrh. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.
- Lavender—An aromatic, medicinal herb.

- Catnip or Catmint—Leaves and young shoots used for flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.
- Cherries—Leaves used for garnishing and flavoring; also for salads. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c.
- Chives—Used for seasoning of mild onion flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c.
- Coriander—Seeds are used in the manufacture of liqueur and confectionery. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c.
- Dill—Seeds are used for flavoring of almost any currie, and as a pickling spice. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c.
- Fennel—Leaves are used in fish soups, soups, garnishes, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 30c.
- Geranium—Leaves and tops are used as a flavoring of almost any currie, and as a pickling spice. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c.
- Mint, Curled—For mint sauce and jellies. Pkt. (50 seeds) 10c, 200 seeds 25c.
- Peppermint—Leaves and tops are used for flavoring and in cold drinks. Seed should be started in boxes in the house. 50 seeds 10c, 200 seeds 25c.
- Rosemary—Leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c.
- Saffron—Flowers are used for dyeing, also for flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.
- Sage—The leaves and stems are used very extensively for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c.
- Sorrel—Sauerkraut—Is boiled and served like spinach, also delicious soup is made with it possesses a very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 50c.
- Summer Savory—For flavoring soups, dressing, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 30c.
- Sweet Woodruff—For flavoring wine. The well known ingredient of the German "Maitrank". The shoots are also used for scenting clothes. Pkt. 10c.
- Tansy—Leaves are used for tea and in bitterns. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.
- Tarragon—Highly valued for seasoning and culinary purposes. Pkt. 10c.
- Thyme—The young leaves and tops are used for seasoning soups, in dressings, etc., and a tea made from the leaves is a remedy for headache. Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. 81c.
- Wormwood—Used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 70c.
TURNIPS.

One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill. Two lbs. per acre in drills, three lbs. broadcast. Turnips do best in a highly enriched sandy loam or light, loamy soil. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in April, in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out to 6 or 8 inches in the row. For late or main crop, sow in July and August.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN—The earliest of all turnips, and of excellent quality. The top is very small, upright and compact, so the rows can be planted close together. The roots are clear white, very smooth, flat and symmetrical. The flesh is white, sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN—Similar to the White Milan, except that the roots are purple red on the upper portion. The Milan turns are some of the very best extra early garden varieties which we have. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. $1.00, prepaid.

SNOWBALL or WHITE SIX WEEKS—The earliest and most perfectly formed round white turnip. The roots are very uniform in size and shape, a short top and single top root. The flesh is snow white, solid, firm, and very sweet. It is of quick growth and suitable for first early as well as later sowings. We highly recommend it. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

WHITE EDG4 A very popular and early variety, adapted for either spring or fall sowing. It is perfectly smooth, with a clear white skin and flesh, and grows half out of the ground. A very fine kind for table use, being of excellent flavor, mild and sweet. It is very attractive as the roots look like white eggs. Early and very productive, 500 bushes having been raised to the acre as a second crop. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH STRAP LEAVED—A most excellent garden turnip, and like Purple Top Strap Leaf, a standard flat variety, maturing at the same time. Root medium sized, from 4 to 5 inches in diameter and about 2 inches thick; color, white; flesh sweet and tender, and very desirable for table use; a good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 80c, prepaid.—8 lbs. $1.75, 10 lbs. $3.25, not prepaid.

AMERICAN PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—This is the most popular of all market turnips. Roots are of globular shape, and good size, and in appearance are the best of all varieties. The flesh is firm, fine grained, white and of most excellent flavor. It is a fine keeper and as desirable for table as for stock. An immense producer. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.—8 lbs. $2.15, 10 lbs. $4.00, not prepaid.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.—8 lbs. $2.25, 10 lbs. $4.25, not prepaid.

GOLDEN BULL—A most delicate and sweet, yellow fleshed turnip of excellent flavor. Not of large size, but very firm, hard and keeps well. Fine table variety and preferred by many to the white fleshed sorts. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

RUTABAGAS OR SWEDIES.

They require the same culture as Turnips but a longer season. For table use they are considered of better flavor and keep longer.

Prices: Packet 5c, ounce 10c, ¼ pound 25c, pound 75c, prepaid. $5 pounds $3.15, 10 pounds $6.00, not prepaid.

BANGHOLM—An excellent variety both in shape and quality. The roots are round, of good size, firm and very sweet; few, if any, side roots and yield well. The skin is yellow with purple topping. The flesh is yellow, sweet and solid. A splendid keeper.

AMERICAN PURPLE ORANGE BLODGE—White, very sweet, of much milder flavor than any other sort; globe shaped skin, creamy yellow.

BLODGE'S IMPROVED—White, very sweet, of much milder flavor than any other sort; globe shaped skin, creamy yellow.

YELLOPERABEDEN PUPPLE TOP—A large size root of good shape, a heavy yielder and very hardy. One of the most profitable sorts to grow. Keeps well.

SOUTHERN PRIZE—Cultivated extensively in the South for the tops, which are used for greens. The roots are large and of fine quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

Vegetable Plants.

We can supply good healthy plants of all the varieties listed below, in their proper season. Packing charges are included in the prices given.

prepaid. not prepaid.

doz. 100 1000

CABBAGE, Early, Ready in April and May, Jersey Wakefield, pointed head, Copenhagen Market, flat head... 20c $1.00 $ .75 $ .60

CABBAGE, Late, Ready in June. Hollander or Danish Ball head; Premium Late Flat Dutch... 20c 1.00 .75 5.50

RED CABBAGE, Ready in May, Danish Stonehead... 25c 1.25 1.00

CAULIFLOWER, Ready in April and May, Snowball... 30c 1.50 1.25 7.50

CELERY, Early, Ready in June. White Plume, Golden Self Blanching... 25c 1.00 75 8.00

CELERY, Late, Ready in June. Giant Pascal... 25c 1.00 75 8.00

CHIVES, Ready in April... 25c 1.25 1.00

EGG PLANT, Ready in May and June. Improved New York Purple... 35c 2.00 1.75

GROUND CHERRY, Ready in May and June... 35c 1.75 1.50

POTATOES, Ready in May or June. Bell or Ball Nose, Ruby King both... 35c 1.75 1.50

SWEET POTATO PLANTS, Ready in May and June... 25c 1.00 75 6.00

SAGE, Ready in May and June... 35c 1.75 1.50

TOMATOES, Ready in May and June. Earliana, Ponderosa, New Stone, Dwarf Champion or Tree, John Baer, Bonny Best... 30c 1.50 1.25 7.50
COLLECTIONS OF GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

Although we offer these collections at comparatively lower prices than seeds selected from our regular list, we use only seeds of the highest quality for them. On account of being able, however, to put up these collections at our leisure, before the rush of our busy season begins, we are in a position to offer them at such low prices, but cannot make any changes in the assortment of the seed for the different collections is made with the greatest care, and offers to the private planter, not familiar with the different kinds, the advantage of obtaining only such seeds as will bring the best results. All the collections named below being already put up, we can fill your order for them promptly.

COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS.

SMALL VEGETABLE GARDEN. Price 50 Cents Postpaid.
Contains 1 packet each of the following 17 varieties of Vegetable and 1 packet of Mixed Flower Seeds:

- Beans, Wax
- Peas, Early
- Corn, Sweet, Early
- Beets, Early
- Cabbage, Early
- Cucumber, Pickling
- Kohlrabi
- Lettuce, Early
- Carrots, Early
- Cucumber, Long
- Kale, Early Curled
- Kohlrabi
- Leek
- Radish, Early
- Spinach
- Tomatoes, Early
- Turnips, Flat, Early
- Marjoram
- Flower Seed, Choice mixed.

LARGE VEGETABLE GARDEN. Price $1.00 Postpaid.
Contains 1 packet each of the following 36 varieties of Vegetable and 1 packet of Mixed Flower Seeds:

- Bean Sorts
- Green Podded
- Beets, Early, Round, Red
- Cabbage, Early, Pak Choi
- Cabbage, Late
- Carrot, Early
- Cauliflower, Early
- Celery
- Corn, Sweet, Extra Early
- Corn, Sweet, Late
- Cucumber, Pickling
- Cucumber, Long
- Kale, Early Curled
- Kohlrabi
- Leek
- Radish, Early
- Spinach
- Tomatoes, Early
- Turnips, Flat, Early
- Marjoram
- Flower Seed, Choice mixed.

LARGE FAMILY GARDEN. Price $2.00, Transportation charges to be paid by purchaser.

Weight, packed for shipment, 6 pounds. This splendid collection would cost at our regular catalog prices, $3.50.

- Beans
- Dwarf Green Pod...5 pt.
- Yellow Pod...5 pt.
- Dwarf Lisamas...6 pt.
- Pole...1 pkt
- Cabbage
- Early
- Lat.0...1 oz.
- Cauliflower
- Early Scarlet Horn...1 pkt.
- Danish Half Long...1 oz.
- Celery
- White Plum...1 pkt.
- Cucumbers
- For Slicing...1 oz.
- For Pickles...1 oz.
- Egg Plant
- New York...1 pkt.
- Leek
- Large...1 pkt.
- Lettuce
- Early, Curled...1 oz.
- Best Summer...1 oz.
- Parsley
- Curled...1 pkt.
- Parsnips
- Hollow Crown...1 oz.
- Peppers
- Large Red...1 pkt.
- Medium Red...1 oz.
- Late...1 oz.
- Pumpkin
- Best Pie...1 pkt.
- Radish
- Round Red...1 oz.
- Long Red...1 oz.
- Long White...1 oz.
- Rutabaga
- Yellow Purple Top...1 oz.
- Salsify
- Sandwich Island...1 pkt.
- Spinach
- Best...1 lb.
- Squash
- Summer...1 oz.
- Winter...1 oz.
- Tomato
- Early Red...1 pkt.
- Turnip
- Early White...1 oz.
- Sweet Corn
- Early...1 oz.
- Sweet Scented Flowers
- No. 1204—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.
- Sweet Flowers
- No. 1204—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.
- Scented flowers
- No. 1204—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.
- Flowers for Bees
- No. 1205—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.
- Everlasting Flowers
- No. 1206—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.
- Ornamental Grasses
- No. 1207—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each.

COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

The low prices quoted include postage.

HARDY SUMMER FLOWERING ANNUALS.
No. 1201—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each (including 1 oz. each of Sweet Peas and Dwarf Nasturtiums) our selection...80c.
No. 1208—8 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each (including 1 oz. each of Sweet Peas and Dwarf Nasturtiums) our selection...30c.

OLD FASHIONED HARDY PERENNIALS.
No. 1202—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...45c.
No. 1209—8 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...25c.

QUICK-GROWING HARDY ANNUAL CLIMBERS.
No. 1203—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...45c.
No. 1210—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...25c.

SWEET SCAWNTED FLOWERS.
No. 1204—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...45c.
No. 1211—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...28c.

FLOWERS FOR BEES.
No. 1205—12 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...45c.
No. 1212—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...25c.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.
No. 1206—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...25c.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.
No. 1207—6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection...25c.
A DESCRIPTIVE
LIST OF
CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS.

GENERAL CULTURAL DIRECTIONS.

Most flowering plants will grow in almost any soil, but for best results, soil and location should be adapted to their needs. Light friable loam, with enough sand to make it porous, usually produces the most vibrant plants and largest flowers. While many seeds need special care, these general rules apply to all. Spade the garden very deeply, and enrich the soil with large quantities of well-rotted manure. Fertilize it thoroughly and have the surface as fine, smooth, and level as possible. Do not plant seeds when the ground is wet. Plant the seeds in rows so the young plants can be easily recognized. Flower seeds should not be covered more than 4 to 6 times their diameter, and the ground should be pressed lightly but firmly over the seed. When sowing very fine seeds, barely cover it with pulverized soil, protecting it from sun and heavy rains by burlap or green branches. If necessary, water regularly with a fine spray, so the soil has a chance to absorb. Some seeds are hard and germinate very slowly, and should be soaked in warm water before planting.

Read carefully the directions given on each package.

There are three classes of flowering plants, Annuals, Biennials, and Perennials. Annuals bloom and die the first year, Biennials usually bloom the second year, and Perennials live from year to year.

For Hardy Perennials Plants see pages 119 to 122.

For Novelties in Flowers see pages five and six.

For orders for Flower Seeds amounting to 50c, customers may select 10c worth extra, and on orders amounting to $1.00, 25c worth extra. All Flower Seeds are sent prepaid by mail or express.

For the convenience of our customers and to facilitate the filling of orders, it is only necessary in ordering to give the number of packets wanted and the corresponding number in the catalog.

2. ACHILLEA "The Pearl". No. 2.

2. Achillea "The Pearl" (Double White Yarrow) — Splendid hardy perennial for borders and cemetery planting. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall, and is covered from spring until frost with heads of double white flowers.

3. ACONITUM (Monk's Hood or Wolfbane) — Hardy perennial, producing long spikes of hood shaped blue and white flowers. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall, and does well in rich shady locations... Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 35c.

4. ACCROCLINUM (Everlasting) — A pretty annual, producing white and rose, double daisy-like flowers, from July to October. Plants grow 15 in. high. Mixed. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 10c.

AGERATUM. A beautiful annual, with masses of tiny yellow flowers borne in dense clusters. Very desirable for outdoor bedding and borders, window boxes, etc.

2. BLUE PERFECTION The darkest blue Ageratum, height 9 inches... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

8. LITTLE BLUE STAR — Dwarf compact border plant, 4-5 in. high, with bright blue flowers. Pkt. 10c.

9. LITTLE WHITE BEAUTY — A charming white border plant. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 30c.

ALYSSUM. Dainty, fragrant annuals for borders or massing, that bloom all summer. If cut back after first crop of flowers wilt. Quite hardy, may be sown early in open ground.

10. SWEET ALYSSUM (Maritimum) — Fragrant white flowers, plants 6 in. high... Packet 5c, 25c.

12. LITTLE GEM, CARPET OF SNOW (Procumbens) — Very dwarf, compact sort, for edgings and borders. Plants are a solid mass of white, and last until late in fall... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

13. GOLD DUST (Lutescens) — Showy hardy perennial, producing quantities of small yellow flowers. Plants are one foot high... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

AMARANTHUS. Brilliant foliage annuals, 2 to 5 feet high, some with large racemes of curious flowers. Especially fine for Chinese beds and window boxes. Thrive best in hot sunny locations, not too rich soil, and given sufficient room to develop their full beauty.

15. CAUDAUS. LOVE LIES BLEEDING — Brilliant scarlet, of drooping habit... Packet 5c.

18A. ABYSSINICUS — Handsome dark red leaves, drooping tufts of flowers... Packet 5c.

6. AMMOMBIA (Winged Everlasting) — Large double white flowers, with yellow disk. Grows in sandy soil and blooms all summer. Height 2 to 3 feet... Packet 5c, 25c.

16. ANCHUSA CAPENSIS (Cape Forget-me-not) — A rare, beautiful annual that thrives in shady places where scarcely anything else grows. Flowers borne in clusters like forget-me-nots, but deep brilliant blue... Packet 5c.

16A. ANCHUSA ITALICA (Dropmore) — Brilliant blue semi-hardy perennials, grow 3 to 5 feet high, which are simply covered with flowers from May to July. The most brilliant blue flower in existence. The roots should be covered with moss or old carpet. Packet 10c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine) — Charmingly hardy perennial, 2 to 3 feet high. foliage is delicately cut, flowers are curiously shaped, long spurred. Should have rich soil and shade. It blooms in May and June.

23. ROSE PINK — Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

24. COERULEA (Rocky Mountain Columbine) — Blue... Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

25. FINEST MIXED... Pkt. 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.
ASTERS.

ASTERS are today one of the most popular and most important summer and autumn flowers, as they appear in their fullest beauty when the ordinary summer flowers are beginning to look rusty; their blooms are freely produced, are very effective, and last until spoilt by the frost of autumn.

Asters are classified according to their height, as tall, half dwarf and dwarf. The tall varieties are fine for the center of large beds and for cutting; the dwarfs are particularly fine for borders or masses of one color, as they are compact and bloom very profusely; the semi-dwarf are good for all purposes and extra fine for pot culture.

Plants from seed sown in the open ground in May will bloom in September and October. If started in the hot bed, pots or boxes in the house, in March or April, flowers can be had in July and August.

TALL VARIETIES.

American Giant Branching Aster.

The finest of all asters for the American climate. The plants are healthy, of robust growth, about 2 to 2½ feet high, and have a tendency to form numerous branches, which gives the class its name. These asters are wonderfully prolific and continue to bloom from summer until checked by frost; their magnificent blooms measuring 4 to 5 inches across, are of perfect form, exceedingly double to the very center and are borne on strong stems. The petals are both long and broad and are more or less twisted and curled, giving the flowers a chrysanthemum-like appearance.

30—Pure white. 26—Crimson. 27—Pink
28—Lavender. 29—Dark blue.

Price: Packet 10c, 25 oz. 20c, ¼ oz. 35c.

One packet each of these 5 colors for 35c.

32—All colors mixed. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c, ¼ oz. 30c.

CARLSON OR EARLY BRANCHING ASTER.

36—Similar to the above, but comes into bloom two weeks earlier. Finest mixed. Packet 10c, 3/8 oz. 20c.

EARLY HOHENZOLLERN ASTERS.

The finest strain of the Giant Comet or Ostrich feather type; the flowers are larger, with petals more curled and twisted than those of the Giant Comet; they are produced in great abundance, and borne on long stems, which makes them excellent for cutting. Height 2 feet.

37—White. 94—Delicate rose. 95—Light blue. 38—Dark Crimson. 39—Mixed colors.

Price: Packet 10c, 25 oz. 25c, ¼ oz. 45c.

One packet each of the 5 colors for 40c.

HERCULES ASTER.

34—Pure White. This new variety is similar in shape to the Hohenzollern type, but is a marvel on account of its huge size, surpassing all other asters; the flowers are of most refined shape, graceful form and profuse abundance. Height 2 feet. Packet 18c.

NEW RAY ASTER.

43—Quite a new type of tall asters. The flowers are very large, often 5 inches across, perfectly double, with long needle or quill-shaped petals, giving the blossoms a very distinct appearance, and are produced on long, thin, wiry stems. A very beautiful and attractive variety. Splendid for large beds and an excellent cut flower. Finest mixture.

6 of the best American asters.

These asters are of different types, but are all of strong, healthy growth, free-flowering and belong to the finest and most beautiful varieties produced.

62—Daybreak. A beautiful early aster, commencing to bloom in August; flowers are tall-shaped, very double, and of a lovely shell-pink color; excellent for cutting; height 18 inches. Packet 10c.

78—Lavender Gem. An early ostrich feathered aster, with long, artistic, loosely arranged petals of the most charming shade of lavender imaginable. The flowers are large and borne in profusion on long, wiry stems. Packet 10c.

64—Purity Aster. Identical in form and habit with the Daybreak, but the blooms are pure, glistering white. Packet 10c.

The American Aster Set—One packet each of the above varieties for 50c.

87—Tall Asters—Fancy Mixed. Many varieties of the best double tall asters in finest mixture. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, ¼ oz. 25c.

SINGLE FLOWERING ASTERS.

60—Original China Aster. These single China asters are very effective in beds of borders, and offer a pleasant change to the innumerable double sorts; mixed colors. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 25c.

The Asters raised from seed purchased by you were the prettiest I have ever seen. All the people that passed our house would stop to admire the brilliant display of color and the immense size of the flowers. They asked us where we got the seed and we were glad to tell them. Everyone told us they never saw anything to equal our aster bed. Enclosed I send another seed order. Fred Hurst, Sauk City, Wis.

American Giant Branching Aster.
ASTERS. Continued.

HALF DWARF VARIETIES.

GIANT COMET or Poodle ASTERS.
A very beautiful aster: the immense size of the flowers and the long, wavy twisted petals produce an effect not unlike that of the finest Japanese Chrysanthemums. Height 18 to 20 inches, blooms in August. 81—Pure White. 82—The Bride, white, changing to rose. 83—Pure White. 84—Brilliant Carmine. 85—Dark blue. 47—Light blue. 85—All colors mixed.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, ½ oz. 25c.

CANARY BIRD ASTER.
33—The best yellow variety known; the flowers are of large size, and of the Victoria strain, perfectly double, and of a rich golden color. 34—Pure Yellow. 35—All colors mixed.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c.

WHITE LADY ASTER.
61—This beautiful aster has become a great favorite everywhere. It is one of those rare gents that has come to stay; no private garden is complete without it. The flower is of an exquisite, pure snow-white color and is always full double. In habit of growth the plant is erect and of moderate height. The flowers are borne on large, slender, wiry stems. 62—White. 63—Light blue.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, ½ oz. 35c, ¼ oz. 65c.

VICTORIA ASTERS.
Considered by some the most beautiful asters in cultivation. The plants are strong growers, about 18 inches high, and branch freely in well-formed pyramidal boxes. The blooms are magnificent flowers, measuring 4½ to 5½ inches across. The broad petals are curved outward and lie in the fashion, one on top of the other. The Victoria class is perhaps the most showy of all asters and is excellent for both bedding and cutting. Blooms during August and September. 76—Miss Roosevelt, primrose, changing to deep color. 77—White. 78—Dark yellow. 79—Mixed colors.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, ½ oz. 35c, ¼ oz. 65c.

DWARF VARIETIES.

GLORIA OR BUTTONHOLE ASTER.
82—Height 10 inches, very branching, and free blooming, as many as forty flowers having been counted on one plant. The flowers are 1½ inches in diameter and are pure white, with a beautiful scarlet margin. It is the prettiest aster we can recommend for buttonhole wear or small vases and for bedding as well.

Price: Each. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c, 1 oz. 75c.

DWARF HOHENZOLLERN ASTERS.
88—Many varieties of double dwarf asters in cultivation. Mixed colors.

Price: Each. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 30c.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). Charming old-fashioned annuals, that have been vastly improved by new strains. Their splendid spikes, growing from one to two feet high, and covered with curious shaped flowers in all shades of red, rose, yellow, and white, make them as valuable for cut flowers as for bedding plants in the garden.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 25c.

LARGE FLOWERING HALF DWARF VARIETIES.
18. ROSE QUEEN—See Novelties. 18A. PURPLE KING—See Novelties. 21. QUEEN OF THE NORTH—Large, white, fragrant flowers, splendid for beds and for pot culture. 22. DWARF, MIXED. 23. GIANT FLOWERING TALL VARIETIES. 19. DELICATA—Soft pink, white throat. 19A. GOLDEN KING—Large brilliant yellow flowers. 20. TALL, MIXED VARIETIES.

Price: Each. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

Asparagus, Plomosus Nanus—a graceful house plant with the most delicate foliage. Plant 10c.

ASPERULA (Woodruff). Handsome dwarf annual, with fragrant foliage and flowers.

Price: Each. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 15c.

BALSAM APPLE AND PEANUT—See Vines, page 93.

BALSAM. (Page 79.)
BALSAM (Lady’s Slipper), Old favorite garden annuals, producing tall spikes of gorgeous flowers in profusion. Tender, of easy culture, requiring rich soil. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

182. White Monarch—Immensely double white flowers. Packet 10c, 1/2 oz. 25c.

187. The King—Intense scarlet, double. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

188. Prince Bismarck—Exquisite salmon rose. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

BEGONIA. Deservedly popular bedding and pot plants, thriving equally well in sunny and shaded locations. They are valuable for their handsome waxy foliage as well as for the brilliant blossoms which they bear in great profusion.

165. Orange—Orange red flowers and dark foliage, six inches high. Everblooming, splendid for bedding. Packet 10c.


BELIS (Double English Daisy). A favorite, half hardy perennial. Blooms from early spring until midsummer. Easily raised from seed which may be sown any time from spring to August. Well adapted for borders and for pots.

162. Monstrosa—Finest double mixed...Packet 10c.


164. Snowball—Large double white flowers, borne on long stems. Packet 10c.

165. Delicata—Extremely double, white shaded with rose; purple centers. Packet 10c.

201. Calceolaria—A unique handsome house plant, producing masses of beautiful pocket-like flowers in spring. Flowers are splendid in various colors. Packet 25c.

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold). One of the best and showiest annuals. Blooms continually until killed by frost. Grows in any good soil; one to two feet high.

202. Officialus—Large flowering, double mixed. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

203. CAMPANULA (Campion). Very hardy, with countless varieties of large bell-shaped flowers. Especially fine for borders. They are easily grown from seed, and require protection during the winter. Height 2 feet.


208. Medium Double Mixed...Packet 10c.

209. C. Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer). An improved type of the Old-fashioned Canterbury Bell. The large calyx is of the same color as the flower, giving it the appearance of a cup and saucer. Flowers are 2 inches long, and 3 to 4 in. across, and bloom nearly all summer.

206. Rose Pink...Packet 15c.

206A. Blue, a beautiful clear shade...Packet 15c.

206B. Mixed...Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

210. CANNABIS (Indian Cigar). The most graceful and satisfactory bedding plants for the American climate. The foliage and flowers are handsome and showy. In all shades of brown and yellow. Soak seeds in warm water until they swell, sow in sandy loam in a hotbed; transplant when second leaf appears. They may be sown outdoors in April, to bloom in July.

216. Large Flowering, finest mixed...Packet 10c.

217. Handsome dark leafy varieties, mixed...Packet 10c.

CELOSIA (Cockscomb). Odd, picturesque plants, with brilliant foliage. Flowers and seed vessels make them form gorgeous heads, in gold and maroon. Easily raised from seed, growing everywhere.

225. Cristata, Dwarf Mixed...Grilled and corrugated like a cockscomb...Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

226. President Thiers, Dwarf—Immensely brilliant maroon-crimson, a magnifcent showy plant...Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 75c.

227. Plumosa Thompsonii Magnifica—Finest ostrich feathered, mixed, ranging from brilliant yellow to dark maroon...Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

CENTAUREA (Pincushion Flower). Popular old fashioned b porks, known to every flower lover. This class includes Bachelor’s Buttons, dusty millers, sweet santans, and wildflowers. They are of easy culture, and usually re-seed themselves. All are splendid cut flowers.

231. Bachelor’s Buttons (Centaurea Cyanus).

221. Blue Emperor—Single dark blue...Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 10c.

222. Rose, single...Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

223. Double Mixed...Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

224. Giant Sweet Sultans (Centaurea Imperialis) —The finest of all Centaureas. For borders, bed丁ing, hanging baskets, window boxes, and pots. Effective for borders around canvas and salvia.


230. Gymnocarpa—Silver gray, finely cut leaves...Packet 10c.
COSMOS. Beautiful annuals, blooming profusely when other flowers are scarce. foliage is bright rosy, green, almost like asparagus, and flowers are borne on long stems. Flowers are white, and all shades of crimson, rose, pink. Should be planted in masses. Early varieties may be sown outdoors, but later kinds must be started indoors. We are offering three splendid new varieties of special merit.

264. Early Flowering varieties, mixed.
Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.

264A. Crimson Ray—New scarlet Cosmos, of distinct habit and form. Very beautiful flowers. (See illustration.) This should be started in hotbeds or outdoors and transplanted. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

265. Klondyke—Giant golden yellow flowers, shaded with orange; delicate foliage. Late, should be started indoors.
Packet 10c.

266. Giant Flowering Mixed—Late, immense perfect flowers.
Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.


260. Convolvulus Minor (Dwarf Morning Glory)—Early blooming hardy annuals, of easiest culture, splendid for masses and borders. Flowers are large, funnel-shaped, in all shades of rose, blue, and purple, producing a very brilliant effect.

300. Double Fine Mixed—Large flowering show dahlias, all colors.
Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

301. Double Cactus Dahlia—Handsome mixed.
Packet 10c.

302. Single Giant Dahlia—Flowers average six inches across, in all brilliant colors.
Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

303. Crown or Fragrant Dahlia—Large, single fragrant red flowers.
Packet 15c.

305. Datura Cornucopia (Horn of Plenty or Trumpet Flower)—Great double trumpet-shaped flowers, 7 to 9 inches in length and 5 inches across, are white, blotched with purple. Bloom very profusely all summer. Pkt. 5c.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Handsome, tall growing, stately, old-fashioned perennials, that do well on poor soil, in half shady locations. Delicate thimble-shaped flowers are borne on long spikes. See illustration, page 81.

312. Giant Gloxinia—Flowered.
Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

FOR PLANTS OF DIGITALIS, See Hardy Perennial Plants, page 119.

299. Dimorphoteca (African Golden Daisy)—A rare showy annual of easiest culture. Grows one foot high and produces numerous large, orange, daisy-like flowers. This splendid annual is well adapted for groups or borders, it stands the heat well, and produces its pretty flowers very early in sunny situations; blooms all summer.
Packet 10c.
DELPHINIUM or Perennial Larkspur. Tall, showy perennials that will always be favorites. They grow from 2 to 5 feet high, with long slender spikes of single and half-double flowers, in every shade of blue, lavender, and white. They are most effective in groups in the hardy border, and among shrubs. If the first blossoms are cut back before seed pods form, they will bloom until October. Sow the seed in hotbeds, transplant when about two inches high, setting the plants 6 to 8 inches apart. The next season, set the plants 2 or 3 feet apart. Give them plenty of rich soil and a moderately sunny position.

306. Formosum—Brilliant dark blue, single flowers, 3 feet high. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 5c.

325. Chinensis, "Blue Butterfly"—Delicate sky blue, with feathery foliage. Two feet high. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 35c.

324. Album—Large white flowers, 2 feet high. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

307. Nudicaule—Scarlet. 1 foot high. Packet 15c, ½ oz. 35c.

308. Zalil—Yellow, fine foliage, 2 feet high. Packet 15c, ½ oz. 50c.

326. Gold Medal Hybrids, Mixed—Extra fine strain of the best varieties, enormous spikes of flowers, mostly light and bright blue. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 50c.

DELPHINIUM—Annual Varieties.

309. Tall Emperor—Producing great spikes, 3 feet tall, of exquisite double flowers, in all shades of blue. Foliage is finely cut. Splendid for cutting. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

310. Dwarf Emperor or Dwarf Rocket, Double—Beautiful spikes of double flowers, in many shades. Grows 1 foot high. Hardy annual. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

DIANTHUS or PINKS. Some species of Dianthus are known to everyone, either as Pinks, Carnations, or Sweet William. In beauty of color and form, flowering habit, and fragrance, they are surpassed by no other flower. They grow in almost any soil, but should have a sunny position. The Plumarium varieties are perennials, the others are biennial, and should have some protection in winter.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

311. Chinensis f. pl. (Double China or Indian Pink)—Flowers in clusters, in a wide range of colors. Fine in massed plantings. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

314. Heddewigii, Finest Double Mixed—Brilliant colors, ranging from pure white to dark crimson; many are striped and laced. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

316. Heddewigii, Fireball—Dwarf double scarlet, fine bedding and cut variety. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

317. Heddewigii, Snow Queen—Large white double flowers, almost as large as carnations. Very free flowering. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

318. Heddewigii Lacinatus, Snowdrift—Immense double white flowers, similar to Snow Queen, but beautifully fringed. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 25c.

SINGLE VARIETIES.


315. Heddewigii, Eastern Queen—Beautifully striped in various shades of rose. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

319. Lacinatus Mirabilis, Mixed—A distinct strain, producing flowers 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Petals are deeply fringed, and twisted in all directions. In color they vary from pure white to deep red. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

320. Lacinatus, Vesuvius—Brilliant orange-red fringed flowers, a gorgeous bedding variety. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 25c

327. Punctatus, Princess Pinks—A novel variety, with fringed flowers, striped, backed, and spotted in many colors. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 25c.

321. Plumarium Semperflorens, Grass Pinks, Pheasant-Eye, or Scotch Pink—Single and double mixed. These old-fashioned flowers are hardy perennials, very fragrant, and are double, semi-double, and single, in a wide range of colors. Especially valuable for borders. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 50c.

Dianthus Barbatus—See Sweet William.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). Beautiful, low growing annuals, with finely cut bluish foliage and brilliant blossoms in all shades of yellow and orange-red.

351. Mixed, all sorts. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 20c.

352. Californica—The original yellow California Poppy. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

353. Cardinal—Beautiful carmine rose, shaded with orange. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 15c.
354. Euphorbia (Snow on the Mountain)—Pretty, low growing foliage plant; leaves are bright green, edged and mottled with white. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis). Dainty, delicate flowers, so well known that they need no description. Sold indoors, covering seed one-half inch. Transplant to shady moist location. Should have protection in winter. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, 1 oz. 50c, 1 lb. 2.50c. 10 lb. 20c.

376. Blue Alpine—Of trailing habit, with bright blue flowers; blooms all summer. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

378. White Alpine—Similar to Blue Alpine, but flowers are dainty white. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

380. Palustris Semperflorens, Perennial—Large blue flowers, blooms from May to October; height nine inches. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 35c. 1 oz. 1.50c.

382. Fuchsia—Well known plants for house culture, and for shady positions in the garden, flowering in spring and summer. Easily raised from seed. Single and double, finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Very showy garden plants, with brilliant flowers shading from cream, yellow, and orange, to scarlet. They grow 1 to 2 feet high, and bloom all summer. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, 1 oz. 50c. 1 lb. 1.00c.


402. Grandiflora, Mixed—Perennial—Beautiful hardy plants that are valuable for borders, bedding, and flower gardens. They bloom in May and July and make no position or soil, and require no protection in winter. Flowers are immense, in varied shades and combinations of yellow, brown, and red, and are produced all summer and fall. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

GERANIUM. Tender perennial, easily grown from seed, producing flowers the first summer. It is the best and most popular plant for indoor culture, window boxes, and outdoor bedding. The flowers range from brilliant scarlet, rose, and pink, to pure white, and are very fragrant.

403. Apple Scented—Fragrant leaves, a favorite variety. Packet 10c.


405. Helichrysum, Mammoth Flowering, Everlasting—Pretty, effective flowers, in all shades of pink, rose, and white; very double. Blooms from July to October and thrives anywhere. 2 feet high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, 1 oz. 50c.

406. Helenium—An Improved large flowering annual strain, 18 inches high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

407. Finest Mixed, Large Flowering—Panicles of bright flowers, with large bell-shaped flowers in a diversity of the richest colors, in all shades of purple, carmine and rose. Will bloom in four to five months after planting.

408. Gomphefrena (Globe Amaranth, Everlasting)—Showy plants with brilliant globe-shaped flowers. Very good bedding plants, and flowers are fine for cutting. 15 feet high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

409. Godeia—Beautiful, dwarf hardy annuals, with large flowers of satiny texture and rich colorings. They do best in rather poor soil, and in half shaded positions. Easily raised from seed, blooming all summer. Finest mixed. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

410. Paniculata—Hardy perennial, 2 feet high, graceful misty panicles of small white flowers. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

411. Elegans—An Improved large flowering annual strain, 18 inches high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

GYPSEOPHILA (Baby's Breath). Pretty, free flowering plants, with exquisitely dainty sprays of tiny white flowers. They are used extensively as cut flowers, in combination with Sweet Peas, Poppies, Roses, Larkspur, and other brightly colored flowers.

412. Paniculata—Hardy perennial, 2 feet high, graceful misty panicles of small white flowers. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

413. Elegans—An Improved large flowering annual strain, 18 inches high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

414. Finest Mixed, Large Flowering—Panicles of bright flowers, with large bell-shaped flowers in a diversity of the richest colors, in all shades of purple, carmine and rose. Will bloom in four to five months after planting.

415. Mammoth Flowering, Mixed—A splendid border plant, with immense flower heads. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

416. Hesperis (Sweet Rocket) Mixed—Old fashioned garden plant, and among the most desirable of hardy flowers, also known as Dame's Rocket and Dame's Violet. Grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and bears spikes of showy white, lilac, and purple fragrant flowers. Excellent for naturalizing among shrubbery or for planting in a permanent border. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

HUMULUS, JAPANESE HOP—See Climbing Vines, page 93.

421. Helenium—An Improved large flowering annual strain, 18 inches high. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

422. Mammoth Flowering, Mixed—A splendid border plant, with immense flower heads. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

423. Finest Dwarf Mixed—A splendid border plant, with immense flower heads. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

424. Finest Dwarf Mixed—A splendid border plant, with immense flower heads. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

HUNNEMANNIA (Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy or Bush Eschscholtzia).—This is the best of all Poppies for cutting, remaining in good condition almost a week. Flowers are large, tulip-shaped, brilliant golden yellow, and borne on long slender stems, Plants grow two feet high, and foliage is fern-like and dainty, similar to Eschscholtzia. Seed sown in May produces flowers from July until frost. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

425. Ice Plant (Mesembrianthemum Crystallinum)—A curious, dwarf trailing annual, for hanging baskets, window boxes, etc. Flowers are white, leaves are glistening soft green, as if covered with tiny crystals. Packet 5c.

Here I am again, for some of the beautiful Pheas seeds. They are simply grand when in bloom, and grow and blossom in the driest season here without watering. In full bloom when frost takes them or snow covers them, I cannot speak too highly of your Pheas seeds. C. D. SIMMONS, Giddings, Tex.

Enclosed my order for 1916, with remittance of $17.00. I have been one of your customers for over twenty years and can say that you supply first-class seeds.

JOHN RABIES, Vermillion, S. D.

Please send me your new Seed and Nursery catalog. I bought seeds of your company three years ago and they were the best I ever grew.

MRS. G. W. CARLSON, Centerville, S. D.
HOLLYHOCKS. The most stately of all hardy garden plants, especially valuable for planting among shrubbery or for backgrounds in the hardy border, for other flowers. Seed sown in spring produces fine plants for flowering the next year. For flowers this season, set out one-year old plants. They thrive in good rich garden soil, with plenty of sun.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

464. Double Maroon—Very tall and double. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.
464A. Double Rose Pink—The most popular sort. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.
459. Double White—Very dainty. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.
459A. Double Yellow—Delicate lemon yellow. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.
457. Giant Single Mixed. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.
458. Allegheny, Mixed colors—Immensely lovely flowers of exquisite color and texture, resembling crushed silk roses. 5-7 feet high. Pkt. 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

ANNUAL EVERBLOOMING HOLLYHOCKS.

460. Sow the seed in the open ground in May, for flowers in August, or, start indoors and transplant in May, and they will bloom in July. Flowers are very large, single and semi-double, and range from pale pink to deep red, yellow, and white. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 35c.

465. Kochia Trichophila (Summer Cypress)—Also known as Mexican Fire Plant or Burning Bush, on account of its brilliant autumnal coloring. Highly ornamental annual shrub, with feathery light green foliage, which turns scarlet and dark red in September; 2 to 3 feet high. A pretty hedge to plant along the flower border.

466. Lantana Hybrida—Beautiful annuals, desirable for pot culture, hanging baskets, and borders. They are easily raised from seed, and bloom profusely from June to November.

Linetia Sanderae. No. 802. (Page 81.)

ATHYRUS—See Climbing Vines, page 93.

70. Linaria Cymbalaria (Kentworth ivy or Cushion ivy)—A widely loved hardy, perennial, trailing plant, with small lavender and purple flowers. For baskets, vases and rockeries. A charming little vine. Packet 5c.

71. Linum Grandiflorum Rubrum (Scarlet Linum, Red Flax)—A free-flowering, hardy annual, with brilliant scarlet flowers. A splendid bedding plant, making a gorgeous display of bright colors; height one foot. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 10c.

80. Lupinus (Lupins), Annual varieties—Very ornamental, free-flowing, and easily grown, bearing long graceful spikes of richly colored pea-shaped flowers. Grow one foot high. Dwarf mixed. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

81. Lupinus, Perennial—Hardy plants, growing to 3 to 5 feet high, strong spikes of flowers in a great variety of colors. Of easiest culture. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

Kochia Trichophila, No. 465.

LOBELIA. Beautiful annuals, desirable for pot culture, hanging baskets, and borders. They are easily raised from seed, and bloom profusely from June to November.

472. Gracilis—A lovely trailing variety, with bright blue flowers and delicate foliage, excellent for vases, hanging baskets, and window boxes. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 25c.

473. Emperor William—A compact variety, 3 to 6 inches high, valuable for borders and for bedding. Plants are literally covered with pale blue flowers. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 35c.

474. Crystal Palace—The finest dark blue Lobelia for bedding, of dwarf dense habit; foliage is very dark green. Pkt. 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

475. Mixed, Compact Varieties—All shades of blue. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.

LYCHNIS. Handsome perennial plants of easy culture for massing in beds and borders; quite hardy, require no protection in winter.

476. Chalcedonica—Burning Star or Jerusalem Cross. Dense heads of fine scarlet flowers, each individual bloom forming a perfect cross of fiery red. They will bloom from seed the first summer. Height two feet. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.

477. Haageana—Large heads of showy flowers in shades of white, pink, yellow, red and crimson; plants 10 inches high, blooming from June to September. Should have a sunny position in rich soil. Packet 10c.
MARIGOLD (Tagetes). The African and French Marigolds are old-fashioned favorites, blooming from early summer until killed by heavy frosts. They are hardy annuals of easiest culture and succeed best in light soil, with plenty of sun. The tall, or African varieties, with their large double yellow and orange flowers, are best for groups or tall borders, while the dwarf, or French Marigold, with striped and spotted flowers, are very effective in beds, edgings, and for pot culture. (See also Calendula.)

TALL AFRICAN VARIETIES.

701. **Eldorado**—Flowers very large, double, and golden yellow. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, and blooms until cut down. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

701A. **Prince of Orange**—Immensely double frilled flowers of deep golden orange; very showy. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

A. **Finest Mixed**—All shades of yellow and orange. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

703. **Legion of Honor**, or **Little Brownie**—Beautiful single flower of bright yellow, striped and blotched with reddish brown. Height 9 inches. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

703A. **Dwarf Striped**—Rich and quality double striped flowers. 1/2 feet high. Pkt. 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

704. **Dwarf French, Double mixed**. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

710. **Mathiola** (Evening Scented Stock, or Perfums Plant)—An old-fashioned hardy annual, with purple-and-white flowers, valuable for its exquisite fragrance at night and after showers. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

718. **Extima, Snowball**—Dainty white flowers, very double; excellent for cutting. Height one foot. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

719. **Extima, Golden Ball**—Similar to Snowball, but flowers are bright yellow, very double. A good bedding or border plant. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

MATRICARIA (Fevertew). Favorite, free flowering annuals, producing small double, ball-like flowers in clusters, all summer. Desirable for bedding, and for pot culture, succeeding in any garden soil.

731. **Sunny Mignonette**—For forcing. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 10c.

732. **Mignonette** (Reseda). A well known, fragrant favorite, without which no garden is complete. It is extensively used for borders, and for cutting, and in the past few years has become very popular with florists, who use it in bouquets with roses, sweet peas, etc. Sow the seed in open ground, in April, and again in July, for a succession of flowers all summer.

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NASTURTIUMS.

Nasturtiums are some of our best known and most popular annual flowers; they are of the easiest culture and produce flowers of the most brilliant coloring in great profusion during the whole season until killed by the frost. They bloom well on most any soil, but exhibit their flowers to the best advantage on poor land.

The dwarf or Tom Thumb varieties make the most beautiful bedding and border plants, growing about one foot high, while the tall kinds are invaluable for covering unsightly railings, very fine for hanging baskets and vases, and are also equally beautiful if simply grown trailing over the ground. The Nasturtiums have been greatly improved in size and color during the last few years. The following list is made up of the best large-flowering varieties of distinct colors, and includes many of the finest novelties introduced up to date.

**DWARF OR TOM THUMB VARIETIES.**

Price: Each variety except where noted, Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>750</td>
<td>Aurora, primrose veined carmine-pink</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>781</td>
<td>Beauty, yellow and scarlet, green foliage. Very attractive.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>825-832</td>
<td>CHAMELEON, flowers of the most diversified coloring and of many brilliant makeups are found on a single plant, dark foliage, very fine.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>725</td>
<td>Cloth of God, bright scarlet flowers and yellow foliage.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>785-790</td>
<td>EMPRESS OF INDIA, brilliant dark scarlet flowers, with very dark foliage, very showy. Blooms continually.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>786</td>
<td>Golden King, golden-yellow flowers, dark leaved.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>787</td>
<td>King Theodore, black-red flowers, dark foliage; the finest dark sort.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>789</td>
<td>Lady Bird, orange, spotted scarlet, dark leaved.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800-802</td>
<td>Pearl or Moonlight, creamy-white. Flowers large and showy.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>806</td>
<td>Venusian, beautiful salmon-rose flowers, dark foliage.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>808-810</td>
<td>New Spencer, Mixed. A new type from Holland.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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**TALL OR CLIMBING VARIETIES.**

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<td>773</td>
<td>CHAMELEON, flowers of almost every shade of color, and form of marking, known in Nasturtiums, are found on a single plant, and no matter what color a flower is when it opens, it is continually changing from day to day; very attractive.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>775</td>
<td>Chameleon, rich, velvety dark crimson, a fine, showy variety.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>777</td>
<td>Golden Chintz, scarlet flowers, yellow foliage. Excellent bedding variety.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>788</td>
<td>Heinemani, chocolate color, large flowers of very odd and striking color.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>789</td>
<td>Jupiter, giant flowering, brilliant golden-yellow. Of strong, rampant growth.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>790</td>
<td>Atropurpureum, rich, velvety dark crimson, a fine, showy variety.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>799</td>
<td>Bourbon Queen, giant flowering, dark green foliage, grand flowers of salmon color.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800</td>
<td>New Fringed, Mixed.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>801</td>
<td>Queen of the Lobbs, mixed.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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<tr>
<td>803</td>
<td>Madame Gunther's Hybrids.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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<td>804</td>
<td>TALL IVY LEAF or BUTTERFLY.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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<tr>
<td>805</td>
<td>Finest Tall varieties, mixed.</td>
<td>Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid</td>
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**OUR COLLECTION of six Giant varieties, distinct colors.** One packet each 20c, one ounce each 50c.

Empress of India. No. 785.
PANSIES.

PANSIES are too well known to require any description, as they are favorites with all. For spring flowering the seed should be sown in autumn and protected during the winter. For summer blooming sow seed in the spring, if possible, in a cool spot where they will be afforded some shade from the noonday sun. Pansies do best in fresh soil, enriched with thoroughly decomposed manure, and should be watered freely.

Giant Trimardeau Pansies.

The flowers of our Giant Trimardeau Pansies are unsurpassed in beauty and variety of coloring, and are of the largest size, measuring from three and one-half to four inches in diameter. Our collection embraces the latest and finest novelties offered by the best pansy growers of Europe and America.

499—Giant Bridesmaid. Clear white with a hue of delicate rose and well defined, large violet eyes in the three lower petals.

500—Giant Snowflake. Pure satiny white, without any blotches, and with frilled edges.

501—Giant Hydrangea. Of a distinct rose color. Very large and beautiful.

502—Giant Emperor Francis Joseph. White flowers with large, deep violet spots on each of the lower petals.

503—Giant Rosy Morn. Purplish crimson with clear white edge.

504—Giant Lord Beaconsfield. Upper petals are light lavender, lower ones are deep rich purple, and shaded with white.

505—Giant Emperor William. Of dark blue color with purplish edge.

506—Giant Mauve Queen. Of delicate mauve color with a large blotch of red on each of the three lower petals.

507—Giant Canary Bird, or President McKinley. The ground color is bright golden yellow, each petal being marked with a large dark blotch.

508—Giant Prince Bismarck. Of yellowish bronze with large dark brown eyes.

509—Giant Atropurpurea. Very deep reddish purple, each petal marked with a darker spot.

510—Giant Mercury. The largest pansy, of rare beauty, deep bluish purple in color, without any blotches or spots.

511—Giant Siegfried, or Fire Dragon. Each petal has a large brown spot, which is surrounded by bright red border, the edge is bright yellow.

529—Orchid Flowered Mixed. The ground color of nearly all the flowers is light, the petals being marked with a large brown or golden yellow blotch which diffuses into rays and veins toward the edge. Upper petals upright and plaited, resembling orchids.

Packets of the above named varieties: 10 cents each, 3 for 25 cents. One packet each of above 14 varieties for $1.00.


515—Giant Cassier’s. Three and five-blotched, large flowering, very showy, rich and varied colors

516—F. S. & N. Co’s Delicate Shades Mixture, of Giant varieties, which includes only pretty tints and combinations of cream, light yellow and pale mauve.

528—Mammoth Butterfly. The flowers are very large, of good form and substance and produce freely. In coloring they are varied, seldom two alike in a hundred plants. They are mottled and spotted, streaked, tigered and splashed.

513—Giant Prize Pansy Mixture. Our mixture contains all the most beautiful Giant varieties; finest strain of pansies in cultivation, saved only from the largest and best shaped flowers of the richest colors.

514—Giant Masterpiece, or Ruffled Pansies. A remarkable type, each petal being conspicuously curled or waved, giving the flower a double or globular appearance. The range of color is very extensive, the rich, dark velvety shades predominating.

527—Giant Mme. Perret. A new and beautiful strain, originated by a French specialist; flowers of largest size, borne very freely in great diversity of colors; especially rich in red and wine shades. The stock we offer comes direct from introducer.

517—Imperial German Mixture. Contains all existing colors in the right proportion and will make a brilliant display.

IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.

Admirably suited for beds and borders, where masses of distinct colors are required. The flowers are not of the largest type, but the plants are robust in habit and remarkably free flowering.

518—Black

519—Dark Blue

520—Light Blue

521—Brown

522—Yellow

523—White

524—Red

525—Purple

526—Striped

527—Imperial German Mixture.

VIOLAS OR TUFTED PANSIES.

1047—This lovely class of Pansies is very free blooming, hardy, and well adapted to shady places. While the flowers are not as large as other Pansies they are very brilliant and distinct in color, and therefore valuable for borders and beds. If sown in April, they will bloom from June to October, and again the next spring, as soon as the snow is gone.

For Novelties In Pansies, See Page 5.
PETUNIA. Petunias are unsurpassed for massing in beds, or for borders along walks and driveways, and for window boxes. They bloom from May to November, producing great masses of gorgeous blossoms even in the hottest and driest summers.

Plant the seed, which is very fine, in a warm, sunny, open place, just covering it with finely powdered soil. Water with a fine spray, and thin out when plants are large enough. Seed may be started in hotbeds, and the plants set out in May, when danger of frost is past.

With the exception of Concordia, the double Petunias do not produce seed. Seedlings of the single varieties are fertilized by hand with pollen from the Double Petunias. They come in a wide variety of coloring and form, ruffled, fringed, frilled, and plain edged, and range from pure white thru all shades of rose, violet, and purple, some being striped, shaded, veined, or with star-shaped markings in the center.

DOUBLE PETUNIAS (CONCORDIA).

882. Dwarf Inimitable (Little Gem)—Bushy, compact plants, about one foot high, covered with masses of beautifully striped and bicolored flowers

883. Howard’s Star—A beautiful dwarf variety, for bedding, borders, window boxes, etc. Crimson-maroon flowers with clearly defined five pointed star of white

884. Snowball—Dwarf, compact variety, with pure white flowers

885. Countess of Eilemure—Deep rose with white throat

886. General Dodds—A beautiful variety with deep red flowers

890. Giant Double Mixed—A superb strain, producing a large percentage of double flowers, plain edged, in all shades known in Petunias. Pkt. 30c.

856. Giants of California—Immense flowers, in a great variety of colors, with deep yellow throats, and exquisite markings and veils. Flowers often measure 4 to 5 inches across

857. Ruffled Giants—Enormous flowers in brilliant colors, beautifully ruffled, frilled and fringed

PHLOX DRUMMUNDI Annual Phlox. The annual Phlox is a native of Texas, and one of the most satisfactory of all garden annuals. In brilliance and profusion of blooming, and in the length of its blooming season, it surpasses almost every other annual, and at the same time, it is of easiest culture. It will grow in poor soil, but in order to develop the best flowers, it should have rich soil and a warm, sunny place. Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as danger of frost is passed, and in a few weeks the plants are a mass of bloom and remain so until frost. Phlox are valuable for bedding, borders, and as undergrowth for tall, bare-stemmed plants.

LARGE FLOWERING VARIETIES (GRANDIFLORA). (Height 18 inches.)

861.—Pure White
862.—Shell Pink
863.—Bright Scarlet
864.—Violet
865.—Golden Star—Yellow
866.—Striped

867. Double Mixed—Contains all of the above colors, as well as many others, making a brilliant display.

Price: Any of the above, Packet 25c. or 1 oz. 50c.

LARGE FLOWERING DWARF PHLOX (NANA COMPACTA). This class is of dwarf, compact growth, very valuable for bedding and borders. The flowers are of the same splendid type as the Grandiflora, and come in brilliant self colors.

871. Finest Mixed Dwarf
872. Fireball—Brilliant red
873. Snowball—Large white

868. Phlox Drummondii, Mixed Sorts—A good mixture of all of the above varieties, in a great variety of colors

869. PERENNIAL PHLOX (Decussata)—Hardy herbaceous perennial with large peduncles of brilliant flowers. Sow the seed as soon as frost is out of the ground, or in September. They need rich, moist soil, and plenty of sun. Mixed only. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 30c.

FOR PLANTS OF PERENNIAL PHLOX. See page 121.

PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower). One of the best hardy perennials, producing showy flowers during the entire season. Plants form large clumps, are excellent for planting in permanent borders or among shrubbery easily raised from seed. Flowers are large, bell-shaped, and blue and white in color.

871. Mariesi—Single, blue and white mixed

952. Polyantha Rose (Fairy or Baby Rose)—Bloom from seed the first year. The plants bloom in three months after sowing, so it is wise to sow in February. In the house, they may be had in bloom in June, in the open ground, where they continue to flower through the season, giving about an equal proportion of single, semi-double and double flowers borne in clusters. The plants are very pretty in solid beds and borders and are hardy. Seed needs soaking in warm water for 24 hours

953. Single Large flowering, finest mixed. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.
954. Single White
955. Single Yellow
956. Single Pink
957. Single Scarlet

958. Double flowering, finest mixed. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 30c.

PORTULACA (Rose Rose). Charming annuals of dwarf growth, for bedding or low borders, which are covered with small bright flowers all season. They grow easily in any soil.

894. Single Large flowering, finest mixed. Pkts. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.
915. Single White
916. Single Yellow
917. Single Pink
918. Single Scarlet

919. Double flowering, finest mixed. Packet 10c, 1/3 oz. 50c.

Platyodon. No. 877.
Poppies (Papaver). No other flowers make as good a show as Poppies. They are excellent for borders and bedding, and grow best in light sandy soil, with plenty of sun. Annual varieties must be sown where they are to bloom, as they cannot bear transplanting. Sow the seed in early spring in boxes of soil. Pot them in March, and plant them in the garden in the garden in April. Annual Poppies are divided into two classes, the Opium (Papaver somniferum) and Oen Poppy. Most of the single, and all of the double varieties belong to the single class. Oen Poppies are smaller in type and include the various Poppies of Europe, and the Shirley varieties. Perennial Poppies include Iceland (P. nudicaule) and Oriental.

SINGLE ANNUAL VARIETIES.

880. Danebrog (Danish Cross)—A showy single variety, of vivid scarlet, with a white spot on each petal, forming a Maltese cross. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.
881. Gladiolus Tullip—Large tulip-shaped flowers, of brilliant scarlet. Height one foot. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.
882. Miss Sherwood—Large silky flowers of soft rose color, with a white ring, center, and edge. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.
883. Admiral—Immensely round flowers, of satiny white with a deep band of brilliant scarlet around the edges of the petals. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.

DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES.

885. Mikado (Striped Japanese Popp)—Distinct and effective variety, with deeply fringed petals, white at base, shading to pink and a deep rose above. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.
886. American Flag—Large double flowers of pure white, bordered with scarlet. Height 3 feet. Pkt. Sc. 1/2 oz. 25c.
888. Cardinal—Vivid scarlet flowers, beautifully fringed. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

Oriental Poppies. No. 893.

892. Iceland Poppy (Nudicaule)—Plants are of graceful, neat habit, with fern-like foliage, producing their brilliant, fragrant flowers in profusion. Mixed colors. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.
894. Hardy Perennial Poppies, Mixed—Many varieties in all colors. Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.
896. Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy—See Hennemanni.

Perennial Poppies.

896. Blue Primrose (Anacris Carnea)—A lovely blue sort of the old English yellow primrose. Suitable for naturalizing in borders, among shrubs, etc. Pkt. 15c.
898. Cortusolides—A charming variety. Pretty rosy pink flowers with white centers are borne on long stems. Blooms about Easter.
899. Vulgaris (English Primrose)—Flowers are fragrant, pale yellow, borne on long slender stems. Very early.
900. Veris (Cowslip)—Beautiful perennials, with fragrant flowers, ranging from yellow and brown to all shades of rose and crimson. Packet 10c.
901. Japonica—A handsome hardy perennial, one to two feet tall, with large whorls of handsome flowers, ranging from white to crimson. Blooms from May to July, and should have a shady position, rather moist, rich soil.

TENDER CONSERVATORY VARIETIES.

901. Chinese Primrose (Sinensis)—The popular variety for indoor culture. Leaves are large, soft, and hairy, flower clusters are immense and flat, and rose from pure white to deep rose and red in color. See illustration.
902. Forbs (Baby Primrose)—Slender, delicate species, with flowers in successive whorls, one above the other. Rosy lilac.
903. Oebonia—Small lilac flowers, in clusters on long stems.
906. Pyrethrum Hybrida. These are among the handsomest of the hardy perennials, and are very easily grown. They bloom about the first part of June, and are simply exquisite when planted among Iris or Paeonies, in the hardy border. The flowers resemble daisies in form, but range from pure white thru all shades of pink, rose, and deep red. They are borne on long stems and are splendid for cutting. The Hybrida class includes the finest single and double varieties, in all shades. See illustration on page 89.

<Double Annual Poppies. Continued.

909. White Swan—Immensely double pure white flowers, fringed; an excellent companion to Cardinal.
909. Carnation Flowered—Large, slightly fringed flowers, formed like carnations. Brilliant mixed colors.

MIXED Poppies.

907. F. S. & N. C.'s Mixture of Double Annual Poppies—Containing all the above named double varieties and many other fine sorts. Pkt. 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

HARDY PERENNIAL GARDEN VARIETIES.

909. Blue Primrose (Anacris Carnea)—A lovely blue sort of the old English yellow primrose. Suitable for naturalizing in borders, among shrubs, etc. Pkt. 15c.
908. Cortusolides—A charming variety. Pretty rosy pink flowers with white centers are borne on long stems. Blooms about Easter.
909. Vulgaris (English Primrose)—Flowers are fragrant, pale yellow, borne on long slender stems. Very early.
900. Veris (Cowslip)—Beautiful perennials, with fragrant flowers, ranging from yellow and brown to all shades of rose and crimson. Packet 10c.
901. Japonica—A handsome hardy perennial, one to two feet tall, with large whorls of handsome flowers, ranging from white to crimson. Blooms from May to July, and should have a shady position, rather moist, rich soil.

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RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean). Tender annuals of rapid and gigantic growth, producing handsome, stately plants of tropical appearance. The leaves are immense, deeply lobed, and conspicuously veined, and range in color from pale green to very deep green and coppery bronze. The fruits are brilliant red and orange, and borne in spikes, resembling those of Sun-nc. A valuable plant for screens, and for massing in the center of flower beds, with Cannas, Salvia, etc.

380. Zanthobractea, Mixed. A distinct class, surpassing all other varieties in size and beauty. Foliage ranges from pale and deep green to bronze and purple, some having broad red ribs or veins. The fruits are beautifully marked... Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

951. Choice Mixed—Containing many fine varieties...

383. Rhodanthe (Everlasting). A very beautiful type of Immortelle, with flowers in all shades of rose and crimson, also white, showing a very dark disk or center. Valuable for the garden, also for growing indoors, in pots. Grows 1 foot high.... Pkt 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). A highly ornamental, half-hardy annual with lovely, large, funnel-shaped flowers or velvety texture and with deeply sunken veins, singularly penciled and shaded on the most beautiful and richest ground colors. Much prized for cutting; beds or borders of these showy plants, when in full bloom, are one of the most striking features in a garden. Easily grown from seed. The blooms from early summer till late fall. About 2 feet high.

1006. Large Flowering, all colors mixed, ... Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

1001. Emperor—This variety forms only one leading stem, and bears on its summit a veritable bouquet of beautiful flowers, each richly veined with gold. It is the only flower showing a glittering of gold in its coloring. All colors... Pkt. 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c. Plant for house borders, or for window boxes and baskets. 1 foot high.

1004. Sierspot—A very pretty variety, with long spikes of intense scarlet flowers, and foliage richly spotted with yellow. Plants are very compact, growing 2 feet high. Pkt. 10c. 1/4 oz. 15c.

1005. Fireball—A handsome, compact, dwarf variety, growing 18 to 18 inches high. A splendid Salvia for borders and bedding, when dwarfed plants such as Sierspot and Bonfire are required.

1006. Paten—A very handsome, unusual plant, with long spikes of flowers of intense blue. Very valuable for borders, and for growing indoors. 2 feet high... Pkt 5c.

1003. Bonfire—The finest Scarlet Salvia, growing in a compact bush, 2 feet high and 2 feet in diameter. The erect spikes of brilliant red flowers contrast sharply with the dark green foliage, and completely cover the plant.... Pkt 10c, 1/4 oz. 75c.

1002. Splendid, Scarlet Sage—Grows 3 feet high. Bright scarlet flowers.... Pkt 5c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

Salvia, Silverspot. No. 1004.

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride or Pin Cushion Flower). Lovely, old-fashioned favorites, without which no garden is complete. They grow from 2 to 3 feet high, and come into bloom in July and August, continuing until October. The beautiful flowers, in exquisite shades, are borne on very long slender stems, and are splendid for cutting. The perennial sorts do best in partial shade, in rather rich ground. See the seed as soon as danger of frost is past.

1012. Improved Large Flowering, Finest mixed—Including maroon, rose, red, and white. Hardy annual... Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

1013. Caucasica—One of our most beautiful perennials, with exquisite lavender-blue flowers on long stems. Excellent for cutting. Blooms from August to November, when all other flowers are killed by frost.

1015. Large Flowering Varieties, Finest mixed... Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

1016. Wisetonensis—a splendid variety, white flowers dotted with rose. This is the best Scabiosa for indoor culture, and very free flowering... Pkt 20c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

SHANTA DAISY—See Chrysanthemum, No. 247, page 80.

1019. Solanum Capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry)—An exceedingly ornamental plant for house or conservatory culture, of dwarf, branching habit, with fine foliage and innumerable scarlet berries. A popular plant for decoration at Christmas... Pkt 10c.

1032. Stokesia Cyanea (Cornflower Aster)—A rare and beautiful hardy perennial, growing to 2 feet high, and bears many very large blue flowers, resembling Cornflowers, from July until frost... Pkt 10c.
SWEET PEAS—GIANT FLOWERING AND UNWIN TYPES.

These are an older type than the Spencer or Orchid-Flowering variety, with smaller flowers. The blossoming season is shorter, but they are much harder and more easily grown. The Unwin class resembles the Spencer in form and vigorous habit of growth, but the flowers are smaller. We have discarded those varieties which are merely duplicates or inferior, and list only the best in each shade and color; so that our seed can be depended on to produce an abundance of large flowers, with long stiff stems.

All Giant Flowering Sweet Peas: Packet 5c, any 6 for 25c, any 12 for 40c, one packet of each variety, 24 in all, for 75c, prepaid.

THE ELDEST SWEET PEAS.

601. Giant or Grandiflora Mixed—Finest, largest flowering varieties in the world. Excellent for exhibition work. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz., 15c, 1 oz., 25c, 2 oz., 50c.

602. New Spencer, Mixed.—A splendid mixture of all the newer Spencers. Where a large quantity is needed, we especially recommend this mixture. It resembles the Royal Rose, but with richly colored flowers of the right colors. …Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/2 lb. 60c, lb. $2.25, prepaid.

603. Cupid or Tom Thumb.—A dwarf variety, 6 to 8 inches tall, with large flowers in all colors. Especially fine for low edgings, borders, and pot culture, …Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/2 lb. 60c, lb. $2.00, prepaid.

605. Double Flowered Mixed.—Lovely flowers, in all colors: double and semi-double, … Packet 10c oz 20c, 1/2 lb. 60c, lb. $2.00.
STOCKS (Matthiola incana). Sometimes called Gilliflower or Leukooen. An almost indispensable annual, producing a great profusion of lovely fragrant flowers the entire season. They are valuable for edging, bedding, and for pot culture, and splendid for cutting, as the double flowers are borne on long spikes, contrasting well with the dark green foliage. The colors are decidedly soft and pastel-like, with cream white, pink, rose, lavender, scarlet and deep purple being the most common.

**DWARF, LARGE FLOWERING DOUBLE TEN WEEKS OR GERMAN STOCKS.**

Favorite summer blooming annuals, producing flowers from July to October. Valuable for cutting. Sow in February or March, and transplant outdoors in May.

- 1022. Crimson
- 1024. Creamy White
- 1025. Canary Yellow
- 1026. Dark Blush Purple
- 1027. Light Blue
- 1028. Finest Mixed
- Packet 5c, any 6 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 60c.

1029. Princess Alice (Cut and Come Again)—A very fine branching type, 10 to 12 in. high, producing many spikes of pure white flowers all summer. The best white variety for growing in pots.

1030. Giant Perpetual Flowering—A very beautiful, large-flowering kind, with fragrant double flowers. Valuable for indoor planting. Height two feet.

- Packet 10c.

1031. Emperor—Large, late flowering, fine mixed.

- Packet 10c.

**EVENING SCENTED STOCKS—See Matthiola.** (See page 64.)

1032.—

**SUNFLOWERS** (Helianthus). Stately, old-fashioned flowers, which, with wonderful new varieties, are again in popular favor, as backgrounds for lower growing flowers, and for screens. They are also used extensively for poultry feed. Sunflowers are very showy for decorating porches, and where a big, gorgeous display is wanted. They grow from 3 to 8 feet high, bearing bright yellow disc-like flowers, single and double, as large as 15 inches across. Sow the seed outdoors when danger of frost is past, in light, rich, moist soil, in a very sunny location, and cover one-half the seed. See page 64.

- 1033. Cucumberifolius ft. pl.—Flowers are very large, with fringed petals, resembling immense yellow Chrysanthemums.
- Packet 5c, 50c.

1033A. Single, Tall Branching—Pure yellow flowers dark brown disks.

- Packet 5c, 50c.

1034. California, Double Flowering—Plants grow about 5 feet high, and bear very large double flowers, of orange yellow mixed.

- Packet 5c, 50c.


- Packet 10c, 3 for 25c.

1036. Pink Beauty, Single—The most beautiful and striking variety; large flower-heads of salmon pink.

- Packet 5c, 10c.

1037. Scarlet Beauty, Single—Flowers are intensely scarlet, or cherry red. Producing a vivid effect when planted in masses.

- Packet 10c.

1038. Pure White, Single.

Packet 10c.

1039. Double Mixed, finest strains.

- Packet 5c, 10c, 25c, 50c.

1040. Pink Beauty,-single.

- Packet 5c, 10c.

1041. Scarlet Beauty, Single.

- Packet 5c, 10c.

**LARGE FLOWERING VERBENA.**

- 1102.—Pure White.
- 1103. Rose.
- 1104.—Purple.
- 1105.—Striped.
- Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, one packet of each above for 50c.

1106. HYBRIDA MIXED.—All colors of the older varieties.

- Packet 5c, 10c.

1107. NEW GIANT FLOWERING, MIXED.—A splendid new strain of Verbena, surpassing all others in size, perfection of form, and in richness of colors.

- Packet 10c.

**VARIOUS VERBENAS.**


- Packet 10c.

1109. Lemon Verbena (Aloysia Citriodora)—A fragrant old favorite, with pale green leaves which are sweetly scented.

- Packet 10c.

1110. Moss Verbena (Erhodnus)—Pretty dwarf variety, with moss-like foliage forming a dense carpet, and bluish purple flowers.

- Packet 5c, 10c.

1111. Odorata—A hardy, sweet-scented white variety, good for borders and bedding. A good companion to Venosa.

- Packet 5c.

1112. Venosa (Hardy Garden Verbena)—A hardy, sweet-scented white variety, growing about 12 inches tall, with bright light purple flowers from June to frost.

- Packet 5c, 10c, 25c.

1113. Vinca Rosea (Pervinckas)—Ornamental, free-blooming, tender perennial plants; one of the most satisfactory bedding plants, with glossy, green foliage and handsome red and white flowers. They flower from seed the first season continuing until frost; and may be potted before frost and kept indoors in the house through the winter; a very fine cut flower; about 2 feet high. Mixed.

- Packet 5c, 10c, 25c.

1114. Viola Odorata (Sweet Violet)—The true blue sweet violet. Favorite hardy plants, highly prized for their fragrant flowers; 6 to 8 inches high.

- Packet 10c.

**WALLFLOWER** (Goldschlick). These handsome flowers should be grown more extensively. They are useful for pot culture, outdoor bedding and borders, and splendid for cutting, because of their sweet fragrance and rich golden and scarlet colors. Start seed indoors, and set plants out in May. Half-hardy perennials, which must be kept indoors in winter, in this locality. Height one foot.


- Packet 5c, 10c, 25c.

1136. Single German Perennial Wallflowers, mixed colors.

- Packet 5c.

1137. German Perennial Wallflowers—Fragrant, very double.

- Packet 10c.

1138. Double German Perennial Wallflowers—Mixed colors.

- Packet 5c.
Xeranthemum (Everlasting)—Handsome double flowers, purple and white, borne on long stems, 12 to 15 inches high. They bloom from July to October in great abundance. Mixed. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 25c.

ZINNIA. Sometimes called “Youth and Old Age.” Double Zinnias are among the easiest grown, and showiest of all garden annuals. Large bushy plants are produced very quickly from seed, bearing brilliant double flowers on stiff stems. For bedding, and for borders they are unsurpassed, as they grow in any garden soil, preferably a sunny location. Sow the seed early, and cover with one-fourth inch finely pulverized soil. Grow 1 to 3 feet high and bloom from July until frost.

GIANT-SHOW ZINNIAS. (Grandiflora Robusta Plenissima.)
Huge flowers 5 to 6 inches across, semi-globular and very double. Grand and long lasting effects can be produced in beds and borders with this new mix.

1155. White. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 30c.
1160. Scarlet. Packet 10c, 2 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 30c.
1161. Mixed Colors. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 30c.
1156. Curled and Crested—A curious and beautiful strain, petals twisted, curled and crested. Double mixed. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 50c.
1155. Zebra—Very pretty striped flowers. As packets vary on each plant, they present a curious and beautiful appearance. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.
1163. Liliput—Handsome bushes loaded with small, very double flowers. Bloom all summer until late in fall. Mixed colors... Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

LARGE-FLOWERING, DWARF ZINNIA.
Bushy, compact plants about two feet high, bearing large, perfect double flowers in greatest profusion. They come into flower early in the summer and keep on blooming until hard frost.

1151. White. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 40c.
1154. Pink. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 50c.
1153. Golden Yellow. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 50c.

Each: Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 40c.

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS.
Desirable, pretty climbers for many places where a large amount of vines are wanted quickly. The blossoms of some are quite striking and handsome. Their interesting features are the odd, unique and ornamental gourds, many of which make excellent toys for children.

Price for any variety, except Calabash: Packet 5c, 1 oz. 20c.

1180. Apple-Shaped—Fruit is beautifully striped, and shaped like an apple.
1181. Bottle—Curious and handsome fruit. Used by the pilgrims in the Orient.
1182. Dipper—Very useful for many purposes; holds about a quart; has a long handle.
1183. Dish Cloth or Sponge—Large fruits, resembling a large sponge.
1185. Hercules Club—Fruits are green, club-shaped, three to four feet long.
1187. Nest Egg—Very ornamental, may be used as nest eggs.
1188. Orange—The well known mock orange. In size and shape like an orange.
1189. Ornamental Pomegranate, or Queen’s Sweet Pocket Melon—Fruits deliciously perfumed and may be carried in the pocket or laid among linens. A pretty climbing vine.
1190. Pear-Shaped—Pretty pear-shaped fruits, striped yellow and green.
1191. Powder Horn—The form of a powder horn. Very odd.
1192. Snake—Also classified as a cucumber, and can be used as such, especially for slicing.

The fruits grow several feet long and are twisted.

1193. Sugar Trough—They grow large enough so as to hold 4 to 10 quarts each; have thick, hard shells; are light but durable.
1195. Calabash or Pipe Gourd—Odd shaped fruit which is used to advantage in making pipes. A native of South Africa. Packet 10c, 1/2 oz. 20c.
1196. Ornamental Gourds, Mixed—Many American and foreign varieties in superior mixture. Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.
The Ornamental Grasses are indispensable for the mixed flower beds and for the border, making these more attractive during the summer, while in the dried state they are valuable for winter bouquets. The following are the most popular varieties:

1170. Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass)—In great demand for bouquets, furnishing splendid material to mix in with flowers for decorating. Annual. Packet 5c.
1171. Bromus Brizaefolius—Very graceful perennial, with drooping panicles. Pkt. 5c.
1172. Coix Lachrymae (Job’s Tears)—Broad, corn-like leaves and hard, shining pearly seeds. Plants grow 3 feet high. Annual. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 20c.
1173. Eulalia Japonica—A slender and graceful grass, beautifully striped. Fine for groups on the lawn or around the house. Perennial. Packet 5c.
1174. Lagurus Ovatus (Hare’s Tail Grass)—Produces small white heads. Excellent for bouquets. Annual. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 20c.
1175. Pennisetum Ruppellianum (Purple Fountain Grass)—Beautiful, large spikes of purple color. The foliage is long and slender, and a glossy deep green in color. 3 feet high. Perennial. Packet 10c.
1176. Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass)—Beautiful delicate white, feathery heads. Two feet high. A fine perennial variety. Packet 5c.

WILD FLOWER GARDEN. This mixture of seeds contains a splendid assortment of flowers of every color and variety, including most of the favorite garden annuals, Poppies, Nasturtiums, Bachelor’s Buttons, Zinnias, Asters, Phlox, Verbena, Pansies, and many other splendid sorts. Just what you want for the children’s garden. Pkt. 5c, 3 for 10c, oz. 20c.
CLIMBING PLANTS
AND VINES.

5—Adinum, Allegheny Vine or Mountain Fringe. A graceful, hardy perennial climber. The foliage closely resembles that of the Maidenhair Fern. The flowers are tuba-shaped, flesh-colored, and completely cover the plant. For covering trellises, stumps, etc. Grows the first year from seed. Packet 10c.

150—Balloon Vine. A rapid growing annual climber, succeeding best on light soil. White flowers; seed pods look like small balloons. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c.

209—Canary Bird Vine (Tropaeolum Canarens). Graceful vine, with handsome foliage, and an abundance of bright canary-yellow blossoms. It is also a good rambler and fine for stumps, rockeries, etc. It makes an excellent window vine for winter. Grows well in shady places. Attains a height of 10 to 15 feet. 1 oz. Annual. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

254—Cobaea Scandens. (See illustration.) Cups and saucers vine. One of the handsomest and most rapid growing annual climbers, running up to 30 feet in a season. The flowers are bell-shaped and of a purplish hue when full grown. It is a very prolific bloomer, one that may show the first year, both in vines and flowers; is always clean of insects. In planting place seeds edgewise and cover lightly. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

323—Dolichos, Hyacinth Bean. Very pretty, bean-like flowers in erect racemes, followed by ornamental seed pods. For covering arbors, trellises, etc., it is a splendid vine. Grows to 10 feet high. Annual. Mixed. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

469—Lathyrus. (Overlasting Pea or Hardy Sweet Pea.) Hardy perennial climber with white, pink, and crimson pea-shaped flower clusters. Grows 6 feet high, flowering from July to September. Fine for cut flowers. A splendid vine for covering fences, old stumps and trellises. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

Passion Flower. No. 880.

Momordica. Curious, rapid, and dense growing annual climber with ornamental foliage and fruit. Flowers are pale yellow, often with black centers. Fruit from 3 to 6 inches long, splitting at maturity in three divisions, showing scarlet center and white seeds.

253A—Field Beans (Balsaminos). Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

253A—Balsam Pear (Charantia). Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

253A—Crucifera (Balsaminos). Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

461—Japanese Hop, Variegated (Humulus). Rapid, dense growing, annual climber, 10 to 20 feet high. The leaves are beautifully marbled and variegated with white, yellow, light and dark green, very effective for covering arbors, trellises, etc.; very resistant to drought and insects. Grows 10 to 20 feet. Packet 5c, 1 oz. 15c. 25c.

850—Passion Flower (Passiflora). See illustration. Tender perennial climber for the summer garden, for window boxes and pot culture. Flowers exceedingly beautiful, white and blue; very large and wax-like. Will grow to a height of 15 to 20 feet.

1215—Scarlet Runner Bean. Well known and popular runner vine. Flowers are large, fragrant and very showy, and blooms a long time. The pods are long and very broad, and of excellent flavor. Can be used same as other beans. Large packet 5c, ½ pint 20c.

1216—Butterfly Bean. Similar to Scarlet Runner, but flowers are double pink and white, very large, resembling butterflies. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.

1018—Smilax (Medeola). Tender perennial vine for house culture. Makes a fine pot plant for winter. Lovely glossy green foliage which is greatly prized for bouquets and decorating. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

1126—Wild Cucumber (Echinocystis). The quickest growing annual climber. Will grow 30 feet in one season. Bears green white flowers, the seeds followed by a abundance of ornamental and prickly seed pods. It will grow 30 feet. Packet 5c, oz. 10c.

485—Double Flowered Morning Glory. Packet 5c, oz. 10c. For hardy climbing vines and plants see page 118.
SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS FOR SPRING PLANTING.

We offer the most popular summer flowering varieties of bulbs. They require no skill and very little attention to produce perfect flowers. Plant bulbs in the garden in spring. After the severe frosts are past. Most of them bloom all summer. In fall, take the bulbs up and store in frost proof cellar, to plant again the following spring.

APIOS TUBEROSE.
A valuable hardy, tuberous rooted climber, bearing clusters of rich, deep purple flowers of strong, delicious violet fragrance. It grows to a height of 8 to 10 feet and blooms profusely. Plant bulbs close together to produce a mass of vines and flowers. Each 5c, dozen 45c, prepaid.

AMARYLLIS.
MEXICAN FIRE LILY. (Formosissima) — Few flowers equal this variety in richness and beauty of color. The flowers are produced before the leaves appear and are intensely brilliant, deep velvety crimson. It is a free bloomer and succeeds well in pots, also in open ground. Each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

BELLADONNA LILY—The flowers of this Amaryllis appear late in summer on flower stalks 2 feet high and form immense clusters of trumpet-shaped blooms of pink color and great fragrance. Each 25c, 3 for 65c.

MONARCH OF THE EAST.
The bulb of this wonderful plant need not be planted, but simply placed on a window sill or table, in a warm room. A long, reddish-brown blossom, tipped with red and yellow, appears in a few weeks, without leaves or roots. Blossoms resemble “Jack in the Pulpits” in form and color, but are much larger. After flowering, plant the bulb outdoors, where it forms a large umbrella shaped leaf. Bulbs may be taken indoors for winter blooming. Each 20c.

BEGONIAS (Tuberous-Rooted). Beagoneas are beautiful house plants, and rival geraniums as bedding plants. They are valuable not only for their brilliant flowers, but for their stiff, handsome foliage as well. Begonias should be planted in rich, well drained soil. A partly shaded location and well watered.

SINGLE BEGONIAS — Mixed colors. Each 8c, dozen 80c, prepaid.

DOUBLE BEGONIAS — Mixed colors. Each 10c, dozen $1.00, prepaid.

DOUBLE LAFAYETTE—Brilliant fiery scarlet, very double flowers. Splendid Begonia for bedding, blooms all summer. Makes a fine pot plant. Each 25c, dozen $2.50, prepaid.

GRAF ZEPPELIN—Flowers extra double and full rich glowing scarlet. Plant of dwarf habit, 6 to 8 inches high. Very choice. Each 25c, dozen $5.00, prepaid.

CALADIUM ESculentum.
Showy bedding plants with enormous leaves, as large as 3 feet by 30 inches. Very effective in groups on the lawn. First size bulbs white 8 to 11 inches in circumference, each 25c, dozen $2.75. Second size bulbs, 7 to 9 inches, each 15c, dozen $1.50, prepaid.

CINNAMON VINE.
A pretty vine with glossy green, heart-shaped leaves, which late in the season bears clusters of tiny, white flowers of a cinnamon-like odor. The roots are thoroughly hardy, remaining in the ground for years, but the vine dies down every winter, shooting up with rapidity in spring and often running 5 to 6 feet. Large roots, each 8c, dozen 50c, prepaid.

GLOXINIA, Giant Flowering.
Beautiful plants of dwarf habit, most useful for pot plants. Flowers are trumpet shaped and of exceedingly rich coloring and marking, ranging from deep scarlet to violet blue. One plant produces 10 to 20 of these beautiful blossoms in succession. One of the showiest of all house plants. Of easy culture, preferring light soil. Finest mixed, each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.
(Summer Hyacinth.)
Perfectly hardy plants of vigorous growth, flower spikes 4 feet high, with pure white, bell-shaped and pendant flowers. Useful along walls and fences, and if planted in groups will produce a grand effect; for cemetery decoration they are beautiful and appropriate. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.

Mexican Fire Lily.
FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUM.
These Caladiums have grown rapidly into popular favor for the decoration of the conservatory, for window boxes, also for planting outdoors, in shady situations, when the weather is warm. The handsome leaves are spotted, veined and variegated with white, yellow, pink and scarlet. Best sorts mixed, large size bulbs, each 25c, 3 for 70c.—Medium size, each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

CALLA LILIES.
WHILE LILY OF THE NILE—The large flowering, pure white Calla with rich dark green leaves. Used extensively for pot culture, also for garden. Each 20c.

NEW PINK—Ready in August to November. This magnificent new Calla bears large flowers of a rich, deep shade of pink that is perfectly exquisite. Strong grower, free bloomer. For garden and house culture. Each 25c.

SPOTTED LEAVED—The leaves of this beautiful variety are deep green with numerous white spots; the flowers are white with a black center. Fine for open ground and for pots. Each 10c, dozen $1.00, prepaid.

GIANT YELLOW—A grand new Calla of marvelous beauty; the flowers are very large, often measuring 4 to 5 inches across, and of a bright golden yellow color; leaves are green, spotted with white. Each 25c, prepaid.
Canna

They Present A grand Display From July Until Frost.

Cannes are indispensable for bedding purposes, especially on large lawns. The petunia, and the dwarf kinds in porch-boxes, together with other plants, and tropical foliage, Cannes present a grand display from July until frost.

Price of dormant roots, except where noted: Each 15c, 12 for $1.35, 25 for $2.50, prepaid.

ORCHID-FLOWERING CANNAS.

KING HUMBERT, King of all Canass—The flowers which measure six inches in diameter, are produced in trusses of giant-like size and are of a brilliant orange-scarlet; the foliage is broad and massive, and of a rich coppery-bronze; largest flowered of all Canass. 4 to 41/2 feet high. Each 25c, dozen $2.50, prepaid.

ITALIA—Bright red with broad golden yellow border; a very fine anna; green foliage; 4 to 41/2 feet high.


WYOMING—Fine tall growing sort with purplish bronze foliage and large flowers of a beautiful rich shade of orange. 7 feet high. Each 6c, dozen $2.00, prepaid.

BRONZE-LEAVED VARIETIES.

BLACK BEAUTY—Used for foliage effect, for center of beds or as backgrounds. Has shining, purplish-black, large leaves. 5 feet high. Each 20c, dozen $2.00, prepaid.

DAVID HARUM—Dark bronze foliage, flowers vermilion-scarlet. 31/2 feet high.

SHENANDOAH—Flowers a fine, rich pink color. 5 feet high.

ISMENE CALATHINA. Peruvian Lily.

A fine and curious plant. The flowers are very large, like Amaryllis in form, and now white, and exceedingly fragrant. Bulbs are large and strong, beginning to flower a few weeks after planting. As a pot plant it is grand, and as a garden plant, treated like Gladiolus, it gives splendid results. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, doz. $1.75, prepaid.

MADEIRA VINE.

A very beautiful and popular vine, which succeeds everywhere. Grows rapidly, covering a large space in short time. The leaves are fleshy, heart-shaped, light green, in the season numerous racemes of feathery fragrant, white flowers appear. Each 6c, 6 for 25c, prepaid.

MONTBRETIAS.

The Montbretias are some of the brightest, and most graceful of our summer flowering bulbs and some of the easiest to grow. From July to October the flame-like spikes follow each other un-interruptedly, giving a bed the appearance of a mass of flame. Fine for cutting. All colors mixed, dozen 8c, 100 for $2.00, prepaid.

TIGRIDIA—SHELL FLOWER.

Curious and beautiful shell-like flowers about 4 inches in diameter, flowering from July to October. Plant about the middle of May and take up in October. Keep over winter in dry sand. Mixed varieties, @ 6c, doz. 60c, prepaid.

TUBEROSES.

This is easily recognized by its exquisite fragrance and creamy-white, waxen blooms, borne on long, massive spikes. Plant in open ground as soon as the weather is settled and warm, giving the plants rich soil in full sun. Excelsior Double Pearl—Dwarf plants, double, large flowers. Large bulbs, each 5c, dozen 45c, prepaid—$100 for $2.00, not prepaid.

Canna

Notice the Massive, Tropical Effect Obtained With These Plants.
BEAUTIFUL DAHLIAS.

GIANT DECORATIVE DOUBLE DAHLIAS.

This class produces large, gracefully formed flowers with broad, flat petals, being intermediate between the Cactus and Show types. They make splendid cut flowers.

Price of bulbs, except where noted: Each 25c, dozen $2.50, prepaid.

AMERICAN BEAUTY—Novelty. The flowers are of gigantic size and produced on long, heavy stems, well above the foliage. The color is a gorgeous wine-crimson. 48c each.

BLUE OBAN—Fine flowers of deep lavender-blue. Very pretty and attractive.

C. W. BRUTON—Bright rich yellow, large flowers. Blooms freely and a long season.

JACK ROSE—Brilliant crimson-red, rich and glowing, similar in shade to the popular "Jack" Rose. Very large, perfectly double flowers. One of the finest dahlias.

L. MANDARIN—Light cream center, shaded yellow, tipped deep pink, each petal striped with crimson, making it very showy. Attracts much attention. 35c each.

MAID OF KENT—Beautiful flowers of cherry-red, tipped with white. Good bloomer.

MINOS—Flowers are very large, borne on long stems. Intense velvety maroon, almost black.

PEARL DE LYON—A pure white exhibition variety of great value. The petals are fringed, giving it a unique appearance. 35c each.

SILVIA—Large flowers of a lovely shade of pink, shading to white in the center. Very free flowering. 20c each.

YELLOW COLOSSAL—Novelty. Large, showy flowers are produced very freely on long, graceful stems. Its golden cup-shaped petals are daintily arranged. 40c each.

LOVELY CACTUS DAHLIAS.

The Cactus Dahlias have become very popular and are exceedingly beautiful. The flowers have long, flat petals and are borne on long, wiry stems. In color, variations they are grand.

Price of bulbs, except where noted: Each 25c, dozen $2.50, prepaid.

Dainty—Most beautiful flowers of lemon-yellow, tipped rose-pink. Very attractive.

DR. JAMESON—Deep rich crimson. Blooms abundantly thru a long season.

EARL OF PETHBOKE—Bright plum color, extra large flowers. A beauty.


GENISTA—Deep amber-yellow, shaded golden; a unique flower.


KRIEMHILDE—The flowers are perfect; of brilliant pink color, which gradually shades to white in the center.

MARY SERVICE—Pinkish apricot or heliotrope. Beautiful.

REINE CAUEUX—Novelty. The plants are literally covered with flowers from July until frost. The flowers are of a beautiful ruby-crimson color, and are borne on long, graceful stems; excellent for exhibition purposes. 40c each.

LARGE SHOW DAHLIAS.

Flowers of this class are round, ball-shaped, compact and double, beautiful and highly colored.

Price of bulbs, except where noted: Each 20c, dozen $2.25, prepaid.

A. B. LIVONI—Exquisite soft pink, early and free flowering.

GLOBIE DE GUISCARD—An almost indestructible combination of colors. Orange, red, pink, yellow and white. Very novel and attractive. 30c each.

MAUDE ADAMS—Novelty. A wonderful dahlia, unsurpassed in every respect. The color is a pure, snowy white, overlaid with clear delicate pink. One of the finest new kinds. Plant is of strong growth and produces flowers abundantly. Each 50c.

MERLIN—Bright, intense orange-scarlet. One of the best sorts.

QUEEN VICTORIA—Lovely golden yellow. Blooms early, very freely and continuously.

ROBERT BROOMFIELD—Pure white, large flowers. A good bloomer.

STRADELLA—Beautiful deep purple crimson flowers on long stems. Very free bloomer.

NEW PAEONY FLOWERED DAHLIAS.

A brilliant, showy class recently originated in Holland. The plants grow vigorously and tall, blooming very profusely thru a long season. Flowers are broad and flat, rather loosely constructed; in color dainty and delicate.

BARON DE GRANCY—Novelty. The only fragrant white Peony flowered Dahlia in existence. The flowers are borne in a miraculous profusion upon long, graceful stems, they are pure white in color. Each 35c, prepaid.

GERMANIA—Beautifully formed flowers of wine color with bright glowing crimson. Very lustrous, artistic flowers, admired by all. Each 25c, prepaid.

LA RAITE—New fragrant Peony Dahlia. The color, a charming deep lavender-pink with an exquisite golden yellow center, combines to make the flowers most beautiful. Its long, graceful petals are curved and twisted, giving the whole a unique appearance. The fragrance of this variety is very prominent. Each 35c, prepaid.


QUEEN EMMA—New fragrant Peony Dahlia. Flowers are a most beautiful shade of hollyhock-pink, the inner petals banded with gold. Exceptionally fine sort. Each 35c, prepaid.

DOUBLE MIXED DAHLIAS.

All colors and forms of fine double flowered varieties. Each 15c, 12 for $1.25, prepaid. 12 for $1.00, not prepaid.
LOVELY GLADIOLI.

The Gladioli are the most attractive and brilliant of all summer flowering bulbs, and deserve a place in every garden. The flowers are of almost every desirable shade and color, and are splendid for cutting. For best results, they should be planted in a sunny position. Gladioli require very little care, and are always sure to blossom.

AMERICA—Strong plants with erect flower spikes, 2 to 3 feet long, bearing a great number of large blossoms, showing a most beautiful shade of lavender-pink, almost a tawny white; there is no other gladiolus so beautiful. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.—100 for $3.00, not prepaid.

BLUE JAY—The only real blue gladiolus yet introduced; the color is a rich, deep violet-blue. Each 10c, dozen $1.00, prepaid.

CHICAGO WHITE—Pure white with lavender markings, a throat; large flowers. Each 8c, doz. 60c.

KINDERDI GLORY—The new Ruffled Gladiolus. Lovely, delicate pink, crimson stripes in center of each lower petal. Flowers have ruffled and fluted petals. Tall, grower, good bloomer. Each 10c, doz. $1.00.

NEMPHISTOPOLES—Flowers of large size, dark glowing red, stained with black and yellow. Very odd and grotesquely showy. Each 15c, dozen $1.50, prepaid.

PRINCEPS—This magnificent new gladiolus produces spikes often 3 feet long, which carry from 18 to 22 broad-petaled, immense flowers, about 6 inches across of perfect, open form and wavy substance. The color is glowing scarlet-crimson, enlivened below the throat by a large, white blotch. Each 10c, dozen $1.00.

STANDARD SORTS GLADIOLI.

These six Standard varieties: Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.—100 for $4.00, not prepaid.

AUGUSTA—Lovely, large flowers, pure white, with blue anthers. One of the best for cut flowers.

BRENCLEYENSIS—A splendid old variety. Large flowers of brilliant vermilion scarlet.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Clear bright sulphur-yellow, the best of this color.

INDEPENDENCE—Brilliant rose-pink, with throat markings of dark red; long, large spikes.

MRS. FRANCIS KING—Immensely long flowers of beautiful flame pink.

VELVET KING—Glowing, rich, dark scarlet, very fine for cutting.

GOLD MEDAL MIXTURE GLADIOLI.

This is by far the finest mixture of Gladiolus ever offered, and contains most of the splendid named varieties. The flowers are immense, of perfect form, and of such great variety of color that there are scarcely two flowers alike in an assortment. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid,—100 for $4.00, not prepaid.

GOOD MIXED GLADIOLI

An excellent mixture for those who plant in large quantities, and want something cheap but good. This includes many fine varieties, in all colors, first size bulbs only. Dozen 35c, prepaid. 100 for $2.00, not prepaid.

FOR SPLENDID NEW GLADIOLI

See Novelties, page 6.

FAIRY LILIES.

(ZEPHYRANTHES.)

The Zephyranthes produce very beautiful, lily-like flowers in great profusion during the summer. They grow about 6 inches high, and are very effective in masses or borders and also suitable for pot culture; four to six bulbs planted in a six-inch pot will make a fine display. We can supply the following colors:

PURE WHITE—Each 6c, dozen 60c, prepaid.

ROSE—Each 10c, dozen $1.00, prepaid.

Our Nursery Stock is sold direct to the planters, thru our catalogs only. We employ no salesmen, but save our customers at least **thirty to fifty per cent on the cost** of their Nursery Stock. When you buy Nursery Stock of an agent, you pay not only for the Trees and Plants, but also the agent's commission, his traveling expenses, besides the extra cost of handling the stock several times. When you buy us, you buy direct from the growers, and pay for the Nursery Stock only, plus one small profit, instead of the cost of the trees, plus two or three profits. It is not difference in quality that causes difference in price, but difference in selling system.

We grow our Nursery Stock in our own nurseries, here at Faribault, in the richest farming section of America. Soil, climate, and all other conditions are most favorable to the growing of Nursery stock, producing solid healthy growth, a splendid root system with plenty of fibre roots. As a result, when the proper stock has been ordered, it is shipped Careful and packed. The Nairobi Stock is shipped early. We guarantee all stock to be exactly as described in our catalog, and true to name; if however, thru some error, stock is not as represented, we will refill the order, or refund the amount paid. All complaints must be made within ten days of receipt of stock. It is mutually agreed that we are in no case liable for any sum greater than the price paid for the stock.

We agree to replace all trees and plants which fail to grow, with proper care, at one-half price. Such failures must be reported before September 1st. As a rule of thumb planting was done. This means the Stock is not to be shipped to Evergreen Forest, Tree Seedlings and small Forest Trees sold by the hundred or thousand, nor to Blackberries, Black Rasberries, and Strawbery plants.

**NURSERY ORDER NOTICE.**—It is of such vital importance that we receive orders for Nursery Stock as early as possible, that we can handle them properly, that we make the following special inducements:

- With orders received for Nursery Stock before March 1st, amounting to $5.00 and more, you may select 5% of the amount of your order in Nursery Stock from our catalog, or for instance, with an order for $5.00 Nursery Stock amounting to $5.00, you may order Nursery Stock extra to the value of 25 cents; with an order of $6.00-75 cents worth extra, etc. All Nursery Collections, however, are to be excluded from such special offers and from such orders.

**ORDER EARLY.**—As our orders are filled in the rotation they are received, and as we cannot delay orders received first for orders coming in later, we advise placing orders early. Please use the special order sheet for Trees and Plants.

**ORDERS ON NURSERY ORDERS RECEIVED EARLY.**—It is of such vital importance that we receive orders for Nursery Stock as early as possible, that we can handle them properly, that we make the following special inducements:

- With orders received for Nursery Stock before March 1st, amounting to $5.00 and more, you may select 5% of the amount of your order in Nursery Stock from our catalog, or for instance, with an order for $5.00 Nursery Stock amounting to $5.00, you may order Nursery Stock extra to the value of 25 cents; with an order of $6.00-75 cents worth extra, etc. All Nursery Collections, however, are to be excluded from such special offers and from such orders.

**The above offer is good only until March 1st, after which date no discount will be allowed, unless larger quantities are wanted, when we shall be pleased to quote special prices.**

**FILLING ORDERS** is done by experienced men, in the most careful manner. All stock is carefully packed or boxed, so it reaches destination in a fresh condition, no matter what the distance is. We do not charge extra for packing or boxing.

**OUR SHIPPING SEASON** usually opens about April first, and continues thru May. On account of our excellent shipping and packing facilities, and our large cellars and packing sheds, we are in position to fill Southern orders at the proper time for planting.

**SEEDS AND NURSERY STOCK** cannot be shipped together. While seeds can be shipped almost any time, Nursery Stock must be shipped when danger of heavy frost is over, to insure success. Strawberry Plants are usually shipped separately, by parcel post.

**ALL TRANSPORTATION CHARGES** are paid by the purchaser, unless otherwise noted in our catalog.

**NURSERY STOCK BY PARCELS POST.**—For the convenience of some of our customers who live far from railroad stations, we quote special prices on orders for fewer than 250 trees, by mail prepaid. This is the cheapest and healthiest way of sending nursery stock, and is a good plan for small orders. As a rule, shipment is made in May to insure winter growth, unless ordered later. In cases where extra care is needed in packing or shipping, we will charge extra. Orders are shipped thru the United States Post Office, and we cannot guarantee its safe delivery. We recommend that you track your order online.

**QUESTIONS** regarding the handling, planting, and taking care of Nursery Stock will gladly be answered, and any information from our patrons about their success with our stock will always be appreciated.

**NURSERY STOCK.**—Orders are not accepted for Nursery Stock in March, April, and May. We do not ship nursery stock until June.

**NURSERY STOCK by Parcels Post.**—For the convenience of some of our customers who live far from railroad stations, we quote special prices on orders for fewer than 250 trees, by mail prepaid. This stock is strong and healthy, and, with proper care, and longer waiting, will give as good results as larger plants will. Shipping is made in May to insure winter growth, unless ordered later.

**CARE OF STOCK ON ARRIVAL.**—As soon as trees and plants arrive, they should be unpacked and planted; if it is impossible to do so at once, they should be heeled in moist earth in some sheltered location.

**HOW TO FIND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED FOR AN ACRE.**

- A square acre is 696 feet on a side. The number of square feet in an acre is 43,560. Divide this amount by the number of square feet required for each plant. Thus, to find how many currants are required for an acre planted 4 feet by 6 feet, 6 times 4 equals 24; 43,560 divided by 24 equals 1,815, the number required for an acre.

In our Northwestern states, fruit trees do not grow as large as in the Southern and Eastern states, and can therefore be planted closer. We have adopted the distances here given, the same as used by the Minnesota Horticultural Society, but in southern localities, it will be best to plant farther apart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Apples, 20 by 22 feet</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cherries, 16 by 16 feet</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plums, 16 by 16 feet</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaches, 16 by 16 feet</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pears, 16 by 16 feet</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberries, 4 by 6 feet</td>
<td>1,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberries, 5 by 6 feet</td>
<td>2,191</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Strawberries, 1,692 |
| Currants, 4 by 6 feet | 1,815 |
| Gooseberries, 4 by 6 feet | 1,815 |
| Grapes, 8 by 8 feet | 608 |
| Juneberries, 4 by 6 feet | 1,815 |
| Asparagus, 1 by 20 feet | 17,424 |
| Rhubarb, 6 by 8 feet | 2,191 |
HOW TO PLANT NURSERY STOCK.

READ CAREFULLY.

Any soil on which a good crop of corn, wheat, or potatoes can be grown, is satisfactory for growing trees, small fruit plants, shrubs, roses, etc. Fertilizing is not necessary, and may be done after planting is completed. Never let roots come in direct contact with manure or other fertilizers.

If Nursery Stock is frozen when received, bury the package, unopened, in well-rotted manure or leaf mold, in a place so that it will thaw out slowly and gradually, without being exposed to the air.

If it should appear dry or shriveled when received, thru delay in transit, or from any cause, take it from the package and plunge into a tub of water, or bury the roots in the ground in an inclining position, so as to cover one-half or more of the tops with the earth, and then thoroughly soak with water and let remain for twenty-four or more, until it regains its fresh, plump appearance, when it may be planted.

Dig the holes large enough so the trees or plants can be set in without cramping or binding the roots. Trim off all broken roots, with a sharp knife, so the cut surface comes in contact with the soil. Throw a few shovelfuls of surface soil in the hole, and set the tree in, at least two inches deeper than it stood in the nursery row. This is easily determined by the ring of dirt around the stem. Cover the roots with pulverized soil, working it in carefully between the roots, and fill up the hole about three-quarters full of earth. Then, if the ground is very dry, pour in about a peck full of water, and let it soak in thoroughly. This is always necessary in planting evergreens. Pack the soil very firmly around the tree, so that the air can come in beneath it. Keep the roots well protected, with burlap or straw, from the wind, sun, and air, while planting. Exposure to wind and air, and careless planting, causes more failures with nursery stock than any other conditions.

Do not allow grass or weeds to grow about your nursery stock. Cultivate the ground for at least a foot around it, about once in 10 days, until July, and keep it clean and loose for 3 years after planting, for best results.

When circumstances are such that it is impossible to give the nursery stock proper care after planting, that is, hoeing or cultivating, to keep up a dust mulch, then the ground around it should have a mulching of manure or litter, three or four inches deep. This fertilizes the ground and keeps it from cracking or baking.

In trimming trees, it is usually best not to trim the leader or central stem, as a forked tree may result. Hardwood trees, oak, maple, and birch, should not have their central stem trimmed. All broken or bruised branches growing should be cut off. In pruning apple and other fruit trees, trim so as to obtain a low crown. This makes it easier to pick the fruit when they come into bearing, and lets in the air and light, where it is needed most. Prune young trees in a barn knife, then plants in a sheath knife. This is the best form of pruner, as the more the better for the hedge. Severe trimming causes a thick growth from the roots, and makes hedges and shrubs strong and bushy. Never trim trees in the fall, but early in spring, right after planting. Summer clipping on hedges may be done in June or July, to let the wood harden before winter sets in.

If the tree is large or in an especially exposed place where winds may loosen it, support it with wires and provide some protection where the wires come in contact with the tree trunk. A piece of burlap, with a few sticks, prevents wires chafing the tree where they come in contact with it.

It is a good plan to protect the hedges, in the first two years, especially if they are next the street or sidewalk, with a low wire fence.

CULTURE OF ROSES.—See page 123.

CULTURE OF STRAWBERRIES.—Strawberry plants may be set out either in fall or in spring. In this section, spring planting is preferable, as the plants are usually dormant, and are not harmed by transplanting. If planted in fall, winter often sets in before they have had a chance to root well, and the plants at the right driving depth. The rows for the plants may be set in a corn planter, or with a spade, if the field is a small one. A spade or a dibble may be used for setting the plants. Set the plants deep in narrow holes, 6 or 8 inches deep, and pack the earth around the plants. It is very important to set the plants at the right depth. If this is not done, the roots are exposed to the air, and the plants dry out. Be sure to have the earth packed well around the roots at the time of setting. Just before setting out strawberry plants, remove all the foliage except the growing point and one leaf, the smallest and last one produced by the plant. So many people set out their plants without cutting them back, and then wonder why the plants die. Cut back the roots about one-third, with a sharp knife. Then set them in a bucket with a little water at the bottom, until the bed is ready for them. Ordinary soil may be used for strawberry plants, but a larger crop of Strawberries will be obtained if the ground is fertilized. The best time to apply manure is in winter.

The standard varieties, a crop of fruit is not expected the first season they are set out. They form many new runner plants, upon which next season's crop of fruit depends. All blooms and buds should be picked from the plants the first season, so all the strength goes to the formation of the runner plants. The blossoms should be picked from Everbearing varieties the first part of the season, if you want runner plants to form. Blooms formed in July may be left, and a crop of berries matured the first fall after the plants are set out.

HOED CROPS OR SMALL FRUITS GROWN IN YOUNG ORCHARDS FOR THE FIRST FOUR OR SIX YEARS.

Many people, not familiar with raising fruit, dislike to sacrifice an acre or two from their orchard purposes, their main objection being that it takes so long before the orchard bears fruit, and they begin to get returns from the land. Instead, this land requires considerable extra care for the first few years, but will be used for any other purpose. However, the entire space between the young trees may be planted to vegetables or small fruit. The proper culture, and fertilizing of these, will benefit the young trees also, and stimulate their growth. Unless hoed crops or small fruits are planted in an orchard, the trees are generally neglected. Grapes, currants, goosberries, and best of all, strawberries, may be planted between the rows of apple trees. From two to three hundred dollars an acre can be earned from land planted to several varieties of fruits, such as currants, gooseberries and strawberries.

A young orchard should not be seeded down for at least five years after setting out, as the ground must be cultivated and fertilized to stimulate the growth of the trees.

Other information in regard to the planting and care of trees, plants, and shrubs, will be found in our Instruction Book for Transplanting and Managing of Nursery Stock, etc., a copy of which will be sent free with all orders for nursery stock, upon request. Other valuable books on fruit growing, landscape gardening, rose growing, etc., are listed on page 38 of this catalog.
APPLE TREES.

Our apple trees are grafted onto hardy crab apple roots. We use a much longer season than most nurseries use, and by planting the root grafts deep, they also take root, so we may say that we grow apple trees on their own roots. The trees grown by this method are the hardest obtainable, and the only kind that will thrive and bear in every climate. They have very strong root systems with masses of fibrous roots, which insure vigorous growth and big crops of apples several years sooner than when ordinary apple trees are planted in apple trees, as well as in all other lines of nursery stock, we have purposely eliminated all those varieties that are not absolutely hardy for the Northwest. Besides the varieties listed below, we can also furnish many other kinds of the large sizes, which are not as hardy, but are the standard and well known varieties planted in the Southwest and Middle West. If you want apple trees in varieties not listed in this catalog, write to us, for we may be able to supply them.

As the 8 to 4 feet and 2 to 3 feet apple trees are not as satisfactory for planting in orchards, and we have had so little demand for these sizes, we have discontinued selling them. It takes at least six years before such trees come into bearing, which is too long for the average man to wait before he begins to harvest fruit of apples. We are offering 4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet, and 6 to 7 feet apple trees this year, as they produce quickest results and are the very best value for the money. Our 4 to 5 feet trees are strong, well branched two year old trees, 4 inch in caliper. Our 6 to 7 feet apple trees are 4 year old stock. We have some especially fine 6 to 7 feet apple trees this year, measuring 1 to 1¼ inches in caliper. These are not overstock grown but are trees which were transplanted as 2 year old grafts, and are now four years old. The extra expense and labor of transplanting and pruning them makes them a true high price, but, on the other hand, they will bring much quicker returns, and are the most satisfactory in every way. As a rule, our 6 to 7 feet apple trees come into bearing the year after they are set, in fact, several of our patrons have reported fruit on their trees the same year they were planted. We recommend this size especially for city gardens and small orchards.

Wealthy, Evelyn, and Wealthy, Patten's and Northwestern Greemings, are the hardiest varieties to plant here in the Northwest. For extreme northern sections, Northern Minnesota, North Dakota, certain sections of Montana, and Canada, we recommend Duchess, Hibernal, and Wealthy, as the hardiest of all known apples.

PRICES OF ALL APPLES AND CRAB APPLES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Per 12</th>
<th>Per 25</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 to 5 feet, 2 years old, branched</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 to 7 feet, 4 years old, transplanted</td>
<td>45c</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>38.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing size, 12 to 24 inches</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>2.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6 of a kind at dozen rates; 50, in any variety, at 100 rates.

Below each variety you find specified the sizes we can supply of it. If in the market for larger quantities of Apple Trees and nursery stock, please write, as we can furnish car load quantities. Special prices will be quoted by return mail.

SUMMER APPLES.

DUCHES OF OLDENBURG—Season August. This well known Russian variety is the hardest of the old list and is a young and abundant bearer. Tree is dwarf and can be planted profitably as the border tree. A handsome large fruit, oblate, greenish yellow, almost wholly covered with stripes and splashes of bright crimson. Flesh is white, soft, acid, tender, juicy and pleasant. A kitchen apple of the finest quality and also highly esteemed for dessert. A good shipper for an early apple. Should be trained in every orchard in the Northwest. 6 to 7 feet, 6 to 8 feet, and mailing size.

SUMMER PEACH—Season August to September. Fruit of good size, yellow with red cheeks. Flesh fine grained, mild, very fine textured. Tree very hardy, a rapid, upright grower, early and heavy bearer. Should be in every orchard. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

LIVELAND RASPBERRY—Season Aug. to Sept. A valuable Russian variety, medium to large fruit of a beautiful clear waxen-white color, marbling and slightly flushed with red. Flesh tender, juicy and sub-acid. A very hardy grower, and succeeds well everywhere, bears large, big fruit, early and is blight resistant. Liveland Raspberry is one of the best quality and most profitable summer apples, especially for the Northwestern States. 4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet, 6 to 7 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—Season August. A very hardy Russian sort. Tree bears very young and annually. Fruit large and shows pale yellow flesh, tender and sub-acid, extra good quality. Very early. Succeeds well in the East, also far North. Does well on light soils. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

AUTUMN APPLES.

EVELYN—Season October to March. A seedling of the Wealthy, practically the same season; tree from blight; a good yielder of even, medium size, highly colored fruit which hangs on until picked. Excellent variety for market and home use. Long keeper. 4 to 5, and 5 to 6 feet.

IOWA BEAUTY—Season October to December. Tree a strong, vigorous, upright grower, very hardy. Fruit very large, roundish, of golden yellow color, striped and splashed with dark red. One of the handsomest large fruits on our list and a favorite wherever known. Flesh rich yellow, firm, juicy and of excellent quality. Deserving of a place in every orchard. Reported very successful far North and East. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

LONGFIELD—Season October to December. Origin Russia. A strong, spreading grower. Very hardy. An early, annual and heavy bearer, tends to overbear; fruit medium sized, roundish conical; skin smooth, polished, clear waxen yellow, with a lively red blush. Flesh white, sub-acid, tender, juicy and of pleasant aromatic flavor. Especially recommended for Iowa, Minnesota and other Northern States. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

MILLER'S SWEET—Season Sept. to October. Trees a strong, vigorous grower with spreading head, very hardy, early and heavy bearer. Fruit conical, medium large, greenish white with red cheek. Flesh firm and sweet. One of the best sweet apples for the North. 4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet.

OKHAYA—Season Sept. to Octobor. Originated in Manitoba, and is one of the best apples for the Northwest. Tree very hardy and productive, bears young, and is free from blight. Fruit medium to large, slightly flat-topped, yellow, striped and splashed with red. Flesh yellowish, fine grained, crisp and juicy, unelexced in quality. Valuable for all purposes, fine market sort. All sizes.

PETER—Season October to March. Originated in Minnesota. Resembles Wealthy in size and color of fruit, but tree is considered harder, less affected by blight and more productive. All sizes.

WEALTHY—Season October to February. Originated by the late Peter M. Gillett. A vigorous, spreading grower, very productive and hardy. Fruit above medium to large, oblate, very regular, smooth, light yellow, almost wholly covered with bright red splashes and stripes. Flesh white, often stained with red, tender, very juicy, slightly sub-acid, very good for table use and cooking. A splendid and profitable market sort, the demand always being greater than the supply. The Wealthy should be in every orchard. All sizes.

WOLF RIVER—Season October to March. Originated near Wolf River, Wis.; very hardy, succeeds well in the Northwest. Tree being the largest apple known, and of a beautiful, bright red color. Quality is fair; flesh white, very mild and tender. Good for cooking. Keeps well. All sizes.
WINTER APPLES.

**Anisim**—Season Nov. to Jan. The trees are fine form, upright, but spreading with age, have exceedingly strong shoulders and are very hardy and strong growers. They commence to bear when young and regularly bear enormous crops of beautiful fruit. The apples are of medium size, roundish conical, and of a dark red color, overlaid with a blue bloom, and starred with minute white dots. The flesh is white with green streaks, fine grained, juicy, pleasant subacid. One of the best and most profitable kinds for the Northwest. A splendid commercial apple on account of its rich color and good quality.

**DELICIOUS**—Season Dec. to April. Tree is strong vigorous grower with sturdy limbs, bears young and annually, seldom blights. Fruit large, distinctive in shape, conical, beautiful in color, brilliant dark red blending to yellow at blossom end. Flavor is sweet, slightly acid, with a delightfully fragrant aroma. Tree reported perfectly hardy in Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, etc., having withstood a temperature of 25 to 50 below zero. All sizes.

**HIBERNAL**—Season Nov. to Dec. Origin Russia. Very valuable in the extreme North; it will succeed in localities where no other apple apple. Tree vigorous, very productive. Fruit large, irregular, oblate, greenish yellow with a dull bronze blush, skin smooth, hardy, with a fine sub-acid, flavorful and juicy. A long keeper and splendid market variety on account of its good keeping qualities. All sizes.

**MINNETONA**—Season Nov. to Mar. Originated near Lake Minnetonka, Minnesota. Tree very hardy and productive, bearing early and continuously, thrives well on nearly all soils and is practically blight proof. Fruit very large, bright red in color, with small core; flesh tender, crisp, of delicious sub-acid flavor, excellent for eating and cooking. Splendid market variety on account of its good keeping qualities. All sizes.

**NORTHWESTERN GREENING**—Season Dec. to March. Originated in Washoe County, Wisconisin. A strong, vigorous tree, very hardy, bears young and and yields big crops of fine apples. Fruit large, very large, oblong; transparent, yellowish green. Flesh firm, juicy, sub-acid and good. A long keeper and splendid market and table sort. It is claimed this tree has withstood a temperature of 50 degrees below zero without damage. One of the leading winter apples for the northern states. All sizes.

**UNIVERSITY**—Season Nov. to Dec. A hardy vigorous grower, very productive. Fruit large clear yellow, flesh fine quality white, pleasant sub-acid flavor. This is really a late autumn apple, but owing to its commercial value, we consider it as good as most winter apples. All sizes.

**CRAB AND HYBRID APPLES.**

**BEACH'S SWEET** (Crab)—Season Sept. to Oct. Extremely hardy tree of handsome shape and quick growth, a very heavy bearer. Fruit is large, of bright, rich carmine color when ripened in the sun. Flesh is very juicy, crisp and firm, un pérded in quality. Without doubt the best of sweet crab apples. Very fine for sweet pickles. When in full fruit it is one of the most ornamental trees grown. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

**DART** (Hybrid)—Season Sept. to Oct. A vigorous, extremely hardy and ideal orchard tree. Fruit large; yellow ground covered with rich red stripes; flesh yellow, medium fine grained, sub-acid. A fine and valuable variety for all purposes. Tree is very productive, a spreading and thrity grower, 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

**EARLY STRAWBERRY** (Crab)—Season Aug. Tree hardy, spreading, very productive and the earliest of all to ripen; the fruits are medium size, greenish yellow with carmine stripes and splashes and a mild, sweet flavor; one of the best crabs for eating. An old time favorite in the Northwest. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

**HYSLAP** (Crab)—Season Oct. to Dec. Undoubtedly one of the best all around crab for the Northwest. Very hardy and strong grower, generally coming into bearing the second or third year after planting, very productive annually. Fruit large, of beautiful crimson color; flesh yellow shaded red, good for cider and culinary purposes. Fruit is born in clusters which makes the tree very ornamental. Tree has proven very satisfactory here in the Northwest and the western states, especially in Colorado. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

**SOULARD** (Crab)—Season Oct. to March. A large fruited wild Crab apple. Tree is very hardy, quick and early, with very handsome foliage, flowers, and fruit. A very ornamental tree for the lawn as well as for the garden. Fruit is large yellowish green, of quince flavor; keeps all winter; good for cooking; 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

**WHITNEY NO. 20** (Hybrid)—Season Aug. to Sept. A beautiful, upright growing tree. A young tree and very hardy. Fruit of large size, sharp, yellow striped with red and covered with a whitish bloom. Flesh yellowish white, crisp, sub-acid, almost sweet and very fine for eating, as it is of rich flavor; good for sweet pickles. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.
PLUMS, American Varieties.

Plums succeed best in rather rich, moist soil. The trees need very little care, and may be planted much closer than apple trees. The most perfect fruit is produced when two or more varieties are planted together. Plums come into bearing very early, often the second year after planting, and yield abundantly.

PRICES ON AMERICAN PLUMS AS FOLLOWS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BRITTLEWOOD</td>
<td>3 to 4 feet, each 30c, 12 for $3.25, 25 for $6.00.</td>
<td>$8.00.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHENEY</td>
<td>5 to 6 feet, each 30c, 12 for $5.25, 25 for $10.00.</td>
<td>$12.00.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE SOTO</td>
<td>Over 12 feet, each 30c, 12 for $12.00.</td>
<td>$25.00.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Surprise Plum.

is meaty, pale yellow, and of fine flavor. A good keeper and shipper, and one of the best for home use.

WOLF—A very popular plum in the Northwest: a rapid grower which comes into bearing early and is very prolific. Tree is hardy in Canada and a good bearer. An excellent market sort. Ripens about Sept. 1st.

THE HARDESTY BLUE PLUM.

SHIPPER'S PRIDE—This is the only European variety known to be hardy here in Minnesota, but it is not recommended for the extreme North, where only native plums can be grown. Fruit is very large, round, deep bluish purple; flesh is very sweet and juicy, firm, and of good quality, splendid for canning. It is an excellent market sort and ships well. Ripens in September. Price: 4 to 5 feet, each 30c, 12 for $6.00, not prepaid.

PROF. HANSEN'S NEW HYBRID PLUMS.

These Hansen Plums are becoming more popular each year, and will probably soon take the place of the common, or American varieties. Hansen Plums combine all the qualities of the European and Japanese varieties, their size, delicious flavor, and tropical appearance, with the hardiness, fragrance, and small size of the wild Sand Cherry.

Hanska Plums.

Hanska Plums are a cross between the Sand Cherry, which grows wild in the Dakotas and Montana, and the Japanese varieties grown in California. Many of them, like the Sapa and Opata, are larger than the American plums, and as the trees grow older, the fruit increases in size. The trees are all rapid growers and come into bearing when only two or three years old. When in bloom, they are masses of exquisitely fragrant blossoms. The fruit keeps 10 to 16 days in transit, and is still marketable. The flavor is more like that of an apricot than a plum. Almost half a bushel of fruit was picked from one Opata tree, two years old. The other varieties are just as prolific. Hansen Plums should be in every garden and orchard, and no one who has ever tasted them can ever do without them.

Price: 4 to 5 feet, each 30c, 12 for $5.00. Of Hanska and Opata, we can furnish a limited stock in 5 to 7 feet trees, at 75c each, 12 for $5.00.

SPECIAL OFFER:—We will send one tree of each of the following varieties, 4 to 5 feet size, for $2.25, not prepaid.

Waneta Plum.

WAHENDA—A new variety, now being offered for sale for the first time. Waneta was produced from Terry, a large American plum, and the Apple Plum, a Japanese variety originated by Luther Burbank. A plum of this variety was exhibited at Brookings, S. D., weighing two ounces, and two inches in diameter. The fruit is red, with thin skin free from astringency, and the flavor is delicious. Waneta is the largest of the Hansen Plums produced so far, and should become a very popular sort for the home garden and market.
CHERRIES.

HARDY VARIETIES.

Cherries do well on sandy or gravelly, well drained soils and southern slopes, but will do very well in almost any situation, except a wet and exposed one. They are desirable for planting near dwellings, where beauty and shade, as well as fruit, are so much sought for.

Prices of all varieties (except Compass and Rocky Mountain) extra select trees, 3c each, 12 for $1.00; select trees, 15c each, 12 for $2.00, 100 for $21.50; 4 to 8 feet, each 45c, 12 for $4.75, 25 for $9.00, 100 for $32.00.

EARLY RICHMOND (English Pie Cherry)—A well known old standard variety. Tree is hardy, healthy, a free grower, very productive and regular in bearing. Market sort on account of medium size, acid, rich and one of the best for canning and for pies. The most popular of the true Kentish Cherries. Ripens in June.

HOMER—Very hardy and profuse bearing variety. Fruit of medium size, with very small pit; dark red; flesh tender, juicy, rich, slightly acid. The hardest and longest lived of the Morello type cherries. Splendid market sort. Ripens in July.

MONTMORENCY—A beautiful, large, red cherry, larger and finer than Early Richmond, but fully 10 days later. Being extraordinarily prolific and very hardy, it can be highly recommended. Valuable for canning and preserving.

WHAGG—Originated in Iowa. Tree very hardy, dwarf, not subject to disease, a regular bearer. Fruit large, dark red, nearly black; flesh tender, juicy, rich, slightly acid. The hardest and longest lived of the Morello type cherries. Splendid market sort. Ripens in July.

ENGLISH MORELLO—The hardiest of the black, heart-shaped cherries. The tree is dwarf and slender. Fruit is large, dark red, nearly black, and of very rich flavor, juicy and tender, sub-acid. Ripens in July.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY (Sand Cherry)—A reliable, hardy, dwarf cherry, very productive. This cherry is generally grown in bush form like a berry; it is hardy, but troubled with Iosametes or fungus diseases. The fruit is of a beautiful rich crimson color or when ripe, of fair size, good flavor, excellent for jelly and preserves. To be recommended for exposed locations where the other cherries will not thrive. Tree is very ornamental and deserves a place in every orchard. Price for bushy plants: 2 to 3 feet trees, each 20c, 12 for $2.00, 25 for $4.00, 100 for $14.00; 3 to 4 feet trees, each 30c, 12 for $3.00, 25 for $5.75, 100 for $21.50.

Pears.

Compass Cherry.

Prices: 4 to 5 feet extra select trees, 35c each, 12 for $3.50.

These are not considered hardy here, but should be planted for trial in sheltered and favorable locations as far north as southern Minnesota. The following three varieties are the hardiest and most reliable.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Fruit large, beautiful, very sweet, rich and melting, pale yellow, almost covered with light russet, turning reddish brown when ripe. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful. Succeeds well in most parts of the country; especially recommended for the North and for Montana. Season September to October.

KIEFFER—Very hardy, a true representation of its good shipping and keeping qualities. A favorite for canning and preserving. Fruit large, rich golden yellow. Tree is a vigorous grower, an early and prolific bearer, resisting blight to a very large degree. Most planted of any variety in the Northwest: does well in Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Season October to November.

VERMONT BEAUTY—A most desirable pear. The fruit is of medium size, very handsome, being yellow with a bright carmine cheek; the flesh is rich, juicy aromatic, of the best quality. Tree hardy and a vigorous grower. Season September to October.

SPECIAL OFFER—We will furnish 1 tree of each variety for 90c.

In the fall we will offer our very finest grades in Fruit Trees, Bushes and Berries at the lowest prices. See page 126 for newest fruits and berries.

Peaches.

Prices for 1 year old, budded trees, 4 to 5 feet high, each 30c, 12 for $3.00.

While we are not able to grow peach trees to bearing size, in Minnesota, our climate is especially favorable during growing season to produce stocky and healthy trees. We list the hardiest three varieties.

BOKARA NO. 3—Raised from seed received from Bokara, Asia. The hardest peach known. Has been in bearing for several years in Central Iowa, and produced fruit after 26 degrees below zero. Fruit measures over seven inches in circumference. Yellow with red cheek; skin tough; flesh of good quality; perfect freestone. Ripens about September 1st to 10th.

CROSBY—Medium size, roundish, with a distinct seam on blossom end; skin light greenish yellow and very downy; flesh bright yellow and rather firm; tree of rather dwarfish habit. Has won especial favor on account of great hardiness. Freestone. Ripens in September.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY—This beautiful yellow peach is highly esteemed for market purposes. Fruit very large, oblong; skin yellow with fine red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and excellent; productive freestone. Ripens in August.

SPECIAL OFFER—We will furnish one tree of each variety for 75c.
FARMER SEED & NURSERY CO., FARIBAULT, MINNESOTA.

HARDY GRAPE VINES.

The varieties listed are the hardest and most reliable in cultivation. Our grape vines are carefully grown stock with splendid roots. A grape vine plantation is easily taken care of and in a commercial way no fruit crop shows greater return on the investment.

The grape is one of the best and healthiest fruits we have. Growers in most every kind of soil that is not wet, any side hill will do for a vineyard. Those who have only a little or two or a small garden can plant them alongside a building or fence. They will take up very little room, and if properly taken care of will bear an abundance of fruit almost every year. They make handsome ornaments for uglY buildings, or can be trained over walls and fences, repaying many times over, with localities and refreshing their small cost and care. If the vines are put down on the ground in the fall and covered with a slight mulch of earth they will stand a severe climate.

The plants should be set in a slanting position to facilitate winter covering. Plant in rows eight feet apart each way. Prune the plants in the fall, cutting back the laterals to 2 or 3 eyes, this will give enough wood for the new fruiting growth to come from.

For covering arbors and porches the new Beta and Hungarian Grapes can be especially recommended.

CONCORD—Black. The well known fine old market sort, which is so largely planted in all sections, being decidedly the most popular grape in America. Large, handsome bunches of seedless berries, covered with a rich bloom. Skin tender but firm, making it a good shipper; flesh juicy, luscious, and tender. A strong, healthy grower, very hardy and productive. Recommended. Price for general cultivation the most reliable variety, succeeding well over a great extent of our country. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each $1.25, 12 for $14.00, 25 for $24.75, 100 for $60.00, not prepaid.

HUNGARIAN—Red. An open spreading sort of the hardy wild grape, will withstand our northern winters without covering. It is claimed to have come from Hungary and was first planted near Lakeville, Minn., where it is still growing. Bunches compact, large; fruit nearly as large as Concord, black of good quality, sweet and aromatic. Fine for grape juice, wine and jelly. Plant of vigorous growth and abundant crops. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each $1.25, 12 for $14.00, 25 for $24.75, 100 for $60.00, not prepaid.—Postpaid 30 each.

HARRISON—Red. Bunches large, dark red color, fine rich flavor, juicy and luscious, very fine. Extremely hardy, bears abundantly and stands the heat of summer well. Ripens early. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each $1.25, 12 for $14.00, 25 for $24.75, 100 for $60.00, not prepaid.

DELWARE—Red. Holds its own as one of the finest grapes. Bunches small, compact and clustered. Berries rather small, round. Skin thin, light red. Flesh very juicy, with a hard pulp, with an exceedingly sweet, spicy flavor. Vines moderately vigorous, very hardy and productive. Should be planted in a sheltered position. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each $1.25, 12 for $14.00, 25 for $24.75, 100 for $60.00, not prepaid.

MOORE'S DIAMOND—White. A seedling of the Concord, partaking of all its good qualities. Of a beautiful greenish-white color, without any of the yellow spots so common with white grapes. Berries are large, sweet, and of as good quality as some of the more delicate varieties. It is as hard as the Concord, a profuse bearer, and in all one of the best sorts. Ripens early, a few days before the Concord. Very hardy, Bunch large, compact and solid, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.75, not prepaid.

MOORE'S EARLY—Black, with heavy blue bloom. This variety we recommend especially to our northern orchardists and farmers. It is considered the best market variety in the grape growing districts of Minnesota, always yielding well and fruit selling at top prices. The bunches are of medium size, rarely shouldered. Berries large, round, of excellent quality. Desirable for market on account of its earliness. Berries larger than Concord, very much like it in flavor, and of the same good quality. Vine a moderate grower, very healthy and hardy; foliage thick and leathery. Ripens so early as to be nearly out of the market before Concord is ripe. Well suited to Canada and northern portions of the United States by its hardiness. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.75, not prepaid.

NIAGARA—White. Home and market growers seem to agree that this is the most valuable of all the white grapes. Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries, having thin but tough skin. When fully ripe they are a fine pale yellow, with a thin white bloom. The flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet and delightful, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes. Vine is a hardy grower. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.75.

WOHREN—Black. Bunch large, sometimes shouldered, compact; berries very large, skin thin. Superior to the Concord in the following points: It is better in quality, has a larger berry, a more compact and handsome cluster and ripens five to seven days earlier. It fully equals Concord in vigor, health and productivity. It is larger than the size of Moore's Early, but of better quality, more vigorous and productive, and ripens but little later than the Concord. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.75, not prepaid.

AGAWAM—Dark Red. A very large grape, and a very satisfactory late variety. The fruit is a beautiful dark red color, and is borne in immense clusters. It is one of the sweetest and most aromatic grapes, with a delicious musky flavor. The vine is hardy, vigorous, and bears regularly. The fruit is of very fine quality, a fair shipper, and extremely desirable for the home garden. Agawam is one of the best late varieties, and is extensively grown. For best results, plant with Brighton or Delaware. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.00, not prepaid.

HUNGARIAN, Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, 100 for $7.00, not prepaid.

I have used your seeds now for four years and have found them the best. Also I have some of your shuckyberry and it is very fine. I received 12 plants of our Walcott, Saiga, Mix. By Parcel Post prepaid, we will send strong one year old plants at above prices.
RASPBERRIES.

Raspberries are easily cared for, the fruit is always in demand and brings higher prices than most any other crop. Will do well in any good soil. Plant in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and about 3 feet apart in the row. Cultivate well and keep weeds out.

We plant a block of Raspberries every year on new soil; this enables us to keep our plants clean, healthy and free from insects and fungal diseases. For the extreme North we recommend Herbert, Sunbeam and Cumberland.

We cannot accept orders for less than three Raspberry plants of a kind, except where noted. Six plants may be ordered at the dozen rate, fifty at the hundred rate.

EVERBEARING RASPBERRIES.

THE "IDAH0!"—The "Idaho" is one of the hardiest of all red raspberries and we consider it the best of the Everbearing varieties suitable for culture in the Northwest. The plant is a strong grower, making stocky, upright canes. The fruit is very large, some berries attaining over one inch in diameter, of a deep rich color, very attractive. It is very fine flavored. The plants are enormously productive, fruiting thru the longest season of any red raspberries. For home use and near markets no better raspberry could be found. Price: 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.50, 100 for $8.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 50c, 12 for $2.75, prepaid.

"St. Regis"—Also called "Early till Late". The only raspberry known that will yield a crop of fruit the first season planted. Awarded a certificate of merit by the American Institute of New York. Yields fine fruits for months in succession. Fruit of finest quality, large size and brilliant crimson color. Our stock is extra fine this year and will please you.

Remarks: "Raspberries for four months", that is what you get when you plant "St. Regis", the highest in grade, in size, in brilliancy of color, in firmness and in flavor. Its iron-clad hardness is certainly a wonder and follows new suffers by sunburn or scald. The fruit is large, of a beautiful rich crimson color when ripe, rich in sugar, and will stand shipping better than any other variety we know of. It is the earliest raspberry to ripen, and gives a crop of berries all summer and autumn. It succeeds well on all soils. Price: 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.50, 100 for $8.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 50c, 12 for $2.75, prepaid. Sucker plants.

RELIABLE STANDARD RED SORTS.

Price of the following varieties, transplanted stock: 3 for 25c, 12 for 65c, 25 for $1.25, 100 for $4.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 35c, 12 for 90c, 25 for $5.00, prepaid.

CUTHBERT—An old and reliable market sort. Berries are very large, firm, good shipper. Flavor is fine, rich and luscious. The best late red sort. Plant is a strong grower and wonderfully productive, but not very hardy in northern Minnesota and the Dakotas.

F. S. & N. CO'S KING—This variety was introduced a few years ago and is overshadowed by nearly all the large fruit growers of the Northwest, the best all around red raspberries. The plant is a strong grower, clean, healthy foliage. Early and productive. The fruits are round, firm of a rich color and fine quality. A very reliable variety. It is very hardy, standing cold and heat where many others fail.

LOUDON—A strong, compact grower, very hardy, and one of the heaviest yielders. Fruit very large of a rich dark crimson color, juicy and of fine flavor, firm, and one of the best shipping varieties.

MILLER—A thoroughly reliable variety, very hardy, thrifty and productive; an early, firm and bright red berry that is a favorite in many sections as a commercial sort. Will often produce a heavy crop on light soil, where other varieties fail.

THOMPSON—One of the earliest and best varieties. The plant is very hardy, with canes of robust and upright growth. Fruit of good size, nearly round, bright red in color, juicy, rich and of excellent flavor.

NEW VARIETIES OF MERIT.

"HERBERT"—The hardy Canadian Raspberry. A very large red variety, extremely hardy and enormously productive. A chance seedling, originated at Ottawa, Canada. The fruits are of the largest size, oblong to conical, bright to rather deep red, firm, sweet and sub-acid, slightly juicy, and of fine flavor. Does especially well on heavy soil and in localities where other varieties fail. Price for transplanted plants: 3 for 35c, 12 for $1.00, 25 for $1.85, 100 for $6.50, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 40c, 12 for $2.75, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO’S SUNBEAM—A valuable variety for the Northwest. Originated by Prof. Hansen of South Dakota. The plant is very hardy and productive and has distinct, heavy foliage. Fruit medium size, bright red, and of excellent quality. Long bearing season. This berry should be planted extensively in the prairie states. Of the Sunbeam we have only sucker plants to offer this season. Price: 3 for 35c, 12 for 90c, 25 for $1.85, 100 for $6.75, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.25, 25 for $2.25, prepaid.

GOLDEN QUEEN—THE YELLOW RASPBERRY.

An interesting addition to the home garden. This raspberry, as its name indicates, is a pure golden yellow. The berry is very beautiful, fully as large as the best red variety, and of excellent flavor. However, it cannot be used for canning purposes, as it loses its color when cooked. Golden Queen is a good grower, and the best yellow variety ever produced. It yields heavily and has a very long bearing season. Price: 12 for 75c, 25 for $1.45, 100 for $4.50, not prepaid.—By mail: 12 for $1.00, 25 for $2.00, prepaid.

BLACK AND PURPLE VARIETIES.

Price of Purple Varieties: Strong transplanted stock: 3 for 25c, 12 for 65c, 25 for $1.25, 100 for $4.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 30c, 12 for 90c, 25 for $1.75, prepaid.

CARDINAL—Purple—Strong canes with red bark and very hardy wood. Extremely hardy and exceedingly productive. The fruit is purple, very large, firm and juicy and of delicious flavor. Seson somewhat late and they hold on well. A profitable berry to grow for market.

COLUMBIA—Purple—Known as a very hardy and productive variety. The fruit is purple, very large, firm, juicy and of delicious flavor. The fruiting season extends from July 10th to August 15th.

CUMBERLAND—Black—Valuable, mid-season variety. Fruit large, very firm, beautiful, healthy, enormously productive and remarkably free from insect pests. Fruits

HERBERT Raspberry.
BLACKBERRIES.

Plant in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows. To keep the bed in good, productive condition, the old, weak and dead wood should be cut out every season, and in spring the weak suckers should also be removed, leaving only 4 to 5 strong ones in each hill. Cover with earth in winter, bending the canes at the roots. The plants do best on or near a chalk soil, and with little care they yield very abundantly and always find a ready market at good prices.

NEW HARDY TARTARIAN — Of special value in the North, on account of its extreme hardiness. Berries are immense, bright black, produced in large clusters. Fruit is of fine quality, sweet and melting, with practically no core. The canes are strong, with healthy foliage, free from rust. A heavy bearer. The bearing season is so long that Tartarian Blackberries may be called everbearing Blackberries. Splendid for market and home use, good for preserving. Price: Strong transplanted plants, each 25c, 60c for $1.25, 1000 for $25.00, postpaid. — 12 for $2.00, 25 for $3.75, not prepaid.

Price of the following varieties: Strong, transplanted plants, 12 for 60c, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $3.50, 1000 for $25.00, not prepaid. We furnish 5 plants at door rate, 50 at 100 rate.

Price by mail, postpaid: 3 for 25c, 12 for 85c.

ANCIENT BRITON — One of the hardest. A reliable market variety of medium size and of the best quality. Berries large and sweet. Sells well on the market and is a very profitable variety. It is one of the best known and most planted varieties in the North Central States.

MERSEREAN — An early ripening, extremely hardy, extra large fruited sort. Berries are globular in shape and plump and of fine quality. It is also a very profitable variety and is extensively grown. It is one of the most profitable varieties in the North Central States.

STONE'S HARDY — For the northern sections of Minnesota and similar latitudes this variety is especially adapted. The canes are upright, very vigorous and exceptionally hardy. The berries are of medium size, juicy, sweet and of excellent flavor. For market and as home use. Stone's Hardy is a dependable sort.

DEWBERY-LUCRETIA — In quality and size, this low growing or trailing blackberry fully equals any of the upright sorts. Wherever known it is preferred to common blackberries, on account of the superior flavor, immense size, and fine quality of its fruit. Very prolific, robust, and does not sucker. Vines should be covered with straw during winter in cold climates. Price: Strong transplants, 12 for 60c, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $3.50, not prepaid. — By mail, postpaid, 3 for 25c, 12 for 85c.

DWARF JUNEBEARING. (Amelanchier Botryaphylla)

The berry for the extreme North and South. Very hardy, enduring the coldest winters and hottest summers without injury. Bushy plant, with leaves and flower stalks white woolly when young, white flowers in racemes. Berries of good flavor, reddish purple, changing to black when ripe. Splendid for canning and making pies. Very prolific, often producing a quart of fruit from a young bush. Every garden should contain some of this variety. Price: Strong transplants, 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.00, 25 for $3.75, not prepaid. — By mail, postpaid: smaller plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, postpaid.

RUSSIAN MULLBERRY. (Morus Tatarica)

This is a very hardy rapid growing tree, variable in size and color of fruit and leaves. It bears an abundance of good quality fruit, which may be preserved with rhubarb, pine-apple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten feet apart. Also a good screen for poultry houses or yards, on account of its quick growth and quantity of foliage it affords. Price: By mail, 6 for 15c, 12 for 25c, 25 for 45c, postpaid. Extra large roots, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for $1.25, 1000 for $9.00, not prepaid.

STRAWBERRY RASPBERRY.

This Strawberry Raspberry is a cross between the Strawberry and Raspberry, resembling both in many points. In size and color it is like the strawberry, growing on dwarf bushes very much like raspberry bushes. It is quite hardy, and should be grown on rather moist soil. It produces an abundance of fruit on the young shoots, which is fine for jelly, jam, etc. Fruit should not be picked until thoroughly ripe. Price: By mail, each 10c.

HORSE RADISH ROOTS.

This popular condiment is very easily produced in the home garden and anyone who has compared the fresh dug article with that sold over counters, can appreciate the value of good home grown horse radish. A half dozen roots will provide the ordinary family, and as it spreads quite rapidly, the source of supply is easily maintained. We furnish strong roots, not pieces. Price: By mail, 6 for 15c, 12 for 25c, 25 for 45c, postpaid. Extra large roots, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for $1.25, 1000 for $9.00, not prepaid.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT.

Rhubarb should be in every garden, as it affords the earliest sauces and pies in spring. Set roots out in spring or fall, in rows 4 feet apart, so the crowns are an inch below the surface. Do not pull stalks first season. We offer:

LINNABUS and VICTORIA. Price: By each, 10c. 6 for 50c, 12 for $1.00, postpaid. — Extra strong 2 year old roots: Each 10c, 12 for 80c, not prepaid.

RHUBARB or PIE PLANT.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant.

Ancient Briton Blackberry.
CURRENNTS.

Currants are very hardy and easily cultivated, do well on almost every kind of soil, and will stand more neglect than any other fruit. They can be planted to advantage between apple trees, to "fill in" in the orchard. Currants ripen between the Strawberry and the Raspberry season, and are profitable to grow for market, as the demand for Currants is always greater than the supply. They are among the most popular fruit for jellies and preserves, and should be in every garden. Set the plants four by six feet apart, and if grown in large quantities, four feet apart each way. Cultivate well, keep them free from weeds and mulch every fall, to secure best results.

We offer only the hardest varieties for the Northwest, and furnish 6 plants at dozen rate, $0 at 100 rate.

NORWAY—Originated at Vardal, Norway. It is the hardest variety we know, and is valuable for planting in the extreme North, where ordinary currants fail to make pollin and set fruit. It withstands drought extremely well, and should be planted in the prairie states. Norway is a vigorous grower and an exceedingly heavy bearer. The bush resembles the Long Bunch Holland, but the fruit is larger than that of any American variety. The berries are bright translucent red, borne in large clusters on long stems, making picking easy. It has a pleasant, mild, sub-acid flavor. PRICE: Extra strong 2 year old plants, not prepaid, each 20c, 12 for $2.25, 25 for $4.00. Price by mail, strong 1 year old plants, each 20c, 12 for $2.25, prepaid.

PERFECTION—This splendid variety was originated by Charles Hooker, of Rochester, by crossing Fay's Prolific with the White Grape, and combines the size and color of the Fay with the productiveness and fine quality of the White Grape. The berry is bright red and large, even at the end of the bunch. The clusters are much longer than Fay, and the stem is very long. The berries are large, firm, and very sweet, and the clusters are the best for making jellies. PRICE: Extra strong 2 year old plants, not prepaid, each 20c, 12 for $2.25, 25 for $4.00. Price by mail, strong 1 year old plants, each 20c, 12 for $2.25, prepaid.

HARDY, RELIABLE CURRENNTS IN STANDARD VARIETIES.

Price of the following ten varieties: Strong 2 year old plants, not prepaid, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.75, 100 for $8.25.—Price for strong 1 year old plants, by mail, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.75, postpaid.

Red Varieties.

CHERRY—Bush is vigorous, stocky and compact, and must have good cultivation to do well. Berries are very large, with thin skin, juicy and of fine flavor. One of the most productive.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—A very popular and satisfactory variety, which bears early and is enormously productive. Fay's Prolific is one of the best market sorts, and equally valuable for home use. The fruit is large, bright red, and of excellent flavor, less acid than Cherry, and is borne on long stems.

LONDON MARKET—Bush is vigorous, and upright growing, very productive, a popular sort in the Michigan fruit growing sections. The fruit is of good size, dark red in color, with sprightly acid flavor. A good market variety.

LONG BUNCH HOLLAND—One of the best late varieties, ripens after other kinds are gone. The bush is vigorous and hardy, very productive; the clusters of berries are long and full. Berries are medium to large, bright red, and of excellent quality.

NORTH STAR—Valuable because of its hardiness, vigorous growth, early fruiting and productiveness. The bunches average four inches in length, admitting rapid and easy picking. Berries are large and of splendid quality, less acid than most currants.

RED DUTCH—An old and well known standard variety. Bush is very hardy, a strong upright grower, and will succeed on any soil. Berries of medium size, bright red, and of good quality.

VICTORIA—A good grower and producer, extremely hardy late. Clusters of berries long; berries large, bright red, and of excellent quality, with few seeds. One of the best late sorts.

Black Varieties.

BLACK NAPLES—A good variety for general cultivation. Bush is vigorous and productive, extremely hardy. Fruit is very large, pulpy, acid, and of strong flavor. Quality above average.

LEE'S PROLIFIC—An English variety that is exceptionally good. The largest black currant in cultivation. The bush is dwarfy, strong, and enormously productive. Berries are very large, cold, and of fine quality for cooking.

White Varieties.

WHITE GRAPE—Bush is vigorous and rather spreading, producing immense crops of fruit. Bushes are very large and full, with large sweet berries, beautifully translucent white. The flavor is mildly acid, and in quality. White Grape is superior to most red varieties. The best of all currants for table use.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

A small bed of Asparagus in the garden will supply the family for years. Keep the ground clean, and mulch it in the fall. Plant 12 inches apart in the row, and the rows 2½ to 3½ feet apart. Set the roots deep enough so the crowns are covered three inches with good rich mellow soil. We recommend one year old roots for planting new beds, and two year old roots to fill out old beds. Price: Strong 1 year old roots, 12 for $2.25, 25c for 75c, not prepaid.—By mail, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for $1.25, postpaid.

COLUMBIA MANHATTAN WHITE—The best white variety; stalks remain white as long as they are fit for use. Stalks are of immense size and excellent quality, very tender.

CONOVER'S COLOSAL—The oldest named and best known variety in cultivation. A very reliable vigorous grower, of good flavor and quality.

EARLY GIANT ARGENTEAU—The earliest variety. Large stalks of good flavor. This is extensively planted for the market, and is satisfactory.
GOOSEBERRIES.

Gooseberries should be planted more extensively, as they are easily grown and do well on any soil. Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows: by trimming out all dead wood and all surplus branches and not allowing the bushes to grow too thick, the fruit will be larger and more plentiful. Our stock is all northern grown, hardy, vigorous, well rooted and free from disease, and we sell at no higher price than southern grown stock may be bought for.

NEW AND VALUABLE VARIETIES.

Strong, selected 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for $2.50, 25 for $4.50, 100 for $15.00.

Price by mail: Strong 1 year old plants, each 25c, 3 for 50c, 12 for $2.00, postpaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S CARRIE—Considered the hardiest, healthiest, most productive and best all around gooseberry grown. The plant is a very strong grower, the branches being almost thornless, and this advantage alone is bringing the Carrie Gooseberry into popular favor. The berries are of medium size, light red in color, of fine flavor and excellent quality. The Carrie Gooseberry originated in Minnesota and is the best and most profitable variety for the North.

ROSSELY OR RED JACKET—A large, beautiful, bright red berry of most delicious flavor. A vigorous grower, clean, healthy and mildew resistant. Has proven everywhere thoroly hardy and enormously productive and can be highly recommended. It is considered the best red gooseberry in cultivation and is grown for market in all sections of the country. It is free from mildew, both in leaf and fruit, of all large fruited gooseberries.

KEEPSAKE—An English variety of unusual merit, growing in tree form of dwarf habit and very productive. The fruits are very large, straw colored, of excellent flavor and unequaled for shipping. One of the earliest to ripen and a sure cropper.

PEARL—A very prolific and vigorous variety, free from mildew. The fruit is large, pale green and of the best quality. This variety deserves a place in every garden on account of its healthiness, quick growth, freedom from mildew and its great productive value for home use and for market. The Pearl is the most prolific gooseberry known, one bush produced 500 berries.

STANDARD VARIETIES.

Price: Strong, selected 2 year old plants, each 18c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.75, 100 for $10.00. By mail: Strong 1 year old plants, each 18c, 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.50, postpaid.

CHAMPION—Bush is a vigorous grower, free from mildew and rust. The fruit ripens early, is round, smooth, greenish white, with a thin, transparent skin; quality excellent.

DOWNING—An excellent variety for both home and market use; bush is a vigorous and upright grower, with stiff, strong shoots and heavy foliage; very prolific and free from mildew; fruit medium sized, of pale green color and fine quality. Splendid for dessert, cooking and cake making.

For Tree Gooseberries see Novelties Pages.

STRAWBERRIES.

Everbearing or Fall Bearing Varieties.

People have been skeptical about Everbearing Strawberries, and it did seem as if too much were claimed for them, but everyone who has planted and tried them knows their good qualities cannot be exaggerated. They are most productive to plant, both for the home garden and for market, and the limited market for them, which cannot be supplied for several weeks, is available under proper conditions, with the same cultivation, as the standard sorts. The plants are hardier and stronger than standard varieties, and resist rust and drouth better. They form fewer runners, but send their vitality into fruit.

If Everbearing Strawberry plants are set out in spring, they bear fruit in August of the same year. Fruiting is sometimes checked by intensely hot weather, but the first heavy rain brings out new blossoms and berries. If frost kills the blossoms in fall, the plants send out new ones and continue to bear until covered with snow. From our field of Everbearing strawberries, we had berries the middle of October, picking them a bout twice a week. South of Minnesota, they produce berries until November. Their quality is fully equal to that of common strawberries. The berries are firm, ship well, and are sweeter than the most standard sorts. For preserving, they surpass other kinds, as they do not get spongy when cooked. We have thoroughly tried out Everbearing Strawberries, and recommend Superb in particular, because of its excellent berries and long season.

PROGRESSIVE—P—Strong, perfect blossoms; good plant maker and fruits continuously. Extra good about fruiting heavily on new runners the first summer and fall. Berry rather long shaped; fine, dark color and good quality. Its extra firmness makes it a good shipper. This variety has well been called the Dunlap of the Everbearers. It is certainly a good variety and worthy of a place in every garden. Price: 12 for 40c, 100 for $2.75, 500 for $10.00, 1000 for $17.50, prepaid.

AMERICAN—A staminate variety of merit. Plant medium size and makes runners freely, they are great drought resisters. Bears a good crop of fruit during summer and fall of first year set, with a big crop the next year at strawberry time. Also a good summer and fall fruiter the second year. Berries are medium to large, very firm, good color and flavor. This variety is very satisfactory. Price: 12 for 40c, 100 for $2.50, 500 for $10.00, 1000 for $17.50, 5000 for $75.00, prepaid.

SUPERB—P—Considered one of the best varieties; a good plant maker and yields well. The plants are strong and hardy. Berries large, glossy, deep red, nearly round, firm and of excellent flavor. Fruit will flavor well for any spring-ripening strawberies. As a June cropper it is hard to beat and if the summer season is not too dry, will yield heavily in Fall. Price: 12 for 40c, 100 for $2.50, 500 for $10.00, 1000 for $17.50.

Houghton Gooseberry.
STRAWBERRIES.

The Strawberry is the favorite fruit of every home and may be successfully grown in any soil adapted to the growth of ordinary field or garden crops. For field culture plant in rows 3½ feet apart, 18 inches apart in the rows; for garden culture 18 inches apart each way, leaving a pathway every third row. After the ground is frozen in fall cover lightly with leaves or straw. Remove covering early in spring when plants begin to grow. Before the fruit begins to ripen, mow the ground around the plants with short hay or straw. This will not only keep the fruit clean, but will prevent the ground from drying or baking and thus lengthen the fruiting season.

As soon as plants arrive, cut the bunches open and place them in some receptacle with water, so that the roots only will become wet. Care should be taken to see that the plants the right depth and not too deep or too shallow. Set plants so the crown is at the surface.

The varieties marked "P" have perfect flowers and will produce fruit abundantly without being mixed with other varieties. Varieties marked "Im" have imperfect flowers and cannot produce much fruit unless properly mixed with a perfect variety. Some imperfect varieties will often produce enormous crops of magnificent berries if planted alongside a perfect variety.

New Varieties of Great Merit.

LADY CORNELLE. The Wonderful New Strawberry. — Imp— (Medium). This new berry has more good qualities than ever before combined in any one berry. It is destined to become one of the leading strawberry varieties for all northern and western states. It is better than the Senator Dunlap, which is saying a great deal. Lady Cornelie is the healthiest and best growing plant with glossy foliage, absolutely free from rust or leaf spot. Large, strong, robust plants, with standing drought well and thriving splendidly in both light and heavy soils. Berries large, somewhat wedge-shaped, rich, glossy red color. Qualities of the best of all berries, sweet and rich. Ripens much longer than the Dunlap, a splendid shipper. Another feature in which Lady Cornelie excels, is its great productiveness, many plants have up to 125 buds, blooms and berries. It is by all odds the best medium season strawberry for northern sections. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for $1.75, 1000 for $5.80, prepaid.

Standard Sorts of Strawberries.

Price for all varieties, 25 for 60c, 100 for $1.25, 500 for $4.25, 1000 for $7.00, prepaid.

Not less than 25 plants furnished of any variety.

AROMA—P—(Late). One of the best late ripening varieties. It is planted extensively in the North as well as the South, and seems to be suited to all localities. The berries are very large and bright red, round and firm. The flavor of the fruit is rich and deliciously aromatic; the flesh solid and smooth. A firm berry which makes an ideal shipper. As a pollinizer for late imperfect sorts it is unequaled.

BEDFORD—P—(Early). A popular variety among market growers; the berries are medium sized, of delicate crimson color and delicious flavor. A heavy yielder, famous for its long bearing season and one of the best to plant with imperfect blossom sorts.

BRANDYWINE—P—(Late). A fancy market variety with deep red fruit; flesh firm and red all thru; flavor very delicious. The plant roots deep, enabling it to endure more dry weather than most varieties. Productiveness above the average; thrives in any soil.

BURRACH—P—(Early). A popular variety among market growers; the berries are medium sized, of delicate crimson color and delicious flavor. A heavy yielder, famous for its long bearing season and one of the best to plant with imperfect blossom sorts.

CRESiENT—P—(Early). The standard of productiveness all over the country, succeeds everywhere, stands neglect best of any; plants small, berries fair size, bright and attractive. Many growers consider this the most profitable berry for market.

HAVERTLAND—P—(Medium). Splendid mid-season berry, extremely hardy and unusually productive. Berries medium to large, round, firm and bright crimson; the meat is deep pink, solid, smooth and of good quality. A valuable variety on account of its earliness and productiveness.

SENIOR DUNLAP—P—(Medium). The berries are deep red, most attractive, of great uniformity in size and shape and fine quality. Splendid market sort and one of the best for home use. Has no inferior as a canning berry. Heavy yielder, a great drought resister and one of the best all-around and most dependable berries. Extensively grown in the Northwest.

WARFIELD—P—(Early). Well-known everywhere for its great productiveness and sweetness, beautifully-shaped, glossy, dark red berries, which rich color they keep when canned. Splendid for canning and a fine shipper.

We ship Strawberry Plants by express or mail only, and we pay the charges, and guarantee safe arrival.

CHESAPEAKE—P—(Late). A late sort of great merit, producing good heavy crops on any land that will grow strawberries. The fruit is of good size, always uniform, rich dark red in color, very firm and of delicious flavor. Berries are all of marketable size, practically no small fruits at all and green-tips are unknown in the Chesapeake. Plants are large, vigorous, rustless and with thick, upright foliage; leaves are almost round. A very fine market sort, standing long distance shipping well. Exceedingly productive. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for $1.75, 1000 for $5.80.

OZARK—P—(Extra Early). Ozark is now recognized the country over as one of the best of the extra early varieties. In fact, its fruit is as finely matured, as beautiful in form and color and the berries are as large as our leading medium and late varieties. It ripens extremely early and is as early as the Excelsior and as beautiful in form and as sweet as the popular late Aroma. This adds to these qualities is its great productiveness and exceedingly firm texture, making it an ideal variety for the commercial grower. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for $1.75, 1000 for $5.80, prepaid.

Aroma.

Bederwood.

Lady Cornelie.

GANDY—P—(Late). One of the best long-keeping and shipping varieties. The berry is of a rich, bright red color and delicious flavor. Ripes extremely late, being full of fruit when other late berries have finished their season, and its berries always bring the top price of the season. Gives its best yields on heavy clay soils. Plant with Aroma for best results.

MICHEL'S EARLY—P—(Extra Early). A well known, standard sort. Berry medium to large, roundish and bright crimson; the meat is deep pink, solid, smooth and of good quality. A valuable variety on account of its earliness and productiveness.

SENIOR DUNLAP—P—(Medium). The berries are deep red, most attractive, of great uniformity in size and shape and fine quality. Splendid market sort and one of the best for home use. Has no superior as a canning berry. Heavy yielder, a great drought resister and one of the best all-around and most dependable berries. Extensively grown in the Northwest.

WARFIELD—P—(Early). Well-known everywhere for its great productiveness and sweetness, beautifully-shaped, glossy, dark red berries, which rich color they keep when canned. Splendid for canning and a fine shipper.
ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES.

Our list of trees contains only hardy varieties, which are adapted for the Northwest, and all trees have been raised in our nursery near Faribault; they are well pruned, have goodwood and tops, all have been transplanted and have good fibrous roots. For tree seedings see page 113.

Prices for all Trees are F.O.B. Faribault $6.00 at dozen rates, 80 at 100 rates.

ASH, AMERICAN WHITE. (Fraxinus Americana) — Valuable, hardy, native trees of rapid growth, forming large trunks, broad and oval shaped heads. Best suited for ornamental purposes. A splendid tree for the Northwest, of very quick growth while young, and resists drought and severe cold well. Of great value for our prairie states, and should be planted more generally. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $1.25, 100 for $9.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 20c, for $2.00; 6 to 8 feet, each 35c, for $2.75.—8 to 10 feet, each 45c, 12 for $4.00.

BOURBON WHITE. (Betula alba) — A graceful tree, with silvery bark and slender branches. Quite erect when young, but after 4 to 5 years' growth, assumes an elegant drooping habit, rendering the tree very effective in landscapes. Very hardy, will grow on the poorest kind of soil, and will thrive, in fact most anywhere. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $1.25, 100 for $9.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 20c, for $2.00; 6 to 8 feet, each 35c, for $2.75, 100 for $15.00.—We have a few hundred extra fine, large transplanted trees, 8 to 10 feet high, with fine shaped and well branched tops. Each 75c, 12 for $7.00.

CATALPA, SPECIOSA. (Hardy Catalpa) — A very rapid growing, large and graceful tree, with large, round, oval-shaped heads. Flowers, appearing in June, in large bunches, are white, sweet scented, very conspicuous and pretty; they are followed by 10 to 12 inches long, slender pods, which are of brownish color and contain tree seed all winter. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $1.75; 5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for $2.75.

COTTONWOOD. (Populus deltoides) — Has long been a popular tree in the western states, particularly in the prairie sections. It is probably the best known and most planted of all poplars. Its greatest value is in its extreme hardness and rapid growth. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $2.00, 100 for $10.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 20c, for $2.25, 100 for $16.00.—6 to 8 feet, each 40c, 12 for $4.00.

ELM, AMERICAN. (Ulmus) — The elm has always been the favorite shade tree in the northern states, and is the best street and park tree for general planting in this section. It is also one of the hardiest trees for prairie planting and will withstand a greater extreme of temperature and moisture than any other of our shade trees. Of very large size, with open, spreading head and graceful drooping branches. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $2.00, 100 for $10.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 25c, for $2.25, 100 for $16.00.—6 to 8 feet, each 40c, 12 for $4.00.

HORSE CHESTNUT. (Aesculus) — White flowering. A fine large tree of compact outline. Dense dark green foliage. In June the tree bears in greatest profusion large pinnacles of white flowers tinged with red. Very pretty for street or lawn. Does splendidly in this section of the Northwest. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $2.25, 5 to 6 feet, each 60c; 6 to 8 feet, each 75c.—8 to 10 feet, each $1.00.

LARCH, EUROPEAN. (Larix) — A hardy, graceful and very rapid grower, with slender branches of light green, needle-shaped foliage, like that of spruce or hemlock, but its deciduous. Perfectly hardy and very ornamental. Should be planted early in the spring. For shade purposes, as 90c, 12 for $6.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 75c, 12 for $8.00.

Linden, AMERICAN. (Basswood) — Perfectly hardy everywhere and vigorous in growth, with large, clean, handsome foliage and fragrant flowers. One of the best trees for all shade and ornamental purposes. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $3.50; 5 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for $4.50; 6 to 8 feet, each 75c, 12 for $5.00.

Linden, EUROPEAN. (Tilia Europea) — A very fine pyramidal tree, forming in time a symmetrically rounded crown. This tree is native of Europe, but is very hardy and stands our northwestern climate very well. Very nice specimen trees of this variety can be seen at St. Anthony Park, St. Paul. Price same as American Linden.

Locust, BLACK. (Robinia) — A rapid growing, fine large tree that is desirable on account of its pretty foliage and fragrant flowers. As a grove tree, for fuel or fence posts it is one of the very best, grows as rapidly as the willow and wood is very hard and durable. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $1.25, 100 for $9.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.25, 100 for $15.00; 6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

Maple, HARD OR SUGAR. (Acer Saccharum) — A valuable tree for sugar as well as lumber, shade and ornament. It is adaptable to all locations, roots deeply and grows into a symmetrical tree of large proportion. A beautiful and always popular tree, which is of special value for the Northwest, thriving in nearly all soils. The foliage is large and handsome, and of rich, pleasing green, turning to orange yellow and red in Autumn. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $3.00, 100 for $5.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for $4.50.

Maple, NorWAY. (Acer Platanoides) — Resembles the Sugar Maple in general appearance, but is easily distinguished from it, as the leaves remain green longer than any other maples, and turn a bright yellow in autumn. A very hardy tree of symmetrical growth with large, round heads. For shade purposes, as 75c, 5 to 6 feet, each 40c; 6 to 8 feet, each 60c.

Maple, Silver or SOFT. (Acer Dasyanthum) — A North American species of rapid growth, large size and irregular, rounded form; foliage is bright green above and silvery white beneath. Tree very hardy and easily transplanted. Where immediate shade is required, it is one of the most useful, also to a favorite street and park tree. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $2.00, 100 for $12.00; 5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.50; 6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50.—8 to 10 feet, each 45c, 12 for $5.00.

Maple, SchwedlerI. (Hardy Sugar Leaf Maple) — Beautiful variety, with the young shoots and leaves of a bright purplish or crimson color, which changes to purplish green in the older leaves. Very hardy and desirable as an ornamental tree. Of especially fine appearance in spring, when their gleaming red and purple contrasts brightly with the delicate green of other trees. In autumn the foliage turns golden yellow; 5 to 6 feet, each 65c, 12 for $7.50; 6 to 8 feet, each $1.00, 12 for $10.00.—8 to 10 feet, each $1.25.

Mountain Ash, American. (Sorbus American) — Similar to the European variety, described under maple, but of larger size and better foliage, and produces larger and lighter colored berries. For shade purposes, as 75c, 12 for $2.50; 5 to 6 feet, each 85c, 12 for $3.50; 6 to 8 feet, each 100c, 12 for $5.00.
Ornamental & Shade Trees. Cont’d.

MOUNTAIN ASH, EUROPEAN. (Sorbus Aucuparia)—A fine ornamental tree for the lawn, forming, almost without pruning, a magnificent, fairly dense, well-shaped head, which is covered from midsummer till winter with large clusters of beautiful scarlet berries, giving a brilliant color to the landscape. The foliage is very handsome. It is one of the choicest trees for our northwestern country, and deserves extensive planting. 4 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.50—5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50—6 to 8 feet, each 50c, 12 for $5.00.

MULBERRY, RUSSIAN. (Morus).—See page 106.

OAK, SCARLET. (Quercus Cocinea)—Similar to the above variety, of pyramidal outline and especially remarkable in autumn when the foliage changes to a glowing bright red. A very beautiful lawn tree. Grows well in dry situations. 4 to 5 feet, each 30c.

ORIENTAL CHERRYAPPLE. Variety Souland.—A large fruited wild crab apple. See page 104.

OLIVE, RUSSIAN. (Elaagnus)—This makes a beautiful lawn tree, with its silvery foliage and neatly shapéd bark. The blossoms have a wonderful fragrance. The exquisite perfumes are carried long distances in the air. It is perfectly hardy, even as far north as Canada. Planted extensively in the Dakotas. 2 to 3 feet, 12 for $1.25, 100 for $8.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for $2.50. — 4 to 6 feet, each 30c, 12 for $3.50.

POPLAR, BALSAM. Balm of Gilead. (Populus Balsamifera)—A luxuriant and rapid growing tree with large, glossy, heart-shaped foliage, upright and symmetrical in habit. The buds exude an agreeable odor. The underside of the leaves is dull white. The Balm of Gilead makes a good street tree and it is probably the best of the ornamental poplars. 4 to 7 feet, 12 for $1.50, 100 for $10.00. — 4 to 7 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.50.— 5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

POPLAR, BOLLENA. (Populus Bolleana)—This splendid variety was introduced from Turkestan, and is one of the most ornamental poplars. This tree is very hardy, a compact and upright grower. The foliage is a rich, glossy green above, and silvery white below, beautifully cut, almost like the Cut Leaf Maple. The bark is of a rich green color. Fine for street planting as well as for a specimen tree on the lawn. 5 to 6 feet, each 50c, 12 for $5.00.

POPLAR, CANADIAN. (Populus Canadensis)—Extremely hardy and handsome in habit of growth. resembling the Cottonwood in its habit of growth. This tree is especially adapted to severe and exposed localities and is more desirable than Cottonwood, because it does not shed cotton. 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 100 for $10.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for $2.00. — 6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for $4.50.

POPLAR, CAROLINA. (Populus Carolinensis)—Also called Russian Poplar. One of the most rapid growing trees, with large, handsome, glossy, deep green leaves. Succeeds everywhere; especially adapted to cities, where it makes unusually fast growth, and resists smoke and gas. Pyramid in form, making a spreading head and dense shade when properly trimmed; makes a splendid windbreak or screen. Price same as Norway Poplar.

POPLAR, LOMBARDY. (Populus Pastiglata)—Attains a height of from 100 to 150 feet. Well known and remarkable for its erect, rapid growth, and tall, spry form. Indispensable in landscape gardening, to break the ordinary and monotonous outlines of most other trees. Will grow in any soil. 5 to 7 feet, each 35c, 12 for $2.50.—Extra fine specimen trees, 10–12 ft., 45c.

POPLAR, NORWAY. Sudden Saw Log. (Populus)—This is a very handsome tree in habit of growth, forming a straight, upright, somewhat pyramidal head. The foliage is large, thickly borne, bright and glossy. Grows rapidly in almost every soil, and yet it possesses strength and durability which most of the poplars lack. For city planting it is superior to most of the other poplars, as it withstands the effects of dust and smoke much better. A superior tree for planting in the shelter of forest plantations.

Schwedlerii Maple. (Page 110)

It is claimed that this tree will mature a log two feet in diameter in 16 years 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 100 for $10.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for $2.00, 100 for $15.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 30c, 12 for $3.00, 100 for $20.00.

POPLAR, SILVER. (Populus Alba)—A tree of wonderfully rapid growth and wide-spreading habit, with large leaves which are glossy green above and white as snow beneath; it flourishes everywhere. The large leaves are on slender stalks and easily stirred by the wind, when the white underside is shown to fine effect. 5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50, 100 for $27.50.

RED BUD OR JUDAS TREE. (Cercis Canadensis)—One of our finest ornamental lawn trees, medium in size, nicely branched; leaves heart-shaped, glossy bright green. In early spring, before the leaves appear, the tree is covered with a profusion of delicate, pink flowers. Hardy and deserving of a place in every yard. 5 to 6 feet, each 50c, 12 for $5.00.

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Ornamental and Shade Trees. Continued.

WILLOWS, SALIX.

We grow willows in enormous quantities and offer the three best and hardest varieties for the Northwest. Willows are more popular for windbreaks than any other, because they grow so rapidly, and are thick and dense from the ground up. They are as hardy as Cottonwood and Poplars, but much prettier and more ornamental. They require very little attention after they are planted, and will thrive on any kind of soil.

WILLOW, GOLDEN RUSSIAN—A very hardy variety of rapid growth. Trees are beautiful round topped, medium sized, conspicuous because of their yellow bark. In spring they bear pretty yellow catkins. Golden Russian Willow is valuable for variety in landscape gardening, and one of the best for windbreaks.

WILLOW, SIBERIAN—The hardest of all willows. Siberian Willow is especially suitable for windbreaks in exposed situations. In form and habit of growth, it is similar to the golden Russian Willow, but is harder. It can be planted to advantage in the Dakotas and prairie sections.

WILLOW, LAUREL LEAF OR BAY LEAF—Perfectly hardy, even in Manitoba, and a very rapid grower. This tree is valuable for its glossy dark green leaves, and light green bark, similar to Bay Tree. As an ornamental tree, it is very valuable in the North, because it can be clipped to any desired form, like a Bay Tree. It is also good for windbreaks, hedges, and for lawn planting, and thrives on any soil. The Laurel Leaf Willow is most effective when planted near the water.

PRICES ON WILLOWS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 2 to 3 feet, $2.50 per 100, $20.00 per 1000; 3 to 5 feet, $4.00 per 100, $37.50 per 1000; 1000—4 to 5 feet, each 15c, 12c for $1.50, 100 for $9.00—5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12c for $2.50, 100 for $15.00.

WILLOW and POPULAR CUTTINGS.

We have a surplus of cuttings, such as we plant in our nursery. Prices as long as supplies last are as follows:

Golden Russian, Siberian, and Laurel Leaf Cuttings, 100 for 65c, 1000 for $4.75.

Norway Poplar. (Page 111)

Hardy Weeping Trees.

Weeping trees are especially valuable for specimen planting on lawns and in cemeteries. They can also be used for centering arbors, and form lovely play houses for the children. Weeping trees are useful in landscape gardening, because of their unusual shape and graceful drooping habit.

NOTICE:—Add 25c Extra For Packing, if only one tree is ordered. 15c each extra if two or more weeping trees only are ordered. If weeping trees are shipped with a general order of trees, no extra charge for packing is made.

BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING. (Betula Alba var. Pendula Lacinilata).—This is undoubtedly the best of all weeping trees, hardy enough for the Northwest. It is tall and slender, but of vigorous growth, with graceful drooping branches and delicately cut foliage thru which silvery white bark shimmers as it is stirred by the wind. It is without question the most beautiful tree for lawn and landscape planting.

Mary Ash, WEEPING. (Ulmus Pendula).—The branches of the Weeping Mountain Ash droop decidedly, turning and twisting in every direction, forming an immense head of branches resting on the ground. Like the other varieties of Mountain Ash, the tree bears large clusters of feathery white flowers, which are followed by red berries in autumn. SELECT TREES, with strong 2 year old heads, each $1.00.

MULBERRY, TREE WEEPING. (Morus Tatarica Pendula).—A very hardy and beautiful tree, with graceful branches sweeping the ground, parallel with stems. The foliage is a beautiful glossy green, similar to the typical Mulberry. The berries are long, deep red, and very juicy and sweet.

SELECT TREES, with strong 2 year old heads, each $1.00.

WILLOW, GOLDEN WEEPING NORTHERN. (Salix Virginitiana).—A lovely tree, of graceful drooping habit, with long slender golden branches. Its fresh bright tint and long, wavy branches make it very lovely. This tree is especially beautiful for planting along the water, in the parks, and for landscape gardening.

Weeping Mulberry.

Woolly, Black Walnut, HAWKES TREE PROTECTOR.

The trunks and lower crutches of trees are often injured by sun-scorch which kills the bark and which is due to alternate freezing and thawing of the sap. To protect your trees against sun-scorch, rabbits, mice, and other vermin, use the HAWKES TREE PROTECTOR. This should be fastened together as closely as possible, at the top, without injuring the tree, so mice, rats, rabbits, etc., cannot get between the tree and the protector. These Tree Protectors are made of wood with quality rock elm veneer, 10 inches long and 2 inches wide. They are put up in crates of 100 each, weighing about 30 pounds to the crate. They must be shipped by freight or express, purchaser to pay charges. Price: 100 for $1.00, 1000 for $7.50. 50 at 100 rates, not prepaid.

Nut Bearing Trees.

BLACK WALNUT. (Juglans Nigra).—A handsome large tree, with beautiful fine light green foliage. The tree is very straight, and the most valuable for its timber, which brings very high prices on the market. Black Walnut is a fairly rapid grower, and bears freely. The nuts are large, somewhat oily, with a very fine and never distinctly different from any other nut. Price: 2 to 3 feet, each 20c; 4 to 5 feet, each 30c; 12c for $2.50—4 to 5 feet, each 40c; 12c for $3.50; Mailing size, 3 for 50c; 12c for $1.50, postpaid.

Butternut or White Walnut. (Juglans Nigra).—One of the finest decorative trees, lofty spreading, with beautiful foliage. It is valuable for its beautiful wood, as well as for the nuts. The nuts are large, long, oily, very nutritious and rich, and of delicate flavor. Price same as for Black Walnut.

ENGLISH FIBER OR HAZELNUT. (Corylus).—A popular low bush, growing six to eight feet high, very hardy, succeeding on almost any soil. A prolific variety to grow, as the nuts are borne abundantly, in peculiar bunches, and always find a good market. The nuts are medium sized, round, and of good flavor. One of the best native nuts. Fine for candies and cakes. Splendid for screens and backgrounds. PRICE: 2 to 3 ft., each 25c; 3 to 4 ft., each 50c; 12c for $2.50—3 to 4 feet, each 25c; 12c for $3.50. Mailing size, each 15c, 12c for $1.50, postpaid.
HARDY FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS.

For Description See Ornamental and Shade Trees, pages 110—112.

All our Seedlings are nursery grown, hardy, healthy and stocky plants with splendid root system. They will give the very best satisfaction everywhere, especially here in the Northwest. To successfully meet the severe climate conditions of our northern states, only hardy, acclimated, northern grown stock should be planted, as southern grown seedlings will usually prove a failure. Our seedlings are carefully grown here in our cold and changeable Minnesota climate, they are far superior to the southern grown stock and we charge no higher price for them than the inferior southern grown seedlings can be bought for.

Notice: We cannot accept orders for Seedlings only. If for less than $1.00, of varieties quoted at $1.00 or less per 100, we cannot furnish smaller quantities than 100 seedlings.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seedling</th>
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<td>Ash, American White</td>
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<tr>
<td>Locust, Honey, Maple, Soff or Silver</td>
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<td>Mulberry, Russian</td>
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<td>Russian Olive</td>
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<td>Walnut, Black</td>
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SEEDLINGS BY MAIL.

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<td>Ash, American White</td>
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<td>Boxelder (Ash Leaf Maple)</td>
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<td>Cottonwood</td>
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<td>Locust, Black</td>
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We PAY THE POSTAGE.

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<td>Mulberry, Russian</td>
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<td>Willow, Golden Russian</td>
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<td>$1.25</td>
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EVERGREEN SEEDLINGS.

Our Evergreen seedlings are all nursery grown, healthy and well rooted stock, and will give best results. We are the largest growers of Evergreens in the Northwest, and invite our customers to call and inspect our stock. We especially recommend evergreen shrubs. In comparing our prices with those of other nurseries, do not overlook the fact that most nurseries offer forested stock, while our seedlings are all arbor grown, with vigorous roots. We do not sell less than 25 of any variety. FOR DESCRIPTION SEE PAGE 114.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evergreen</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
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</table>
| Arbor Vite (White Cedar)—Very hardy, Extensively used for hedges and windbreaks. 6 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $5.00, not prepaid. By mail, 25 for $1.50, 100 for $2.50, prepaid. Jack Pine—The hardest of all American Pines. Rapid grower, valuable for windbreaks on dry soils in exposed locations. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $5.00, 1000 for $10.00. 12—18 in., 25 for $1.25, 100 for $6.50, prepaid.

SCOTCH PINE—Hardy, of quick growth. Used extensively for windbreaks. 6 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $4.00, 1000 for $25.00. By mail, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $3.00, prepaid.

BLACK HILL SPRUCE—Very hardy, and especially valuable for hedges and windbreak planting on our western prairies. 4 to 10 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $5.00, 1000 for $25.00. By mail, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $2.00, 1000 for $10.00.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE—Well known and generally planted everywhere. Very hardy and a splendid ornamental for the lawn and cemetery. 4 to 6 inches, 25 for $1.25, 100 for $6.00, 1000 for $30.00. By mail, 25 for $1.50, 100 for $5.00, 1000 for $25.00.

NOWAY SPRUCE—One of the best evergreens for hedges, more extensively planted for windbreaks and shelter belts than any other evergreen. Very hardy, 6 to 8 inches, 25 for $0.50, 100 for $2.50, 1000 for $12.00. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $3.00, 1000 for $15.00. By mail, 25 for $0.75, 100 for $4.00, 1000 for $30.00.

WHITE SPRUCE—Much used for ornamental planting and shelter belts. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for $0.50, 100 for $2.50, 1000 for $12.00. By mail, 25 for $0.75, 100 for $4.00, 1000 for $30.00.

BALSAM FIR—Hardy and of rapid growth, useful for all purposes. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $5.00, 1000 for $25.00. By mail, 25 for $1.25, 100 for $6.25, 1000 for $50.00.

DOUGLAS FIR—Prices and sizes same as Balsam Fir. EUROPEAN LARCH—Perfectly hardy and thrives in nearly all situations. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for $1.00, 100 for $2.50, 1000 for $30.00. By mail, 25 for $1.25, 100 for $6.25, 1000 for $50.00.

Our Evergreens are carefully balled and burlapped.
EVERGREENS OR CONIFERS.

All our Evergreens are nursery grown, have been transplanted several times, and are well developed shapely trees. They are most valuable for windbreaks, hedges and for screens.

If Evergreens are wanted balled or burlapped, add 15c extra for each tree, 1 to 3 feet, and 25c for each tree, 3 feet or larger. For the more expensive Evergreens especially we recommend bailing and burlapping to prevent exposure of the roots to air and sun.

If Koster’s are wanted balled or burlapped, add 10c extra for each tree. 1 to 3 feet, and 15c for each tree, 3 feet or larger.

Koster’s Blue Spruce.

Koster’s Genuine Silvery Blue Spruce—The most beautiful evergreen in existence. Foliage rich silvery blue. Very hardy and thrive everywhere in ordinary soil. They will always be expensive, for in order to retain the rich blue color, the branches must be grafted on other seedlings, and it requires considerable labor and time to get these trees started, but after they reach a height of 0 to 0.50 feet, they thrive very well, and make a splendid hedge, windbreak or shelter belt in any soil. They are easily transplanted and thrive extremely well.

Koster’s Blue Spruce, each 15c, 12 for $1.50. 12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50. 24 to 36 inches, each 60c, 12 for $6.00.

Koster’s Blue Spruce.

PONDEROSA PINE. (Pinus Ponderosa)—A very handsome conifer, growing rapidly and forming a pyramidal crown. Foliage silvery green. It will grow in the poorest of sandy soils, a long lived tree and rapid grower. Not adapted for windbreaks. 12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.75. 24 to 30 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50.

SCOTCH PINE. (Pinus Silvestris)—This is the easiest and most rugged of the Evergreens, of very rapid growth when young, and reaches its maturity in about 20 years. It is easily propagated and can be grown more or less at will. 12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.75. 24 to 30 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50. 30 to 36 inches, each 50c, 12 for $6.00. 2 to 4 feet, each $1.00, 10 for $9.00.

WHITE PINE. (Pinus Strobus)—A tall beautiful tree with regular whorls of horizontal branches forming a pyramidal crown. Foliage silvery green. Will grow in the poorest of sandy soils; a long lived tree and rapid grower. Not adapted for windbreaks. 12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.75. 24 to 30 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50. 30 to 36 inches, each 50c, 12 for $6.00. 2 to 4 feet, each $1.00, 10 for $9.00.

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE. (Picea Concordia)—A very handsome Evergreen, ranging very slowly over 25 feet high, with slender pendulous branches and dark short needles. In graceful form and beauty, it ranks with the Blue Spruces, and is very desirable for lawn planting, hedges and windbreaks. In the Black Hills Spruce does well in drier climates and very cold extremities. 8 to 12 inches, each 20c, 12 for $2.00. 12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 40c, 12 for $4.00. 2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for $6.00. 2 to 4 feet, each $1.00, 12 for $12.00.

KOSTER’S BLUE SPRUCE. Koster’s Genuine Silvery Blue Spruce—The most beautiful evergreen in existence. Foliage rich silvery blue. Very hardy and thrive everywhere in ordinary soil. They will always be expensive, for in order to retain the rich blue color, the branches must be grafted on other seedlings, and it requires considerable labor and time to get these trees started, but after they reach a height of 0.50 to 0.60 feet, they thrive very well, and make a splendid hedge, windbreak or shelter belt in any soil. They are easily transplanted and thrive extremely well.

Koster’s Blue Spruce, each 15c, 12 for $1.50. Each 30c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50. 24 to 30 inches, each 60c, 12 for $6.00.

WHITE SPRUCE. (Picea Alba)—Needles are slender, 0.5 inch long, varying in color from light bluish to dark green. A graceful tree of pyramidal habit and horizontal branches. It develops to its greatest perfection when growing on moist soil, but will also thrive in drier situations than other species. Much used for ornamental plantings. A row of these trees should be in all shelter plantings. 12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for $3.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.50. 24 to 36 inches, each 60c, 12 for $6.00.

RED CEDAR. (Juniperus Virginiana)—Graceful, regular, conical form, trees rich dark foliage. In fall the branches are thickly hung with small red berries. Very hardy and easily transplanted. 18 to 24 inches, each 45c, 12 for $4.00. 2 to 4 feet, each 60c, 12 for $6.00.
Viburnum Opulus. (High Bush Cranberry)

Shrubs and flowering plants are to the exterior of a home what furnishings, books, and pictures are to the interior, they give character, individuality, and a home-like appearance to your place. Most people are realizing the importance of gardening and ornamental planting. It adds to the financial value of property, besides satisfying the sense of beauty.

Much can be done with a few shrubs, trees, and vines, at a small cost. Plant a few vines around the porch, some Spirea Van Houttei, Barberry, Deutzias or Hydrangeas, along the foundation, or in groups near the house, and a few good shade trees on the lawn.

For naturalistic effect, shrubs should be planted in groups, or in borders around the house, and along the boundary divisions; the taller growing varieties in the background, or in the center of the group, then medium sized plants, with shrubs of low, dwarf, spreading habit for the foreground or border. Shrubs should be arranged so as to have some in bloom all the time, with those of bright or variegated foliage and berries for late autumn and winter effect, or for contrast.

For convenience of our customers we have given the blooming season, average height, and habit of growth, also the location in which the different shrubs will produce best results.

We have eliminated all those varieties that are not hardy enough for this climate. In this section, nearly all shrubs and plants should have some protection, as the intense cold saps the vigor, even if it does not kill them. With the exception of mailing plants, all our shrubs are strong vigorous transplanted stock, at least two years old. We have as fine a stock of Hardy Ornamental Shrubs as can be grown anywhere, all produced here in our own nurseries.

**LANDSCAPE GARDENING.**

To meet the increasing demand of our local patrons for this service, we added this department to our business several years ago. Now we are assisting our mail order patrons in designing their grounds and gardens, and making selections for them. Send us a rough sketch of your place, locating the buildings, trees and shrubs already there, with correct dimension and points of feature. Photographs, taken from different angles, will greatly assist us. We will then make a design for you, locating each plant and tree, together with an estimate of the cost of such planting. We make no charge for this service, if the nursery stock is bought of us.

We sell 6 plants at the dozen rate.

**AMYGDALUS.** (Double Flowering Almond.)—Pink or White. A beautiful May-flowering shrub, growing 5 feet high, with branches covered with small very double rose-like flowers. Should be planted in a sunny open place. Requires protection north of St. Paul. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.50, not prepaid.

**ARPETESIA, RUSSIAN.** (Old man.)—A hardy vigorous shrub which thrives anywhere, in any soil, covered with feathery foliage; a lovely shrub for low hedges and for massing in groups. 3 to 4 feet. each 25c, 12 for $2.00. 4 to 5 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.00.

**BERBERIS ATROPURPUREA.** (Purple Leaved Barberry.)—Splendid for hedges and borders, with rich purple foliage, contrasting well with other plants. Grows 4 to 5 feet high, and has long graceful thorny branches. Valuable for its beautiful coloring and late autumn effect. Should be protected north of here. 12 to 18 in. each 15c, 12 for $1.50; 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

**B. THUNBERGII.** (Japanese Barberry.)—One of the best all around shrubs for the Northwest, thriving under all conditions. Slender graceful branches with fine bright green foliage, turning to brilliant crimson and orange in fall. Branches are covered with small yellow flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries which stay on the bushes almost all winter. This is the best low hedge plant for the Northwest. See Illustration page 116. 12 to 18 in. each 15c, 12 for $1.50; 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

**B. VULGARIS.** (Common Barberry.)—Similar to Barberry Thunbergii, but taller and of coarser growth. Yellow flowers in June succeeded by red berries. 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.50; 3 to 4 feet, each 35c, 12 for $3.00.

**BUDLEIA.** (Butterfly Bush.)—See novelty pages.

**CARAGANA.** (Siberian Pea Tree.)—A large shrub or dwarf tree with dainty foliage. Pea-shaped flowers, yellow, produced in numerous clusters in May and June. May be trimmed as a hedge. 2 to 3 feet. each 25c, 12 for $2.00. 3 to 4 feet. each 35c, 4 to 5 feet. each 50c.

**CORNUS SIBERICA.** (Red Siberian Dogwood.)—A tall spreading shrub, splendid for specimen planting or for hedges. Panicles of white flowers in June, followed by berries. Bark is bright red in winter. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c; 3 to 4 feet, each 40c.

**CORNUS STOLONIFERA.** (Japanese Quince.)—Of bush like habit, with deep red bark and lanceolate leaves. Flowers borne in panicles, creamy white. Very effective for winter. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c; 3 to 4 feet, each 40c.

**CORNUS VARIEGATED.** (Japanese Quince.)—Beautifull green and white variegated foliage, with broad panicles of dainty white flowers. On account of its striking foliage, it should be included in every group or planting of shrubbery. 2 to 3 feet, each 50c.

**CYDONIA JAPONICA.** (Japanese Quince.)—See Illustration. A brilliant showy plant with bright glossy foliage and large scarlet flowers, in May, followed by yellow, pear-shaped fruit. Hardy here, but requires protection further north. A splendid shrub for the lawn, and makes a splendid hedge, as it is spiny and can be clipped. 18 to 24 in. each 35c, 12 for $3.00.

**ELEAGNUS.** (Russian Olive.)—An excellent tall growing shrub or tree, splendid for hedges, on account of its silvery foliage and black glossy bark. Fragrant yellow flowers appear in May and June. Perfectly hardy even in Canada. May be trimmed as a formal hedge. 3 to 4 feet, each 25c, 12 for $2.50; 4 to 5 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50. Extra select specimens 5 to 6 ft. @ 50c.

**Japan Quince.**
Hardy Ornamental Shrubs. Continued.

**DEUTZIA CRENATA ROSEA**—Beautiful, extremely hardy plants, with luxuriant foliage and great masses of flowers. They do well in both shady and sunny locations, and blossom in June, July, and August. Clusters of lovely pink flowers, very double. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 ft. each 35c, 12 for $3.50—3 to 4 ft. each 50c, 12 for $5.00. Splendid for hedges. See illustration, page 115.

**DEUTZIA GRACILLIS**—A low growing variety, with graceful branches of pure white flowers, very fragrant. An excellent shrub for cemetery planting. Strong 2 yr. old plants, 25c, 12 for $2.50.

**DEUTZIA LEMOINE**—Similar to Deutzia Gracillis, but of stocky, upright growth. Beautiful thick clusters of white flowers. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 ft. each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER**—The most popular of the Deutzias. Large double white flowers, slightly tinged with rose, are borne in long panicles in great profusion. Of vigorous habit, succeeds in almost any soil. Blooms earlier than other Deutzias. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 ft. each 35c, 12 for $3.50—3 to 4 ft. each 50c, 12 for $5.00.

**FORSYTHIA, FORTUNEI.**—(Golden Bell)—A vigorous shrub with upright or arching branches. Branches are covered with yellow flowers before leaves appear, in April. Grows about 5 feet high. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 3 to 4 ft. each 35c, 12 for $3.50—3 to 4 ft. each 50c, 12 for $5.00.

**FORSYTHIA, SUSPENSA.**—(Drooping Golden Bell)—A graceful drooping shrub, can be trained over a trellis, about 4 feet high. Bright yellow flowers in April, before leaves appear. Splendid for hedges. 2 to 3 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA.**—(Snowball Hydrangea)—A vigorous shrub, 4 to 5 feet high, with large clusters of white flowers, similar to Snowball, but larger, from June to August. Very showy in large groups. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $3.50—2 to 3 feet. each 35c, 12 for $5.00.

**LONICERA TATARICA**—(Tatarian Honeysuckle)—Very hardy, popular plant, bearing a profusion of fragrant pink flowers, in May and June, followed by long red berries in September. Splendid as background for low growing shrubs. Does well in rich dry sunny locations. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.00—2 to 3 ft. each 50c, 12 for $3.00.

**LONICERA MORROWI.**—(Japanese Bush Honeysuckle)—A spreading variety, with dark green leaves and fragrant white flowers, followed by red berries. Grows 4 to 5 feet tall; vigorous and hardy. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.00—2 to 3 ft. each 50c, 12 for $3.00—3 ft. each 65c, 12 for $5.00.

**RHODODENDRON ANOMALUM**—A very hardy shrub, with glossy leaves turning brilliant red and orange in fall. Numerous beautiful varieties. Blooms in late spring. 4 to 6 feet high, hardy everywhere. 2 to 3 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**SYMPHORICARPUS RACEMOSUS.**—(Snowberry, White). A very hardy shrub that does well everywhere; grows 3 to 5 feet tall. Flowers are pale pink, followed by large waxy white berries that remain on the bush nearly all winter. Large flat clusters of fragrant white flowers followed by black edible berries in late summer. Hardy and grows well everywhere. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c—3 to 4 feet, each 40c—4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

**SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS.**—(Snowberry, Red or Indian Currant).—Similar to White Snowberry, but of taller growth, with upright and spreading habit. Large flat clusters of berries nearly all winter. 18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 feet. each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**SYRINGA VULGARIS.**—(Common Purple Lilac).—The old fashioned purple flowering kind, with its wealth of lovely fragrant double flowers, elegant form, upright, splendid for a tall hedge. Hardy everywhere. 18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**SYRINGA VULGARIS ALBA**—(White Lilac).—Similar to the above, but flowers are borne in rather loose clusters, pure white and deliciously fragrant. Bush is an erect tall grower. 18 to 24 inches each 25c, 12 for $2.50—2 to 3 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50.

**SYRINGA JOSIKEA.**—(Hungarian Lilac).—Of vigorous upright growth, with broad shiny dark green leaves. Flowers are lovely violet purple, borne in large panicles. Blooms late, after common varieties are thru blooming. 2 to 3 feet each 35c, 12 for $3.50.


Don't overlook our collections of Shrubs and Vines Page 125.
HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS. Continued.

SPIREAS.
No. 1. (Center Top) represents type of flower produced by Spirea Van Houttei.
No. 2. Spirea Prunifolia.
No. 3. Spirea Billardi Tomentosa.
No. 4. Anthony Waterer and Bumolda.
They range in color from pure and creamy white to deep rosy red.

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No. 3. Spirea Billardi Tomentosa.
No. 4. Anthony Waterer and Bumolda.
They range in color from pure and creamy white to deep rosy red.

SPIREATURE—One of the finest flowering shrubs, of low dwarf growth, seldom exceeding 3 feet in height; in constant bloom from June to September. Bright rose flowers are borne in broad flat clusters, completely covering the bush. The best shrub for low borders and low flowering hedges. Strong 2 year old plants, each $2.50.

SPIREA BILITARDI—A lovely tall growing Spirea, with brown hairy branches and fine foliage. Vigorous and hardy, growing 5 feet tall. Bright pink flowers are borne in long clusters or spikes, during July and August. A splendid border plant. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

SPIREA CALLOSA ALBA—A handsome dwarf Spirea, similar to Anthony Waterer, but with clusters of pure white flowers. Blooms all summer. Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA—The true Bridal Wreath. Very hardy and vigorous, growing 4 to 5 feet tall. As the leaves open in spring, the branches and twigs are covered with small snow white double flowers. A lovely, prune-like bloom. 12 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50.

SPIREA THUNBERGI—A dwarf variety, with numerous slender branches and delicate foliage, forming a dense feather bush. Early in spring, it is covered with dainty white blossoms, like snowflakes. The bright green foliage turns orange-red in fall. Splendid for borders. Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—One of the finest shrubs ever produced; its good qualities and beauty cannot be exaggerated. Very graceful, with lovely foliage, growing 6 to 8 feet high, and extremely hardy everywhere. In May and June, the whole bush is simply covered with minute white flowers, in dainty clusters, along every branch. For lawn and cemetery planting, it cannot be equalled. It is a beautiful graceful hedge plant, and excellent for grouping in front of porches and buildings. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50. Specimen plants, 4 to 5 feet, each 50c. Special offer: 25c. See illustration.

SPECIAL OFFER: We will send one of each of the six SPIREAS listed above, strong two year old plants, worth $1.00, for only 50c, by express. This collection cannot be sent by mail.

VIRGATUM OPULUS STERILE. (Common Snowball.)—The well known hardy shrub, with large balls of handsome white flowers, produced in clusters of four to six. Blooms in May and June. Splendid for emory planting. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50.

VIRGATUM OPULUS. (High Bush Cranberry.)—A handsome upright spreading shrub, broad bright green leaves. Small flowers appear in June in great flat clusters, followed by scarlet berries, which last all winter. Very hardy, thrives anywhere. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50.

VIRGATUM TOMENTOSUM. (Japanese Snowball.)—Foliage is soft, dark green, slightly erumpèd. Beautiful spreading bush, producing great balls, three inches across. Flowers are large, white, very beautiful. Red fruit, dark blue, in spring. Hardy and not affected by sunscald and insects. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50.

WEIGELA CANDIDA. (Diluvia.)—A spreading shrub witharching branches, growing 5 to 6 feet high. Large trumpet-shaped flowers, pure white, are borne freely, in clusters, all summer. Prefers a rather damp, shaded location, in good garden soil. Hardy in nursery, row but should have some protection. 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50 to 4 feet, each 25c, 12 for $4.50.

WEIGELA ROSEA—Similar to Candida, but flowers shade from lovely pale pink to deep rose. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for $2.50 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for $3.50.

HEDGE PLANTS.

BARBERY THUNBERGI—8 to 12 in. 25 for $2.00, 100 for $7.00. 12 to 18 in. 25 for $3.00, 100 for $10.00. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $15.00. The best low hedges for the Northwest.

BARBERY PURPLE LEAVED—Prices same as for Barbery Thunbergi.

CARAGANA—2 to 3 feet, 25 for $3.50, 100 for $10.00. 3 to 4 feet, 25 for $5.00, 100 for $15.00.

CUDONIA JAPONICA. (Japan Quince.)—8 to 12 in. 25 for $1.75, 100 for $6.00. 12 to 18 in. 25 for $2.00, 100 for $7.00. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $3.50, 100 for $9.00. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $12.00.

LIGISTRUM AMURENSE. (Privet Amurensis.)—Large oblong glossy leaves. Almost evergreen; clusters of white, fragrant flowers. A splendid low hedge, can be clipped. 12 to 18 in. 25 for $2.00, 100 for $5.00. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $3.50, 100 for $9.00. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $12.00.

LIGISTRUM VULGARIS. (Common Privet.)—Leaves turn purple in fall, and remain on plants nearly all winter. Dense pikles of white flowers. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $2.50, 100 for $6.00. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $12.00.

RHAMNUS CATARIA. (Buckthorn.)—The best hedge plant for this section. Thistle iurisus green leaves, spiny branches and small black berries. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $2.50, 100 for $8.00. 3 to 4 ft. 25 for $5.00, 100 for $15.00.

ROSIRA RUGOSA, ALBA and RUBRA—See Roses. 2 yr. 25 for $5.00, 100 for $15.00.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—18 to 24 in. 25 for $5.00, 100 for $15.00. 25 for $7.00, 100 for $20.00. 18 in. 25 for $10.00, 100 for $25.00.

SYRINGA. (Lilac)—White and Purple. 12 to 18 in. 25 for $3.00, 100 for $9.00. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $12.00. 2 to 3 ft. 25 for $5.00, 100 for $15.00.

ARROW WIFE—Page 11. 12 to 18 in. 25 for $4.00, 100 for $12.00. 18 to 24 in. 25 for $5.00, 100 for $18.00.

Prunus Triolumes, Double Flowering Plum.
HARDY CLIMBING VINES.

These beautiful and useful plants are as important for improving the grounds and home as shrubs. For porches, pergolas, and screens, they are a necessity. They soften the appearance of a stone wall, cover rocky banks, ugly fences and dead trees, and have innumerable other uses. Some varieties are valuable chiefly for their hardiness and foliage, while others, like the Clematis, Wistaria, and Trumpet Vine, are planned for their lovely flowers.

We offer two sizes, strong transplanted 2 and 3 year plants, and the mailing plants, which are well rooted, strong one year plants, all field grown.

Price. Extra select, Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for $1.50, not prepaid. By mail, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, postpaid.

AMELIA ENGELMANI. (Engelmann's Ivy)—One of the best and hardiest vines for the Northwest. The foliage is smaller and thicker than Ampelopsis Quinquefolia, and is especially beautiful in autumn, when it turns crimson and orange. It is the only perfectly hardy vine that will climb to brick, stone or cement. It is used extensively on churches and large buildings, and does well in any soil.

AMELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA. (Virginia Creeper).—The true Woodbine, with large leaves, deeply cut in five lobes. Luxuriant in growth, with handsome foliage turning to bright crimson in fall, with blue berries. Excellent for arbors, trellises, porches, fences and trees, and is perfectly hardy.

ARISTOLOCHIA SIFPHO. (Dutchman's Pipe)—A very hardy vine of rapid growth, with immense heart-shaped leaves and curious pipe-shaped flowers of brownish yellow. Splendid for verandas, as it forms a dense cool shade on the hottest days.

BIGNONIA RADCANS. (Trumpet Vine).—A robust tall climber, with great leathery trumpet-shaped flowers of scarlet, which last all summer. A beautiful showy vine, useful for fences, screens, stumps, etc.

CELASTRUS. (Bittersweet).—A very popular hardy vine of twining habit. Bright green foliage turning to yellow in autumn, with quantities of bright orange and scarlet berries, which remain all winter.

LYCUM. (Matrimony Vine).—A strong bushy vine, with fine foliage. Very handsome when covered with quantities of small purple flowers, which are followed by small scarlet berries. A good vine to plant for covering low fences, porches, or unsightly places.

LONICERA. HONEYSUCKLE.

GOLDEN LEAVED. (Aurea Reticulata).—Beautiful golden-leaved green and yellow flowers. Creamy white flowers of exquisitely fragrant. A lovely vine for porches.

HALLS JAPANESE. (Halicana).—Vigorous climber, almost evergreen, with fragrant flowers, pure white changing to yellow.

SCARLET TRUMPET. (Sempreviren).—The best known Honeysuckle. Broad, deep green leaves, which remain almost all winter. Covered with clusters of scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers in summer, which are followed by red berries.

Clematis, Jackmanni.

The Clematis are the most beautiful of all flowering vines. The large flowering varieties, measuring three to six inches in diameter, range from pure white, pale blue, rose and lavender, to deep purple and scarlet. The small flowering Clematis are deliciously fragrant, and very hardy. Clematis should be planted in rich deep soil, three inches beneath the surface, and given protection during the winter.

LARGE FLOWERING CLEMATIS.

JACKMANNI—The most satisfactory of its class. Large, velvety, deep purple flowers, borne in clusters. Blooms profusely all summer, on young shoots; should be pruned in spring. Jackmanni is the loveliest and most vigorous large flowering Clematis.

HENRYI—A splendid, pure white variety, with blossoms eight apiece, four to six inches in diameter. Very hardy, and a free bloomer.

MADAME EDOUARD ANDRE—The Crimson Jackmanni. A strong vigorous grower and a profuse bloomer. Large beautiful crimson flowers.

CLIMBING ROSES—See page 124.

BETA GRAPE—See page 104.
HARDY FLOWERING PERENNIAL PLANTS.

The charming old-fashioned gardens of our grandmothers' day are again in popular favor, with their wealth of lovely flowers. A garden of this sort is more satisfactory and less expensive than a garden or annuals. For perennial plants last for years. Once planted, they stay there, and increase in size and beauty each year, with very little care, giving a wealth of flowers from April to October. All perennials require fairly good rich soil, some sunlight, and must be kept clean of weeds.

For background and tall growing borders, plant Hollyhocks, Digitalis, Delphiniums, Golden Glow, and the Hardy Asters and Hardy Lilies. Pill in the foreground with Phlox, Sweet William, Astilbe, Achillea, Pyrethrum, and any of the smaller sorts, arranging them so as to have some in bloom all summer. With such an extensive assortment to choose from, it is not difficult to have flowers in the perennial garden all summer. We have given the blooming season, average height, and the lessons are general to assist our patrons in making their selection and planting their gardens. We shall be very glad to give further instructions, and to assist in planning gardens.

The following list contains only those varieties which we know are absolutely hardy in Minnesota. On account of our extreme climate, we must necessarily limit our gardens to the hardier plants, but we make a selection and planting, beautiful results may be obtained. We offer two year old, field grown plants, at 15c each, 12 for $1.50, 25c for $2.50, prepaid, except where noted. If plants are wanted by express, we will send larger plants, or include extra to make up order.

NOTE: WE CANNOT ACCEPT ORDERS FOR PERENNIAL PLANTS FOR LESS THAN 50 CENTS, UNLESS ORDERED WITH A GENERAL ORDER OF NURSERY STOCK.


AQUILEGIA COERULEA, Rocky Mountain Columbine—Immensely blue and white blossoms, white petals with long blue spurs. Very beautiful plants, with delicate foliage and handsome showy flowers. Splendid for shady locations. They bloom from May to July and grow 3 to 4 feet tall. Very hardy.

AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA, Golden Columbine—Bears a profusion of large bright yellow flowers, 3 to 4 inches in diameter, with long spurs. Similar to above variety.

ASTERS, NEW ENGLAND, Michaelmas Daisies—Bloom from June until October. Deep purple flowers are borne in clusters 2 to 3 feet high. Valuable on account of their long blooming season, after other plants are gone.

ASTILBE JAPONICA, Herbaceous Sprea or Goat's Beard—Very handsome, very valuable plants, with beautiful deep green foliage, and great spikes of feathery white flowers. A splendid low growing plant, for borders or for massing between tall varieties. Flowers in both study and garden. Blooms in June and July. Each 25c, 12 for $2.50. (See illustration on page 120.)

BLEEDING HEART, Dicentra Spectabilis—An old-fashioned favorite, with long racemes of graceful heart-shaped, pink flowers. Foliage in fern-like and airy. Valuable for planting in the shade. Grows 1 to 2 feet tall, and blooms in May. Each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

CAMPANULA, Bell Flower—Plants grow about 18 inches tall, and are loaded with bell-shaped blue flowers from June to August. Very pretty and do well in the shade.

DAISY, SHASTA—Beautiful large white daisies, with yellow centers. Very free flowering and hardy. They grow about two feet tall, and may be planted anywhere, but bloom most profusely in sunny places. The chief blooming season is in June, but continues all summer. Splendid for borders and for cutting.

DELPHINIUM, (Hardy Larkspur) FORSYTHUM—The old favorite, with tall showy spires of flowers. Intensely deep blue flowers, with white eyes, very strong and graceful. The plant is tall, and vigorous. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall, with tall flowering. The blossoms should be picked in June, before seed pods form, and they will bloom until October. See illustration on page 120. All Delphiniums do best in a rather sunny location.

DELPHINIUM BELLADONNA—A magnificent new variety, with immense spikes of double flowers. Flowers are light blue, with lavender shadings and black eyes. Hardy and vigorous, growing 3 feet tall, and blooming from June to October. Each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

DELPHINIUM CHINENSIS—A dwarf variety, with delicate foliage and flowers. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall. Peathy flowers, light blue and white, are borne from June to August.

KING OF DELPHINIUMS—One of the finest Delphiniums ever grown. Enormous semi-double flowers on tall spikes, reaching 4 feet, of very intense indigo blue, with purple inner petals and large white center. Blooms from June to September. Each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

DELPHINIUM, KELWAS MASTERPIECE—See Novelties.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS, Sweet William—Charming old-fashioned plants, growing 12 to 18 inches tall, bloom in June, in sunny location. Sturdy, hardy plants, with an abundance of flat clusters of flowers, in variegated red, rose, and white effects. Single and Double Mixed.

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS, Hardy Garden Pinks—Old favorites, bearing spicy sweet-scented flowers in great profusion. Beautiful in form and colors, and valuable for cutting. Fine for dwarf borders, and will grow in any soil. See illustration on page 120.

DIGITALIS, Foxglove—Dignified, stately, old time favorites, worthy of a place in the choicest garden. Tall spikes of bell-shaped flowers, fully spotted, in rich rose and lillac colorings. Splendid for backgrounds for low-growing plants, or among shrubbery. Thrive in half shade as well as in the sun. See illustration.

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA, Blanket Flower—Very showy, hardy plants, blooming from June until heavy frost. The large flowers are gorgeously colored, with deep reddish brown centers, and petals are marked with rich of red and orange. Grows about 2 feet tall; splendid for cutting.

GOLDEN GLOW, Rudbeckia—A fine hardy plant, which should be in every garden. Grows about 3 feet high, and produces hundreds of great double yellow flowers, blooms in August and September. Should have the advantage of frost. Each 25c, 12 for $2.50.

HELIOPSIS PITCHERIANA, Orange Sunflower—Flowers are a brilliant orange-yellow, about 2 inches in diameter, very useful for cutting. Does well on dry soil, and in hot sunny locations, and blooms all summer. Grows about 3 to 4 feet high.

HIBISCUS, Crimson Eye—Immensely flowers of pure white, with large spots of velvety crimson in the center. Plants grow 3 to 4 feet tall, in sunny location, and bloom a long time.

HOLLYHOCKS—No garden is complete without these stately plants. They should be planted in borders, or clumps, in rather sunny locations, as a background for low growing plants. Huge, towering spikes, 3 to 4 feet tall, simply covered with showy gooseneck-like flowers in various colors. We can furnish Double White, Pink, Red, Salmon, and Yellow. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, 12 for $2.00, prepaid.
HARDY PERENNIALS. CONTINUED.

Price, except where noted: Strong, two year old, field grown plants, each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.50, prepaid.

IRIS. (German Varieties.)

Iris are exceedingly easy to cultivate, and do well in dry sunny locations, on rich, well drained soil. Plant shallow, barely covering the roots. The German Iris rival orchids in beauty and color, and are deliciously fragrant. Every shade of yellow, cream, blue, and purple is represented in this class of herbaceous plants. They blossom in May and June, and are lovely for cutting.

AURORA—Beautiful, immense yellow flowers.
BLACK PRINCE—Standards of deep blue, falls or drooping petals rich purplish black. The darkest Iris.
FLORENTINE BLUE—Beautiful sky-blue flowers, with falls of lighter shade.
FLORENTINE WHITE—Immense cream white flowers, fragrant and early.
MADAME CHEREAU—One of the loveliest. Pure white, delicately edged and veined with light blue. Flowers on tall upright stems, 2 to 3 feet tall.
QUEEN OF MAY—Rosy lavender, blended with white; a distinct and dainty variety.
SAN SOUCCI—Standards yellow, falls rich mahogany brown; very rich and effective.

Price of above varieties: Each 15c, one of each for $1.00, doz. $1.50, prepaid.—MIXED VARIETIES: Each 10c, dozen $1.00.

JAPANESE IRIS. (Kaempferi.)

These Iris are of great beauty and easy growth, succeeding best in cool, moist places, on rich, well drained soil. They are perfectly hardy, but should be protected in winter. They begin to bloom in June, and continue thru July.

BANSHI—Waxy white, with lavender veins, lovely delicate flowers of great beauty.
ECLIPSE—Immense, double flowers with six wide petals; purplish crimson, with prominent markings in golden yellow. A gorgeous, splendid variety. Blooms late.
GOLD BOUND—Double pure white, with a gold band thru the center of each petal. One of the best.
PURPLE AND GOLD—Immense, double flowers, 10 inches in diameter. Rich violet purple petals, with brilliant yellow stripe thru each one; white petaloids tipped with violet.

Price of above Japanese Iris: Each 25c, 12 for $2.50, prepaid.—MIXED VARIETIES: Each 15c, 12 for $1.50, prepaid.

LILIES—See Bulbs.

LYCNIS CHALCEDONICA, Fireball.

The most brilliant plant in the hardy border. Grows about 2 feet tall, with masses of vivid scarlet flowers, borne in flat clusters. Blooms in June and July. Does well in hot sunny location.

ORIENTAL POPPY, Papaver.

ORIENTAL LILY. (Convallaria.)

Exquisite, dainty fragrant flowers against heavy green leaves, does well in semi-shady locations, and must have rich soil. Bloom in May and June. Universally popular for cut flowers.

PANSY PLANTS.

While these are not classed as perennial plants, they are quite hardy, and very popular for bedding. We offer Giant Flowering sorts in all shades and colors, strong plants, at 40c per dozen. 100 for $2.50.
HARDY PERENNIALS. Continued.

HARDY PHLOX. (Flame Flowers.)

Hardy phlox are among our choicest and hardest perennial plants. They are of easy culture, vigorous habit, and very spreading growth. They succeed in any garden soil, in a rather sunny location, and bloom continuously from July to October. They should be watered occasionally in hot weather. Their gorgeous brilliant colorings make them especially valuable for hardy borders, beds, or masses among shrubs. Phlox are most effective when planted in masses of one color, not less than six and even as many as twenty-five of a color.

SPLendid NEW VARIEtIES.

Price: Each 25c, 12 for $2.50, not prepaid—By mail, each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for $3.00, postpaid.

EXTRAVAGANCE—The flowers of this new introduction are distinct in color from any other phlox. Large flower heads with very large blooms of beautiful lavender-blue, with faint white stripes radiating from the center of bloom outward.

FANTOME—One of the most beautiful and unusual sorts. Flowers are large, deep lavender, edged with a white border, and shaded with white from the center. Dwarf, mid-season.

LA VAGUE—Large flower trusses with large size blooms of pure mauve-pink with bright aniline-red eye. A splendid variety and free bloomer.

MME. PAPE-CARPENTER—Of dwarf growth and blooming very early. Flowers of good size and perfect form, glistening pure white. A very fine phlox.

NINE OF THE BEST PHLOX.

Price: Strong 2 year field grown plants, each 15c, 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.50, not prepaid—By mail, each 20c, 3 for 50c, 12 for $1.75, postpaid.

BRIDESMAID—Pure white, with large crimson center. Dwarf, mid-season. Good for borders.

COQUELICOT—Large, brilliant orange-scarlet flowers; large and compact truss. A bed of these will make a wonderfully brilliant effect. Dwarf, blooms mid-season.

FRANZELIN VON LASSELBurg—Extra fine variety. Immense panicles of purest snow-white color. Remains in bloom a long time. Tall, blooms mid-season.

JAMES GARLAND—Pure white with large crimson center, a beautiful and showy sort. Tall, blooms late.

NANA COERULEA—A lovely bright blue sort, very rich flowering. Dwarf.

OSTARIS—Large flowers in strong trusses, of lilac rose, with carmine center. A handsome tall phlox.

PANTHEON—Bright deep salmon rose, very effective for bedding. Large flowers, a very fine variety. Tall, blooms mid-season.

PROF. SCHLIEMAN—A large, late blooming variety. Flowers are soft lilac, suffused with rose.

SUNSET—Large trusses of beautiful dark rosy-pink flowers. Plant robust, medium high.

PAEONIES. See page 123.

PLATYCODON.

A hardy, free flowering plant, two feet tall, with large star-shaped flowers. Blooms from June to October, even in shady locations WHITE and BLUE. Price: Each 15c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.50, prepaid.

PYRETHRUM.

One of the best spring flowering plants, splendid for cutting. Beautiful feathery foliage, and large daisy-like flowers, on long, wiry stems. Flowers range in color from pure white and pale rose, to deepest crimson. Blooms in May and June, and continues thru September. If the first crop of flowers is not allowed to go to seed. MIXED WHITE, PINK, and CRIMSON. Price same as for Platycodon.

SCABIOSA JAPONICA. Mourning Bride.

A beautiful autumn flowering plant, growing about 3 feet tall, with dainty feathery foliage, and large lilac-blue flowers, on long stems. A splendid cut flower which keeps a long time. Blooms until snow falls. Price same as for Platycodon.

YUCCA. Adam’s Needle.

A very ornamental plant, with long narrow leaves and tall spikes of waxy white flowers, similar to tuberoses. Grows 3 to 4 feet tall, in rather sunny location, and blooms in June and July. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, dozen $2.00, prepaid.
PAEONIES.

The Peony is the most beautiful and desirable of hardy flowers. It is much harder than the rose, and rivals the rose in gorgeous coloring, fragrance, and form. For landscape effects, it adapts itself to more places than any other flower. It can be used in perennial borders, and is lovely in groups on the lawn. With its thick waxy foliage, it forms a splendid hedge, even after the blooming season is over. Its striking colors give a touch of brightness among shrubs. As a cut flower, it is much more satisfactory than the rose. It does not wilt easily, and can be kept for a week or more in water. A beautiful effect can be produced with only a few Peonies, where it would take dozens of roses.

The Peony is not affected by any disease, and can stand more drought and unfavorable weather than any other plant. When once planted, it takes care of itself, but will give wonderful results for a little extra care. Peonies may be planted early in spring, as soon as the frost is out of the ground, but they do not usually bloom the first season. It takes quite a long time for them to become well established before they send out any flowers. A good time to plant Peonies is in September. Then they are well rooted by the time cold weather sets in, and usually produce blossoms the next season. However, they may be planted any time, until the ground is frozen, but there will be no blossoms the first season. The ground should be kept open and free from grass around the roots for best results. They need time to grow and bloom. The roots should be planted so the crowns are covered with not more than two inches of soil.

Many people think, that in order to have a good display of Peonies, they must plant a dozen or more varieties. This is a mistake, for the most beautiful and satisfactory results are obtained from a few distinct colors, a deep red, bright rose, soft pink, cream, and white. These are the only colors found in Peonies, so why bother with so many varieties? It is a good idea to have a few plants of very early varieties, and some very late ones, but the best display is to be had with the mid-season bloomer. A planting of Peonies is truly a joy forever, for no plant gives such handsome returns for so little money and care.

SUPERB NEW VARIETIES.

DORCHESTER—A very late rose type. Immense blossoms held erect on strong stems. A lovely, even hydrangea pink. Very fragrant and a free bloomer. Fine for cutting.

FELIX CROUSE—Brilliant, dazzling dark red, enormous, massive, ball-shaped flowers of compact and beautiful form, quite fragrant. Free mid-season bloomer, a strong and vigorous grower. The finest red Peony in cultivation. Be sure to include this in your order.

FESTIVA MAXIMA—Unquestionably this is the finest white Peony in existence. It combines great size with wondrous beauty and the blooms come on strong, upright, 3½ foot stems. Very large, full flowers, color pure paper white, flecked with clear crimson spots on the edges of center petals. It is surpassingly fragrant, which, together with the fact of its extreme carliness, places it among the very best of the cut flower sorts. A vigorous grower with massive foliage.

GOLDEN HARVEST—Very large, ball-shaped flowers. Guard petals lilac rose, center creamy white. Plants of medium height, very hardy, does splendidly in the Northwest. It blooms early mid-season.


Prices: Mailing sizes, 12 for $5.00. One of each of the above five varieties for $2.25, prepaid. — Larger plants, 3 to 5 eyes, each 60c, 12 for $6.00. One of each of the above varieties for $2.75, not prepaid. — Strong clumps, each $1.00, not prepaid.

BEST STANDARD SortS.

ALBA SULPHUREA—Immensely, ball-shaped flower. Outside petals large, pure white, center sulphur yellow. Petals held on long stiff stems, fine for cutting.
EXQUISITE NEW ROSES.

Price: Each 30c, not prepaid.—By mail, each 60c, postpaid.

**HARDCOREY—**Hybrid Tea—A lovely Irish beauty, of Killarney type. A most wonderful shade of coppery rose, overspread with golden yellow. Large fragrant flowers, on tall stiff stems, long pointed buds. Strong bush, with heavy stiff foliage. Blooms continuously. Fine for cutting.

**DEUTSCHLAND—**Hybrid Tea—Large full globular flowers, yellow with a faint touch of pink, on long stems. Plant is of sturdy growth and a constant bloomer. Good for house and garden culture.

**JONKERS L. J. OCK—**Hybrid Tea—One of the strongest, largest pink roses. Of La France type, lovely clear pink, shaded with carmine, very fragrant. A continuous bloomer. One of the best for cutting, as flowers are borne on long stiff erect stems.

**LEUCHTENDER—**Everblooming Hybrid Tea—The dwarf Gruss an Teplitz. Flowers large, double, glowing scarlet, fragrant. An excellent red rose with good foliage and free blooming qualities. sparkling pink, very thick petals, very fragrant.

**BEST EVERBLOOMING TEA ROSES.**

Price: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for $3.00, not prepaid.—By mail, each 40c, 12 for $3.50, postpaid.

Highly valuable for their fine colors and exquisite fragrance. They bloom freely until late fall, and have long pointed buds on stiff erect stems, making them valuable for cut flowers.

**CAPT. CHRISTY—**A beautiful flesh-pink rose, large, double and free flowering, shading to crimson at center. One of the hardiest.

**CLOTHILDE SOUPERT—**Famous as the best bedding rose. A strong dwarf grower, with great clusters of beautifully formed flowers. Full, double, and deliciously fragrant. The color is beautiful ivory white shading to silvery rose.

**KILLARNEY—**The queen of Irish roses, and the most beautiful everblooming tea rose under cultivation. Strong bushes, with stiff bronze foliage, stiff erect stems and immense long pointed buds. Color is deep

HARDCOREY PERPETUAL ROSES.

These are rapid and strong, hardy growers, bearing large globular flowers, in a great variety of colors. Especially valuable for beds and borders, in the northern states.

Prices of all varieties: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for $3.00, not prepaid.—By mail, each 40c, 12 for $3.50, postpaid.

**AMERICAN BEAUTY—**The greatest and most beautiful of all roses. Rich glowing crimson, shaded with carmine and velined. Immense blossoms on strong stiff stems, beautiful foliage. Exquisitely fragrant. Requires some protection in Minnesota. This magnificent rose should be in every garden in America.

**BARON DE BONSTOTTIN—**Rich, dark red passing to deep velvety maroon, double and full. Very dark colored rose.

**CAPT. HAYWARD—**Bright scarlet, very vivid in summer, and glowing in autumn. Immense, very double and fragrant, strikingly beautiful. Perfectly hardy.

**CLIO—**Flesh color shaded to center with rosy-pink, a vigorous grower with fine foliage.

**FRAU KARL DRUSCHKE OR SNOW QUEEN—**Also called White American Beauty. Very large, pure white flowers; fine long and pointed buds. Delightfully fragrant.

**GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—**Brilliant crimson, large and effective, very fragrant. Noted for its richness of color and fragrance. "Jack Rose" is a great favorite with everybody.

**HARRISON'S YELLOW (AUSTRIAN BRIAR)—**Fine double, pure golden yellow flowers. Very hardy and desirable. In pruning this rose cut out the dead wood only.

**H. PLANTER—**Pure white, large and double, a free and continuous bloomer.

**PAUL NEYR—**The largest rose in cultivation, sometimes called the Fanny Rose. Color bright, fresh cerise-red. Flowers are very double and full, delightfully fragrant.

**ULRICH BRUNNER—**Cherry crimson, beautiful form, free blooming and fragrant. A splendid garden rose.

CLIMBING ROSES, RAMBLER ROSES, MOSS AND RUGOSA ROSES ARE LISTED ON NEXT PAGE. BE SURE TO ORDER EARLY. OUR STOCK IS UNSURPASSED.
THREE NEW HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD. — The Everblooming Crimson Rambler — This is undoubtedly the best hardy climbing rose introduced so far. None other rambl-er does it blooms all the time. Its lovely crimson flowers are produced in profusion all thru the summer. The blooms are more brilliant and lasting than the common Crimson Rambler, and the growth is strong and vigorous. A most satisfactory rose in every respect. 

Price: Each 50c, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 60c, postpaid.

THOUSAND BEAUTIES. — Tausendschön — A wonderful new climbing rose, which blooms profusely from the first of June until the last of July. A single cluster of roses is a veritable bouquet in itself, the roses ranging from white, cream, and pale rose, to deepest crimson. There is no other rose in cultivation like it. A thrifty grower, with few thorns. It requires some protection in Minnesota. Each 80c.—By mail, each 60c.

THE BLUE ROSE "WEICHENBLAU" — The wonderful new climbing rose. The flowers are produced in clusters, similar to Crimson Rambler, are semi-double in form, of medium size, and are borne profusely; the color is steel blue, very similar to that seen in the delicate blue of the flower of Clematis Jackmani. It is a strong, vigorous climber, and as a porch cover, or grown on a pergola, it is superior to the Crimson Rambler. 

Price: Each 50c, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 60c, postpaid.

Hardy Free Flowering Climbing Roses.

These roses will greatly add to the beauty of your home and can be put to numerous uses. They are effective in beds, good for edging, paths and flower beds, and bloom all summer. They are all hardy, and require little care.

Price: 2 year field plants, each 30c, 12 for $3.00, not prepaid.—Postpaid, each 40c.

PRATT QUEEN — Color bright pink, sometimes with a white stripe. Large, compact and globular; very full and double.

SEVEN SISTERS — An old and very popular rose, producing splendid, large clusters of crimson flowers which turn almost pure white. One of the hardiest roses.

* CRIMSON RAMBLER — Bright crimson, semi-double flowers.

* WHITE RAMBLER — Small, pure white flowers, very fragrant.

* YELLOW RAMBLER — Lovely flowers of bright yellow color, very fine.

DOROTHY PERKINS — Double, sweet-scented flowers of a shell pink color.

Dwarf Polyantha and Baby Rambler Roses.

These are entirely distinct from the large flowering sorts, and should be in every garden, they are adapted to so many uses. They are effective, planted in beds, and for edging walks and flower beds, and bloom all summer. They are all hardy, and require little care.

Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for $3.00, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 40c, 12 for $3.50.

* CRIMSON BABY RAMBLER — One of the hardy bedding roses in existence. The plants are very vigorous and grow 18 to 21 inches high. The semi-double flowers are borne in clusters of 30, 50, or more to the cluster. It blooms all the time indoors and from May to November outdoors.

* WHITE BABY RAMBLER — A beautiful little bedding rose. Blooms all summer thru with amazing freedom. Flowers creamy white passing to snow white.

* YELLOW BABY RAMBLER — Ever as the above Baby Rambler, but flowers are of bright yellow color.

BABY TAUSENDSCHÖN — An exact counterpart of the grand climber "Tausendschön", except in habit of growth. The plants are sturdy and bear immense trusses of double flowers of a large size.

BABY ELENA TESCHENDORFF — The beautiful new double flowering Baby rose. Color of the flowers is the brightest red, being superior to the Crimson Baby Ramblor. The flowers are produced in constant succession throughout the whole season.

Hardiest Moss Roses.

These fine Moss roses deserve a place in every garden. They are perfectly hardy and very desirable for outdoor culture. The flowers and buds are very large and handsome; remain in bloom a long time and are highly prized for their beauty in flower vases.

Price: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for $3.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 40c each, postpaid.

LUXEMBURG — Flowers of rich glowing crimson, beautifully mossaed.

Ironclad Rugosa Roses.

Rugosa roses and their hybrids are especially adapted for our northern climates, the plants are as hard as oaks, and will thrive anywhere. They make the most beautiful hedges, and are used extensively in parks and estates, as they are valuable not only for their fragrant blossoms, but for their handsome foliage and fruit, in the autumn.

Price of Hansa and Conrad F. Meyer:

Each 25c, 12 for $2.50, not prepaid.—By mail, each 30c, 12 for $3.00, postpaid.

HANSA — Very large semi-double flowers of brilliant red color. Strong grower, with beautiful, wrinkled foliage.

CONRAD F. MEYER (The New Tea Rugosa) — Splendid, large, elegantly formed buds and flowers, 3/4 to 1 inches across and quite double. Color rich peachy yellow, delicately tinged with silver—rose; very fragrant, entirely hardy.

RUGOSA RUBRA — (True Rugosa type.) The popular hedge rose. Beautiful single, light red flowers thruout the summer, followed by very fragrant fruit in fall. Very free flowering and hardy.

Each 25c, 12 for $2.50, not prepaid.—By mail each 35c.

RUGOSA ALBA — Similar to the Rugosa Rubra, except in color. Single pure white flowers of five petals and highly scented, followed by pretty berries. Price: Each 25c, 12 for $2.50, not prepaid.—By mail each 35c.

Rugosa Rose — Rubra and Alba.
NOVELTIES & SPECIALTIES.

TREE HYDRANGEA.

The lovely Hydrangea Paniculata grown in tree form. These fine trees are 3 to 5 feet high, with strong erect stems and splendid crowns, bearing great trusses of flowers. They are very effective for the lawn, or planted along allee, driveway, they are wonderful when in bloom. Perfectly hardy here. Price: Each 75c, 3 for $2.00, not prepaid.

EVERBLOOMING BUTTERFLY BUSH.

(Buddleia Magnifica.)

One of the most desirable flowering shrubs. It begins to bloom in July and continues until October. The flowers are a lovely shade of lilac, borne in long spikes, from 8 to 15 inches long and 3 inches in diameter. It is perfectly hardy, succeeds everywhere, and blooms the first season after planting. The flowers are splendid for cutting and keep a long time. It was called Butterfly Bush because it attracts butterflies in large numbers. Very hardy and blooms all summer. This shrub dies down in winter, like perennial plants, and sends out new shoots and branches each year. Price: One year old plants, each 25c, $2.50 prepaid. 2 year old plants, each 40c, $4.00, not prepaid.

TREE LILACS.

These are named varieties trained and trimmed to tree form, for specimen plants on the lawn or in the garden. They grow about 8 feet tall, with handsome large crowns. In May and early June, they are simply covered with lovely fragrant flowers, in delicate shades. BELLE DE NANCY—Very large, brilliant satiny rose; white towards the center; very fine. MARIE LEGRAYE: A beautiful dwarf tree with fine pure white flowers borne in great profusion. Very fragrant and dainty. A splendid tree for cemetery planting. MICHAEL BUCHNER—Long panicles of delicate light blue flowers. Blooms a long time.

Price of above three Tree Lilacs: Strong trees, 3 to 4 feet, each 65c, any 3 for $1.75, not prepaid.

A SPLENDID NEW DELPHINIUM.

KELWAY’S MASTERPIECE—The Purple Delphinium. This lovely English Larkspur is one of the finest ever produced. It is as hardy as any of the common varieties, of strong, vigorous growth, about 4 feet tall. The flowers are semi-double, a lovely purple shaded with red, large brown eye, and are borne on immense spikes. One of the showiest Delphinums. Price: Strong 2 year old field grown plants, each 35c, 12 for $3.00 prepaid.

NO. 1.—OUR CONTINUOUS FLOWERING SHRUB COLLECTION, $1.60.

This is the biggest bargain of the year for hardy shrubs, one which you cannot afford to miss, and the finest collection ever offered to the Northwestern planter. It includes the six hardiest varieties for this section, each is sure to give continuous bloom from May until September, with pleasing variety of color, which makes the shrubs valuable for any yard or garden. They may be planted around the porch, or in groups on the lawn. These plants are all strong, well rooted, transplanted stock, 2 to 3 feet high, and would cost $5.00 if purchased from any other nursery. Worth 35c each, if purchased at catalog price, or $2.10. OUR SPECIAL OFFER for 1917, $1.60, by express or freight, at purchaser’s expense. For detailed descriptions of these shrubs, see pages 115, 116, and 117.

This collection contains one each of the following:

SPIREA VAN HOITTEL—3 to 3 feet, white. May and June.
PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange)—3 to 3 feet, white. June.
HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—Cream changing to rose and brown. Sept.

COLLECTION NO. 2.—OF HARDY VINES, ROSES AND SHRUBS FOR THE PORCH AND GARDEN FOR ONLY $4.50.

To meet the demand of our patrons for an inexpensive collection of hardy plants for the porch and garden, we have made up the assortment, which includes enough vines and climbing roses to shade the average porch or veranda, and 13 shrubs valuable for their foliage and gorgeous coloring in autumn, as well as for their flowers, to plant around the house or grounds. For a larger planting, other shrubs, such as Weigela, Spireas in variety, etc., may be added; or this collection duplicated. Other nurseries ask $6.00 for a collection of same quality. Our price is $4.50, not prepaid. Two collections for $8.50. See pages 115, 116, and 117, for descriptions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Price</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ampelopsis Engelmanni, 2 year @ 25c..</td>
<td>.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Everbloom Climbing Roses, Flower of Fairfield @ 50c..</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spirea van Houttel, 2 to 3 feet, @ 35c..</td>
<td>.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora, 2 to 3 feet, @ 35c..</td>
<td>1.40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barberry Thunbergi, 18 to 24 in., @ 25c..</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deutzia Crenata Rosea, 2 to 3 feet, @ 35c..</td>
<td>.20</td>
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</tbody>
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SPECIAL PRICE $4.50.

$5.30
NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.

NEW THORNLESS BLACKBERRY.

This remarkable Blackberry is a Luther Burbank introduction of great value and importance. Anyone who has ever picked a blackberry has doubly reason to value this variety without thorns. Aside from the annoyance and pain they cause, thorns are a serious impediment to commercial growth.

This Thornless Blackberry is the first satisfactory blackberry of its class ever offered. Besides being absolutely free from thorns, it is of unusual quality and very prolific. The berries are borne in immense clusters and are of good form and uniform in size. They are jet black, plump, sweet and juicy, and keep exceedingly well in shipping. The stalks are very thorny and not affected by sunscald or blight. **Price: Strong, transplanted bushes, each 25c, 12 for $2.50, 25 for $4.50, prepaid.**

THE JOY BLACKBERRY.

Brings joy to all who grow, sell, or eat it. This new berry is of finest quality, ironclad hardiness, and great productiveness. The berries are immense, almost round in shape, and shiny black. In flavor it surpasses all other blackberries; it is rich, luscious, juicy and sweet.

The canes are stocky, and of vigorous growth, with abundant thick foliage, and need no staking. They yield heavily each year, and all the canes are loaded with fruit. The fruit ripens late in the season, and are free from blight and sunscald, and very desirable in every way.

**Price: Strong transplants each 25c, 12 for $2.50, 25 for $4.50, prepaid.**

TREE GOOSEBERRY.

These gooseberries in standard or tree form are budded on very hardy stems of wild gooseberry, about 4 to 5 feet tall. They are just as hardy as the bush form, and grow wherever gooseberries and currants grow, and should be added to the same care and treatment. The berries of these Tree Gooseberries are much sweeter and larger, and naturally much easier to pick than those from bushes. They are very good for the yard and garden. Our Tree Gooseberries are budded on the best varieties, have strong two year old tops, and bear the season after planting. Perfectly hardy here in the Northwest.

**Price: Each 90c, 12 for $10.00, not prepaid.**

NOTICE THE STRONG ROOTS AND VIGOROUS STEMS OF OUR TREE GOOSEBERRIES AND Currants.

We were delighted with our Vegetable seeds. The beans were grand, every one grew, and the Azalea also were fine. Enclosed find order for bulbs, etc.

Mrs. J. Engberg,
Peters, Mont.

THE NEW MINNESOTA FAVORITE RASPBERRY.

This new variety was produced here in Minnesota, from seed of the well known commercial variety, Miller. In hardness, vigorous growth, and great yield, it excels all other varieties. The berries are of large size, rich bright color, and excellent rich flavor different from other raspberries. Minnesota Favorite is the firmest and best shipper in existence. They are hardy, and does not crumble. It retains its beautiful color after shipping or marketing longer than any other variety. The canes are of ironclad hardness, very healthy, extremely strong growers and almost entirely thornless. The foliage is thick deep green, very healthy, and free from blight and mildew. Minnesota Favorite is the best red raspberry on the market so far, and should have a place in every garden. We can supply first class, strong, well rooted two year stock, at the following prices: 3 for 40c, 12 for $1.50, 25 for $2.75, not prepaid. — By mail, 3 for 50c, 12 for $1.75, prepaid.

THE HOLLAND TREE CURRANT.

A new, large fruited currant, growing in tree form, with well branched crown, of dwarf habit. They are the most prolific of all currants, each branch loaded with clusters of immense bright red berries, of excellent flavor and quality. A very rapid and thrifty grower, bearing early and abundantly each year. The fruit is long stemmed and easy to pick. **Price: Strong 2 to 3 feet trees, each 35c, 12 for $1.50, not prepaid.**

GIANT HIMALAYA BERRY.

A splendid berry, of blackberry species, but of very rapid growth. Vines grow as long as twenty feet in a season and can be trained on a fence or arbor, similar to grape vines. They are very hardy and vigorous, and were introduced from the northern slope of the Himalaya Mountains a few years ago. The berries are round, about three-quarters of an inch in diameter, very fine quality, with tough skin and no core. They are handsome jet black, quite tart until matured, when they have a rich, delicious flavor. They are borne in large clusters of berries, which ripen in August and bear until October. **Price: Each 20c, 12 for $2.00, not prepaid. — By mail, each 25c, 12 for $2.35, prepaid.**

PROF. HANSEN’S NEW RED RASPBERRY—THE OHTA.

Another new, valuable variety, originated by Prof. Hansen of North Dakota. Like all of his varieties, the Ohta is extremely hardy; in fact, it is as hardy as the wild raspberry, without winter protection. The fruit is of large size, firm, and of splendid quality and flavor. It bears very early, and produces big crops each season. The canes are of strong vigorous growth, with very thick foliage. Ohta is not affected by blight, mildew, or sunscald. **Price: Strong transplants, 3 for 80c, 12 for $1.75, not prepaid. — By mail, each 25c, dozen $2.10, prepaid.**
THE SEASON'S NEWEST SPECIALTIES IN FLOWERS AND VEGETABLES.

OUR FLOWER SHOW COLLECTION OF SUPERB NEW SPENCER SWEET PEAS

We offer below nine of the newest and choicest varieties of Spencer Sweet Peas. Each variety represents the most charming and striking of its color. This splendid collection cannot be duplicated anywhere for quality of color, and should be in every American garden.

663. FERIBU—(Plate No. 2.) The most beautiful picotee-edged Spencer Sweet Pea ever introduced. The ground color is deep, rich cream charmingly edged with bright rose. The flowers are deeply waved and frilled, and generally borne in two or more rows. In color, it is like the cheeks of a beautiful child, flesh pink on soft cream, lit up on the edge by a bright shading of rose. One of the loveliest peac. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c.

671. BOBBIE'S CREAM—(Plate No. 5.) The finest picotee yellow. Flowers are very large, beautifully waved and frilled, and uniformly borne in sprays of four. Packet 15c, oz. 50c.

673. FIERY CROSS—(Plate No. 3.) A wonderful new introduction, resembling a burning cross. The color is searing fire-red, without any shading, producing a glowing, fire-like sheen which radiates over the flowers in the sunlight. The flowers are very large, deeply waved and frilled, and borne in fours and threes, on long strong stems. Unlike most red varieties, it does not scorch or burn in the bright sun, and may be grown without shade. Fiery Cross should have a place in every Spencer Sweet Pea collection. Packet 15c, 3 for 40c.

674. HERCULES—(Plate No. 4.) A lovely pale rose pink flower edged with deeper rose, very large and deeply fluted and frilled. One of the very best pink Spencers. Packet 15c, oz. 50c.

675. KING WHITE—(Plate No. 7.) The largest white flowering Spencer Sweet Pea. The flowers are immense and decidedly frilled and waved, and pure white in early blooming. It is the perfect pure white variety, and blooms profusely for a long time. Packet 15c, oz. 80c.

676. MARGARET ALLIE—(Plate No. 1.) A charming pink variety. The lovely flowers, uniformly waved and frilled, are glowing pink on cream ground, diffused with salmon in the standard, while the wings are rose. Both standard and wings are blotted with primrose, giving a delicate appearance to the flower. It produces many duplex or double flowers. Packet 10c, oz. 35c.

678. OTHELLO—(Plate No. 9.) A very deep maroon Sweet Pea, of immense size, with large drooping wings, beautifully waved. Packet 10c, oz. 30c.

679. PHANTOM BLUE—(Plate No. 8.) This is one of the most beautiful of all recent blue varieties, a bluish color, beautifully blended with soft rose purple, giving the whole flower a delicate pastel hue. The flowers appear in threes along stiff stems, and show up excellently when cut and placed in water. Plants are very vigorous and bloom profusely. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c.

685. ROBERT SYDENHAM—(Plate No. 6.) This gorgeous new Sweet Pea is a brilliant orange, without any shading of creme, red or pink. It is the nearest approach to a pure golden yellow Sweet Pea introduced so far. The flowers are very large, beautifully waved, and usually produced four to a stem. Robert Sydenham is a vigorous grower, blooming long and profusely, and should be slightly shaded to keep its brilliant orange color. Packet 15c, 3 for 40c.

NINE VARIETIES — A $1.15 VALUE FOR 75c, POSTPAID.

HOME GARDEN VEGETABLE COLLECTION.

This will produce over $30.00 worth of fresh vegetables for your table. One packet of each—50c value for 35c, postpaid.

BEET—Fireball. A most desirable early beet for the home garden. It is perfectly globe-shaped, bright red in color, with very tiny tap and of finest quality. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, prepaid.

CARROT—F. S. & N. Co's Superior Market. This is considered the finest carrot for table use. The roots are large, tapering to a blunt point, very smooth, and are always uniform in size. The flesh is deep orange, very sweet and tender, never becoming stringy or woody. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 45c, prepaid.

CUCUMBER—F. S. & N. Co's Northwestern Beauty. A very early, handsome, and most productive strain of the Improved White Spine. It is very straight, firm and symmetrical, and of a rich dark green color throughout its entire length. On account of its fine quality and handsome appearance, Northwestern Beauty is especially recommended for the home garden, also for growing for market. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 45c, prepaid.

LETTUCE—All Seasons. This is an excellent variety to plant throughout the season, for successive crops. The heads are firm and compact, with a very few outer leaves. It bears up quickly and remains in good condition for a long time. The leaves are slightly wrinkled, very tender, and of finest quality. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, prepaid.

RADISH—White Icicle. The first and earliest white variety. The radishes are ready for use 30 to 35 days after planting. They are long and slender, with pure, paper-white skin, and remain crisp and tender until the roots are very large. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, prepaid.

Tomato—Furlbatt Dwarf Champion. This tomato is twice as large as the old Dwarf Champion, and its flavor is unsurpassed. Because of its compact and upright growth, it is the best variety for the private gardener, permitting close planting. Of the same size as Ponderosa, very meaty, almost seedless, of rich sweet flavor. Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, prepaid.

OUR BIG 3 VEGETABLE COLLECTION.

The back-bone of the garden. New varieties of special merit enjoyed by the entire family. Half pint each. A 65c value for 50c, postpaid.

BEAN—Webber Wax. Bright yellow, very fleshy, tender, and stringless. Thrives in all sections, under most any conditions. Splendid for the home garden and for market. Packet 5c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.

SWEET CORN—Golden Bantam. The finest and most popular sweet corn in cultivation. Very early and hardy, permitting early planting. Stalks high, bearing 3 to 3 ears, about 6 inches long, completely filled with 8 rows of golden yellow kernels. The sweetest, richest, and most tender of all varieties, remains in fine condition for a long time. Packet 5c, ½ pint 25c, quart 50c, prepaid.

PEAS—Dwarf Telephone. A popular main crop variety for the garden as well as for the market. Vines are hardy and unusually productive, growing about 2 feet high. The pods grow fully 4 inches long, are broad, handsome and well filled with large peas of finest quality and flavor. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid. Quart 45c, ½ peck $1.60, peck $3.00, not prepaid.

SPECIAL

Both the above Vegetable Collections for only.................................................$1.50, postpaid.

Both the Vegetable Collections and Sweet Pea Collection for only.................................................$3.50, postpaid.
Our Big 3 Vegetable Offer
Half pint each postpaid for $0.45
See page 128

Our Home Garden Vegetable Collection
A 45¢ value for 30¢
See page 128